

The Dispensary bill has added 25 per cent. to Tillman's strength in Edgefield county, and has made ardent prohibitionists out of many of the antis.

The Columbia State is authority for the statement that Internal Revenue officers in that city say that "if the Dispensary law goes into effect sales of liquor will fall off to such an extent that the office of Internal Revenue for South Carolina may be abolished and the State attached to a North Carolina or Georgia district."

We don't know whether it is malice or a vague association of ideas, but the Western Union operator here insists on spelling the name of the distinguished editor of the Register as "Col. Gnat."

Perhaps the humor was not an unconscious perpetration inasmuch as the Western Union operator knew that the big bull of the Piedmont escarpment had been forced to fake to the groves of Athens in vain attempts to rub the Gnat off his horns.

Clemson College will probably be opened in the early spring for the admission of students.

The Governor says that no matter what may occur the college will be opened not later than July 1, and he thinks that with the energy which will employ the college will open on June 1. The buildings will all be completed according to the original plans, affording accommodation for 600 students.

Nothing has been done in regard to the election of a president to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of President Strode. Prof. Strode retains the chair of mathematics in the college, however.

The board will probably elect a president at its next meeting.

"If the foot editors of the News and Courier don't stop their criticisms of the new liquor law they'll give every preacher and every bar-room man and every anti a good lesson."

The News and Courier says that Gov. Tillman cannot enforce the Dispensary law until it has been "tested in the courts."

Indeed the interpretation of a statute by the courts is never a general interpretation which could be a guide to the Governor in enforcing it, but a special one as relating to the particular parties and facts that may be brought before it.

To Amend Section 1087 of the General Statutes Relating to Damages caused by Defective Highways, or Bridges. Section 1087 is amended to read as follows: Any person who shall receive bodily damages in his person or property through a defect caused by or in the negligent repair of a highway, causeway, street or bridge may recover in an action against the County or Municipality the amount of actual damages sustained by him by reason thereof.

Section 1002 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1003 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1004 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1005 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1006 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1007 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1008 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1009 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1010 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Section 1011 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

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Section 1020 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

Advantages of the Dispensary. The new law is better than the old law for many reasons: 1. It divides the profits in the business. In the first place, the State makes fifty per cent, on the original purchase, and then the county dispenser is allowed to charge his customers a profit of fifty per cent. over the amount which he pays to the State commissioner for his liquors. The profits on the county dispensary is divided equally between the county and the town.

2. It secures to the consumer a guarantee that he is getting good liquor at a price much lower than we presume a licensed bar could afford to sell the same goods. 3. The county dispenser, being paid a salary, is not interested in increasing the sale.

4. Not being pecuniarily interested, and having to make monthly returns, he will be less apt to sell to minors, drunkards or other persons who would abuse its use. 5. The liquor in dispensaries are sealed up in quantities from half point to five gallons, and the dispenser has no chance to "doctor" it. The consumer buys it in original package and must not open it in the dispensary.

6. The dispensary, we believe, will offer less inducements to minors, and others, to loiter about the premises, and for this reason they will be less liable to cultivate the drink habit. The great objection to open bars is the temptation which they offer to the young. Men who have formed the liquor habit will, in many instances, go to no matter whether we have bars or not but if we do not have bars our boys are more safe from the dangers of intemperance. The chief object and aim of the temperance people is to save the young. They can do next to nothing with those who have already formed the drink habit.

Section 1. That any person who shall have received bodily injury, or damages to his or her person or property, by reason of any defect in the repair of any street, sidewalk or bridge within the corporate limits of any town or city in this State shall recover, in an action in a Court of Competent jurisdiction against said town or city, the amount of damages sustained.

Section 2. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed. An act regulating Chattel Mortgages and the Payment and Satisfaction Thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly and by the authority of the same: Section 1. That no chattel or personal property of any description shall be conveyed by any chattel mortgage, unless sufficient notice of the same shall be given to the creditor of the mortgagor.

Section 2. That the mortgage of any chattel shall have the right to redeem the property mortgaged, by him at any time before sale by the mortgagee, by paying the mortgage debt and costs incurred in attempting to enforce its payment, and a tender made by the mortgagor of an amount sufficient to pay said debt and costs if not accepted, shall render the mortgage null and void.

To Amend Section 1087 of the General Statutes Relating to Damages caused by Defective Highways, or Bridges. Section 1087 is amended to read as follows: Any person who shall receive bodily damages in his person or property through a defect caused by or in the negligent repair of a highway, causeway, street or bridge may recover in an action against the County or Municipality the amount of actual damages sustained by him by reason thereof.

Section 1087 is amended to read as follows: Any person who shall receive bodily damages in his person or property through a defect caused by or in the negligent repair of a highway, causeway, street or bridge may recover in an action against the County or Municipality the amount of actual damages sustained by him by reason thereof. Provided that: Provided such person has not in anyway brought about such injury or damage by his own act or negligently contributing thereto. If such defect in any road causeway or bridge existed before such injury or damage occurred, such damages shall not be recovered by the person so injured if his exceeded the ordinary weight.

An act to Amend Section 1002 of the General Statutes of the State, Relating to the Apportionment of the Free Public School Fund. Section 1002 is amended to read: He (the School Commissioner) shall annually on the first day of February, or as soon as practicable thereafter, apportion the income of the County school fund among the several school districts of his County, in proportion to the number of pupils attending the free public schools in each district, and he shall certify such apportionment to the County Treasurer.

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Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Ltd), against John W. Blackwell, et al.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry, before the Court House, in the town of Edgefield and State aforesaid, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to wit: All that tract of land in the county of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, to wit: One hundred and forty (140) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of the estate of Elbert Cornett; east, by Stevens Creek; south, by lands of J. D. Cornett and Stevens Creek, and west, by the lands of M. E. Sanders.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from the day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at the purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Ltd), against John C. Strother, et al.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House, town of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month, between the legal hours of sale, the following described mortgaged premises, to wit: All that tract or parcel of land in the county of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, to wit: Three hundred and seventy-five (375) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of D. R. Strother, on the east, by lands of D. R. Strother, and on the west by lands of R. C. Strother, being the same tract conveyed with others to John G. Strother by John Westfield on 15th November, 1872.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from the day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

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Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The New England Mortgage Security Company, against Mary E. Lanier, et al.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House in the town of Edgefield and State aforesaid, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to wit: All that tract of land in the county of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, to wit: Four hundred (400) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of estate of J. S. Harrison; on the east, by lands of Dr. J. H. Strom and the estate of J. S. Harrison; on the south, by lands of Mrs. Emma Corley, and on the west by lands of L. W. Sheppard, and estate of Mrs. L. Harrison.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, balance on a credit of one year with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

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Terms of Sale: Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Ltd), against J. W. McManus, et al.

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Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from the day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at the purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

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Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT and AGENCY COMPANY of America, (Limited), against ELIJAH FAULKNER.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House, town of Edgefield, and State of South Carolina, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described mortgaged premises, to wit: All that tract of land in Edgefield county, State of South Carolina, to wit: One hundred and eighty-eight (188) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of Wiley McManus; east, by lands of Whitman Dorn; south, by lands of Marshall Faulkner, and west by lands of Jos. A. Ouzts.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at the purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

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Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at the purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Ltd), against Chas. H. Seigler, et al.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House, in the town of Edgefield and State aforesaid, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to wit: All that tract of land in the county of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, to wit: One hundred and forty (140) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of Mrs. A. J. White and Miss S. E. Lanier; east, by the lands of Mrs. Robert Lanier and W. N. Seigler; south by lands of W. N. Seigler, and west by lands of C. C. Fuller.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The New England Mortgage Security Company, against Mary E. Lanier, et al.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House in the town of Edgefield and State aforesaid, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to wit: All that tract of land in the county of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, to wit: Four hundred (400) acres, more or less, bounded on the north, by lands of estate of J. S. Harrison; on the east, by lands of Dr. J. H. Strom and the estate of J. S. Harrison; on the south, by lands of Mrs. Emma Corley, and on the west by lands of L. W. Sheppard, and estate of Mrs. L. Harrison.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, balance on a credit of one year with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and mortgage of the premises to secure the credit portion, or all cash at purchaser's option. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. W. N. Harris, against Peter Ouzts.

PURSUANT to the judgment of foreclosure in this case, I will offer for sale at public outcry, before the Court House, town of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, on the first Monday in February, 1893, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described mortgaged premises to wit: All that tract of land situate, lying, and being in Pine Grove township, Edgefield county, and State of South Carolina, containing ninety (90) acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of D. C. Tompkins, and Mine Perimeter, J. T. Ouzts, and others, on Horse Penn Creek.

Terms of Sale: Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court Common Pleas. The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Ltd), against J. W. McManus, et al.