Democratic Clubs of this State met last night, at 7 o'clock, in Calisthenic Hall. S. Preston was called to the Chair, and Messrs. James G. Gibbes and R. C. Shiver requested to act as Secretaries.

On motion, the delegates from the several Districts were requested to present their credentials to the Chair; which was done. The following gentlemen were unanimously

elected officers on the permanent organization of the Convention: President Hon. A. Burt, of Abbeville. Vice Presidents-Gen. James Chesnut, Hon. B. F. Perry, Gen. John S. Preston, Colonel J. D. Blanding and Simeon Fair.

For Secretaries-Messrs. James G. Gibbes and W. K. Bachman. On motion, a committee, consisting of Messra. Pope, Mullins and Jeter, was appo nted to conduct the President to the chair. The following committee was appointed to prepare business: Messrs. J. P. Thomas, B.

F. Perry, W. S. Mullins, J. D. Blanding, Simeon Fair, James Chesnut, Gabriel Cannon, A. M. Foster and E. B. Lartigue. A resolution to refer all propositions inteuded for the action of the Convention to this committee, was adopted.

Other papers were submitted; and without being read, were referred to the Committee on The Convention then adjourned, to meet

COLUMBIA, April 4. This body re-assembled at 12 o'clock, yesterday, Hon. A. Burt in the chair. The pro ceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Young. The journal of the previous day's proceedings was read and confirmed : On motion of Gen. Preston, the Presidents and members of Democratic Clubs present,

this day, at 12 m.

were requested to take seats on the floor of On motion, the reporters for the press, were invited to seats. Col. J. P. Thomas, Chairman of the Com

mittee of Ten, read the report of the Committee on Business, which after some discussion was ad inted: Whereas, in the opinion of this Convention.

the interests both of our State and our common country imperatively demand the union of all good, wise and conservative men, under the banner of the National Democratic party -a party faithful to the principles of the Fed eral Constitution, as maintained by the fathers of the Republic: be it, therefore, Resolved, That the Democratic party of

South Carolina do unite with the National Democratic party of the country, and hold themselves ready, under the Constitution and laws, to co-operate with that organization in all principles, and in all measures, that may be regarded conducive to the interests of the whole country and of all classes of the people. Resolved, That the people of this State, including all men prepared to act with the party, be earnestly invited to form Democratic clubs in every section of the State.

Resolved, That the people of this State be urgently recommended to go to the polls and vote against the Constitution of the radical faction lately promulgated in Charleston, and to vote for good and true men for all offices within their gift. At the same time in voting for officers under this Constitution, we would put on record our protest against its validity. Resolved, That under the action of the State of South Carolina, heretofore taken, we recognize the colored population of the State as an integral element of the body politic; and, as such, in person and property, entitled to a jull and equal protection under the State Constitution and laws. And that as citizens or South Carolina, we declare our willingness, when we have the power, to grant them, under proper qualifications as to property and intelligence, the right of suffrage.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chairman to nominate a State seven members: a majority of whom shall be res dents at Columbia.

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a Committee of Five to nominate to this Convention suitable persons-two delegates at large and one from each Congressional District-to represent the Democratic party of this State in the National Democratic Convention, to be held in the city of New York. on the 4th of July next; and that the State Central Executive Committee be authorized to fill such vacancies as may occur.

Resolved, further, That the State Central Executive Committee issue, through the press, such accuments as be deemed condu-cive to the purposes proposed by this Conven-

Before considering this report, it was sug gested that the various papers submitted to the Committee be read to the Convention Whereupon Gov. Perry, Col. Blanding and Col. Thomas read those papers: and, on motion, they were referred to the Executive Committee, to be revised and published at the earliest day practicable. These able documents, it is believed, will be in print early next week.

The report of the Committee on Business was read by sections. An animated and in-teresting debate ensued. Mr. Aiken objected to the third section, as indefinite and really inconsistent. He was unwilling to vote for officers under an unconstitutional provision. The section he declared impracticable and

Colonel Thomas replied. It was deemed important to insert this section, in order to bring out the strength of the white vote in the State. But suggested, that in thus voting, we enter our protest against the entire proceeding.

Col. Aiken accepted the suggestion, and the following amendment was added; "But, at the same time, we enter our solemn protes against its validity. Col. Aiken objected, that the fifth resolu-

tion did not go far enough. Let the colored man know what he had to expect; give him something tangible. Add to the resolution that in due time he shall have partial suffrage Gen. Chesnut stated that this section caused some debate in the Committee Room. He

thought the gentleman from Abbeville was right. We should say that the colored man be made to understand that hereafter he shall have qualified suffrage. He also thought that, in military parlance, it would be necessary to accept the " African auliliary."

Hon. B. F. Perry said he believed it was absolutely necessary to the peace and order of society that this class of people who had been elevated, should be permitted to vote. It was important to encourage them, and, being encouraged, they would educate themselves and seek to acquire intelligence and property. In Connecticut, two years ago. when this question was submitted to the people, the negroes themselves went forward and that until their colored brethren had acquired titled to exercise the right. The same argument addresses itself to a large class of colsifety valve of society in South Carolina, bewhich the colored man has won, and it can Chief Justice of the United States has expressdo no harm to society. It was, therefore, ed the opinion that they are as binding as order assumming command of the Division of the country will no proper, in going before the people of the State, other debts, and the Supreme Court will so to let the pegroes know distinctly we are wilded. He also asserted that there are fatal damaging themselves. Say this to the black both blacks and whites. So cumbersome and | Department of the Lakes. man and thousands of votes would be se- conflicting are the details of that Constitution,

Col. Thomas gave his hearty concurrence to by it. I call upon every white man and evethe opinions expressed by these gentlemen. ry colored man to unite, resist and defeat He favored this idea ever since the emancipathat Constitution, by every means our opprestion of the slaves. He agreed with General sors permit us to use. It is a duty we owe In compliance with a previous call, a gene- Hampton when he advocated this measure a to the living and to the dead.

> would do his part. Let us accomplish a peace tion in Charleston, and that he be requested to furnish a copy to the Executive Committeempatible with the dignity of the white tee for publication. race. The question arises, what shall we do Mr. Jeter, seconded by Mr. Cannon, submitwith the 4,000,000 colored people in our ted a resolution, that the District Associations midst? In England, Germany and France, nominate suitable persons as candidates for difficulties have arisen relative to the right of State officers; and also appoint speakers to suffrage by the lower classes. It is suggested address the citizens, irrespective of color; be sent at one time.
>
> that the proposed action is inconsistent with besides supervising the ballot-boxes, so as, if the dignity of the white race; he had faith in possible, to prevent fraud. Which was agreed the dignity and superiority of the Anglo-Saxon race. But while he held out the olive

branch to the colored man, he would let him understand that he could never govern the South-he should participate. We should be prepared to say to them, "this is our land." Mr. Mullins then moved that a Committee of one from each delegation present be appointed to select candidates for the various State offices.

The Chairman stated that there were seve sition should be made of them. On Mr. Mullin's motion, the papers were

referred to the State Central Executive Com-The different delegations then submitted their nominations for persons to recommend suitable State officers:

Richland-John S. Preston; Lexington John H. Counts; Spartanburg-G. Cannon Lanrens-Dr. McSwain; Orangeburg-F. M. Wannamaker; Kershaw—W. L. DePass; Colleton—C. G. Henderson; Georgetown— F. S. Parker; York-J. Muson; Greenville-W. H. Campbell; Chester-Major Hamilton Barnwell-J. Evans; Marion-D. Legget Abbeville-D. W. Aiken; Newberry-S. R. Chapman; Anderson-P. Earle; Union-T. B. Jeter; Sumter-T. S. McCants; Edgefield -L. Schiller; Fairfield-W. J. Alston.

ecting candidates. Under the fifth resolution, the Chairman appointed the following Committee to nomi-nate the State Central Executive Committee: Messrs. Preston, Blanding, Foster, Schiller

The delegates retired for the purpose of se

The following committee was also pinted to nominate delegates to the Nation Democratic Convention, to assemble in New York, on the Fourth of July : Messrs. Campbell, Gregg, Vance, Henderson and Woodward. The Convention then took a recess unt

half-past 7 o'clock p. m.

EVENING SESSION. The Convention re-assembled at half-pas o'clock. The Chairman announced that the irst business in order was the report of the Committee to Nominate State Officers. Mr. DePass, the Chairman of the Commit

tee, reported as follows: For Governor-Hon. W. D. Porter, of Charleston. For Lieutenant-Governor-Hon. T. C. Per-

rin. of Abbeville. Secretary of State-Samuel Capers. Adjutant and Inspector General-Col. J. P.

Treasurer-Wm. Hood. Comptroller-General-S. L. Leaphart. Attorney-General-I. W. Hayne.

Superintendent of Education-J. A. Lelan Gen. Preston, from the Committee to nom nate delegates for the State Central Execuive Committee, reported the following: Wad Hampton, J. P. Thomas, F. W. McMaster, Joseph D. Pope, of Richland; Wm. Shannon of Kershaw : S. McGowan, of Abbeville; and rioleau Hamilton, of Chester. Mr. Gregg, from the Committee to nom

ate delegates to the Democratic Convention n New York, on the Fourth of July, reported For the State at large-B. F. Perry, James Chesnut; alternates, J. A. Inglis, A. P. Al-

First District-W. S. Mullins; J. B. Kershaw, alternate. Second District-Carlos Tracy; M. L. Bo nam, alternate. Third District-J. S. Preston: W. B. Stan-

lev. alternate. Fourth District-A. Burt : W. D. Simpson alternate. Gov. Perry moved that the delegations

from the different Congressional Districts nominate members of Congress, which was agreed to. After consultation, the following nomina ions were made:

First Congressional District-composed o the Districts of Lancaster, Chesterfield, Marlboro, Darlington, Marion, Horry, Gergetown, Williamsburg, Sumter, Clarendon and Ker

shaw-J. N. Frierson. Second Congressional District-composed of the Districts of Charleston, Colleton, Beaufort and Barnwell-Johnson Hagood.

Third Congressional District-composed Orangeburg, Lexington, Richland, Newberry, Edgefield, Abbeville and Anderson-S. Mc-Gowan.

Fourth Congressional Distrect-composed

fielp—Samuel McAliley.

Col. Thomas stated that, as it has been asserted by eminent legal gentlemen that many tunies for the employment of capital than are portions of the Charleston Constitution were to be found in the South, but will your radiillegal, he moved that the Hon. A. Burt, Chairman of this Convention, be requested to give Not one dollar. They would just as soon arranged, their Store has been repainted and his legal opinion on this subject; which was venture on investments in Hayti or Liberia, much decorated, they have girded on their armor unanimously agreed to, and the Hon. James as commit their money to the influence of for the coming campaign, and are now ready Chesnut was requested to take the Chair.

Mr. Burt said in substance, that it was his shun it as a deadly plague. earnest conviction that the Constitution re cently adopted is fatal to the welfare of both the ties of our former relations, still strong races. It is an imposition. He agreed heartily with the sentiments expressed here, and mon christianity and by the mutual welfare addressed himself to the white man and the of our two races, whom Providence has thrown black man. I protest, said the speaker, against together, to beware of the course on which that Constitution, because it seeks to destroy our past, our history-every land-mark. No people on this continent can endure the burlen of taxation that that Convention imposes. All taxation by that instrument is imposed apon real estate and the sale of merchandize The taxable property is held by the one race. and the law-making power by the other. Not only the arduous appropriations are paid by the whites, but all others, with the exception of a small tax for educational purposes. With out any qualification whatever, one class is allowed to vote, while the other is disfranchis

ranny. Those who do not hold the property, vote and make laws; while the propertyowners are not allowed to vote for even a constable. Those who hold office are incited to increase taxation. These voters are not required to know a letter of the alphabet. The holders of taxable property in South Carolina will not be able to pay the taxes on that prop erty. If a colored man acquires real estate -the object which he desires-he is placed instantly in the character of the white man. But by this Constitution, the colored man will voted against universal suffrage, on the ground | not be able to hold that property three years before it will be taken from him to pay taxes. intelligence and property, they were not en To those who favor that instrument, I would Phænix. say that the homestead exemption does not relieve the property from taxes. No judgeored people now. Qualified suffrage was the even though he be from New York, Ohio or Africa—can decide that the homestead hill has been misleading the negroes about Au- procession yesterday of Ashburn formed in restore confidence and give new stimulus to induscause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellicent many cause it is only expected to the least the house where he was killed, march-good citizens of intellicent many cause it would make good citizens of intellice privilege, they might be disturbers of the peace. Besides, the privilege would be exerpeace. Besides, the privilege would be exerto mislead honest people relative to this homethat a number of the boarders refused to go
gee road, where the body was placed on i cised by so few that they could not exercise a controlling influence in elections. He had entertained these views for many years, and when he went to Washington. President when he went to Washington, President The Constitution of the United States declares learn that he received a communication from Only one vehicle followed the hearse—a car-Johnson concurred with bim, and said that if that no State shall pass any law impairing certain parties supposed to be of the "Ku riage containing Ashburn's son, a Jew, Coleall the Southern States would adopt qualified the obligation of contracts. That vaunted Klux Klan," notifying him that the feathers man, for whom the son clerks, and two nesuffrage it would disarm and defeat the radicals of the North. The President likewise payment of any debts contracted prior to its did not leave by the first train he would be rison, commanded by a corporal, followed. wrote to the Governor of Mississippi and passage, and that is the relief which is needed. treated to a suit of clothes by the Knights of Besides those mentioned there was not a white urged him to employ his influence in securing The speaker theu referred to that provision that fearful order. He left the next morning. man in the line. Citizens looked on indifqualified suffrage in that State. It was the of the Constitution which annuls all debts -Banner. right principle-right, because it is the prize for which slaves were the consideration. The

ed. Taxation without representation is ty

year ago, and he agreed with him now. The speaker had been a slaveholder; but he tion was adopted, that the thanks of this Conhoped he was a humane and merciful one. xention be tendered to the Hon. A. Burt, for On motion of Col. J. P. Thomas, the Chairman of the Richland delegation, Gen. John of races," but should it come, the speaker that instrument promulgated by the Conven-

After the adoption of a resolution of thanks to the Chairman, for the faithful discharge of his duties-to which an eloquent response was made; the Convention adjourned sine die.

Amongst the papers submitted to the Convention was the following address to the colored people of South Carolina. It was afterwards referred to the State Central Executive Committee, with discretion to publish al papers on his desk, and asked what dispo- The Committee has kindly farnished us with a copy:

ADDRESS TO THE COLORED PEOPLE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Convention of the Democratic party of South Carolina feels it a high and bounde duty to speak to you candidly and earnestly, and with no further apology than that our interests are to a certain extent identical.

You have been suddenly put in position to exercise certain powers, the abuse of which may result disastrously to you and to us. It is impossible that your present power can endure, whether you use it for good or ill. The white race already out-numbers you in the South. Disease has made the mortality among you twice what it is among the whites, and the rate is daily increasing. Emigration has carried off thousands of your color to distant States, while it already begins to fill their places with whites from Europe. Let not your pride, nor yet your pretended friends, flatter you into the belief that you ever can or ever will, for any length of time, govern the white men of the South. The vorld has never seen such a spectacle, and its whole history, and especially the history of your race, gives no ground for the anticipation. Perhaps, however, you expect to attain power by the aid of the radical party at the North. The Almighty, in His wisdom, perhaps to prevent the amalgamation of the separate races which He created and marked.) bas implanted in every human breast a sentiment called the prejudice of race; and when this feeling is once aroused, it is one of the strongest and most universal passions of our natures. When your race was among us as slaves, this sentiment slumbered, and only a compassion for you influenced every honest heart—those among your masters—to treat you kindly; those who believed you wronged, to desire to set you free. When you were set free, compassion ceased to exist. When undue power was given you by the radical party, (from motives which all men appreciated and despised,) prejudice of race sprang up. The whites of this State endeavored to allay it-here, at least-by inviting you to a course and a compromise which would have given it nothing to feed upon. But their efforts esulted in such an utter failure, that it would mortifying had it not been a Christian duty to make the effort. Every step of your olitical career, so far, has cullivated this rejudice, until it now speaks aloud in England and is already rapidly changing the politics of the entire North. This is the odium which must soon prove the death of the radical party. It is too strong to be resisted, being the operation of a law of nature. Do you not see it even in your white radical friends, in spite of their industrious efforts to conceal it, so long as they have use for you? Is it not apparent, also, in the officers, and even the very private soldiers, of the army whose bayonets still prop up your power, only because they are paid to do it. Do you flatter yourselves that your "Loval Leagues" can prevail against it? "Blood is thicker

fairly made. To repeat, then, as we began: Your presnt power must surely and soon pass from you. Nothing that it builds will stand, and nothing will remain of it but the prejudices it may create. It is, therefore, a most dangerous tool that you are handling. Your leaders, both white and black, are using your votes for nothing but their individual gain. Many of them you have only known, heretofore, to despise and mistrust, until commanded by your leagues to v. te for them. Offices and salaries for themselves are the heights of their ambitions; and so that they make hay while the sun shines, they care not who is

than water," and the league which the Al-

will be no traitors, when once an issue is

caught in the storm that follows. Already, they have driven away all capital and credit from the South; and while they draw eleven dollars a day, thousands among you are thrown out of employment, and starve simply for of Oconee, Pickens. Greenville, Laurens, lack of work. What few enterprises are on-Spartanburg, Union, York, Chester and Fair- ly the work of Southern men, who have faith that the present state of affairs is but temporary. The world does not offer better oppor

> We, therefore, urge and warn you, by all and binding in thousands of cases, by a com your leaders are urging you, in a blind folly which will surely ruin both you and them. your race than we are to ourselves, and we ing Day" in New York, when all the very newest only speak where we are not invited because your welfare concerns ours. If you destroy yourselves you injure us, and though but little, compared with the harm you will do

whole danger. We are not in any condition to make you unique and unexceptionable. any promises or to propose to you any compromises. We can do nothing but await the course of events-but this we do without the slightest misgiving or apprehension for ourselves. We shall not give up our country, and time will soon restore our control of it. But we earnestly caution you, and beg you in the meanwhile, to beware of the use you make of your temporary power. Remember that your race has nothing to gain and every-Forsake, then, the wicked and stupid men who would involve you in this folly, and make

J. E. BRYANT IN TOWN .- On Thusday of last week Capt. Bryant, the base wretch who

General Hancock, on the 31st, issued an

The state of the s

THE ADVERTISER JAMES T. BACON, EDITOR. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1868.

Our Club Rates. We are now furnishing the ADVERTISER to lubs at the following very low rates: Two Cupies one Year. 12 50 Five Copies one Year, Ten Copies one Year, 22-50 Twenty Copies one Year, 40.00. No Clubs received for a less period than on

ear,-and in all cases the Cash will be required

in advance. The names of the entire Club must

Advertiser Agents. The following gentlemen are our authorize gents, and will receipt for all monies for Subriptions or Advertisements sent through them : Graniteville, S. C. B. W. HARD. Mine Creek, S. C. M. M. PADGETT. CHAS. NICKERSON, Big Creek, S. C. Rev. J. P. Bodie, Kirksey's X R'ds, S. C.

Quarterly Meeting at Harmony Church. The second Quarterly Meeting for the Edgefield Circuit will be held at Harmony Church, on Saturday and Sunday next. On next Sunday night the Rev. Wn. H. FLENING, Presiding Elder. will proach in the Methodist Church of this town.

JACOB HUIET & BRO. Huiet's Store, S. C.

Attend the Political Meetings.

See the notice elsewhere of Political Meetings be held during the present week at Ridge Spring Church, at Hamburg, at Red Bank Church and at this place. Attend these meetings by all neans, and encourage the freedmen to go with you. Best assured that, under existing circumstances, neither whites nor blacks can better use

Meeting for the Nomination of Conservative Candidates.

Elsewhere in our issue of to-day will be found he proceedings of a Public Meeting held on Monday last to consider the Debt Question. Also the proceedings of a meeting, held on the same day, organize a Democratic Organization throughou Edgefield District.

On the adjournment of the last named Meeting, another Meeting was then and there called for the purpose of discu sing the advisability of nominang Conservative Candidates to represent the District in the next General Assembly of the State. Of this Meeting, our honored Representative, Dr. John LANDRUM, was made Chairman. H. W. Andison, Esq., then moved that a Committee be appointed to nominate such caudidates. Hereupon followed considerable discussion con cerning the matter in hand, one or two gentlemen speaking in opposition to such nomination, four or five in favor of it. Mr. Apprson's motion being submitted to the meeting was unanimously adopted, and the Chairman proceeded to appoint a nominating Committee of twelve, four from each regiment. The nominations made by this Comnittee are as follows. And it behooves every white man in Edgefield District to go to the polls on next Tuesday or Wednesday or Thursday, and cast his vote in favor of these candidates, and against the negro constitution. At any and every eacrifice this ought to be done!

SENATOR. > H. W. ADDISON. REPRESENTATIVES. JOHN LANDRUM, I P MICKLER LUKE CULBREATH, GEO. W. NIXON, BENJ, E. NICHOLSON. A. P. BUTLER, WILLIAM T. GARY.

Rome, Ga., Becomes a Gniner at the Expense of Edgefield.

Before this number of the Advertiser shall have been issued, our universally beloved fellowcitizen, JAMES B. SULLIVAN, Esq., with his remighty has organized is one to which there bemoans the departure of such a ci izen, and such

And Mr. Robert GWALTNEY, so highly he nor ed and estcemed during his four or five years residence in Edgefield, also pulls up stakes in Beech Island, where he has lived for a year past, and turns his face towards Rome. These gentletlemen will there enter. together, into the mercantile business. Most carnestly do we hope God friendly adjustment of all our debts, and thus set has known them so long, may yet know them again, if even but for a few transient days.

Ready and Waiting.

Messrs. C. A. & J. H. CHEATHAM. These enterprising young merchants returned from New York a week ago, after spending a fortnight or three weeks in that wonderful city, selecting their Stock of Goods for the Spring and Summer. During the week which has elapsed since their your legislation. Capital has learned to and waiting. Not however, that they have much waiting to do; for the rush to " Cheatham's" has been very great for several days past. And well may it be so; because their counters and drawers are filled with the loveliest fabrics and most beautiful articles the human eye ever beheld. All such goods, lately bought by the Messrs. CHEATnan, as appertain to the most fashionable and elegant female toilettes of the day, were chosen on We do not pretend to be better friends to on Wednesday 25th of March, the grand "Openfashions and all the novelties of the season are for the first time exposed to view. The Messrs. C. waited for this occasion; and good use did yourselves, we would if we could avert the they make of it. As regards the gaude toilette. from the gaiter to the hat, their repertoire is mos

Who is J. P. Wilson? We notice in the Charleston Courier of Wednesday, the following paragraph in relation to J.

P. Wilson, an Edgefield man: A FIT SUBJECT FOR OUR ALMS .- Many of our readers have no doubt passed in our streets lately, a poor cripple, afflicted in the loss of his limbs in wards, or by Administrators and Executors to M. W. Gary, Maj. Joseph Abney, C. A. Cheatham a manner so extraordinary as to excite at once commiseration. He is J. P. Wilson, a native of Edgefield, who is so maimed that he cannot go that your race has nothing to gath any prejudice thing to lose, if you invoke that prejudice of race which, since the world was made, has of race which, since the world was made, has alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately, alleged to be the result of injures received in the good citizens chosen by the parties alternately. late war. He is anxious to get money enough to take him to his sister, who is living in Johnson who would involve you in this folly, and make to yourselves friends and not enemies of the white citizens of South Carolina.—Columbia Phœnix.

It county, Texas. The greatest alleviation of his shall confirm the same. We present unhappy condition, will be to enable him to reach this, his sole remaining relative. We will gladly receive and appropriate such contributions as may be left at this office.

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION .- The funeral ferently. All Radicals remained away. No demonistrations whatever. There were not exceeding two hundred negroes in the procession. Half of these were women. Of the men we recognized none from town. They seemed to be of the idle, dirty class of ragling to concede this partial right of suffrage mistakes in the judicial article of the Consti- The division embraces the Department of the ged vagabonds-gathered from the purliens to those who can handle the tool without tution, which would work to the injury of East, the Department of Washington and the and outskirts of the city. The last section carried a United States flag. Ashburn's influence, which has waned vastly in the last the consideration of the Meeting. It was received cured in the coming election, besides doing great good in the preservation of the peace and quiet of society.

The New York Herald has dropped Chief six months, appears to have died with him; and quiet of society.

The New York Herald has dropped Chief six months, appears to have died with him; and in a few days he will be forgotten. The and in a few days he will be forgotten. The day was bright and cheerful—Columbus Sun.

The New York Herald has dropped Chief six months, appears to have died with him; and in a few days he will be forgotten. The day was bright and cheerful—Columbus Sun.

The New York Herald has dropped Chief six months, appears to have died with him; and in a few days he will be forgotten. The day was bright and cheerful—Columbus Sun.

Votel Votel! Vote!!! FOR THE CONSERVATIVE TICKET, AND

AGAINST THE NEGRO CONSTITUTION. It will be seen from our columns that eight of

our fellow-citizens have been nominated for the next Legislature. This nomination was made unanimously by the Public Meeting on Monday last, and is in accordance with the expressed wish of the late Demo-

cratic Convention in Columbia. The Nominees of the Republican Party have been announced for some days; and they have gone to work to secure their election with all that rigour and energy for which that party has be-

come famous. We, therefore, urge our feilow-citizens to lay aside masterly inactivity for the present, and to so organize the different beats in the District as to be able to poll their entire vote on the 14, 15 and 16th inst.

Our Democratic allies at the North, in the Great

West, and in our Sister States of the South, are, and have been for some time, thoroughly organized, and ready for the emergency; and we have not a moment to lose if we hope for success. Above all, let every white voter say frankly and penly to his colored neighbour, we are your best riends, simply because we are your natural friends, because we live in the same country, cultivate the same lands, and hope to share in the ame usufruct. Do not be deceived by foreigners who have nothing in common with you, but trust to these whom you know to be your natural friends

and allies. The Freedmen will sooner or later find this advice to be true and will be faithful to their own interest in adopting it.

But earnest, energetie, honest work is before us, and we sincerely hope our District will enter upon it with a manly determination to accomplish the noble task.

Meeting for the Settlement of the Debt Question.

On Monday last, in response to the call of the Committee appointed, by the Meeting held in the early part of March, to prepare a Report proposing some acceptable plan for the settlement of old debts, our citizens, from all parts of the District, flocked to the Court House.

The Meeting was extremely large in numbers and very earnest in spirit and intent. At the time the Report was submitted, the great Court Room was densely thronged. The approval and adoption of the Report was most emphatic and unani-

Below, will be found the proceedings of the meeting, as we received them from the Secretary.

The meeting was organized by calling Ex-Gov PICKERS to the Chair, and appointing J. H. MINS

The Chairman, after succinctly stating what had been done at the previous meeting, read the following Report of the Committee: COMPROMISE SETTLEMENT OF DEBTS

The Special Committee have had under consideration the matter submitted to them by the general meeting held Sale-day in March, at the Masonic Hall, and beg leave to report as follows: According to the Census, the District of Edgefield had in round numbers 23,000 slaves. These

at a valuation of \$500, for which they sold before the war, would be eleven millions five hundred thousand dollars (\$11,500,000). This was considered safe and stable property, as much so as any thing held in the South, and it was all swept off by the results of the war, and the acts of the government. The whole population went into the war with er thusiasm, and are equally responsible for it. We have no data upon which to estimate the capital vested in stocks and money to be loaned out, but there is no just reason why those who held notes or bonds for money, should not loose any thing from the face of the notes or bonds, and that the whole amount, interest and all, should be paid up, by forced sales, dollar for dollar, while those who owned land and negroes d be entirely sacrificed by a war, in which all engaged alike, and for the consequences of which fined and estimable family, will have departed all should suffer equally. Land has been reduced from our midst to set up his rest in Rome, Ga. in value to almost nothing when forced to be sold JAMES B. SULLIVEN, as boy and man, is well to order to pay money bonds, notes and mortgages. known throughout the length and breadth of our The labour that made them valuable has been District. As gentleman, Christian, citizen, friend, abolished, while most of our taxes are raised upon his record is fair and spotiess. Edgefield deeply land, and note and bond holders are comparative ly but lightly taxed. Now we think it but proper and right that a community thus situated ought, as just and patriotic men, to come to some fair and equitable compromise by which the settlement of debts should be made. As neighbors, as fellow-citizens raised up together in all the walks of life, we owe it to carselves, to justice, to honor, after our terrible calamities, to make a fair and

will speed them well; and that the place which an example to other Districts in our ruined and disheartened State, so they can see that the District that was amongst the first to lead off in the war, as a band of brothers, was the first to show that we are still a band of brothers, and that brave men are always just and magnanimous. We would therefore respectfully recommend to the people of Edgefield District, that all notes, bonds, mortgages or debts now held, involving any consideration, or based upon any obligations in-

curred during the recent war, from 1st Jan. 1861 to the 1st of May 1865, shall be adjusted and settled upon the basis of a gold standard at the date of the contract or obligation, and then placed upon an equal footing with debts before the war.

We further recommend that all notes, bonds, or monied obligations of any kind made or executed prior to 1st January 1861 with interest, shall be quiesce in their scleetions; but respectfully sug-reduced to twenty-five cents in the dollar, and paid gest, if the citizens of the State should think We earnestly urge the general basis of settle-

nent to be made by all our neighbors and fellow. itizens, and whenever it is not agreed to, then we ecommend that it be submitted to an arbitration of three or five men as the parties may agree upon, and the whole matter referred to these for full and final settlement. This would relieve us all from the heavy expenses of litigation in our courts, and before mixed juries, composed in part vided for in the Resolutions just adopted, and of our former slaves. It is well known that the expense of litigation, under the general distressed condition of our country, will consume in most cases two-thirds of the debt recovered, and if land be forced to pay it, that the sale of land now will not pay the other third.

We therefore think the compromise we propo to our fellow-citizens will be better for both creditor and debtor.

As to settlement of debts due by Guardians to widows and minors, we would respectfully recommend that all such be made upon the same basis, the Chairman to erase and substitute names. and that their settlement be presented to the Court, on petition, praying that the Judge or Chancellor

We present the above basis of settlement to ou fellow-citizens, and trust that it will be adopted and ratified by this meeting as the sentiment of Edgefiel District. If generally acted upon and acquiesced in, we hope it would to some extent, try, because most of us would then feel that there was some hope for support to be secured, by hones labor and worthy enterprise. All of which is re-

J. A. DEVORE, CHAIRMAN. F. W. PICKENS, M. FRAZIER, JULIUS BANKS, G. M. YARBROUGH, M. W. CLARY, THOS. B. REESE, ABRAM JONES, B. C. BRYAN, WILLIAM MOSS, W. L. COLEMAN, Committee of Eleven

The Meeting was then addressed in an able and The Central Committee of Ten will meet at Edgefield C. H., next Monday (the 13th) at 10 eloquent appeal by Dr. J. A. DEVORE, in support of the Report. o'clock, A. M. The Chairman then submitted the Report for The Supreme Court, on Tuesd , last,

J. H. MINS, Sec'ry. TWe regret that our want of space and time prerequested to attend. Meetings will be held as follows : ludes our presenting Dr. DEVORE's able speech Ridge Spring Church, Edgefield C. H.

F. W. PICKENS, Chairman.

in this issue; but we will take great pleasure in spreading it before our readers next week .- ED.

Public Meeting.

lished in the Aftertiser ; and that the other pa-

pers of the State, and also the Augusta Constitu-

tionalist and Chronicle & Sentinel, be requested to

At a Public Meeting held at Edgefield C. H., on sale-day, immediately after the adoption of the Report on the Debt Question, Gen. M. L. BONHAN requested Hon. F. W. PICKENS to retain his seat as Chairman, for the purpose of organzing a Political Meeting; and on motion of same entleman E. W. Seibles and R. W. Cannon rere requested to act as Secretaries.

Gov. Pickens then addressed the citizens, the Court House being full to overflowing, in his isual forcible and eloquent style.

Gen. Bonham then offered the following Preamble and Resolutions, which he supported earnestly and successfully in a few well-timed remarks:

We understand that the people of the Souther States generally have been invited by the Central Democratic Committee, appointed at Washington, o organize the party in the United States, so as to secure a general representation in the National Democratic Convention to be assembled at New York, on the 4th of July next, for the purpose of ominating Candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States. Therefore the people of Edgefield do hereby cordially accept e invitation.

The people of this District have ever belonged the old State Rights' Democratic party of the Union, and were accordingly represented in the National Democratic Convention that met at Baltimore in 1844 and nominated James K. Polk for President; and were, in like manner, in the Convention that nominated Lewis Cass in 1848, and that afterwards nominated Franklin Pierce in 1852, and were again represented in the Convention that nominated James Buchannan in 1856 at Cincinnatti.

Our representation in Congress has uniformly een Democratic in all its principles.

We believe that the great mass of the American cople are still, at heart, Conservative and Demoratic in their principles. We are therefore desirous once more of uniting with them sincerely in combined effort to preserve the Government in its administration, upon the same general foundations that were laid by our forefathers, and cenented in the best blood of the Revolution; and republican; Thomas S. Ashe, democrat. we will endeavor, so far as it may be possible to do so, to preserve a Constitutional and limited Government, as a blessing to posterity.

Now, that our poculiar system of Do abor has been abolished forever, we can see no eason why all who desire to preserve Constitutional and limited Government, should not freely unite in an honest endeavor to secure a faithful and wise administration of the Federal Govern-

Therefore Resolved That we believe the Go ernment was originally intended to be limited by the specific grants of power enumerated in the Constitution, and to the incidental powers neces-sary to carry the enumerated grants into effect. Resolved, That we believe the exercise of pow-

ers, beyond their specific grants, is dangerous to the liberties of the people, because all powers 'not delegated" are expressly "reserved to the States respectively, or to the people,"—and because it makes the will of a majority the measure of their power, instead of the organic law of the Resolved. That a wise forbearance in the exerise of deubtful powers is more conducive to the strength and the permanancy of the Government, than a usurpation of arbitrary and doubtful powers under the plea of "State necessity."

Resolved, That the American mind has been trained to an appeal to Conventions fairly as sembled, in order to adjust all national difficulties. rather than to the exercise of arbitrary powe or an appeal to force.

Resolved, That the advance and progress which we may have made over European Governments, consists in an appeal to Constitutional National Conventions, in order to adjust all our national difficulties, rather than an appeal to the sword Resolved, That we respectfully invite the different Districts of this State to appoint delegates, with alternates, to a State Convention to assemble

t Columbia on the third Tuesday in May next, at Seven o'clock P. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates from each Congressional District, and two from the State at large, to represent our State in the Democratic Convention to meet in New York on the 4th July next. Resolved, That this meeting now appoint

ommittee of Ten as a Central Committee for his District. Revolved, That five men be appointed in each

Battalion of Edgefield, whose duty it will be to at the Diamond Coal Mines, in Scranton, assemble, as soon as possible, and organize proper neert of action throughout the District, to aid Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, March 29. A the distribution of papers and documents, and all other legal means in order to secure energetic o-operation in the election of a Democratic cipitated to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 185 feet. Eleven were instantly killed, one has size died, and two more, it is thought, cannot live. They leave eleven wid resident and Vice-President of the United Resolved, That the Central Committee of Ten

ows and twenty-eight orphans. This is the now to be appointed by this meeting, have power to meet together at any time by call of their Chairmost disastrous accident that has occurred man, and to call, if necessary, the Chairmans of in the the Five Committees to be appointed in each years. in the Lackawanna Valley coal fields for many Battalion, to meet together with the Committee of Ten at Edgefield C. H, to consult, in order to concentrate public opinion on all measures ne-

Additional Resolution :-Our Costs Must be Paid Resolved, That, having just heard that a State Convention, assembled at Columbia, on the 2d inst, has appointed Delegates and Alternates to A LL Parties, Defendants in Judgments recentthe National Democratic Convention to be assem-bled at New York on the 4th July next, we acthe Costs of Suit are paid, at once, the Execuroper to have a more general State Convention after events now in progress at Washington shall be made, that the Convention be still called t Extra-Ordinary Notice. neet on the 3d Tuesday in May next.

The Resolutions were then submitted and unan imonsly adopted.

On motion Gen. R. G. M. Dunovant, it was Resulved. That a Committee be appointed ! also Delegates to a State Convention, should on

Important to Everybody The Chair thereupon appointed a Committee of Twenty-five with Gen. Dunovant Chairman. This JUST received and for sale at low figures, Committee retired and after a few moments returned and submitted the following Report : Members of Central Committee.

Ex. Gov. Pickens, Dr. D. C. Tompkins, Dr. G. M. Yarbrough, Johnson A. Bland, Gen. M. C. Butler, Dr. H. B. Cook, Dr. J. A. Devore, Gen. and Gen. R. G. M. Dunovant. Power is given Sub-Committees. 9th Regiment, Lower Buttalion-D. D. Brunson

Wm. Prescott, W. Merriweather, Wyatt Holmes, said persons are duly authorized by myself, as am the Sole Agent for the Sale of said Medicines Mai. Jno. Hughes. 9th Regiment, Upper Battalion-L. Culbreath, J. Yeldell, Elbert Devore, B. F. Talbert, J. Lake. 7th Regiment, Lower Battalion-A. P. Butler, D. J. Walker, Dennis Lindsay, A. J. Hammond

7th Regiment, Upper Battalion-B. E. Nichel on, W. L. Coleman, Chas. Mathis. 10th Regiment, Upper Battalion-Jno. Landrum, F. Cooper, J. Banks, W. Holloway, J. H.

Jonathan Miller.

may be called.

E. W. Seibles, Dr. Langford, R. B. Watson, M.

Norris. The Committee further Report that the Central Committee is empowered to appoint Delegates to a Convention to be held in Columbia on the third Tuesday in May next, provided said Convention

The Meeting was addressed by Gen. M. C. Butler, Dr. H. R. Cook, Maj. Jos. Abney and others. E. W. SEIBLES, Sec'rys.

F. W. PICKENS, Che'

A LL Persons indebted to the Estate of ELI-JAH TIMMERMAN, dec'd., are requested to pay the same forthwith, and those having claims against said Estate are notified to reader them in without delay, duly attested. formally postponed the argument in the McCar-DAVID PARDUE, Adm'er.

U. S. Internal Revenue.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

Gentlemen of ability have consented to address

Coming Political Events.

politics throughout the country the follow-

ing compendium of information concerning

events to occur will be useful for reference:

CONVENTIONS.

March 31-California, Republican, Sacra

April 8-Nevada, Republican, Carson City

April 15-Illinois, Democratic Springfield.

April 29-Neoraska, Republican, Nebraska

· May 1-Louisiana, Republican, New Or-

May 6-Illinois, Republican, Peoria.

May 7-Iowa, Republican, Des Moines.

May 19-National Soldiers, Chicago.

May 20-National Republican, Chicago.

June 10-New Jersey, Democratic, Tren

June 18-New Jersey, Republican, Tren

July 4-National Democratic, New York

STATE ELECTIONS.

April 6-Michigan-new constitution.

April 6 to 8-Florida-reconstruction, State

April 14, 75, 16, - South Carolina-reco

May 4, 5, 6,-Florida-reconstruction.

PROGRESS OF RECONSTRUCTION.

The registry has undergone one revision (with

NORTH CAROLINA-Election for and under

the new constitution begins April 21. Can

didates for Governor: William W. Holden,

the new constitution begins April 14. Gene

ral Robert K. Scott is the radical (and thus

GEORGIA-Election for and under the ne

constitution begins April 20. Candidates for

Governor: Rufus R. Bullock, republican;

FLORIDA-Election for and under the new

the republican (and thus far the only) candi-

ALABAMA-An applicant before Congress,

publican ; James G. Taliaferro, independent

on and is a native Louisianian. The ques-

Texas-Convention just elected but not

Of the republican candidates for Govern

above named, Holden is a native North Car-

olina; Scott is a native of Pennsylvania, en

of freedmen's affairs; Bullock is a native of

New York, resident in Georgia before and

during the war; Reed was recently a Wiscon

sin editor; Eggleston is a native of New

York, who entered the military service from

Ohio; Warmoth is a native of Illinois and

platform containing seventeen men was pre

Rush your Cotton to town. It is now

ISAAC BOLES, S. E. D.,

WILL thank all parties having demands against me, either as Principal or Security, to present them on or before the first May, as I con-

emplate geing into Bankruptey, and wish to put

CROW POISON.

BAT EXTERMINATOR.

ITALIAN VIOLIN STRINGS,

Fair Warning.

J. J. McBRIDE'S KING OF PAIN, unless

Merchants supplied at Wholesale prices.
L. C. McNEARY, Agent.

NOW IS THE TIME

prices.
Work done in all its branches, such as ROOF-

Notice.

DURING my absence from the State, I appoint Mr. THOS. W. CARWILE my Agent,

and authorize him to receipt for and receive all monies due me. Parties indebted to me by Note

or Account are urgently requested to call on him

Notice.

Frog Level, Newberry Dist., S. C. 2m²

1f

JAS. B. SULLIVAN.

FOREWARN all Persons from Selling DR.

FISHING TACKLE,

PERCUSSION CAPS,

for the District of Edgefield.

ING, GUTTERING, &c.

Apr 6

For sale by

S. HARRISON, C. C. E. D.

bringing from 28 to 30 cts. in Augusta.

tion at issue is between the "natives"

Taliaferro while declining to interfere.

far the only) candidate for Governor.

David Irwin, conservative.

with prospect of admission.

date for Governor.

ret convened.

from Kansas.

South Carolina-Election for and under

another promised) before the election.

VIRGINIA-The Convention has attained

-judicial.

April 1-Rhode Island-general.

April 6-Connecticut-general.

nd Federal officers.

April 7-Wisconsin-

May 13-Minnesota, Republican, St. Paul.

May 5-New Hampshire, Republican, Con-

To those who wish to "keep the ran" of

Hamburg,

Apr 7

Red Bank Church.

Saturday next.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 3D DISTRICT S. C. ANDERSON, April 1, 1869 NOTICE is hereby given that on the 22nd day of April, 1868, at my office in Anderson, appeals will be received and determined relative to the people of Edgefield District on the Political

Questions of the Day, and ALL are invited t attend these meetings. Freedmen are urgently any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations by the Assessor or Assistant Assessors of the annual taxet for 1868, which have cen assessed.

The Assessor's Office is open daily, during bu-The Assessor's Office is open daily, during ou-siness hours, for the bearing of Appeals by par-ties who shall appear voluntarily before him, re-lating to any taxes which have been assessed, and which have not been committed to the Collector.

All appeals to the Assessor as aforesaid, must be made in writing, and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and must, moreover, state the ground or principle of error complained of. H. O. HERRICK,

In Bankruptcy.

N THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNI-UTH CAROLINA, I! THE MATTER OF LLMAN WATSON, BANKBUPT, BY WHOM PETITION FOR ADJUDICATION OF NKRUPTCY WAS FILED ON THE DAY OF MARCH & DI 1868. IN SAID COURT
—IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice
that on the twenty-eighth day of March, A. D.,
1868, a Warrant in Lankruptcy was issued against
the Estate of TILLMAN, WATSON, in the District of Edgefield and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his ewn petition; that the payment of any debts and de-livery of any property belonging to said Bank-rupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of rupt, to nim or for his usit, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be helden at Newberry Court House South Coroline, before HENRY SUMMER, Register, on the Assignees.

Register, on the secutieth day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M. July 4-Soldiers' and Sailors,' New York, U. S. Marshal as Messenger By George Larsen Deputy Messenger. April, 7

Sheriff's Sale.

Robt. H. Sullivan. D' virtue of a Writ of E. Fa. in the above stafed case to me directed. I will proceed to sell at Edgefield C. H., on the 1st Monday in Maynext, the following property of the defendant, Robert H. Sullivan, to wit. April 17, 18,—Louisiana—reconstruction April 21, 22, 23,—North Carolina—recon

ONE TRACT OF LAND, containing Sixty-four Acres, more or less, with Dwelling House thereon, adjoining lands of John Huiet and W. F. Durisoe.

ISAAC BOLES, S.E.D.

Sheriff's Sale.

Fi Fa Wilson Holston. BY Virtue of Writ of Fi Fa to me directed in the above stated care, I will proceed to sell at the residence of the Defendant, Wilson Holston, on Thursday, the 23d inst., the following

FIFTY BUSHELS CORN, SMALL LOT FODDER, PLANTATION TOOLS. HCUSEHOLD FURNITURE. KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c.

Mississipri-Convention in its sixty-ninth day, and will probably conclude its labors next week. General B. B. Eggleston, Presi-Sheriff's Sale. dent of the Convention, is the republican nominee for Governor.

LOUISIANA—Elections for and under the John S. Coles, Lien on Grop. Robt. J. Crafton. new constitution begins April 17. Candidates for Governor: Henry C. Warmoth, re-

Mr. Taliaferro was president of the Conven-7th instant, the following property, to wit: FOUR BALES COTTON IN THE SEED, TWENTY BUSHELS CORN. carpet baggers," and the democrats favor TWO HUNDRED LBS. FODDER.

> Fi Fa. John E. Harrison, Sr. BY virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. to me directed, in the above stated case, I will proceed to sell at Edgefield C. H. on the 1st Monday in May following property of the Defendant, John E. Harrison, Sr., to wit:

ISAAC BOLES, S. E. D.

entered the service from Missouri : Clayton a native of Pennsylvania, entered the service Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Steven Lingley, Steven Wren, Thomas Rodgers and TERRIBLE MINING ACCIDENT-TWELVE MEN I will also sell at the residence of the Defen-INSTANTLY KILLED .- By the breaking of a chain connected with the hoisting machinery

One Mule, One Horse, Nine Head Cattle, Seven Head Sheep, Fifteen Head of Hogs, One Set Blacksmith Tools, Two Wagons, one Carriage

ISAAC BOLES, S. E. D.

State of South Carolina,

4: State of South Carolina,

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN ORDINARY. Pleasant D. King and Sarah, his wife, et al, Applicant, Petition for

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Joseph B. that Joseph B. Talley, Alvin McDaniel and Permelia his wife, John Bussey, Thomas J. Bus-Permelia his wife, John Bussey, Thomas J. Bussey, Dempsey Bussey and Augustus Cofer, Defendants in the above case, are absent from and reside beyond the limits of this State, It is ordered that they do appear in my Office and object to the sale of the Real Estate of Nancy Talley,

For Sale, A SIX HORSE IRON AXEL-TREE WAG-

April 1 21. A Stolen Horse.

April 1

5m*

Meal! Meal!

S. H. MANGET

tf13 24 J. L. MILDERTON.

A. J. Harris, Ex'ors, Figs.

ts seventy-sixth day and is drawing to a close.

H. M. Folk,

Personal Property, to wit: FIVE HORSES, CATTLE AND HOGS. constitution begins May 4 Harrison Reed is

ISAAC BOLES, S. E. D.

By Virtue of an Execution in the above stated case, I will proceed to sell at the residence of the Defendant, R. J. Crafton, on Friday, the

ARKANSAS-Election held last week ; result no known. General Powell Clayton was the Sheriff's Sale. republican, and only, candidate for Governor. tered the service from Ohio and is in charge

> ONE TRACT OF LAND containing Five fundred and Twenty-eight (528) Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of E. Devore, Mary Harrison and others. TRACT No. 2, containing One Hundred (100)

tant on Wednesday, the 5th day of May next,

Plantation Tools, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN ORDINARY. E. W. Perry, Ex'or., Def 'ts.) Partition E. A. Perry and others, Pl'ff. Pay Debts. BY an Order from the Ordinary, I shall proceed to sell at Edgefield Cour! House, first Monday in Maynext, for Partition and to Pay Debts, the REAL ESTATE of MARY PERRY, dec'd., consisting of ONE TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND lyng and being in the District and State aforesaid, on Indian Branch, waters of Cloud's Creek, containing Three Hun-

dred Sixty-five (365) Acres, more or less, and bounden on lands of J. W. Dunham, Elijah Watson, Sen., and others.

TERMS-On a credit of one and two years, in qual installments, with interest from day of sale.

Purchaser to give Bond and zecurieties, and a Mortgage of the premises to the Ordinary, to secure the purchase money. Costs to be paid in Cash, and to pay for Titles extra.

ISAAC BOLES, S. E. D. all my Creditors on an equal feeting. Look to your interest now, or forever hereafter hold your peace. W. F. DURISCE.

> Partit'n of Real Artemus Holson and wife et Estate. al, Defendants.

dec'd., within three months from the date hereof or their consent will be entered of record.
W. F. L'URISOE, O. E. D. Mar 28, 1868

STOLEN from our Stables, on the night of the 25th March, a SORREL MARE, about 3 years old with a star in forehead, with a slight addle gall on her back.

ISAAC and GEORGE FRAZIER, (Col.) Final Settlement. A LI. persons indebted to the Estate of MAR-SHALL STEIDHAM, dec'd., are notified to

JAMES GREEN, Adm'or.

Prom this date, I will keep constantly on hand a good supply of MEAL. Mar

A ON, with body complete. And one FOUR HORSE bread-tire WAGON. Apply at this

THE Subscriber has opened a TIN SHOP at Edgefield C. H., and will furnish TIN WARE, at Wholesale or Retail, at very low Any person securing said filly for us will receive a reward of Ten Dollars on delivery at Mr. P. A. Eichelberger's Plantation, 4 miles North of Edgefield C. 1

> pay the same forthwith. Those having claims against the said Estate will present them, duly attested, by the 21d August next, as on that day a Final Settlement on said Estate will be in the Ordinary's Office.

> JUST Received TWENTY BUSHELS GOOD FRESH MEAL.