Edgefield Advertiser.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING
BY
DUBISOE, KEESE & CO.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the ADVERTISER for one year ONE DOLLAR in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at ONE DOLLAR per Square (18 minion lines or less) for each insertion. Advertisements without instructions as to the number of times to be inserted, will be published until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Announcing Candidates for any Office of honor or profit, FIVE DOLLARS, to be paid before the announcement is published.

Obituary notices, Tributes of Respect, or any communication personal in its nature, will be rated as advertisements and charged accordingly.

Important Letter from Secretary Harlen.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
WASHINGTON, D. C. Aug. 26.

Hon. George B Edmonds, Clermont, Iowa:

DEAR SIR: I have just received your letter of the 21st inst., stating among other things, that the Union State Convention of Iowa has adopted as a plan in its platform a recommendation in favor of negro suffrage; that the Copperhead Convention has indorsed President Johnson's policy for the reorganization of States, assuming it to be in opposition to negro suffrage; that this is, in your opinion, the issue joined between the two parties in Iowa; that heretofore the Union party has derived valuable aid from me in support of its principles; that you regret, however, to observe a newspaper report of a speech recently made by me, as you think, in antagonism with its present principle and policy, which gives you pain.

In reply, I have to say, that if your opinion was well founded, it would be a cause of greater pain to me than to yourself; but, I beg leave respectfully to state that you misapprehend the position of President Johnson, and my own as well as that of the Union party at large. The real question at issue, in a national point of view, is not whether negroes shall be permitted to vote, but whether they shall derive that authority from the national Government or from the State Governments respectively.

President Johnson maintains the doctrine that the Constitution of the United States does not confer on the Federal Government the right to interfere primarily with the question of suffrage in any State of the Union: that the question may arise and properly be decided by Congress, when Senators and members present themselves for admission to seats in that body, under the clause of the Constitution, which makes each House the exclusive judge of the qualifications and elections of members; and that other clause of the Constitution of the United States, which provides that "the United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a republican form of government."

I infer that if any State should adopt a law on the subject of suffrage, which would clearly show the State Government to be other than republican, it would be the duty of Congress to reject applicants for seats, and to adopt whatever legislative remedies would in their judgment be necessary to carry out the guaranties of the Constitution.

That the State of Iowa may take steps to extend the right of suffrage, is not, as it seems to me, in conflict with this policy, and, consequently, those who support the policy of the President on this subject are not in antagonism with the platform of the Union party of Iowa.

The Union party of that State propose that the State shall modify its own Constitution so as to include as electors, persons who have not, under its present provisions, the right to vote. This, as President Johnson maintains, a State may do, but that the National Government would have no right to require Iowa, or any other State, to modify its own Constitution, on this or any other subject, when not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States.

If I should be in Iowa when that question is submitted to the people, if it should be so submitted by the Legislature, I would vote to extend the right to all classes of persons possessing the requisite intelligence and patriotism to be intrusted with a participation in the management of public affairs, State or National, without regard to their nationality, as I do not believe that the liberty of any class of people can be considered safe who are to be permanently deprived of the exercise of this right.

I do not disguise these opinions; you may therefore make what use of this letter you may deem proper.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient serv't,
JAS. HARLAN.

AFFAIRS IN TENNESSEE.—In Tennessee the condition of affairs are indeed alarming. They show that matters are going from bad to worse rapidly in that section of our country. The papers of the leading cities are filled with accounts of murders and robberies. From the middle portion of the State we also have lamentable accounts. We recently published the news that in one county alone, forty men were declared outlaws, and the community empowered to hang or shoot them when ever caught.

The telegraphic dispatches from East Tennessee are but one record of blood and crime. Scenes of violence and slaughter are narrated. In Chattanooga, September 4, a colored guard shot a white sergeant from some cause or other. At the same time he accidently shot a colored boy. Both the sergeant and boy died from their wounds. A discharged soldier on the same day also shot a negro killing him instantly. There is great excitement in Chattanooga. There are good grounds for it.

In Knoxville, September 4, a difficulty occurred between W. H. Hall, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Knoxville, and a young man named Baker late of the Southern army, in which the former was killed. Baker was committed to jail, but the citizens rescued him from the Sheriff and hung him in the street where his body remained all night. A fight occured the same evening at a ball in which four or five persons were killed.

As we have before said this condition of affairs is truly alarming and promises no good to the country. If affairs progress in the direction they are now tending, we need never expect to live under any thing but military rulers. Every good citizen should render all the aid in his power to prevent crime being committed; and when committed should do everything possible to ferret out and punish the perpetrators of unlawful deeds.

The best interests of our country, and the welfare of good society and good morals, demands that such a course be pursued. —Augusta Chronicle & Sentinel.

☞ An officer on Gen. Grant's staff, who recently had an interview with Davis, says that he is furious in his denunciations of Hunter and Stephens, whom he accuses of deliberately betraying the Southern cause into the hands of the Yankees, "Had those two men," said Jeff, "representing, as they did the weak-kneed conservative sentiment in the South, stood firm, the Southern cause would have triumphed." Davis appears to be perfectly indifferent to his fate, but still does not think the punishment for his crime will be visited upon him. He told the officer that he had less care upon his mind now, and felt easier than he did when he was President of the Confederacy.

☞ The American Colonization Society has received an application from about one hundred colored persons at Lynchburg, Va., to be colonized in Liberia, and will send a vessel on the 1st of November for their accommodation, if a sufficient number to justify the expense are ready to go. The Society will give a free passage and five acres of land to each adult, and five acres additional to each family, besides six months shelter and support after arrival.

THE ADVERTISER.

JAMES T. BACON, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1865.

Praiseworthy Object

In our last week's notice of the Amateur Ethiopian Concert, which is to come off this (Tuesday) evening, we omitted, with most lamentable inadvertence, to state that the object of the Concert is to procure for the one-armed soldier, who will perform on the occasion, an artificial arm.

☞ The letter from President Johnson sustaining Provisional Governor Sharkey in his call for the reorganization of the militia of the State of Mississippi, and setting aside General Slocum's order forbidding such organization, is published. The President's main reason is to induce the people to come forward in defence of the State and Federal Government, and he says if there is any move of an insurrectionary character by such organization, the military will be there to suppress it upon its first appearance.

Drug Store.

Hodges & Jennings advertise a variety of new and desirable goods. Like every body else now-a-days, they are not sticking to the exact line of their business, but are keeping goods and articles to suit every caller. And every one that calls upon them will be sure to be pleased.

The Equinox.

The equinoctial gale is upon us. Already we have had big rains and big winds. All the summer we have had intolerable heat, drought and dust; now we are to have intolerable rain, wind and mud. Alas! "Man never is but always to be blest." Sad fact! Hope we will all get to a place finally where our blessings will not be so much *in futuro*.

Important Orders.

See in another column the orders from Lt Col. TYLER and Major Smith.

Gratifying Announcement.

We have been requested by the honorable and popular incumbent of the offices of Clerk of the Court, Commissioner in Equity, and Ordinary, for Edgefield District, to state that each one will resume the functions of his respective office on Monday next, Sept. 25th.

Edgefield Female College.

It is a most fortunate thing for our State that it contains a number of Colleges and academies for young ladies. Of these we know none superior to the Female College of this town, under the leadership of the Rev. MARION SAMS. This experienced instructor has now been in our midst a year; long enough for us all to know him thoroughly as a gentleman, a Christian and a scholar. The third session of this institution began on Monday last. Since the termination of the last session, Rev. Mr. SAMS has added to his corps of teachers Mr ROBT. J GWALTNEY, already well and favorably known to this community, and Rev. WM. F. NICHOLS and lady. Mr. NICHOLS is a native German, which is to say that as a professor and teacher of music he is thorough and profound. In this institution the curriculum is a judicious one; and pursued by the skilful teachers forming Mr. SAMS's able corps, the daughters of our citizens must return to their homes with no mean testimony. We must conclude by exhorting the public to sustain the Edgefield Female College. No further argument to show the necessity of such support need be advanced, if parents and guardians will only remember what they owe to those who are destined to be not merely the angels of their own hearths, but of the hearths of a generation yet unborn.

Recent Proclamation.

Governor PERRY's recent interview with Gens. MEADE and GILLMORE has resulted in much good to the State. Besides the removal of the colored troops from interior positions, which is in itself a very great relief to the people, the functions and powers of civil law are to be fully respected. The people cannot fail to be gratified at this information, the whole policy of which has been endorsed by the President. The proclamation of His Excellency the Governor, in another column, will fully explain the position of affairs as they now stand.

Grand Omnium Gatherum.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of JAS. G. BAILIE and Bro., Augusta, Ga. What a varied and magnificent assortment of goods!—Dry Goods, Upholstery, Liquors, Groceries—in short, everything under the sun. If there is anything that the BAILIES have not, then you may be sure that all vestige of it is lost to creation. We earnestly commend this splendid and reasonable establishment to the notice and patronage of the people of Edgefield District.

Everybody Run Here!

Messrs M. Brascherman & Co., and Messrs. JOHN R. CARWILE & Co., and ATKINSON & SHECUT, have received during the past week large additions to their stocks of goods. They have quantities of the most charming thing you ever saw. Beautiful Mousseline de Laines, neat and pretty calicoes; a complete assortment of hats and shoes; combs of every size, quality and material; wallets and portmonnaies of every variety; ladies' and gentlemen's kid gloves and gauntlets; brushes for all purposes; ladies belts and buckles—very fashionable—half a mile wide; soaps of the best makers and most delightful smells; shears, scissors, hooks and eyes; mirrors and looking glasses; oils, colognes and pomades; boxes and baskets of fine extracts; charming dolls and other toys; candies, sugar plums, figs, raisins, pickles, cheese, buckets, coffee pots—oh! we are making a most disgraceful mixture! But they have got *everything*. And their terms are so reasonable, and their deportment so delightful that you cant possibly leave their stores with one iota of the "Spondulix" in your pockets. But that doesn't matter. The "Spondulix" is what they are after. And, as is well known, everybody in these days has enough and to spare.

☞ As the twinkling stars go out one by one in the golden lustre of the morn, so the once popular perfumes of the American market have faded, faded into oblivion before the superior claims of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus," the standard perfume of the Western Hemisphere. Sold in this Village by ATKINSON & SHECUT.

"Come to America, Pat!" writes a son of the Emerald Isle, to his friend in Ireland; "'tis a fine country to get a living in. All ye have to do, is to get a three-cornered box, and fill it wid brick, and carry it to the top of a four story building, and the man at the top does all the work!"

Gen. Mansfield Lovell is one of the editors of the New York News.

The Convention.

From the Columbia *Phoenix* of Friday Sept. 15th, we learn that the Convention assembled on Wednesday the 13th, at 12 o'clock, M., in the Baptist Church in the town of Columbia. The credentials of one hundred and four individuals were exhibited, and their names enrolled as members of the Convention. Judge D. L. WARDLAW of Abbeville was elected, on the second ballot, permanent President of the Convention. No better or more capable man could have been elected to this high and important place than Judge WARDLAW. He is able, honest, dignified and learned; and as a presiding officer has large experience, having been for many years, in former times, Speaker of the House. Much business was done, looking to the formal and complete organization of the Convention—such as the appointing of Committees, &c.,—and the body then adjourned to meet on Thursday at 11 o'clock A. M. Before the adjournment Mr. ALDRICH of Barnwell introduced the following Resolution:

Resolved, That under the present extraordinary circumstances, it is both wise and politic to accept the condition in which we are placed; to endure patiently the evils which we cannot avert or correct, and to await calmly the time and opportunity to effect our deliverance from unconstitutional rule.

Hon. F W. PICKENS of Edgefield submitted the following Ordinance.

We, the Delegates of the People of the State of South Carolina, in General Convention met, do Ordain, That the Ordinance passed in Convention, 20th of December, 1860, withdrawing this State from the Federal Union, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

The fortunes of war, together with the proclamations of the President of the United States, and the generals in the field commanding, having decided that domestic slavery is abolished; therefore, under the circumstances, we acquiesce in said proclamations and do hereby declare implicit obedience to the Constitution of the United States and all laws made in pursuance thereof.

Gov. PERRY's Message to the Convention will be presented to our readers next week.

Our Mother Earth Exuding a most Precious Perspiration.

What is Petroleum—this article by which such fabulous fortunes are being made at the North? Dare say four men out of five do not know; for certainly we never heard of such a thing before the war. Petroleum, as its name literally denotes, is Rock Oil. It is a bituminous oil deposited deep in the bosom of the earth, and procured by boring—after the manner of boring Artesian Wells. It was discovered in Venango Co., West Pennsylvania, less than two years ago, and ever since then the mining for oil has been a regular and a most lucrative business. As yet the great oil region has been principally confined to Pennsylvania, but there seems to be no longer any reasonable doubt that before the close of the present year deposits of petroleum will be found in hundreds of localities further South and West. Indeed it has been discovered that there are surface indications of oil all the way from the Hudson River to the Mississippi; and thousands of wells are already being sunk in places the general public little dream of. Oil, in great quantities, and of fine quality, is being obtained in Western Virginia; and North Carolina and Alabama are said by scientific men to promise more in this respect than any States in the Union. The whole North is swarming with "Petroleum Companies;" and speculation in "Petroleum lands" is any and every day the source of fabulous fortunes or stupendous failures. This oil is found in the earth at any depth from 100 to 1000 feet. When the oil is struck, the well is tubed and the oil pumped out. The annual product of the twenty miles square of Pennsylvania, which still forms the most famous and lucrative oil region, is set down at thirteen million nine thousand barrels.

This Petroleum is now used, almost the world over, as a burning fluid and a lubricating oil. It has superseded Camphine, Kerosene, Turpentine, and all other burning fluids known before the war. This light, for brilliancy, purity, steadiness and cheapness, has never been approached. A room may be lighted all night at a cost of about two cents. The Petroleum oil is as colorless as water, and as light. The coarser qualities are used for lubricating machinery; it is now employed for this purpose by all Manufacturing and Steamboat Companies. Hence the exhaustless demand for it. Before the close of the war, all Government wagons were greased with it; this is still the case. Candles are also made of it—hard, perfectly transparent, very brilliant in light, but somewhat costly.

WHAT SOUTH CAROLINA HAS LOST.—The Charleston *Daily News* thus sums up the losses of South Carolina by the war:

Of $15,000,000 in bank stock, all is lost. Of $5,000,000 bills in circulation, the market value is not more than twenty per cent. Of three insurance companies, neither can continue business. Of $70,000,000 in railroads, no dividends can be expected. Of 5,000 houses in Charleston, 1,500 have been burned, and others almost irreparably demaged. Of estates decedents and infants, and of property in litigation, four fifths are represented by Confederate securities and are therefore valueless.

Of our many merchants, many of large capital and unblemished credit, few have assets to pay the small debts against them at the beginning of the war. Of the many large and valuable estates in Beaufort District and the adjacent islands, all have been abandoned, and many have been sold for taxes. Of the large cotton estates, still further from the seaboard many have been desolated. Of the cotton on hand at the beginning and made during the war amounting in value to at least $20,000,000 the larger portion has been taken or destroyed. Of the stock, horses, hogs, cattle, farming implements, utensils and furniture, and silver ware, all but an inconsiderable amount have been consumed, destroyed or taken.

Of the money in the hands of our citizens at the commencement of the war, or accruing from the sale of property, or the practice of professions, or the payment of debts, all has been invested in securities, of which nine-tenths have no possible value. Of the debts uncollected, few are expected to be paid. Of the funds of churches, colleges, charitable institutions, and societies, all, also, or nearly all, have been sunk. Of the funds of the State, not held by the Government, little has any market value. Into this frightful gulf of ruin has also been swept the value of four hundred thousand slaves, estimated a few years since at $200,000,000. And thus, therefore, of the $400,000,000 worth of property in this State in 1860, but little more than $50,000,000 now remains.

☞ A Washington dispatch says that a farmer near Steubenville, Ohio, has made application to the Freedman's Bureau, at Washington, for one hundred blacks. We wish he had applied for about four million, and could get them.

☞ A memorial to the President, asking clemency for Mr. Jeff. Davis and Gov. Charles Clarke, has been signed by more than 14,000 women of Mississippi.

☞ Major General Quincy A. Gilmore, United States volunteers, commanding the department of South Carolina, has been brevetted lieutenant colonel and brigadier General of the regular army.

☞ The Confederate Secretaries Malory and Seddon, it is said, will be placed on the witness stand, and even Jeff Davis' testimony may be required before the conclusion of the Wirz trial.

For the Advertiser.

Attend to This.

The next regular meeting of the Southern Colonization Society will be held in the Odd Fellows' & Masonic Hall, on the first Monday in October at 11 A. M.

A *full* attendance—of every member,—if possible, is requested. Our Agents are ready to proceed to the South, a large portion of the money necessary to defray their expenses has already been raised, and we wish to obtain the balance, give them their instructions, and speed them on their journey.

JOSEPH ARNEY, President.

☞ The World's special says the number of troops on the pay and muster rolls is as follows: Regulars, 18,000; colored troops, 90,000; white volunteers, 100,000. The number actually engaged in the field at the present time is about 150,000. The number however, is being reduced daily by the musteing out of several thousand.

☞ There is good authority for stating, says a Washington dispatch, that all colored troops now in the service, are soon to be mustered out. The idea that they would be retained as part of the regular army is erroneous. They form simply a provisional Corps, which will be discontined within a few months.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED near Edgefield, C. H, S. C., on the 7th instant, by the Rev. W. A. Clark, GEORGE CRAFTS TIMMONS, Esqr., late of Charleston, and Miss J. S. MINICK, of Edgefield District.

MARRIED, at the bride's Mother's on the morning of the 12th inst., by the Rev John Trapp, Mr. LEWIS HOLLOWAY and Miss ELIZA E. BULLOCK, all of Edgefield District.

OBITUARY.

In Memoriam.

"Death found a rare beauty
On that polished brow, and dashed it out!"

DIED, Sept. 18th, ELLA, child of ERASMUS H and ELLEN YOUNGBLOOD, aged four years and eight months. As you linger around her early grave, loving parents, remember

"'Tis but the casket that lies there;
The gem that filled it sparkles yet."

DIED, on the morning of the 4th inst., GEORGIA PENN, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. BRYAN, aged 8 months and 20 days.

'Twas hard to see thee fade away,
My beautiful, my own,—
And harder still to give thee up
When the sparks of life had flown.
To hide from sight thy tiny form,
In the dark, and silent earth,
Which had nestled in my bosom
Since the hour that gave thee birth;
But though bitter tears are flowing,
Darling, I would not rebel,
For our Heavenly Father called thee,
And He "doeth all things well."

E. W. R.

PROCLAMATION

BY THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT S. C.,
September 4, 1865.

WHEREAS a seeming conflict of jurisdiction having arisen between the civil and military authorities of South Carolina, under the Provisional Government of the State; and whereas Major-General Gilmore, commanding the Department of South Carolina, having sought an interview with me, as Provisional Governor, in the presence of Major-General Meade, commanding the Atlantic States; and whereas all matters giving rise to the seeming conflict were adjusted and arranged with the consent and approval of Major-General Meade:

Now, therefore, I, BENJAMIN FRAMPTON PERRY, Provisional Governor of the State of South Carolina, do proclaim and make known, that the terms of this arrangement are as follows: "That in all cases where freedmen or persons of color are concerned, the Courts of the Provost Marshals shall have exclusive cognizance to try and adjust them, for the present; and that all other cases shall be heard and adjudicated by the civil courts, municipal authorities and civil officers, under and according to the laws of South Carolina. That the civil courts shall be opened under the Provisional Government, and all civil and municipal officers be allowed to resume their official duties and discharge them freely without interruption on the part of the military authorities. That it is further understood General Gilmore will issue a military order, and Governor Perry will in like manner issue his proclamation, making known this arrangement, which is to continue till civil authority is entirely restored in this state and the Government reconstructed"

And I do hereby call upon all persons and order them to strictly obey and carry out the terms of this arrangement.

Done in the city of Columbia, the day and year above stated. B. F. PERRY.

By order of the Provisional Governor.
W. H. FINLEY, Private Secretary.
Sept 20 3t 38

Provost Marshal's Office,

KINGSTREE, S. C., Sept 14th, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER NO 1.

THE following General Order is hereby published for the information and government of the citizens of the District of Edgefield. The Tax of three cents will be paid to the Assistant Provost Marshal at Edgefield C. H, instead of the Assistant Provost Marshal at Newberry.

All persons desiring to do business under this order will apply at the Office for Licenses.

HEAD QUARTERS 2d SUB-DISTRICT,
DISTRICT OF WESTERN S. CAROLINA,
Newberry, S. C., August, 24th, 1865.

General Orders, No 10.

Persons carrying on business in this Sub-District, will hereafter be required to pay the Asst. Provost Marshal, at his Office in Newberry, S. C., on the first day of each month, the respective sums following, viz:

Restaurants, where bar is kept,	$12,00
Eating Houses and Saloons,	10,00
Dry Goods and Variety Stores,	10,00
Groceries,	10,00
Fruits and Vegetables,	5,00
Bakers and Confectioners,	5,00
Tobacconists,	5,00
Drug Stores,	5,00
Boots and Shoes,	5,00
Billiard Saloons, (per table)	2,00
Junk Shop,	10,00

Where failure to pay the above rates respectively, within eight days after the same shall have become payable, by the terms of this order, a fine of one dollar will be imposed for each day's delay, and if such delay shall continue for the period of 15 days, such place of business will be closed until payment is made, and for such further time as the Commander of the District may deem proper.

By command of
Lieut. Col. R. TYLER,
Commanding District.
HENRI B. LOOMIS, 1st Lieut. & A. A. A. Genl.

By command of
Major E. SMITH,
Commanding Dist.
R. R. GILLETT, 1st Lieut.,
And Assistant Provost Marshal.
Sept 18 6t 38

At Auction.

ON SALE-DAY in October next will be offered at Public Auction, in the basement of the residence of the late Mr. E. PENN, in this Village, sundry articles of Household Furniture, consisting of BUREAUS, SOFA, DIVANS, CHAIRS; &c. Also, a good TOP BUGGY and a COOKING STOVE. Sale to begin at 11 A. M.

☞ Conditions, Cash on delivery.
Sept 19 2t 38

NEW GOODS!

FALL TRADE, 1865!

JAS. G. BAILIE & BRO.
205 BROAD STREET,
Augusta, Georgia,

Have just received the following New Goods, to which they invite the attention of their customers and the public generally:

Carpeting.

Rolls fine Three-Ply Carpeting, new patterns;
Rolls fine Ingrain " " "
Brussells Carpeting;
Velvet Carpeting;
Carpet Binding;
Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, &c.

A competent Upholsterer on hand to attend to fitting and laying Carpets and hanging Curtains and Shades.

Window Shades.

Gold and Velvet Shades, new patterns;
Gold and Green Shades, " "
Plain Gold Shades, " "
Landscape Shades, " "
Shade Trimmings, of all kinds.

Damask.

Lace and Muslin Curtains, Cornices, Bands, Loops, &c.

Dry Goods,
At Wholesale by the Piece or Dozen.

Calicoes,	Thread Nets,
Shirting,	Silk Waterfalls,
Misses-Balmoral Hose,	Shirt Fronts,
" Ribbed Wool "	Irish Linen,
Ladies' whitestt "	8-4 Bleached Damask,
Gents mixed not. Socks,	Scotch Diaper,
Men's Bro Half Hose,	Huck. Towels,
" white " "	Silk Neck Ties,
Boys Bro " "	Black Ribbon Ties,
Misses White Hose,	Silk Tubular Ties,
Green and Bro Barage,	Birds Eye Diaper,
Ladies lisle ½ Gauntlets,	Long Lawn,
" Adeline Gloves,	Linen Crash,
" Silk "	Diaper Towels,
Men's " "	Undressed Linen,
Bleached Linen,	Ladies' Silk Scarfs,
Brown Table Linen,	India Rubber Combs,
Napkins,	Horn Combs,
8x10 Bleached Cloths,	Ivory Combs,

Men's White Merino Drawers;
" " " Shirts;
" Shetland " Drawers;
" " " Shirts;
" " Ribbed Drawers;
" " " Shirts;
Ladies' Hoop Skirts;
" Bridal "
Young Ladies' Bridal Skirts;
Misses' Plain Clasp "
Cotton Umbrellas;
Silk and Cotton Hankerchiefs.

Floor Oil Cloths.

Floor Oil Cloths, thoroughly seasoned;
Table Oil Cloths, just received.

Shoes.

Ladies' Balmorals;
Misses' Gaiters;
Gents' Gaiters, Buckles;
Heavy Shoes, all kinds.

Groceries.

Java Coffee,	Green Tea,
Laguayra Coffee,	Black Tea,
Rio "	Starch,
Sugar, Brown,	Soda,
" Fair,	Saleratus,
" Crushed,	Mackerel, in kitts,
Cheese,	" in half bbls.
Black Pepper,	Codfish,
Ginger,	Nutmegs,
Candles,	Soap,

AND GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Sundries.

Nails, all sizes,	25 Boxes Glass,
Cotton Cards,	Parlor Matches,
Coconut Dippers,	Matches,
Mason's Blacking,	Buckets of all kinds,
Blacking Brushes,	Tubs, Plain,
Scrubbing Brushes,	Tubs, Painted,
White Wash Brushes,	Tubs, Cedar,
White Wash Heads,	Brooms,
Mop Heads,	Hair Brooms,
Cotton Twine,	Feather Dusters,
Nests Boxes,	Horse Brushes,
School Baskets,	Rolling Pins,
Market Baskets,	Potatoe Mashers,
Clothes Baskets,	Lemon Squeezers,
Clothes Lines,	Towell Rollers,
Clothes Pins,	Nests Reelers,
Army Pails,	Spice Setts,
Wisps,	Nests Flour Pails,
Iron Solves,	Faucets,
Plated Solves,	Well Buckets,
Brass Solves,	Wood Spoons,
Wash Boards, Zinc,	Mouse Traps,
Wash Boards, Plain,	Sash Cord,
Hearth Brooms,	Whisks,
Dusting Brushes,	Pocket Wisks,
Ladies,	Table mats,
Stove Polish,	Matches Safes,
Gun Caps,	Axes,
Boxes Ink,	Axe Handles,
Ball Boxes,	Letter Paper,
Pad Locks,	Trunks,

Bagging.

2,000 Yards Best Gunny Bagging,
2,000 Pounds Best Rope,
20 Coils Manilla Rope,
500 pounds English Twine,

Liquors.

Cases Old Cognac Brandy,
Cases Holland Gin,
Cases New York Gin,
Cases Old Bourbon,
Cases Millar's XXXX Bourbon,
Cases Wolfe's Old Bourbon,
Cases Wolfe's Scheidam Schnapps,
Cases Russe's Arrack Punch,
Cases Russe's St. Domingo Punch,
Cases Purest Blackberry Brandy,
Cases Old Port Wines,
Cases imperial Sherry Wines,
Cases S. Domingo Bitters,

Syrups.

Lemon,	Ginger,
Raspberry,	Assorted,

Pickles.

25 Cases assorted Pickles,
Gherkins, Pepper Sauces, &c.

Liquors by the Barrel.

25 Bbls Whiskey, Old Rye, 1848,
10 Bbls Gin,
10 Bbls Rum,
10 Kegs, 10 gals. each, Old Rye Whiskey, 1840, 6 per ct. above proof.

Carpets, Shades, Curtains, Dry Goods and Shoes, up stairs, the balance on our lower floor.

Planters, Merchants and Citizens, look to your interest and give us a call.

JAMES G. BAILIE & BROTHER
205 BROAD STREET,
AUGUSTA, GA.
Sept 18 3m 38

NEW GOODS!

J. R. CARWILE & CO. have just received the following additions to their Stock of Goods, viz:

Mourning and Colored Prints,

DELAINES,
LONG CLOTH,
LINEN;
CORSETS,
SILK BELTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
KID GLOVES,
Spelling and Memorandum BOOKS;
McGuffey's 1st, 2d and 3d READERS.

—ALSO—

We have also, in the Hardware and Grocery line,
A fine lot of TIN WARE;
KNIVES and FORKS;
Table and Tea SPOONS;
POWDER, SHOT and CAPS;
CHEESE and MACARONI;
Soda and Butter CRACKERS;
MACKEREL in Kits and Barrels;
Fresh CANDIES;
RAISINS, FIGS and ALMONDS;
ALLSPICE, &c., &c., &c.
Sept 19 1t 38

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

WE have now in Store a FULL STOCK of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which we are selling at prices to suit the times, and at but a small advance above Augusta wholesale prices. HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

TOILET ARTICLES.

WE have just opened a varied assortment of TOILET ARTICLES, embracing
Lubin's Toilet Powders;
Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief;
Shand's Fancy Lily White;
Superior Pomades—in variety;
Bears Oil, an excellent article;
Brown Windsor, Honey and Shaving Soaps;
Tooth Powders and Soaps for the Teeth, &c.
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

BRUSHES, COMBS, &c.

IN Store a good assortment of
Hair, Tooth and Nail BRUSHES;
The Hand Email ient or BATH BRUSH;
Dusting, Blacking and Horse Brushes;
Coarse Combs, various qualities;
Misses Round Combs, an A No. 1 article.
☞ For sale cheap by
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

PATENT MEDICINES.

NOW in Store a large assortment of the BEST PATENT MEDICINES known, consisting in part of—
Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer;
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral;
Philotoken or Female's Friend;
Jayne's Hair Tonic;
Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair;
Radway's Ready Relief;
Dent's Billious Pills;
Comstock's Vermifuge;
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children's Teething. HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

TOBACCO, SEGARS, SNUFF.

IN Store a choice variety of the best brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO;
A fine supply of the best SEGARS;
Maccoboy SNUFF—fresh and pure.
PIPES, MATCHES, &c.
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

STATIONERY.

JUST opened a beautiful variety of Plain and Fancy NOTE and LETTER PAPER, ENVELOPES, PENS, PENCILS, INK, &c.
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

GOODS FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN

LADIES' Beautiful CUFFS and COLLARS;
Gentlemen's COLLARS;
LINEN and TOWELLING;
Gloves and Socks;
Spool Silk and Cotton Thread;
Black Flax Thread;
Coat and Pants Buttons;
Hooks and Eyes and Pins;
And many other articles to meet the wants of our patrons. HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

IN Store a splendid stock of
Ladies' and Misses GAITERS;
" Dressing SLIPPERS;
Children's Copper-Toed Scan Shoes;
Gent's first quality Dress SHOES, &c.
Shoes for House Servants;
☞ For sale as cheap as the cheapest, by
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

GREEN TEA.

A FINE quality of Fresh GREEN TEA, for sale cheap by HODGES & JENNINGS
Sept 19 tf 38

Yeast Powders, Starch, &c.

JUST received a fresh supply of Yeast Powders, Cooking Soda, Saleratus, Starch, &c.
HODGES & JENNINGS.
Sept 19 tf 38

1000 School Books, &c.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the finest collection of SCHOOL BOOKS ever brought to this market, consisting of Readers, Spellers, Definers, Grammars, Geographies, Arithmetics, Histories and others.

He also offers SLATES, PENCILS, best WRITING BOOKS, PAPER, ENVELOPES, &c.

These Books were selected for Primary, Academic and Collegiate Classes.
M. W. SAMS,
Edgefield Female College.

N. B.—We would also inform the public that all the pupils of the Female College will be taught VOCAL MUSIC GRATIS—25 cts. only being charged for the use of the Instruction Books during a Session. M. W. S.
Sept 19 2t 38

Stolen,

FROM the residence of Mrs E. J. Nicholson, on Saturday night, 2d Sept., TWO HORSES,—one a fine Sorrel Stallion, 16 hands high, six years old; one hind foot white, formerly owned by Thos. Atkins. The other a Bay Horse, 15 hands high, black mane and tail, six years old, two feet white,—shot through the right side of neck, stiff in fore shoulder. I will pay Fifty Dollars for the thieves, or Twenty-Five for the horses alone.

Any information thankfully received.
E. E. NICHOLSON.
Sept 19 2t 38

Strayed,

FROM my premises, two miles above Meeting Street P. O., a three year old BULL—white with black specks on his sides—his neck and head nearly all black. He was not marked that I am aware of. I will properly reward any one for information of him if sent to Dorn's Steam Mill.
P. J. CASWELL.
Sept 19 2t 38

Read! Read! Read!

THE Subscriber will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for
10 No. 1 Young Mules;
500 Bushels Wheat;
500 Bushels Oats;
5000 Lbs. Bacon;
2000 Lbs. Lard;
30 Barrels Syrup.
JAS. M. HARRISON.
Edgefield C. H., Sept 5 tf 36

WANTED.

THE COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD wants 500 Good Able-bodied Hands.
Apply to THOS. ALEXANDER, Agent.
Graniteville and Vaucluse.
Sept 11 10t 37

Estray Mule.

STAYED or stolen from my premises about the 15th August, a small short legged, mouse colored horse MULE,—one eye out, and about 12 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of said Mule. F. W. PICKENS.
Sept 5 3t 36