Be a Woman.

Oft I've heard a gentle mother,
As the twilight hours began,
Pleading with her erring daughter,
Urging him to be a man;
But unto her blue-eyed daughter,
Though with love's words quite as read
Points she out this other duty—
"Strive my dear, to be a lady."

What's a lady? Is it something
Made of hoops and silks and airs,
Used to decorate the parlor,
Like the fancy rugs and chairs?
Is it one that wastes on novels
Every feeling that is human?
If 'tis this to be a lady,
'Tis not this to be a WOMAN.

Mother, then unto your daughter,
Speak of something higher, far,
Than to be mere fashion's lady—
"WOMAN" is the brightest star.
If ye, in your strong affection,
Urge your son to be a TRUE MAN,
Urge your daughter no less strongly
To arise and be a WOMAN.

Yes a woman—brightest model
Of that high and perfect beauty,
Where the mind, the soul, the body,
Blend to work out life's great duty—
Be a woman, naught is higher
On the gilded list of fame;
On the catalogue of virtue,
There's no brighter, holier name.

Be a woman—on to duty,
Raise the world from all that's low,
Place high in the social heaven
Virtue's fair and radiant brow;
Lend thy influence to each effort,
That raise our nature human;
Be not fashion's gilded lady,
But a brave, whole souled, true WOMAN.

Officers Killed at Charleston.

The *Mercury* pays a passing tribute to two heroes, whose names have long been identified with the history of South Carolina:

Even in the midst of our dangers and our preparations for the coming trials we must pause in grief at the loss of some of our best and bravest, who fell early in the action of Friday last. Conspicuous amongst these were Captains Langdon Cheves and Charles T. Haskell.

Langdon Cheves, who was killed by the first shell which the enemy fired at Battery Wagner, is a son of the illustrious Carolinian who has rendered the same name a household word in the State. Previous to the war he had been a successful planter in St. Peter's Parish, on the Savannah River. Since the breaking out of hostilities he had never ceased to labor, with constant and unselfish zeal, for the good of the cause. In the spring of 1861 he volunteered to raise the labor for and superintend the works on Hilton Head. After the completion of these, he became volunteer aid to General Drayton, who assigned him to engineer duty. He constructed the works at Red Bluff, and was engaged upon other minor works until July, 1862, when he was ordered in charge of the works on Morris Island. Battery Wagner and Cummins' Point, with some minor works on the Island are the results of his energy and skill. For more than two years he thus served his country, without asking or receiving either rank or pay; until about two months ago, when the War Department at Richmond conferred upon him the commission of Captain of Engineers, in recognition of his services. In the full vigor of manhood he has fallen at the battery which he had been at so much pains to erect, leaving a record which will not unbeseem the memory of the sire whose name he bore.

Captain Charles T. Haskell had reached his 26th year. He was a grandson of Langdon Cheves the elder, and also of Major Haskell of Revolutionary fame. After graduating with honor at the Citadel Academy, he became an engineer on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, and was entrusted with the construction of the trestle work over Ashepoo and at other places on the road. Subsequently he served with distinction as Engineer of the Northeastern Railroad and (under Government employ) in leveeing the Mississippi. When the war began, he promptly returned to this, his native State, and volunteered. For a long time he acted with great usefulness and success as recruiting officer, but was afterwards appointed Captain and placed in command of a company on Sullivan's Island, where he was usefully employed in defending the island and stranded vessels, and in scouting. At the time the late attack began, he was just preparing to make a forray within the enemy's lines; but circumstances having prevented this, he was appointed to the command of three companies at the point where he fell.

Amiable and affectionate in disposition, and endowed, morally and physically, with an indomitable courage, he made for himself warm friends wherever he went. He has been cut off in the bloom of youth, at a time when his prospects were most brilliant and promising.—Charleston Mercury.

A Fine Opening for Volunteers from the Upper and Middle Districts.

Maj. Thomas, of the Arsenal Academy, is raising a regiment in Charleston for the defence of the city, and all who can go down to assist him will be gladly received. Now is the time for our citizens—old and young, and weak—to unite their strength and hurl the ruthless invader from the threshold of our State. Let us consider how much easier it is to repel him now, than to wait till he has a foothold, from which it may be impossible to drive him. Remember, it is not Charleston alone that is threatened—it is South Carolina.

The State and Confederate authorities have issued urgent calls to the citizens of the State to aid them, by sending to Charleston all the labor possible. The work of the next few days will probably decide the fate of Charleston and with it the State. Though we feel confident of the result, we must impress upon our people the exigency of the occasion. All who can, should send down even one negro to work on the fortifications. Private despatches yesterday from Charleston state that if labor is not sent down soon, it will be too late. Every arrangement has been made for the transportation, support and protection of the negroes who go down. It is not the seaboard—it is the whole State. Let Charleston fall, and but a short time only will elapse before we may be attacked here at the capital—the whole State will be overrun—we are all equally interested. Let all sectional feeling be laid aside, and let us struggle in one cause.—South Carolinian.

True and Encouraging Words from the Richmond Examiner.

The attack on Charleston is the direct and immediate consequences of a dispatch from Cooper to Gen. Lee, which was captured by the enemy. In this dispatch there was talk of an army to be concentrated at Culpeper Court House under Beauregard. The sudden activity of Rosecrans and other Federal Generals is the result of that dispatch. The enemy has got his head full of the idea that the Confederacy has placed all its best forces and Generals under Lee, leaving the rear to take care of itself. Especially is he convinced that Charleston is denuded of troops, and that Beauregard is away. Hence he has ordered an immediate attack, and will, without doubt, exhaust his powers to get possession of that long coveted point. The Yankees are mistaken in these premises—they will be disappointed in their hopes—they will not take Charleston—and they will get a thrashing.

They have landed forces on the one end of Morris Island—a strip of sea made land between Fort Sumter and the ocean. They might have done as much at any time within the last two years. The only part of the island possessing the least importance is the southern portion of it. Of that part of it we have some of the heaviest works defencing Charleston. In these works we have resolute men who will certainly maintain them.

Granting that with heavy assaults, the concentrated fire of the fleet, and the employment of barges in the night, they take Morris Island. It is supposed that they have nothing then to do but batter Sumter to pieces. But there are fourteen hundred yards of water between the nearest point of the island and the walls of Sumter and no well constructed, well defended fortress goes down before batteries at that distance. When there is firm land for parallels, and batteries can be approached till they are within six hundred yards, as they were before Palaski, it is but a question of time when a place shall fall. But parallels cannot be made in the water, and the guns of Sumter command Morris' Island.

But what if Sumter should be reduced to a heap of ruins? Is Charleston lost? Certainly not. That fort is not the key of Charleston. Many an ironclad will go to the bottom, and many a ship load of Yankees will be sent to the devil, before the final struggle will be even begun. In Charleston there is a General who knows all his business. We hope that it is not giving the enemy too much information, to announce that his name is Beauregard, and that he has with him a certain number of troops. Together they will defend Charleston to the last extremity as in duty bound. Whether the place is impregnable or not is the question now to be tried. We hold that it is.

Knock down Argument as to the Prices of Newspapers.

It is said that owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case it would now be unfair to take gold as a standard of value. Inasmuch as corn is the basis of our provision crop, let us try that as a standard. When we published our paper at $2, we could buy four bushels of corn for that amount. Our paper was therefore worth four bushels of corn. Four bushels of corn is now worth $12 in this market, and further up the country $20. Our paper is therefore worth $12 by the corn standard. It was formerly worth two bushels of wheat. Wheat was selling here a few weeks ago at $12. Measured by the wheat standard, our paper is worth $24. A year's subscription to our paper would formerly buy ten pounds of sole leather, which, at present prices, amounts to $30. Our paper is, therefore, measured by this standard, worth $30 per year. A year's subscription would formerly buy four yards of jeans, or sixteen yards of cotton homespun. The four yards of jeans is worth $20, and the country homespun is $24, at this time. According to this standard, our paper is now worth from $20 to $24. A year's subscription would formerly buy sixteen pounds of bacon, which will now cost $16, or upwards. Hence our paper is worth $16 by the bacon standard. We might thus go on *ad infinitum*, in every case, that to bring newspapers to a level with everything else would fix their price at from $12 to $20 per year.—Sumter Watchman.

An Editor in Luck.

The six feet of original humanity that controls the columns of the Cleveland Banner thus describes a streak of luck he lately encountered:

AN AGREEABLE SURPRISE.—The other day we were standing at "these presents" pitching into our compositing stick "brevier," at the rate of 240—had the blues as only editors have them—not caring a continental—nor for the world nor the "balance of mankind"—without a red in our "weasle skin"—considering whether we would commit suicide or be a candidate for Congress. While thus ruminating, a friend approached our window and poked something in our pocket—we supposed it was an infernal machine, and as we were indifferent about being blowed up, we just let it stay there. After the gentleman had retired, as the thing had not exploded, we concluded to examine it more minutely. We very cautiously slipped in our hand, drew it out and unrolled it. Conscience! what pretty pictures—four of them—we could not divine what sort of scenery they represented—never had seen the like before. We called in the "old woman," who pretends to be of a litterary turn of mind, somewhat acquainted with hieroglyphics and the dead languages, to tell us what sort of "pictures" they were. She first looked at the "pictures" and then turn upon this "beautiful boy," and at last exclaimed.

"Why, old man, that is money—four $20 bills!"

"That can't be, because they never make but 1, 2 and $3 bills; or at least this is our experience."

"They are $20 bills, and, old man, you have been bushwhacking somebody, because that is too much money for an editor to have to come by it honestly."

"Nary time, old woman—a friend give it to us."

"Who was it?"

"Mighty clever man, and it is none of your business, nor nobody else, what his name is—we are not obliged to tell everything if we do print the news. Go off, we don't like to talk to poor folks."

"All right," as railroad men say.

A NEW WAY TO BLOW UP A TRAIN.—The Chattanooga *Rebel* of Sunday says:

A few days since a party of our guerrillas went round in the rear of Murfreesboro and blew up two locomotives and trains, with torpedoes, one on the Nashville and Chattanooga, and the other on the Franklin and Nashville road. The torpedoes were placed underneath the track, with a screw percussion cap or friction primer attached, which was so placed on the iron rail that the wheel of the car pressing over it, caused the fulminating powder to explode and ignited the magazine. We did not learn the extent of the damage.

NEW SUBSTITUTE FOR BLACK SLAVERY.—Park Godwin, editor of the Evening Post, (New York,) says that "if slavery is to continue in this country we want the Irish Catholics to take the places of the negroes, and let the more intelligent and more virtuous blacks be liberated." "Such an abominable sentiment is entirely worthy of the man who utters it—a man who raves like one in bedlam against the Constitution of his country, and slanders every white man who is not a negro in his heart."—N. Y. Old Guard.

A novel mode of lighting has been introduced at a Baptist Church just built at Philadelphia. There is not a gas burner in the audience room. In the panels of the ceiling are circles of ground glass two feet in diameter. Above each of these in the loft, is an argand burner, and over the burner is a powerful reflector. The effect is just the same as if there were thirty full moons shining in the ceiling. The light is not sharp and intense but abundant and mellow, and not painful to the eyes.

Do you always bear in mind your final account?

The Prayer of the Extortioner.

We have, sometimes wondered whether the extortioner ever prayed. We should like to hear his prayer, or rather to read the secrets of his heart, while ostensibly engaged in the holy exercise. His words, interpolated with his thoughts, would be something like what follows:

Our Father, who art in heaven—I wonder what will be the price of wheat, this season. My crop is fine, very fine. I think I must get at least four dollars for it. I should like to get ten—Hallowed be Thy name—If the season continues, I shall make a tremendous crop of corn, and as my cribs are now sufficient to last me two years, it will all be clear profit—Thy kingdom come—chickens are a great institution. Before the war, I used to sell them, for ten cents, now I get a dollar. I can scarcely find it in my heart to pray for peace—Thy will be done on earth—I believe I won't sell my corn to the soldiers's relief society. They don't give enough—as it is in heaven—That old steer brought me in $200—Give us, this day, our daily bread—My poor neighbor who has a husband in the army, and six little children, at home, must find it hard to get along. The Lord bless her and hers—Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us—My old friend, Smith, was rather hard on me, when he said I gouged the poor, but I forgive him—and lead us not into temptation—I am afraid our pastor's prosperity will prove a snare to him. Why bro. Jones sent him a cow and a calf—but deliver us from evil—I wish our pastor would quit preaching on extortion. If he don't I will stop subscription sure. He is really an evil. He won't let a body be at peace—for thine is the kingdom, the power and the glory, forever and ever,—I believe I will send some milch cows to Columbia. I hear they are bringing tremendou prices. The merchants there do charge awfully, for their goods. Lord have mercy on us, and save us from such extortioners.—Amen.

Confederate Baptist.

Let us all adopt the following brisk and lively view of the case. We clip it from the Atlanta *Commonwealth*.

Bacon in the smoke house—meal in the hopper,
If Grant roosts in Vicksburg we don't care a copper;
Lee in Pennsylvania makes the Dutchmen fly about,
And spoils their calculations and crops and sour krout,
So three cheers for the Southern cross, and three cheers for the men,
Who have whipped the Yankees often, and will wallop them well again.

How Jeems got Some Sugar.

Aunt Sally's supply of sugar had run low. Jeems had been put on short allowance, and he got hungry for some sweetnin. He wanted to get in the old lady's sugar box, and so he said:

'Ma, is mushrooms pizen?'

'They say they is, my son; but what makes you ax?' 'Cau ain't been eaten none, has you?'

'Yes, ma, I has, an they makes me powerful sick, too.'

(The old lady begins to grow frightened, and Jeems proceeds:)

'I was readin in your Cook Book that mushrooms was good, an so I fried a whole passel of 'em, an has eat 'em.'

'Possible?' says the old lady, still more frightened. 'Jeems, you must take somethin, right away.'

'Yes, ma, I think I ought to take some thin, an here's receipt I just now seen in this paper for curin pizen. But I don't want to take none o' that; sweetin would make me well sicker.'

'Read the receipt, my son—read the receipt.'

(Jeems take up the paper containing the following:)

'A remedy for poisoning by strychnine and mushroom is announced in England. It consists in making the patient eat large quantities of refined sugar, and, in desperate cases, opening a vein and injecting sugared water. Its effects are to oxygenate and restore circulation.'

By spelling half the words, Jeems reads the foregoing, only instead of 'opening a vein,' he reads 'opening the mouth.' Whereupon, Aunt Sally called for her 'injection masheen, because she wanted to follow the directions literal, as nigh as she could;' and it was with the utmost difficulty that Jeems got the programme changed as follows:—Curtain falls with the old lady drenching the youngster with a quart bottle of 'sugared water,' in which Jeems had put some 'oxygenated bitters,' in order to assist in 'oxygenating and restoring circulation.'

During the battle of Gettysburg, Gen. Ewell, reining in his horse, and calling one of his aids to him, said: "I have been struck—assist me to alight."

Having helped him from his horse, the aid inquired where the General had been hit.

"Here," said Gen. Ewell, pointing to his wooden leg "I'll trouble you to hand me my other leg."

The fractured artificial limb having been removed, and a fresh one put on in its place, the brave old General remounted his horse, and again rode to the front.

SOLEMN AND JUST.—A few days since the Yankee Captains in the Richmond prisons were assembled, and two of them selected by lot for the death penalty in retaliation for the execution of two of our officers by the enemy in Kentucky. The scene is described as solemn in the extreme, and the poor fellows who were drawn were very much overcome. To such sad measures a ruthless enemy drives us. Alas, for the age!—Sumter Watchman.

It is now said that Gen. Milroy is to be court marshaled, for not having obeyed orders in evacuating Winchester some days previous to the attack upon that place.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Edgefield C. H., S. C., 30th June 1863. Persons calling for Letters on this list will please say "Advertised." And also provide themselves with the change to pay for advertising.

A, B.—Lieut J H Arham, H Adams, Miss E Mrs L H Adams, Mrs S Baughman, S Blackwell.

C, D, E.—J P Cameron, 3, W A Crafton, J Collins, Miss S Clark, Miss C Calam, J M Coleman, A J Cammsher, J W Denney, Mrs S A Dougherly, E Dobbs, E S Dunbar, Miss M Everett.

F, G, H.—Mrs M A Feller, 2, Mrs E Glanton, L Hewitt, Miss W Heenerson, J Harlin, Hudson & Cogburn, J Harris, Rev S Head, Mrs M L Harris, A Hollingsworth, J M Hudson, L Holloway.

K, L, M.—W Kenrick, Mrs M S Kemper, M A Leonard, Miss S E Long, Miss S Lee, J Lewis, L Mace, —— McKie, —— McAter, M Murrah, Mrs N H Morgan, M McGraw, Miss Magee, H H May.

N, P, R.—Miss M E Newman, Mrs S Neal, Mrs E Powel, L H Prescott, M Palmer, Mrs Page, Miss M A Radford, R R Ryan, H B Raborn.

S, T, W.—Miss M Samuel, J Smith, H Self, Mrs M Swearengin, 4, F Spradley, Mrs E Simons, Miss E A Swearengin, Mrs V Scott, Mrs M A Shealy, Miss M A Smith, Mrs S Satcher, Miss M Swearengin, Mrs M Shealy, Mrs F Stoneker, Miss E Swearengin, Miss H Shumpert, Mrs M Sheely, T Thomas, 2, H H Towns, Mrs L Taylor, Mrs S Thomas, B Tightman, W Shearman, Miss M Turner, Miss G Turner, J B Timmerman, C A Towles, S B Thompson, Mrs F Whitlock, R Watson, J Wright.

A. RAMSAY, P. M.
July 13 2t 28

Shoe Thread.

A GOOD ARTICLE just received. Price, $8,00 per lb. J. A. GURLEY.
Hamburg, July 13 1m 28

PROSPECTUS.

THE undersigned will issue, in a few weeks, at Richmond, Va., a weekly journal, to be called "THE SOUTHERN PUNCH."

It will be near a duplicate in size, form and general features of the world renowned London "Punch," so long an acknowledged power in the British isles in the reformation of public abuses, and the enlightenment of the public mind. Dashing as it did with the genius of Hood, of Jerrold, and a host of wits, poets, and philosophic thinkers.

The proprietors of "THE SOUTHERN PUNCH" bring to the difficult task of successfully conducting such a journal the advantages of capital, abundant mental resources, and practical skill. The editor, for many years past, has been connected, in a leading editorial capacity, with the largest daily papers of New Orleans and Mobile, while the gentleman who will have charge of the typographical and engraving departments is unsurpassed in that skill necessary for success.

Every number will be illustrated with numerous cuts, appropriate to the times (humorous and serious,) from the hands of one of the best engravers on the continent—an artist whose name is familiar to the reading public of the South.

In fine, the undersigned are determined to make "THE SOUTHERN PUNCH" the spiciest, most readable, and best illustrated literary journal in America. It shall distance competition.

TERMS—Subscription for single copies $10 per annum. News dealers supplied at the rate of $15 per hundred copies. Address,

OVERALL, CAMPBELL, HUGHES & CO.,
Publishers, Richmond, Va.
July 22 tf. 29

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

HEADQUARTERS.
CHARLESTON, July 13, 1863.

To the Citizens of South Carolina:

AN immediate necessity exists for THREE THOUSAND LABORERS, in addition to those ordered by Col. Shannon, for a period not exceeding one month. The Act of the Legislature proves insufficient to the procurement of the labor asked for by the Confederate authorities. The Executive of the State is, therefore, reluctantly constrained to call upon the patriotic, who have made already so many sacrifices, to come again to the aid of the State. This call is not made without the fullest knowledge on the part of Gen. Beauregard and the Executive that the need is most pressing. Let every citizen, without a moment's delay, send every hand he can spare. The safety of the State may, and the lives of many of our gallant men in the field will, depend upon the manner in which this call is responded to.

A director overseer to every fifty hands should be sent. The hands should bring spades and shovels, which will be returned, and be supplied with three days' cooked rations.

The railroad agents at the depots are requested to issue transportation tickets, copies of which they will furnish to Major ECHOLS, to whom the laborers will be reported.

The Executive ventures to say the negroes will be properly cared for.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State at Charleston, this 13th day of July, A. D. [L. S.] one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three. M. L. BONHAM.

WM. R. HUNEY, Secretary of State.
July 22 1t 29

EDGEFIELD MALE ACADEMY.

THIS Institution will be opened on the 17th August by Mr. JOSEPH M. SHELLMAN who will take charge of Twenty-five Scholars at $18 per quarter.

Mr. R. W. CANNON will take charge of all others, over that number, at the same time and place, and on the same terms.

R. T. MIMS,
GEO. A. ADDISON,
EDMUND PENN,
Z. W. CARWILE,
A. G. TEAGUE,
Trustees.
July 8, 4t 27

State of South Carolina.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
COLUMBIA, July 2, 1863.

WHEREAS, information has been received at this department that WILLIAM T. MOSS, who was in the jail of Richland District under sentence of death for the murder of James Phillips, did, on the night of the 27th of June, make his escape from the said jail:

Now therefore, I, MILLEDGE L. BONHAM, Governor of the State of South Carolina, do hereby offer a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said William T. Moss and his delivery into any jail in this State.

Said Moss is about 23 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, weighs about 140 lbs., dark hair, wears a moustache and is rather good looking. He is from Wake county, North Carolina.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at Columbia, this second day of [L. S.] July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three. M. L. BONHAM.

WM. R. HUNEY, Secretary of State.
July 8 1m 27

State of South Carolina,

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN ORDINARY.

BY W. F. DURISOE, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District.

Whereas, Mary McCaine has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits of E. Washington Wade, late of the District aforesaid, dec'd.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield C. H., on the 27th day of July inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this 13th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and Sixty-three, and in the eighty-eighth year of the Independence of South Carolina. W. F. DURISOE, O.E.D.
July 15 2t 28

Caution to the Public.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing from WILLIAM J. WALKER, of Edgefield District, and State of South Carolina, the Tract of Land in said District on which he now resides, known as the CHEROKEE PONDS LANDS, containing Fifteen Hundred Acres, (some one or two acres, more or less.)

This public notice is given for the reason that I have purchased said Land from said William J. Walker, and am entitled to the possession of it on the first day of January next: and shall enforce my right to possession at that time, should it not be yielded.

ALLEN B. ADDISON.
July 13, 1863. 6m 23

WHEAT WANTED

At Granite Mills, Augusta, Georgia.

THE Undersigned, having purchased the above well-known MILLS, situated on the Augusta Canal, (formerly owned by R. H. Warren,) will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for both RED AND WHITE WHEAT. Parties desiring to sell will please call on

GEO. T. JACKSON & CO.,
No. 218 Masonic Hall Building, Broad St.
Augusta, Ga., July 7 3m* 28

A Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his VALUABLE PLANTATION containing

Sixteen Hundred and Fifty Acres,

More or less, lying on Turkey Creek, and bounded by lands of Col. J. C. Brooks, Capt. Eugene Burt, George Bland and others. This Plantation is situated about 7 miles North of Edgefield Village, on the Newberry Road, in a pleasant and healthy locality, and in the midst of a refined and an agreeable neighborhood.

About one-half of this Tract of Land is cleared and a considerable portion of it in a high state of cultivation. The other half of this Tract is in native forest—abounding in Oak, Hickory and Pine growth.

There are on the premises all necessary plantation buildings—all in good repair. This Tract is well watered, and is one of the best ranges for cattle in the District.

The land is well adapted to Cotton, Corn, small Grain, &c.

For further information apply to Mr. Jas. M. Harrison, at the Sheriff's Office, Edgefield, S. C.

ELBERT BLAND.
July 7 tf 27

☞ Charleston Courier will please copy twice a week for one month and forward account forthwith to this office.

"STONEWALL" JACKSON.

JUST Published, and for sale by N. S. MORSE & CO., Augusta, Ga.,

A COMPLETE BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF "STONEWALL" JACKSON. By CHARLES HALLOCK: Being a full and accurate account of the Leading Events of his Life, his Dying Moments, and the Obsequies at Richmond and Lexington.

This work contains many anecdotes of this illustrious soldier that have never before been published.

For sale by all Book Stores and News Agents. Price $1.00. The trade supplied at a liberal discount.

☞ All orders addressed to us will be promptly filled. N. S. MORSE & CO.
Augusta, Ga., June 24, 3t 25

Election Notice.

PURSUANT to a writ of Election issued by Hon. W. D. Porter, President of the Senate, to the managers of Elections for the District of Edgefield, there will be an election held on the second Tuesday of August next, for SENATOR, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. ARTHUR SIMKINS.

E. W. SEIBELS, Chair.
June 24 6t 25

Committed to the Jail

OF this District, on the 13th inst., a negro man who says his name is ELBERT, but is frequently called Albert, and that he belongs to Jas. King, living at Atlanta, Ga. Elbert says he was arrested when at his wife's house in the upper part of this District. Said Elbert is about 27 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, is 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complected. No marks or scars noticed.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.

L. H. McCULLOUGH, J. E. D.
June 24. tf 25

FURNITURE!

I have now on hand a large Stock of BEDROOM FURNITURE, in Sets of from 8 to 12 pieces, Mahogany, Enameled and Fancy Painted. A small lot of PARLOR FURNITURE. Also, SEWING TABLES, WRITING TABLES, DINING TABLES, Walnut—WARDROBES, CHAIRS, a few MATTRASSES, and all articles usually kept in the Furniture line, most of

MY OWN MANUFACTURE,

And will be sold low for good paper when the cash is not convenient.

Burial Cases!

I keep constantly on a full stock of Mahogany Octagon Led COFFINS. Also, Covered Raise Led COFFINS, plain but neatly trimmed, at $20. Use of Hearse $5 per day, or trip not over a day. I will continue to keep a supply on hand ready for delivery. J. M. WITT.
Mar 10 tf 10

J. H. MYRICK,

162 Broad St., Augusta, Ga.,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELER!

MY PARTICULAR ATTENTION will be given to the Repairing of WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY. Every effort will be made to keep up my extensive Stock of

SPECTACLES

To suit every defect of vision.

The balance of my Stock of CLOCKS, FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, &c., will be sold low FOR CASH ONLY.
Augusta, Jan 29 tf 3

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale privately the HOMESTEAD PLANTATION of Robert Jennings, dec'd., in Edgefield District, containing

NINE HUNDRED ACRES,

Situate on Stevens' Creek, on the Road leading from Augusta to Calhoun's Mills, 28 miles from Augusta, and bounded by lands of Dr. J. J. Cartledge, Mrs. Cartledge, C. L. Blair and others.

There are on the place a comfortable Dwelling House and all necessary outbuildings. There are seventy-five acres of good bottom land, and thirty acres of land sown in Wheat, and about forty in Oats. The place is well watered and timbered and is in a high state of cultivation.

If a purchaser can be found soon, I will sell with the place Seventy-five Head of Sheep, Stock of Cattle, &c.

Dr. J. J. Cartledge or the Subscriber will take pleasure in showing the place to any one desirous of purchasing an excellent plantation.

☞ Terms easy.

W. D. JENNINGS, Ex'or.
Mar 4 tf 9

Morgan Stallion for Sale

I HAVE for sale a THOROUGH BRED MORGAN STALLION. He is a beautiful bay, six years old, of handsome symmetry and of fine action. Persons wishing to engage in rearing Horses will do well to consider this opportunity. For further information call on Mr. Jas. M. Harrison, at the Sheriff's Office.

ELBERT BLAND.
July 7, tf 27

Notice.

MEMBERS of my Company at home on sick furlough must *positively* send on surgeon's certificates monthly for extension of furlough, or I will be forced to report them absent without leave. A private physician's certificate, if it certifies that the man is unable to go to a Surgeon, and is sworn to before a Magistrate, will procure an extension. B. E. NICHOLSON,
Capt. Co. B, Hampton Legion.
Camp Near Petersburg, Va., June 25, 1863.
July 8, 3t 27

CALL AT THE HAMBURG P. O. and get your PANT BUTTONS, superior to anything ever offered in this market, at low prices.

CALL AT THE HAMBURG POST OFFICE and get your SALT, superior to Liverpool, at low prices, and in good clean sacks—two bushels per sack. R. L. GENTRY, P. M.
Hamburg, June 30 4t 26

Tannery Notice.

FROM this date I will TAN and DRESS all good DRY HIDES delivered at my Yard for ONE THIRD of the Leather—allowing the owner of the Hides my part at the lowest market price. WILLIS ROSS.
July 13 3m* 28

Lost,

ON the evening of the 3d instant at Bethel Church, an AGATE BRACELET, composed of separate pieces, each piece in the form of a Crescent, and connected by gold beads. Attached to the bracelet is a dark marble heart carved out of a specimen taken from Fort Sumter as a relic. The finder will be compensated for his trouble, and is requested to deposit it with Mrs. Chloe Watson, Ridge, S. C.
July 14 4t 28

CANDIDATES.

For Sheriff.

HENRY B. CALMAN.
NAT RAMY, Sr.
T. H. CLARK,
A. P. WEST.
JOHN BLAND,
F. V. COOPER,
WILLIAM SPIERS,

For Tax Collector.

JACOB RUHLY.
STARLING TURNER,
C. M. MAY,
CHARLES CARTER.
BERRY HORNE,
W. H. HOLLOWAY,
BENJ. ROPER,

For Clerk.

JACKSON COVAR.
S. HARRISON,

For Ordinary.

W. F. DURISOE.

Dentistry!

DR. H. PARKER will be in his office regularly each day during each week; but after that he will only be there occasionally, as his Professional engagements throughout the District demand much of his attention.

☞ Having to pay the highest Cash prices for Dentistry materials, he will hereafter work ONLY FOR CASH.
Sept 16 tf 36

Nails! Nails!

JUST received THREE KEGS NAILS—8, 10 and 12d. For sale by E. PENN, Agt.
June 17 tf 24

Negroes Wanted.

WE WISH to purchase FIFTY LIKELY YOUNG NEGROES, and are prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

We have on hand a LIKELY WOMAN WITH FOUR CHILDREN which we will be pleased to sell or exchange for other Negroes.

GLOVER & SULLIVAN.
Jan 28 tf 4

State of South Carolina,

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN ORDINARY.

M. A. Ransom, Admr. of the Estate of S. G. Gallman, dec'd.,
vs.
A. Bushnell and wife Lucretia, Mary E. Tillman and others

WHEREAS M. A. RANSOM, Administrator of the Estate of Sarah R. Gallman, dec'd., has applied to me, by petition in writing, praying that a part of the proceeds of the Real Estate of the said Sarah R. Gallman, dec'd., may be paid over to him, to satisfy debts against the said Estate; and it appearing to my satisfaction that William G. Coleman and Middleton Mosely and his wife Elizabeth, two of the Defendants in the above stated case, reside beyond the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered and decreed that they do appear at a Court of Ordinary to be holden at Edgefield C. H., for Edgefield District, on Monday, the 31st day of August, 1863, to show cause, if any they can, why a portion of the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate of Sarah R. Gallman, dec'd., sold by me for partition and division, should not be paid over to the said M. A. Ransom, to liquidate the debts against said Estate, or their consent to the same will be entered of record.

Given under my hand and seal, this the 30th day of May, 1863.

W. F. DURISOE, O.E.D.
June 3 3m 22

SUNDRIES.

500 SACKS N. C. SALT, old and dry;
50 " Liverpool SALT;
100 Bbls. N. C. FLOUR;
150 " and Half Bbls. N. C. Syrup;
100 Boxes Fine Chewing TOBACCO;
50 Bbls. Apple and Peach Brandy;
10 " Fine Corn Whiskey;
MADAGA and PORT WINE;
CHERRY BRANDY and CORDIALS;
BOURBON LIQUORS and WINES;
4 Kegs Bi-carb. SODA;
RICE, MEAL, SPICES, &c., &c.

Together with a good assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES,—on hand and for sale by

A. STEVENS,
Augusta, Geo.
May 20 6m 20

ENVELOPES.

WE have now on hand a good supply of ENVELOPES. Enquire at this Office.
May 27 tf 21

Administrator's Notice.

ALL person having any demands against the Estate of John A. Crowder, deceased, are requested to present them to the subscriber on or before the 20th July next, as on that day a final settlement will be made in the Ordinary's Office. Also, all persons indebted to said Estate are solicited to pay up by that time.

G. M. SPEARMAN, Adm'or.
May 5 3m 18

Nails! Nails!

JUST received an assortment of sizes from 4d to 12d—best quality.

J. A. GURLEY.
Hamburg, June 9 1m 23

SALT FOR FARMERS!

HAVING accepted the Agency of an extensive SALT WORKS, I will be able to furnish SALT in large or small quantities, and will be governed by the lowest market price in Hamburg or Augusta.

S. E. BOWERS, Agent.
Hamburg, Mar 30 3m 13

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of James C. Henderson, dec'd., are requested to make payment by the 1st day of October, 1863, and those having demands against said Estate are requested to present them forthwith, as I desire to make a final settlement on that day.

L. CORLEY, Adm'r.
Oct 1, 1862. 1y 40

Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the Estate of William E. Middleton, dec'd., are requested to present them to the undersigned, and those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

EMILY MIDDLETON, Adm'ix.
Mar 4 9m* 9

Rags Wanted.

CLEAN COTTON AND LINEN RAGS can be sold for cash at the *Advertiser* office.
Aug. 27 tf 34

Tanner Wanted.

WANTED to Hire a GOOD TANNER—one thoroughly acquainted with the business. To such an one liberal wages and constant employment will be given. Apply to the undersigned at Tucker's Pond, Edgefield District, S. C.

JAS. TOMPKINS.
July 1, 4t* 26

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of John R. Gwaltney, dec'd, are requested to make payment as early as possible. Those having claims against the Estate will present them, properly attested, to Dr. A. R. Tengue, my authorized agent. LUCY GWALTNEY, Ex'or.
Dec 8, 1862. 1y 49

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Dr. J. Harwood Burt, dec'd., are notified to present them, properly attested, as the undersigned is prepared to pay the same. Those indebted to said Estate are requested to settle promptly. W. M. BURT, Ex'or.
Jan 21 tf 3

Salt and Rice.

JUST received and for sale THREE TIERCES very superior SALT and ONE TIERCE NEW RICE. E. PENN, Agt.
May 20 tf 20