To the Planters of Edgefield District.

EDGEFIELD C. H., July 15th, 1861.

The undersigned have been appointed Commissioners of the Confederate States for this District, to receive subscriptions of Cotton and other produce for the support of the Government.

Factors selling the crops of Planters will receive, for the portion subscribed by them, the Eight Per Cent Government Bonds, interest payable semi-annually.

A public meeting will be held at this place on Sale day next. The Planters of the District are earnestly requested to attend and give aid to this laudable and patriotic cause.

LEWIS JONES,
ANDREW J. HAMMOND,
WM. GREGG,
WM. C. MORAGNE,
ARTHUR SIMKINS,
Commissioners.

Attention, Citizens!

At the instance of several prominent citizens, a call is hereby made for a meeting of our respective Companies in the Court House on next Saturday, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M. As business of importance will be presented to the meeting for its action, it is desirable that there should be a full attendance.

All persons within five miles of the Court House, capable of defence at home, or active operations in the tented field, irrespective of age, (and not in some other similar organization,) are upon the muster rolls of the two Companies formed here, and expected to attend the drill of one or the other of these Companies.

The Cavalry Company meets at 8 o'clock, A. M., next Saturday, and the Infantry at 5 o'clock, P. M., for drill and instruction.

JOHN HUIET, Capt. Infantry.
LEWIS JONES, Capt. Cavalry.

Edgefield C. H., July 15, 1861.

Confederate States--Recognition of ther Independence &c.

MR. EDITOR:—If there ever was a period in the history of States, when invasive war might be considered a public benefit, the present times afford an opportunity of testing the correctness of the assumption. The Southern portion of the late federal Union had for years complained of the injustice of the North, but its wailings would invariably sink into gentle murmurs, as the hand of the dominant party extended some little favour, in the nature of an "abolus to Belisarius." Aroused at length, however, by the power of a bitterly hostile party at the North, exhibited in the election of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidency, the Southern people resolved themselves into their constituent elements and constructed a new Government under the name and style of the "Confederate States of America." The disruption of the late Union, to every philosophical mind was an act dependent on time alone for its consummation. The formation of a Federal union, by the thirteen colonies was a measure of prudence called for by the necessity of the times, and the weakness of the colonies. It was not in the contemplation of the framers of the Government to bind posterity to a permanent Union. In fact they could not have done so, even if they had so desired. The diversified soil, and climate of North America, forbade the idea of an homogeneous people, and, consequently, a compact which in all time to come would be the chart of Government to which all alike would render obedience. The continued injustice of the North, and the late election of Mr. Lincoln, only hastened the crisis which was the inevitable consequence of the repugnancies of the two sections, and produced an era from which the elemental principles of the North and South are to be exhibited and developed. Henceforth two Governments must exist in North America, that of the South, and that of the North; but under what peculiar form, is yet beyond the reach of mortal prescience.

But whilst we write, those two sections are drawn up in hostile array and the territory of Virginia is partly occupied by the forces of the United States Government. The President denies to a State the right to dissolve its connection with the Union, by way of secession, and seeks, by armed invasion, to inhibit the exercise of that right. Without now entering into a consideration of so trite a question as this right of Secession which all Southerners demand, we would at least ask, upon what grounds or authority the President and his cabinet, deny its existence. These persons are merely creations and creatures of the Constitution and the laws of the late United States. Their duties are plainly laid down and defined, and beyond the strict letter of the law they are powerless. The Constitution of the United States does not prohibit secession. The acts of Congress do not prohibit it. It is only denied by Mr. Lincoln, his Cabinet, and Gen. Scott, and prohibited by *them*. It will be remarked that in regard to the political rights of the several States of the late Union, there is no tribunal that can decide thereon. The Supreme Court, which is the highest under that Government, and controlling the judicial power of the Union, together with other inferior Courts, can exercise jurisdiction only of cases in *Law* and *Equity* arising under the *Constitution, laws of the United States*, and *treaties*. But if we examine the ninth and tenth articles of the amendments to the Constitution, we will perceive that "the enumeration in the Constitution of *certain rights*, shall not be construed to *deny or disparage others retained by the people*," and "that the power, not *delegated* to the United States, by the Constitution, nor *prohibited* by it to the States, are *reserved* to the States respectively, or to the people." It will be perceived, that the only powers possessed by the Government of the United States are those which are enumerated in the Constitution, the *instrument creating* and *establishing it*; and the powers possessed by the States are all those which are not *delegated*. The powers of these two Governments then, the General and State, are very easily ascertainable. As all powers, not *delegated to the United States*, are by the express terms of the Constitution reserved to the States, it follows necessarily that the Federal Government, cannot take cognizance of, or exercise jurisdiction over any questions not included among the delegated powers, and within the enumeration of those expressly mentioned in the Constitution. Where any difficulty arises, or should arise as to the powers of the Government, the *Courts* are the only *Constitutional* sources, from whence authoritative decisions thereupon shall emanate; and these tribunals have jurisdiction only of cases *in law* and *Equity* arising *under the Constitution and laws*. It will therefore appear very evident, that in regard to *the exercise of powers, the States individually*, must be the *only judges*, and that any attempt on the part of the Federal Government to assume jurisdiction over the reserved powers of States is an exercise of authority unwarranted by the Federal Constitution and clearly a destruction of the original Federal Union *per se*, by usurpation. The Southern States having clearly then the right to all the powers which are not delegated, and from necessity, being the only judges of what those reserved rights and powers are, they are to all intents and purposes, irrespective of Mr. Lincoln and his Cabinet, neither rebels nor revolutionists, but independent States, and "*de jure*," entitled to be recognized by foreign powers if they understand the Constitution of the late United States, which the public press in several of them appear to do.

We propose hereafter to consider briefly, the question of recognition by foreign Governments.

VATTEL.

For the Advertiser.

Why not Organize and be Ready?

MR. EDITOR: "In time of peace" should we not "prepare for war?" South Carolina has men and resources enough left to defend her soil, but we are without organization and discipline. It cannot be denied that we are almost entirely without military organization to meet an enemy should a landing be made upon our soil. There is a perfect mania for going to Virginia. In our District nearly all our field officers have left, and if we had officers there are no men on the muster rolls,—perhaps not enough in two Regiments to form one company; hence it will not do to depend on the present organization, which only requires men between the age of 18 and 45. Home guards have been formed in many places,—some are too near each other and hence too small;—in other sections the move has failed because all could not be officers. Some men's patriotism can never be seen unless their names are prefaced with some military title. I know of one company, Mr. EDITOR, will you believe it, where there are no military office-seekers: they have held no election yet, but they meet and drill and they learn. Is not this an anomalous state of things? Now what I wish to suggest is, that every man who feels that he can and will be ready and willing with his gun, to march to any part of our State, wherever an enemy may land, in 12 hours after such notice be given, should attach himself to some one of these Companies, each Company to consist of at least 50 men. We can certainly get five companies in the Saluda Regiment. When these Companies are organized let them meet at some central point and elect a Lieut. Colonel from those most competent to command; for I would respectfully suggest, Mr. EDITOR, that *merit* alone should guide men in the selection of officers. We dont wish simply a good sort of clever fellow, but a man of nerve, brave and decided military talent; for if we meet the enemy it will be no child's play.

The other two Regiments could perhaps form another Battallion. We would then have an organization we could depend on. We are perhaps in no danger from invasion just now,—our climate will doubtless protect us until frost; but we can't say after that what may be done. A landing can be easily effected. In the meantime, we should prepare for any and every emergency. It will not do for men to say, it is too far to go to such a place to drill. Our crops are now in such a state that every man can easily spare a day out of every week; and surely no one will be so inconsistent as to refuse his State one day's service in a week, when he enjoys at the same time, all the advantages of home, family and friends. If he thinks it hard, he should think of our volunteers in Virginia, and blush. The die is cast, *war, horrid war*, is upon us, and from present indications not likely to close. Every one should be ready to bear his part, for he may have it to do. The battle ground is far from us, and we have the semblance of peace around our doors, but we must not delude ourselves and imagine we are secure,—the delusion may prove fatal.

MARION.

For the Advertiser.

Normal Schools--Information Wanted.

Now is the time, Mr. EDITOR, to erect schools for the education of every youth in the South. Education makes a nation great, and in all ages the number of learned men have constituted the wealth of a nation. The first step in making a nation independent is to be independent in literature. This State is not independent in this respect, as many of the teachers in South Carolina are natives of other States, either Northern or Southern. Let all true patriots now contribute earnest and ever self-denying labor of head and hand in this noble cause. Let the promising children, whose parents are confined by the iron chains of poverty, be looked after. Let Normal schools do the good work. I am truly interested in this noble cause, and have been engaged, professionally, several years in the cause of female education.

May I be permitted to ask the question, how many Normal female schools are located in South Carolina—and where are they—and on what terms can pupils be received? I know some very promising female children, that I have been faithfully training for some months past, whose parents are not able to give them an accomplished education. Their ages are from ten to fourteen years old. If the State or kind persons that God has blessed with wealth will take notice of these promising little girls, they, I believe, will make superior scholars. Why not educate and patronize the fair children born on the soil of gallant noble South Carolina, in preference to bringing to this sunny South those of a cold nativity?

If any one can inform me correctly, the terms, &c., of entering pupils in Normal schools in South Carolina, please do so by addressing "*An Independent Carolina*," Edgefield, C. H. In a few years intelligence will take the place of ignorance, and poverty will adoire the philanthropists who may take this cause in hand properly—and bless their memories after they have gone the way of all the earth.

INDEPENDANT CAROLINA.

Tri-Weekly Chronicle & Sentinel.

THE TRI WEEKLY CHRONICLE & SENTINEL will be issued as soon as we have one hundred names on our books to commence with. In the meantime those who subscribe for the Tri Weekly will receive the Daily. To those who have mails only three times a week the Tri-Weekly will be an accommodation, answering every purpose of a daily. It will be published on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday mornings, embracing the latest news of the night previous. Each number will contain upwards of *sixteen columns* of reading matter.

TERMS—$5 per Annum; $2,50 for Six Months; 50 cents per Month. Address

WM. S. JONES,
Proprietor Chronicle & Sentinel.
Augusta, Ga.

OBITUARY.

WENT home to Heaven, on the 9th day of July, WILLIAM, aged eight months and six days, youngest child of Dr. Wm. and Mrs. HELEN M. BURT.

"I set my heart upon a flower,
And watched its bloom from day to day:
But in a dark and stormy hour,
Death bore my cherished power away!"

☞ We are authorized by many friends of Col. S. HARRISON to announce him a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Court for Edgefield District.

April 17 tf 15

☞ The friends of JACKSON COVAR announce him a Candidate for Clerk of the Court of Edgefield District, at the next election.

April 23, 1861 16 tf

Religious Notice.

AT the regular Meeting of the 4th Division of the Edgefield Association the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That, in view of the present unhappy condition of our country, we recommend to the churches represented in this meeting, to observe FRIDAY, the 26th July, as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer to Almighty God, that He would avert the calamity with which we are now threatened, and restore peace to our land.

J. S. MATHEWS, MODERATOR.

W. F. HEYNSICK, Clerk.

Call in and Settle!

The Subscription List for the aid of the *Edgefield Hussars*, we have left with Mr. D. R. DURISOE, at the *Advertiser* Office: and hope those who have not as yet paid their subscriptions will call in and settle. Others wishing to contribute to our Company fund will please leave the same with Mr. DURISOE.

By order. T. H. CLARK,
Sec'ry & Treas'r. Edgefield Hussars.

June 6 tf 23

To the Citizens OF EDGEFIELD DISTRICT!

KALMIA, July 9th, 1861.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Commissioner of the Confederate States of America for Edgefield District, to RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS IN COTTON OR OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE and in MANUFACTURED ARTICLES, for the support of the Confederate Government, is prepared to discharge his duty in the premises, as prescribed by the Treasury Department.

Factors or agents selling the produce or articles subscribed, will pay over the net proceeds of sale to the Treasurer of the Confederate States, and receive payment for the same in Confederate Bonds, bearing 8 per cent interest.

The subscription list will be left in the Bank of Hamburg for signatures, and the undersigned will attend any public meeting which may be called in the District to promote the object above stated. He may also be addressed by letter either at Aiken or Graniteville.

Prompt action is earnestly solicited on the part of persons intending to subscribe, as the Confederate Congress will meet at Richmond, Va., on the 20th inst.

WILLIAM GREGG.

July 17 2t 28

Fine Family Flour--New Wheat.

JUST received a lot of CHOICE FLOUR from New Wheat. Apply soon. B. C. BRYAN.

LATEST NEWS.

[Special Dispatch to the Charleston Courier.]

Death of Ex-Governor Adams.

COLUMBIA, July 14.—Ex-Gov. JAMES H. ADAMS died on Saturday night, at his residence in this (Richland) District.

The Engagement at Rich Mountain.

RICHMOND, July 15.—Reports brought here by passengers relative to the fight at Rich Mountain, on Thursday, are confused and unreliable, and every way unsatisfactory. One passenger in high official position, states that only three companies of Confederates under Col. Pegram were engaged with the Federals.

The loss of the Confederates is killed was 30 or 40. Col. Pegram was seriously wounded and taken prisoner. About 300 Federals are reported killed. A number of Confederate troops who were supposed killed or taken prisoners, have reached their camp uninjured.

However intense the interest of the public for reliable news about this battle, it is yet impossible to obtain it. Thirteen prisoners were brought in to-day from Yorktown, and two spies.

Interesting from Virginia.

RICHMOND, July 14.—A letter appears in the Richmond *Dispatch* to-morrow morning, dated Laurel Hill, July 7th, which says:

"Another fight and success for the Confederate troops. Before daybreak this morning our troops were aroused by the firing of the picket guard. About daylight there was another volley heard about two miles off. The excitement in camp was increased by the rapid movements of the First Ga. regiment and the cavalry. The Georgia regiment held the enemy in check, and kept up a heavy fire upon them until three o'clock in the evening, killing and wounding many Federals. At three o'clock the Georgians retired, and their position was occupied by other regiments."

Another letter to the *Dispatch*, dated Laurel Hill, 9th inst., referring to the continued fight, says:

We have nothing of interest from Manassas, Alexandria, or other points.

"The gallant Georgians under Colonel Ramsey, again engaged the enemy early on Monday, and until a late hour in the day kept up a continuous fire. The Georgians left the ground at a late hour *without having one killed or injured*."

Arrival of a French Fleet.

BOSTON, July 14.—A French steamer with the Admiral on board, has arrived at Halifax, where she awaits the arrival of six others, when the French fleet sails South.

The Rich Mountain Fight.

LOUISVILLE, July 14.—The Rich Mountain fight has grown small by degrees. The latest dispatch states that the Southerners force was 800 strong, and two pieces of artillery, instead of 2,000 as reported. The Southerners loss was seventy-five killed and about as many wounded. The Federal loss eleven killed and thirty-five wounded.

The above dispatch was approved by McClelland, but his own dispatch to Washington reports twenty killed and forty wounded. McClelland apparently made his plans for a certain victory and sent his bulletins before the fight occurred, but a courier lost his way, and McClelland waited all day for the signal which he didn't get, and the enterprise resulted in the dislodgment of 300 men by the five invading regiments.

☞ The U. S. Secretary of the Treasury has detained Atlanta gold at the Philadelphia mint, to be returned whenever the State of Georgia returns to her allegiance to the United States.

☞ The last accounts from Missouri come through the enemy, and are conflicting and unreliable.

☞ Various mountain reports are about of fighting in Western Virginia, in which a Georgia Regiment has suffered considerably. In regard to which the Augusta *Chronicle & Sentinel* remarks: "Many and varied reports of skirmishes and battles have been current upon our streets for several days past—some calculated to excite uneasiness and anxiety on the part of friends. We beg our readers not to attach too much credit to rumors not authenticated or traced to reliable sources—and every one should be careful not to exaggerate in the repetition. We shall endeavor to give our readers all the information within our reach.

☞ Gen. Hunter, says the Petersburg Express, is in Gen. Wise's legion in Western Virginia.

LET THEM COME.—The recruiting officers for the First Regiment of Chasseurs, at New York, have issued the following posters:

For New Orleans, via Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, &c.—Men wishing to join this grand promenade will have a splendid opportunity of studying the geographical, topographical and geological features of the Southern country. They will be provided with suitable travelling costume, rations, &c., and be rewarded by Uncle Sam for going. Will arrive in New Orleans in time to celebrate Washington's Birthday, February 22d, 1862.

One Hundred Troopers WANTED.

A COMPANY of well Mounted Cavalry, armed with Double-barrel Shot Guns, will be received for immediate service by Virginia.

All who wish to do service in this capacity, and join in the noble work of driving the *Lincolnites* from our soil, will address the undersigned at Abbeville C. H., or John C. McCreanor at Newberry C. H.

Each Trooper will be expected to procure his own Gun, Horse and Uniform. Sabres and all other accoutrements will be furnished.

AUG. M. SMITH,
Late Major of Gregg's Regiment.

July 17, 1861 3t 28

Attention, Trespassers!

$25 REWARD.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned from trespassing on our lands, either in hauling off WOOD, STRAW or SAND from said lands. And all persons are also forbidden the hauling of sand out of the Public Road to the ding from W. F. Durisoe's on the Columbia road, and intersecting the Newberry road near Thos. B. Harvey's. Take heed, ye transgressors, as we are determined to enforce the law hereafter to the fullest extent.

A reward of $25 will be paid for evidence sufficient to convict any one guilty of further trespassing on our premises or the above-mentioned public road.

H. B. GALLMAN,
For F. W. PICKENS,
W. F. DURISOE,
JAS. E. SULLIVAN,
D. R. DURISOE.

July 17 3t 28

Please Notice This!

AT some time since the first of December last A GOLD WATCH of value was taken from my possession. I cannot fix the time, as it was in a drawer rarely visited and has only been known to be gone lately. The watch is an old English lever with white dial-plate, made by S. VanWyck, N. Y., No. 5793.

It has been [illegible] and tracked, here or in Augusta. A suitable reward and many thanks will be given for its recovery.

ARTHUR SIMKINS.

Edgefield, S. C., July 17 2t 28

☞ The Augusta *Constitutionalist* and *Chronicle & Sentinel* will copy the above twice and forward accounts to this Office.

Shingles, Boards, &c.

THE Subscriber will furnish to order and deliver HEWED TIMBER, BOARDS, SHINGLES, LATHS, &c., at the usual prices, and will fill all orders promptly. He promises satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. He may at all times be found at his father's residence four miles from Edgefield C. H.

L. DELOACH.

Mar 13 tf 10

Southern in Everything.

I WILL sell my remaining Stock of YANKEE PATENT MEDICINES at Cost. I want to get rid of them—don't want to see a Yankee or his Pills this side of Mason & Dixon's Line anymore.

R. L. GENTRY, Agt.

Hamburg, June 3 4t 22

Proclamation.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, July 6, 1861.

ACCORDING to An Act of the Confederate Congress, entitled "An Act to put into operation the Government under the permanent Constitution of the Confederate States of America," it is required that each State shall vote on the first Wednesday in November next, for President and Vice President of the Confederate States, which officers are to be inaugurated on the twenty-second of February next, and

WHEREAS the existing law of the State provides that the Electors for President and Vice President shall be appointed by the Legislature, and whereas, the Legislature of this State will not be in regular session at the time prescribed by the aforesaid Act, for appointment of Electors,

Therefore, be it known that I, F. W. PICKENS, Governor in and over the State of South Carolina, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution, authorizing the Governor, on extraordinary occasions, to convene the General Assembly, do issue this, my PROCLAMATION, calling upon and requesting the Senators and the members of the House of Representatives to convene in Columbia on the first Monday in November next ensuing, that they may be present in the House of Representatives on the said first Wednesday in November, to appoint Electors of President and Vice President of the Confederate States of America, in conformity with the Act of the Confederate Congress aforesaid.

As the permanent Government is to be organized, an election will be required of two Senators from this State, and also, in all probability, considering the peculiar State of the country, other important matters will be acted on at the same session of the Legislature.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State aforesaid, at Columbia, this the sixth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the eighty-sixth year of the Independence of the State of South Carolina. F. W. PICKENS,

ISAAC H. MEANS, Secretary of State.

July 17, 1861. ta1m. 28.

Notice.

BY order of the Ordinary of Edgefield District, I will sell to the highest bidder at Edgefield C. H., on the first Monday in August next a FINE LEVER WATCH, belonging to the Estate of James Rushton, dec'd. Terms made known on day of sale. S. B. WHATLEY, Ad'or.

July 15, 1861. 3t 28

CANDIDATES.

For Sheriff.

HENRY R. GALLMAN.
JAMES EIDSON,
F. V. COOPER,
WILLIAM SPIRES,
JOHN BLAND,

For Tax Collector.

BERRY HORNE,
W. H. HOLLOWAY,
BENJ. ROPER,
STARLING TURNER,
C. M. MAY,
CHARLES CARTER.

Medical.

W. S. CANNON, M. D., having located in Beech Island, offers his Professional services to the public. Office and residence at Mr. S. J. M. CHANDLER'S.

Beech Island, Mar 9, 1861. 6t 10

H. PARKER, DENTIST!

UPPER ROOMS OF MR. G. D. TILLMAN'S LAW OFFICE.

Edgefield, S. C., March 13, tf 11

AUGUSTA HOTEL,

AUGUSTA, GA.

BY WHEELOCK.

Convenient to the Carolina side.
Provided with the best the market affords.
Adjacent to first rate business houses.
Ready with conveniences to fast note travellers on any and every route.
Prepared to accommodate all who may desire it.
A call for one's place of lodgings.
We respectfully ask the attention of Edgefield to our Card.

June 26 3m 25

GLOBE HOTEL,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

AUSTIN MULLARKY, Proprietor.

Augusta, May 1 3m 17

CHAS. D. CARR & CO.,

DRAPERS,
TAILORS,
AND
MENS' MERCERS!

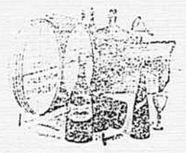
30 BROAD ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.,

HAVE OPENED THEIR SPRING ASSORTMENT OF GOODS ADAPTED TO MENS' WEAR.

10 pr ct. Discount Allowed for Cash

Charleston, May 17, 1860. 1y 19

Lincoln's Blockade Beat!



J. L. MIMS,

ONE DOOR BELOW THE CITY HOTEL,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

HAS just received from New Orleans, via Charleston, a large Consignment, viz:

125 Barrels Superior re-boiled MOLASSES;
60 Barrels A. No. 1 New Orleans SYRUP;
150 Hhds. New Orleans SUGARS, comprising the best qualities:

Also, CORN, MEAL, and PRODUCE GENERALLY, and last though not least, some FINE GEORGIA WHISKEY, four years old—all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

Augusta, May 13, 1861. tf 20

CRITZ & FLEMING,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,

OPPOSITE CONCERT HALL, ELLIS STREET
Augusta, Ga.,

KEEP always on hand for sale, Double and Single Harness HORSES, Saddle HORSES broke and unbroke MULES. Also, for HIRE, at all times, good HACKS and neat BUGGIES, with gentle Horses and trusty Drivers.

We are also prepared to BOARD HORSES by the DAY OR MONTH; and we would say to our friends from the country that every possible care and attention shall be bestowed upon the Horses of those who may favor us with their patronage.

Augusta, Mar 26 tf 12

Fine Flour.

JUST RECEIVED 25 BARRELS A No. 1 FLOUR—in Barrels, Half and Quarter Sacks, which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

L. R. COGBURN.

May 1 tf 17

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of Washington Wise, dec'd., are requested to come forward and settle the claims against them; and all those having demands against said Estate, are also requested to present them properly attested for payment.

H. A. SHAW,
W. S. WISE. } Acting Ex'rs.

Nov 27 tf 47

J. E. MUSE,

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST,

IS Permanently located at Edgefield C. H.—Office in Upper North Rooms in Maj. S. S. TOMPKINS' Residence, formerly Nicholas' Hotel.

All operations guaranteed. The best of references given if necessary.

PRICES:

For Gold Fillings	$2,00
" " " Extra size,	3,00
" Tin "	1,00
" Extracting Teeth	1,00
" Full Setts of Teeth, upper and lower, on best Gold Plate,	200,00
" full setts, upper and lower, on Cheoplastic Metal	150,00
" full setts, on Silver Plate	80,00

July 10 tf 27

To the Ladies!

I HAVE a CHOICE Lot of **Flounced and Double Skirt Muslins and Bareges**, which I will sell at Cost for Cash.

R. C. BRYAN.

June 18 5t 24

Liberty Hill FEMALE SCHOOL

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed on the 15th July inst., under the direction of Miss MATILDA SMITH.

Miss SMITH has had charge of this School for the past five months, where she has, through her great energy, happy facility of imparting instruction, and amiable disposition, won the highest esteem and encomiums of praise from her patrons and friends. Miss S. is a lady of Southern birth and education, and has proven herself in every respect capable for the position she occupies.

☞ Terms, &c., as heretofore. Good board can be obtained, convenient to the School, at reasonable prices.

☞ For further information address either of the Trustees.

G. J. SHEPPARD,
A. G. WHITE,
JAS. S. HARRISON,
WM. T. WEST,
R. M. FULLER. } Trustees.

Longmires, July 2 3t 26

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

HEADQUARTERS, JULY 2, 1861.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 88.

OFFICERS OF THE STATE MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS, and all members belonging to any Company of such organizations, are hereby directed not to leave the State for the purpose of entering any service beyond its limits: and Recruiting Officers are herewith forbidden to take and such men, under any pretext, unless by special permission of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief. By order: S. R. GIST,

Adjutant and Inspector-General of S. C.

July 10 tf 27.

Drugs, &c.,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

MORPHINE,
QUININE,
CASTOR OIL,
POTASH,
CONCENTRATED LYE,
STARCH,
SPICES,
EPS. SALTS,
LOGWOOD,
INDIA CHOLACOGUE,
VARNISHES,
BRUSHES,
INDIGO,
COD LIVER OIL,
BALSAM WILD CHERRY,
GUM CAMPHOR, &c.

All of which will be sold at moderate prices FOR CASH.

A. J. PELLETIER.

Hamburg, July 8. tf 27

CHICK'S SPRINGS,

GREENVILLE DISTRICT, S. C.

THE Subscriber having the entire control and full management of the Hotel at these well known and POPULAR SPRINGS, takes pleasure in informing the travelling Public, that it will be prepared for the accommodation of Visitors on the 20th June.

The Hotel is being renovated throughout, and experienced cooks and attentive Waiters are engaged. Every exertion will be made to render the visit delightful agreeable to Patrons, and a home to all Visitors.

The friends of the Hotel are requested to give early notice of their intended visits, in order to have their Rooms ready on their arrival.

Coaches will be in readiness at the Railroad Depot in Greenville, to carry passengers to the Hotel. The fare to the Depot to the Hotel will be one dollar.

ALFRED TAYLOR.

[illegible] 3m 23

Patronize Southern Mechanics!

JAMES McMILLAN.

Watch Maker & Jeweller,

AIKEN, S. C.,

IS prepared to execute all work entrusted to him with neatness and dispatch, and warrant to give satisfaction. Clocks and Hands fitted to Watches, Hair neatly Painted in Lockets, Pins, &c.

☞ Cash paid for old Gold and Silver.

July 3 1y 26

NEWS FROM BUNCOMBE!

I HAVE appointed A. STEVENS, of Augusta, my Agent for the sale of my Pure North Carolina WHISKEY. All who wish to get a choice article, would do well to call and examine it.

J. HARRISON.

Charlotte, N. C., May 27, 1861. 3m23

Whiskey!

SEVEN CASKS of Pure North Carolina Mountain-Distilled WHISKEY—a very choice article—just received and for sale by

A. STEVENS.

Augusta, June 10 3m 23

BACON & FLOUR!

10,000 POUNDS CLEAR SIDES,
11,000 POUNDS SHOULDERS;
50 Barrels Extra Family FLOUR, to arrive on consignment, and for sale by

A. STEVENS.

Augusta, June 10 3m 23

Flour and Meal.

50 Sacks Extra Family FLOUR.
100 Sacks Superfine Family FLOUR.
300 Bushels Corn MEAL.

For Cash. R. T. MIMS.

July 3 tf 26

Post Office Notice.

I WILL keep on hand a quantity of *ENVELOPES STAMPED*, for the accommodation of the community at 5 cents each, and the cost of the Envelopes; but as a matter of course they cannot be used at any other Post Office.

A. RAMSAY, P. M.

June 19 2t 24

Fresh Arrivals.

IN Store TWENTY SACKS CHOICE NEW FLOUR, at $1,50 per Sack.

CORN and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

I have also in Store LEMON SYRUP, GINGER POP, SODA WATER, PORTER, ALE, &c.

ICE.

I expect to keep on hand a supply of ICE.

W. T. GOLDEN.

June 27 tf 24

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of G. W. Landrum, dec'd., are requested to come forward immediately for settlement; and those having demands against the same will present them.

W. M. LANDRUM, Adm'or.

April 3 tf 13

For Sale,

A NO. 1 Lot of STRONG BUGGY HARNESS. Will be sold low if applied for soon.

S. E. BOWERS, Agt.

Feb 11 tf 6

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER!

BAUM & KAUFFER,

UNDER THE AUGUSTA HOTEL,

AUGUSTA, GA.

Would call the attention of the Ladies to the fact that they have just received

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.

Of the LATEST and MOST FASHIONABLE GOODS for SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE. Our spacious Store is filled as usual

WITH ALMOST EVERY ARTICLE

Belonging to the Dry Goods line, and our customers will find the

VARIETY OF NEW DRESS GOODS

So eagerly looked for, and of which but little is in the market. We have on hand a choice lot of---

LAWNS, PRINTS,
JACONETS, GINGHAMS,
ORGANDIES, BRILLIANTS,
BAREGES, PEREALS,
DEBEGES, CAMBRICS,
B'LK SILK LACES, CRAPE MARETS,
BAREGE DELAINES,
CHALLY DELAINES--TOIL DES DAMES,
TOIL DU NORD, POLL DES CHEVRE,
PLAIN POPLINS, FIGURED POPLINS,
BAREGE ANGLAIS FIGURE, MOTTLED MODENAS,
EMBROIDERIES, BRILLANTES,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, CORSETS, LAVELIAS, PARASOLS,
HAIR NETS, HIMALAYAS, PURE MOHAIR,
GLOVES, MITTS, GEO. BUTTONS,
MAGIC RUFFLING,
&C., &C.

Home Made Goods:

HOMESPUNS, OSNABURGS, STRIPES, &c., &c.,

ALL OF SOUTHERN FACTORIES.

Our stocks in DRY GOODS consists of:

Brown Homespun,	Towelings,	Linen Drills,
White Shirtings,	Diapers,	Cassimeres,
Sheetings,	Table Covers,	Handkerchiefs,
Hickory,	Marsaile Quilts,	Jackonets,
Denims,	Mosquito Nettings,	White Goods,
Marlboro',	" Bars,	Checks,
Linens,	Pantaloon Stuffs,	Swiss, etc.,
Table Cloths,	Cottonades,	Hoop Skirts,
Napkins,	Marsaeiles,	&c., &c., &c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Having a FULL SUPPLY of all kinds of Goods for the WHOLE COMING SEASON, we are selling them at the WELL KNOWN LOW PRICES,

Not Raising the Price of Any Article!

MANTILLAS & DUSTERS,

OF

Our own Manufactory,

In all the FASHIONABLE STYLES, and of the MOST VARIED MATERIALS, are daily added to our Stock.

BAUM & KAUFFER,

No. 175 & 177 BROAD STREET

Augusta, May 1 tf 17

W. H. HOWARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 172, Broad St., Augusta, Ga.
OPPOSITE AUGUSTA HOTEL.

Keeps Always on hand
BACON, CORN, OATS, PEAS,
HAY, MOLASSES, LIME,
And all Kinds of Produce Generally

Augusta, Mar 13 6t 13

New Goods

FOR THE

SPRING & SUMMER TRADE!

E. PENN, Agent, respectfully informs his numerous customers that he is now receiving and opening a most BEAUTIFUL and

Desirable Stock of Goods.

His Stock has been selected with great care, and purchased on the MOST FAVORABLE TERMS, and will embrace every variety and style of Staple and Fancy Goods.

A most beautiful assortment of LADIES' BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed.

Misses and Children's White and Colored HATS of every variety and style—trimmed and untrimmed.

A beautiful Stock of FLOWERS and RUCHES and Straw TRIMMING;

Ladies' and Misses HEAD NETS, in great variety, and a great many other handsome articles to suit the Ladies and Misses.

In MEN'S and BOYS wear he has a large and desirable Stock of Goods for Coats, Pants and Vests, embracing every variety of Cotton and Woolen TWEEDS, Summer CASSIMERES, COTTONADES, DRILLINGS, Linen GOODS and Black Summer CLOTHS.

A large and well selected Stock of SHOES purchased before the Tariff.

And a great variety of other desirable Goods too tedious to mention, all of which will be sold

At Reasonable Prices.

☞ A liberal discount made to cash customers.

May 1 tf 17

CLAYTON & KENNEDY,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

Have received a large supply of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

—ALSO—

Furnishing Goods,

In great variety.

HATS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

All of which will be sold ON THE MOST ACCOMMODATING TERMS.

Augusta, April 2 3m 17

BOOTS AND SHOES!

J. WM. APEL having become sole proprietor of the business, is now ready to manufacture all the

Different Styles and Qualities,

Embracing in part

Ladies' Fine Steel GAITERS and BOOTINS; Misses and Children's superior SLIPPERS and BOOTEES;
Gentlemen's Fine Pump Sole, Dress and Waterproof BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS;
Boys' Walking and Fine SHOES, &c.

All of which are warranted to be made of the best material and by the most competent workmen. Complete satisfaction will be rendered to all who may favor me with their custom.

From past experience in the business, I feel satisfied that I can OFFER INDUCEMENTS in the way of good Work and Low Prices he not to be unknown in this Town. All I ask is a fair trial.

☞ Orders for BOOTS, SHOES, &c., of every kind filled on shortest notice.

☞ REPAIRING neatly and promptly done.

Shop at the old stand next door to the Post Office.

Mar 6 tf 9

Charleston and Liverpool SAILING PACKETS! REGULAR LINE.

THE Undersigned beg to announce that they have made arrangements for a line of SAILING PACKETS between the above points, by which every facility in regularity and speed will be given to shippers.

Fraser, Trenholm & Co.,
NO. 1, RUMFORD PLACE,
Liverpool.

Will at any time receive goods intended for Liverpool at by this line, and forward them under the FIRST SUCCEEDING PACKETS, and will be always prepared to give any information that may be desired.

Arrangements for Freight or Passage may also be made in Charleston, by application to

JOHN FRASER & CO.,
Central Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

The undermentioned first class and fast sailing Charleston Ships have been already placed upon the line, and others will be added as room is required:

Sailing Days of the Ships of this Line.

From Liverpool	Names.	Master	From Charleston
5th June,	*SUSAN G. OWENS,	Norton.	Aug. 1st
15th June,	*ELIZA EGNALL,	Mitchell,	Aug. 5th.
24th June,	*GOSHAWK,	Lekby,	Sept. 2d.
15th July,	R. ST. PETER,	Jessop,	Oct. 1st.
15th Aug.,	JOHN FRASER,	Holford,	Oct. 2d.

*These three dates are made to approximate for the convenience of Importers for the Fall trade.

Future arrangements will be duly advertised.

May 17 1y 19

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the next Legislature for a Public Road commencing from the main Road leading from Aiken to Edgefield C. H., about two miles from Aiken and intersecting the Deerville Road, or the Public Road running by Mr. Chas. Plunkets, about one mile South of the said Plunkets.

June 5 3t 22

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of Col. S. Christie, dec'd., either by Note or Account, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands against the same will present them to the undersigned properly attested.

W. C. MORAGNE, Adm'or.

Nov 19, 1860. tf 46

Fresh Family Groceries.

E. PENN, Agent, has received a fresh supply of GROCERIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, which he will sell wholesale for Cash from this date. All orders for articles in this line must be accompanied with the cash.

May 1

Soldiers' Shirts.

JUST received Fifteen hundred yards Black Grey Georgia made FLANNELS, the most suitable article for Soldiers Summer Shirts.

GRAY & TURNER.

Aug