Edgefield Advertiser.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

A. SIMKINS, D. R. DURISOE & ELIJAH KEESE, PROPRIETORS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Two Dollars per year, if paid in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid within six months—and Three Dollars if not paid before the expiration of the year. All subscriptions not distinctly limited at the time of subscribing, will be continued until all arrearages are paid, or at the option of the Publisher.

Subscriptions out of the District and from other States must invariably be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

All advertisements will be correctly and conspicuously inserted at Seventy-five Cents per Square (12 Brevier lines or less) for the first insertion, and Fifty Cents for each subsequent insertion. When only published Monthly or Quarterly $1 per square will be charged.

Each and every Transient Advertisement, to secure publicity through our columns, must invariably be paid in advance.

All Advertisements not having the desired number of insertions marked on the margin, will be continued until forbid and charged accordingly.

Those desiring to advertise by the year can do so on the most liberal terms—it being distinctly understood that contracts for yearly advertising are confined to the immediate, legitimate business of the firm or individual contracting.

All communications of a personal character will be charged as advertisements.

Obituary Notices exceeding one square in length will be charged for the overplus, at regular rates.

Announcing a Candidate (not inserted until paid for,) Two Dollars.

For Advertising Estrays Tolled, Two Dollars, to be paid by the Magistrate advertising.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP AMERICA.

Halifax, Jan. 16.—The British and North American royal mail steamship America, Capt. A. Ryrie, reached here late last night, with Liverpool dates to Saturday, Jan. 2d.

Liverpool Cotton Market.—The sales of cotton for the week (or rather for four days, as two holidays intervened) were 40,000 bales at an advance of ⅛d. All qualities had slightly advanced.

Provisions were reported quiet but steady.

Breadstuffs generally quiet.

London Money Market.—Money was easier and Consols for account quoted at 94¼ a 94⅜.

General News.—The rates of discount at the Bank of England were unchanged.

The loss of the rebels at Lucknow is estimated at seven thousand.

The investment of Canton by the allied squadron was expected to take place on the 1st of December.

It is said that Spain will consider the mediation of France and England at an end, if the Government of Mexico refuses to accept all the conditions connected with the negotiation. There is much activity in Spanish ports, preparing for the expedition.

The holy days checked business operations.

THE ACQUISITION OF CENTRAL AMERICA.

The following is the article from the Washington *Union*, mentioned in our telegraphic despatches on Tuesday, as probably reflecting the views of the Administration:

There are but two possible modes (apart from the mere influence of example) of successful expansion for our institutions southward: first, by the peaceful emigration of individual citizens for the purpose of prosecuting legitimate pursuits of business in new countries, as occurred in the case of Texas; and second, by the action of the government in military operations, or through peaceful treaties, as occurred in the cases or Florida and California.

Our people are prone to regard the late filibustering expeditions of Walker as the same in character with the series of occurrences which resulted in the independence and annexation of Texas. They fancy that Walker is repeating the drama of Texas in his expeditions to Nicaragua; but they forget that, in the case of Texas, the first steps were all peaceful and lawful, while in the case of Nicaragua they are illegal throughout; that, in the one case, there was a gradual progress of peaceful events, ending finally, indeed, in belligerent collision; while, in the other, all the acts of the drama are attempted to be omitted, save the last one of war and bloodshed.

To acquire the privilege of constructing railways, canals, and roads across the isthmus by treaty; to settle the regions of country traversed by those routes with peaceful tradesmen, farmers, and mechanics; to thus gradually occupy the country by a growing and thriving population of our own blood, welcomed there for the wealth and prosperity they create around them—this would seem the only sure and infallible mode of planting our institutions permanently in those regions. Under this peaceful process, we should soon count on an Anglo-Saxon population there of thousands; while under a piratical policy we should only be able to count a population of a few hundred, after long years of war and conflict. In one case we should have filled the country with valuable citizens; in the other with a thriftless soldiery. In one case our people would be there by invitation—honored, prized, and cherished: in the other, they would be there by force of arms—hated, insulted, and studiously beleaguered at every step. It is declared that the interests of the South demand that filibustering operations should be tolerated, if not encouraged: but to us it seems that no more effectual means could be devised by the enemies of the South for bringing discredit and destruction upon her cause than these.

If, however, we must plant our institutions in the regions south of us by the strong arm, let it be done by open and honorable hostility, conducted under the auspices and authority of the government. Nothing would be easier than to find cause of national quarrel with the Central American States and the Spanish government, if we should set about seeking it. If, contrary to all our policy we must needs extend our institutions southward, by force, let it be done by honorable war, and not by piratical foray.

It is impossible to believe that the Congress of the United States will consent to sanction, by indirection or connivance, a clandestine system of warfare, condemned by the law of nations and public opinion all over the world, while showing itself to be wanting in the frankness and boldness to declare open and honorable war for the accomplishment of the purpose avowedly aimed at by these expeditions.

The Theatre.—The performances last evening were suddenly brought to a close at the end of the second piece, by the appearance of Mr. Dyott on the stage, who, after apologizing for his unseemly costume, and excited manner, announced that Mrs. Marchant, who had so lately appeared before them and delighted them with her performances, now lay in the embrace of Death. Under such distressing circumstances, he said, the impulse of the company was to discontinue the evening's performances, out of respect to her memory and the feelings of her bereaved husband. The audience, in the most respectful manner, rose and sorrowfully left the Theatre.

The Theatre will be closed this evening.—Charleston Mercury 15th inst.

Cheap Sweetening.—The *Planters' Banner*, published at Franklin, La., in its issue of the 7th inst., says:

Some of our planters are selling a good article of molasses at six dollars per barrel. The barrel costs a dollar and forty cents, and the molasses stands them in four dollars and sixty cents. This is very disheartening to our planters, but it is glad tidings to our poor folks that buy molasses, and have been starving for it, and unable to buy it for several years, on account of the high prices. So our benevolent planters will have this consolation, that many a poor mother and poor child will be made glad by these low prices.

☞ B. Z. Herndon, Esqr., has been elected Intendant of the Term of Cokesburry for the present year, and Messrs. F. F. Gary, J. C. C. Allen, J. B. Black and M. Strauss, elected *Wardens*.

Cotton Crop in Mississippi.—An overseer in Bolivar county, Miss, under date of the 1st inst., writes to us as follows:

1857 has passed, and I hope never to see another year so unfavorable to the cotton crop. I planted most of my crop twice; commenced picking the 24th of September, when my hands could only average fifty pounds per day. I picked twelve days in September, fourteen days in October, fifteen in November, and fourteen and a half days in December, and I picked every day that I could get the cotton dry enough to handle, after the frequent rains. I am gleaning the faulty bolls of a very short and inferior crop. Most of my neighbors have finished.

The municipal difficulties of Brunswick, Ga., which began by the shooting of Mr. Moore by Mr. Styles, seem to not have reached a settlement. Mr. Styles, it may be remembered, was chosen mayor, a few days ago, as the candidate of the "conservative" party. Mr. Houston, his predecessor, refuses to surrender the books, records, and other property of the city, and the Board of Aldermen elect have resigned. There will probably be another election.

The Advertiser.

ARTHUR SIMKINS, EDITOR.

EDGEFIELD, S. C.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1858.

RULES THAT MUST IN FUTURE BE OBSERVED.

All advertisements from this date, not amounting to more than $10, must be paid for in advance.

Merchants and others advertising by the year, will be required to settle every six months.

No paper will be sent out of the District unless paid for in advance.

All letters on business connected with the Office, to receive prompt attention, must be addressed to the "*Edgefield Advertiser.*"

To these rules we will *rigidly adhere*. Therefore, take notice and act accordingly.

"Granite Spring, Jan. 18th, 1858.

Dear ——: Let me ask the favor of you to write a few editorial paragraphs for me this week and next. I am compelled to go off to Charleston and Columbia, and can scarcely get back until the last of next week."

The above excerpt from the Colonel's note will account for the great falling off in Editorial matter of this issue. We have experienced the fact of being in deep water, not knowing how to swim. If, with the assistance of our next friend, the Printer's Devil, we can regain "*terra firma*," we will imitate the example of the young Solomon that foreswore coming in contact with all liquids, until he learnt that graceful art.

HON. M. L. BONHAM.

We regret to state that our new-elected member to Congress is still confined to his room, from an attack of inflamatory rheumatism, induced by his recent visit to Washington. The inhospitable climate of the Capitol, has quickly verified itself in prostrating the indefatigable General in so short a time. We hope that he will soon be restored to his usual good health and be permitted to enter upon his new career of life unt-ammelled by sickness. We predict for him a brilliant success under any and all circumstances.

HON. F. W. PICKENS.

We are much pleased to see that the Senate has confirmed the appointment by the President of Hon. F. W. Pickens, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Russia. The mission is one of great honor and importance, requiring the services of our first class Statesmen, and we are glad to see that the President insists upon having the aid of Mr. Pickens in securing to the United States the benefits arising from establishing a more intimate intercourse with that country. We are informed that he has not as yet received official notice of his appointment, but the very flattering manner in which it has been tendered, warrants us in saying that he can not now refuse to accept it.

THE HON. EDWARD EVERETT.

This distinguished orator and Statesman of Massachusetts, has consented to deliver his celebrated oration on the character of Washington, in Charleston, at some time during this winter. We will try and be on the look out for his coming. For it is the rarest of intellectual treats to listen to a graceful orator discourse upon a subject that is near and dear to the hearts of his listeners. He cannot be otherwise than eloquent upon so inspiring a theme. We trust that many of our readers will avail themselves of the occasion, to do honor to the living; and pay patriotic respect to the great, good, noble and honored dead.

FIRE.

We are sorry to learn that the Distillery of Messrs. Abner Bushnell & F. M. Coleman, situated two and a half miles from this Village, was destroyed by fire on Monday night last, about 12 o'clock. It was evidently the work of a midnight incendiary—some cowardly, hell-deserving villian. We understand that Mr. Bushnell's losses is near $1,500, whilst Mr. Coleman is sufferer to about $500. There was no insurance on the property.

THALBERG.

This celebrated performer on the piano is now attracting great attention in the musical world, adding fresh laurels to his fame wherever he goes. He is soon to be in Charleston and will be in Augusta, on the 28th inst. We anticipate a gay time in this delightful little city, when he arrives, for every one that has an ear to appreciate a sweet sound and an eye to feast upon cultivated beauty, will not permit the occasion to pass by unimproved. We hear it whispered about that several of the belles of our District, will be there. We will be present certain, without some sudden catastrophy prevents.

A VALUABLE BOOK.

Mr. John Nott, Agent for the sale of a large and excellent work styled "The Religious Denominations in the United States; Their History, Doctrine, Government and Statistics, with a preliminary sketch of Judaism, Paganism and Mahommedanism, by Joseph Belcher, D. D." is now in town delivering and receiving subscriptions to the same. As yet we have not had time to examine critically this work, but it bears upon its face *prima facie* evidence of being a *good* one.

Mr. Nott informs us that all subscriptions taken by Mr. H. Sheffield will be promptly filled in a short time.

THE PRESIDENT AND WALKER.

We publish in this issue of our paper the letters of Gen. Wm. Walker addressed to President Buchanan; also the President's Message. From reading those articles it will be seen that Commodore Paulding, has, to a very culpable extent, exceeded all authority of laws, in arresting Walker and his men upon the soil of Nicaragua. While we confess our admiration for the patriotic motives that prompted him to this act, still we must adhere to the maxim "*ignorantia legis neminem excusat*," as being one founded in great wisdom, and as such he should be severely rebuked.

It being a clear case even in the eyes of the President that Paulding was in error, "even handed justice" demands that Walker should be indemnified for the losses and injuries done himself and companions, be they "Fillibusters" or what not. The subject is receiving the grave attention of the councils of the Union, Walker evidently having some distinguished sympathizers; among whom the gallant Quitman of Mississippi takes the lead.

LEFT WITHOUT OUR CONSENT.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Carroll, of Hamburg, who have been carrying on a Millinery Shop in that Town during the past season, have very suddenly closed their Store, and left for parts unknown, forgetting in the meantime to pay us our advertising bill. Should either of them ever see this notice, we trust they will remember that they are indebted to us to the tune of $10, and take summary measures to see us paid.

☞ Augusta *Constitutionalist* will please copy once, and send account to this Office.

THE RIVER.

On Thursday night (says the Augusta *Constitutionalist*,) the highest point attained was twenty-five feet above low water mark. On yesterday morning the volume of water commenced receding, and during the day the fall was about a foot. The river was falling slowly last night when we went to press.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

We are gratified to see by our exchanges that Judge A. B. Longstreet has arrived in Columbia, and has assumed the duties of President of the College. He comes in the evening of life, with an enlarged experience as an instructor of youth and fully crowned with literary laurels to assist in forming the character and cultivating the minds of the youth of the State. He is a native of the South; his name is as familiar as a "house-hold word;" he is known to every one, and in his breast will be found an echo to the generous, hightoned and honorable sentiments that animate the hearts of the youth of our land.

The flattering reception that the students extended to him, is an evidence of their just appreciation of his many virtues. The fathers and guardians of the South, and particularly of this State, can now have no excuse for sending their sons and wards to Northern Colleges, where they will be educated at an infinately lower standard of virtue and honor; where they will hear the land of their nativity abused and villified, and where they are apt to become intoxicated with the worst features of Northern Society, and this too at much greater expense and trouble. We are not advocates for unnecessary prejudice against Northerners and their institutions; we can stand their wooden nutmegs, quack medicines, brass-clocks, and mock auctions, but God save us from having Northern Teachers and Professors to preside over the tender sensibilities of our children. "As the twig is bent, so will the tree incline."

PREPARATORY MILITARY ACADEMY.

We learn there is a desire on the part of some of our prominent citizens to establish at this place one of those popular institutions. It is intended under the advantages afforded by Military discipline to prepare young men either for the South Carolina College or the State Military Academy. Our's is a large and wealthy District and of right should have a prominent institution of learning. We regard this a happy movement and hope it will be consummated.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

☞ Attention is directed to the advertisements of W. R. & T. S. Hudson. They, like most every one else, are in want of "*the needful*," and have marked their Goods at very low prices in order to raise the wherewith to buy their Spring Stock. Give them a call.—They have also on hand a quantity of superior country cured Lard which they are offering at a small per cent above cost.

☞ The jewelry store of John Veal, of Columbia, was robbed on Saturday night of jewelry and other articles, to the value of about $4,000.

☞ Among the documents in regard to Central American affairs sent to the House on the 12th inst., by the President, was one from the Nicaraguan minister, thanking the government for Com. Paulding's conduct in taking away Walker and his followers.

☞ It is stated that there are ten times as many newspapers printed in the German language in the United States as there are in Germany.

☞ The French government is said to be about concluding a treaty which places the Sandwich Islands under a Protectorate of that nation.

☞ An independant man, says a knowing cotemporary, is one who blacks his own boots and shoes, who can live without whiskey and tobacco, and shave himself with his own soap and cold water, without a mirror.

☞ We are pleased to notice that Mr. T. W. Dinkins has become associated with the editorial department of the *Sumter Watchman*. Mr. D. graduated in the last class of the South Carolina College.

☞ A young gentleman who has just married a little beauty, says she would have been taller, but she is made of such precious materials that nature couldn't afford it.

☞ A word of kindness is seldom spoken in vain. It is a seed which when dropped by chance springs up a flower.

☞ A brutal wretch, actuated, it is supposed, by revenge, went a few nights since into the field of Mr. Shipley, in Howard county, Md. and cut the tongue entirely out of a valuable horse belonging to him.

☞ A correspondent in the Albany *Patriot*, says at a sale of Col. Christie's property, of South Carolina, at his plantation in Baker county, Ga., on 21st December, he sold at public outcry 22 negroes, at an average of $1,037.50 a piece—9 mules at an average of $211.66; 12 months credit with approved security, and interest from date—equal to a cash sale.

☞ A rising "poic" witnessed a pugilistic encounter, which he thus immortalizes:

And Issac pitched into hymn,
And hymn pitched into he;
The way they fytte it was a sin,
And horrybel to see.

☞ Abraham L. Rennock, Jr., of Haverford, Pa., reports that he has raised on a farm of one acre, three rods and thirty-eight perchee, 260 bushels of hard, and 30 bushels of soft corn, making an average of 140 bushels per acre. The ground was very heavily manured.

☞ Each member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives is to be supplied with three newspapers.

☞ The Abbeville Independent *Press*, says:

"We have been almost deluged with rain during the past few days, and we learn that the streams in various portions of the District have been very high."

☞ The St. Louis Democrat has intelligence from Kansas that the Free State ticket has succeeded by an average majority of 185 votes.

☞ John Black, of Habersham county (says the Augusta Chronicle & Sentinel) convicted of murder, was executed on Friday last. Several thousand persons assembled to witness the execution, among whom, our informant says, were upwards of one thousand women.

☞ Mr. John Thornton, who died in St. Louis a few days ago, after bequeathing property to his relatives, and $145,000 to various churches and institutions, bequeathed the balance of his property, about $300,000, to Bishop Kendrick, the Catholic Bishop of that city, in the belief that he would apply it for the benefit of the indigent and to advance the cause of religion.

☞ The Alabama Methodist Protestant Annual Conference has adopted the following resolution: "That any parents or guardians belonging to our Church, who shall patronise that school of sin, the dancing school, by sending their children or wards, shall be subject to trial and reproof, suspension or expulsion, as the case may demand."

☞ Thomas W. Fleming has been confirmed by the U. S. Senate as Collector of the Port of Delivery, at Augusta, Ga.

☞ The recent rains in this section have extended over a large portion of the United States. On Monday last it was raining from New York City to Montgomery, Ala.

☞ Senator Douglas has sold his estate in Mississippi.

☞ The King of Prussia holds a million of the Erie bonds of '62.

☞ An exchange recommends the following as an infallable cure for beastly intoxication:

"Whenever a person is in a stupid and insensible state, from the abuse of intoxicating drinks, lay him on his right side, elevate his left arm, and pour cold water down it slowly. Before a common pitcher full can be emptied, the man will walk, perfectly sober."

☞ It is stated in the New Orleans Crescent that the sugar crop of Louisiana for 1857 will be from 225,000 to 250,000 hhds., against about 75,000 hhds. in 1856. Prices are of course, much lower than last year; but nevertheless, planters will realize about $2,000,000 more from the crop of this season than from that of 1856, while consumers will also gain largely.

A Veteran Racer Dead.—The Northern papers chronicle the death of Bonnets o'.blue the champion of the American turf, nearly thirty years ago, and the dam of Fashion Mariner. She was the property of Wm. R. Johnson, of Va., the "Napoleon of the turf," when young, and with her he won many splendid races—among others, a great match race between the South and North. She was over thirty years old, and died on the farm of her owner, Wm. H. Gibbons, near New York city.

DEFERRED COMMUNICATION.

The subjoined letter was received by some negligence on our own part, too late for publication in our last issue. We now present it, without consultation with the parties concerned. *They* might object to any second allusion to the subject of the note, on the ground that it was thrusting themselves unnecessarily before the public. We see the matter in a different light, and feel that it is due to society that an affair, conducted so fairly and generously to a happy termination, should be properly placed upon the record. The communication is from two of the first men of Georgia, and is as follows:

Col. Arthur Simkins:—*Dear Sir:*—Knowing the great anxiety which has been for some days felt by the numerous friends of M. C. Butler, Esq., and Dr. T. J. Lipscomb, in relation to an unpleasant difficulty pending between them, it affords us much pleasure to state that it has been honorably and amicably adjusted. Having proposed to the parties, through their respective friends, to permit us to inquire into, and, if possible, adjust their differences, we were met with that cordial frankness and confidence which gentlemen only know how to exhibit on such occasions, and which, fully sustained throughout all the stages of the negotiations, secured the happy result we now announce.

Congratulating these gentlemen and their friends upon the happy issue of this affair, and ourselves upon such part as we may have had in bringing it about We remain

Very Respectfully, Yours,
HENRY H. CUMMING.
CHARLES J. JENKINS.

Augusta, Georgia, Jan. 9th 1858.

COMMUNICATIONS.

For the Advertiser.

COTTON DEALERS AND PRODUCERS OF COTTON, STAND UP!!

Editor Edgefield Advertiser:—*Sir:*—The above words were the caption of an article which appeared in one of the Georgia Journals a week or two since; and which we also take as our text this morning. The "Dealers" will need good backholders to pay the losses upon the cotton they have bought of the "Producers" this year. We venture to assert, that scarcely a bale of cotton has been bought since September by the former, that has not lost from two to four dollars per bale before it could reach the Seaboard. Therefore the text suits us—"Cotton Dealers stand up," to which we add, Amen!

"Cotton Planters, stand up!" for you can—as but few of you have sold your cotton yet,—and may get a good price before it goes lower. Whether you sell or not, or only a part at present—remember the Merchants, your benefactors! They have suffered more from the present monetary crisis than any of the community. They bought large stocks of goods to supply the wants and necessities of their customers, which goods declined on their hands since the commencement of last Fall; and they were compelled to sell them at a corresponding decline with the Northern markets, and consequently did sell them to you at a loss in very many cases. They have bought your produce and lost upon it. They have not been able to meet their notes when due, with the necessary punctuality, in consequence of the majority of the Planters not selling any part of their cotton before Christmas, and not paying their debts before Christmas as usual.

Recollect that the Merchants buy their goods on the short time of four months when they buy on credit. They are compelled to make their notes payable in Bank, and which, if not paid at maturity are protested for non-payment and the Merchant's credit ruined. In order to maintain their credit they have been compelled during the past Fall to renew their notes for a longer period of 30 or 60 days, paying interest and exchange for the accommodation. In many instances they have had to renew those notes again and again, paying interest and exchange each time. What goods they were compelled to buy for cash, they have had to make remittances on immediately, with exchange as high as three to six per cent, instead of a quarter per cent as formerly.

Taking all things into consideration, we repeat, "*the merchants have suffered more from the present crisis than any in the community.*" Those planters who have received accommodations of the merchants *all the year*, will scarcely fail to remember the old adage—"*one good turn deserves another.*"

Yours, &c., HONOR.

CHARLESTON CORRESPONDENCE.

CHARLESTON, January 16, 1858.

The Court of General Sessions and Common Pleas, (January term of 4 weeks) is now in Session in this City. His Honor Judge O'Neall presiding. The docket is not very heavy, consisting chiefly of cases of Assault and Battery, indicating that the spirit of '76 still exists in a modified form, and that our organs of combativeness have not fallen entirely into disuse. The charge of the venerable Judge to the Grand Jury, was of that impressive straight-forward comprehensive nature so characteristic of its author, and was listened to with marked deference. Judges Wardlaw, Withers, Whitner, Glover and Munroe are in attendance at the Law Court, and Chancellors Dunkin, Dargan and Wardlaw, the Equity Court of Appeals.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the South Carolina Rail Road Company and Bank, is to be held in this City on the 9th of February. For the information of Stockholders in your neighborhood who may not have attended recently, I would state that by a Resolution adopted since the existence of the old Regulations on this subject, every Stockholder who shall have owned his Stock for 3 months previous to the Annual meeting, is permitted to pass on the Road both ways free of expense, and every one who has owned five or more shares for 3 months previous, is entitled to tickets also for the members of his immediate family.

The "Carolina Art Association," to which I referred in my last, was duly organized on Thursday Evening. His Excellency Governor Allston was elected President. The temporary use of the Apprentice's Library Hall has been secured until a suitable building can be erected for the Art Gallery.

Miss Avonia Jones, the celebrated Actress, is winning laurels at the Theatre. A complimentary benefit was extended to her by a large number of our citizens on Wednesday evening, which in spite of the unfavorable weather, was successfully carried out. Geo. Hutchinson, the Tragedian, is giving Shakspeare Readings at the Hibernian Hall.

The Panorama of Italy and the Cabinet Museum of Physiology and Anatomy are still open.

A meeting of our citizens interested in Horticulture was held a few evenings since, and measures taken for reviving the old Horticultural Society, which in former years used to delight us with its tasteful Exhibitions. We have a great many very beautiful gardens in our City and suburbs, which would furnish copious material for an actractive display during the coming Spring.

The invitation extended by a Committee of Citizens to Hon. Edward Everett, to deliver his Oration on the character of Washington in Charleston, has been accepted by this distinguished Statesman, and we shall probably enjoy this rich intellectual treat in the course of the present winter.

The "Palmetto State Waltz," composed by Nathan Hart, a pupil of the Misses Sloman, dedicated to the Hon. Wm. Aiken, and the "Mount Vernon Polka," dedicated to "The Southern Matron," by the composer, Mr. Nigels, formerly of this City, are two new and popular pieces recently issued from the Music Warehouses of Messrs. Cole and Gill.

Last Sunday was an era with us in the department of Religious Lectures, several courses having been inaugurated on that day. Rev. George Burnap, D. D., is lecturing at the Unitarian Church on Anthropology or the Distinguishing Characteristics of Man, as contrasted with the inferior Animals.

The Sunday night Lectures on "*Scripture, History, and Biography,*" at Globe Street Presbyterian Church by the Pastor, have been resumed. The course commenced on Sunday evening last with "*The Reign of Solomon.*"

Rev. Dr. Manly preached before the Students of the Medical College, at the 2nd Baptist Church from the appropriate text "I was sick and ye visited me."

Rev. H. M. Denison, the newly installed Rector of St. Peter's Church, opened his series of six "*Lectures to business men about their business*" on the same evening. He proposes to take up the following topics in the order annexed:

1. Commerce, the harbinger and test of Civilization.
2. Relation of Commerce to Christianity.
3. Commercial Ethics.
4. Corporations and Insolvencies.
5. The Business man at Home.
6. Carthage.

All these Lectures are drawing crowded congregations, and attracting great interest.

Rev. Dr. Bachman, Pastor of the English Lutheran Church, delivered in the forenoon, a sermon on the occasion of the 43d Anniversary of his ministerial connection with his congregation. It was a scene of most touching interest, and many a moistened eye was observed in that sympathising auditory as the venerable speaker recalled the varied incidents of his long career in Charleston, and alluded to the many friends and associates of his earlier labors for the Church, now almost all numbered with the dead, and their places filled with descendants, some even unto the third generation.

Your medical readers will be gratified to learn that our distinguished Professor of Surgery in the College, Dr. Geddings, has consented to the publication of a Report of his Lectures, which will ere long, be issued from the press of this City, under the editorial supervision of Doctors Waring and Logan, two of our younger members of the profession, who have all necessary materials for their work, in the form of full and elaborate notes taken by them while attending the Professor's Lectures as students. It will be a volume of some five to six hundred pages.

The Mount Pleasant Hotel and 16 adjoining Lots, in this improving village, are advertised to be sold next month. This affords a fine opportunity for some man of means to establish permanently a good public house as a health resort. Such an establishment is much needed, and if skillfully conducted, will draw patronage.

There is some prospect of our Race Course being selected for the National Course which is about to be selected. In the investigation now in progress, this site has received special honorable mention, as remarkably adapted by its shape, dimensions and many important facilities, to the purpose contemplated.

The directors of the "Church Home," established under the auspices of the Episcopalians, as a place of refuge for worthy indigent females are appealing to the benevolent for aid in extending their accommodations. The "Home" now supports 25 inmates, and applicants for admission are numerous, but being burdened with a debt of $1000, is unable to increase the number of its beneficiaries at present. From the well-tested liberality of our Church-going people, I have no doubt that the appeal will not be lost, and that this useful Institution will be sustained in its work of love.

Among the New Goods offering on the ladies shopping promonade are all the latest varieties and improvements in Crinoline. Brown Flounced, Lattice, Coronation, Pompadour, Crown Royal Quilted Skirts in profusion, and the "New Adjustable Bustle Skeleton, Grand Double Extension, Tempered Steel Skirts" which the King Street gentlemen tell us, is "giving such great satisfaction." There is no estimating how far the spirit of improvement will reach in this Hoop business. Our Churches and Halls must soon have their doors and porches enlarged to admit the "Angel-visitors." Commend me to the plain, unpretending "Skeleton" which in its simplicity and modesty, reminds you of Cupid caught in a net, and does not expand the circumference immoderately.

Great reductions are taking place daily in the prices of Dry Goods, Embroideries &c. I quote for the information of your lady readers. Rich Plaid and Stripe Silks $1 @ 1¼ per yard; Plain and Bayadere Silks 50 cts.; Choice Winter Ginghams, just opened 12½; English Prints, fast colors 8 @ 10; Printed and Plain Delains, reduced from 25 and 31¼ to 12½; French Poplins 50 cts.; Russia Diapers 75; 7-4 Brown Tabling Damask 25; Ladies Black and Colored Kid Gloves good quality 50 cts.; and other articles of necessity, in proportion.

The Cotton market opened on Monday with a decided improvement in prices, caused by the more favorable accounts from Europe by the Africa, and the limited Stock on hand contributed to strengthen and establish this condition of affairs. The sales of the week amount to over 6,000 Bales, prices 7⅞ @ 10½; Long Cottons have been in very brisk demand prices 18 @ 40 cents; Bagging and Bale Rope are almost unsaleable Dundee 14 @ 14½ Gunny 11 @ 14; Rio Coffee 10½ @ 11½; Sugar, Louisiana, 8¼ to 9¼ for higher, and 6½ to 7¾ for lower qualities; Rice is in fair $2¾ @ 3; Whiskey 25 @ 26 per gallon, for western; Wheat 1400 bushels prime red sold at $1.18; Corn 63 @ 64 cts.; Flour 5¼ @ 5¾ Stock accumulating, and but little demand; Lard 10½ @ 11; Hay 90 @ 95; Bacon Sides 9½ @ 9¾—Shoulders 8¾ @ 9½—Hams 10 @ 15; Molasses, Cuba, 24 @ 25, New Orleans 30 @ 32 cts.

There is a large amount of property now in market. A sale of 134 negroes was made a few days since at an average of $502. A plantation 13 miles from the City, and a gang of 29 negroes brought $30,500. Houses and Lots have been sold in considerable numbers, from ten and twelve hundred dollars upwards.

Coal is selling at the following prices: New Castle $6; Soft $7 and Superior Orrel $8; Oakwood $5 to 5½; a cargo of West India Fruit was sold at auction a few days since; Lemons at $11 @ 14 per box; Raisins (in whole boxes) $13; Almonds 17 @ 18 cts. per lb; Olives $1 @ 1¼ per Keg.

We are in the midst of a perfect deluge of rain, fog, mud, slush, and our streets are perfectly impassable. This "English weather" has lasted upwards of a week, and we may now reasonably anticipate a favorable change for at least a few days. Omnibusses continue in pressing demand, and overcoats, umbrellas and india rubbers rank among the necessaries of life. Pedestrians have a hard time it, and Equestrians are getting accustomed to being bespattered from head to foot. If "*the wicked stand in slippery places,*" we must be a remarkably righteous community, for it is no novelty to see an unlucky wayfarer tumbling over, on all-fours "*Kersplosh,*" on the edge of the greasy side walk.

It is almost as *warm* as mid-summer.

CLAUDE.

For the Advertiser.

Editor Advertiser:—*Dear Sir:*—I am now in receipt of a letter from a lady of Fort Scott, Kansas, formerly of this District, conveying the sad intelligence of the death of James Rhodes of Edgefield. He was killed by the Abolitionists. A large and well organized band of Lane's Myrmadons had infested the vicinity of Fort Scott, murdering men, women and children, wherever found in a defenseless situation. The citizens generally armed to arrest their progress. On their way to Osago, the Head-Quarters of the enemy, they encountered five armed men supposed to be spies, who they took prisoners and carried to Fort Scott and put under guard. They then returned to Osago where they met the main body—a fight ensued, several were severely wounded, among whom was Dr. G. P. Hamilton and B. Brantly, Jr., of Georgia. They however succeeded in driving them as far as "Sugar Mound," a distance of thirty miles. When they again returned to the Fort. Shortly after Rhodes started to his home at a Steam Mill, seven miles West of Fort Scott, and on his way thither was waylaid and killed by a band of Abolitionists—and they too had been his co-laborers at the Mill. Rhodes had been the engineer of the Mill for the past year.

Poor Rhodes! I knew him well, and a truer or braver man never went to Kansas. He was among the first who went from Edgefield. In peace and in war he nobly done his duty. In 1856, he, together with a few others of us, made a tour of five hundred miles into the country of the Camanche Indians. Shortly after we started he was attacked with Typhoid fever, which continued with little hope of recovery for fifty-five days. He never murmered nor complained. Returning again to the settled portion of Kansas just at the time when hostilities commenced between the pro-slavery and Abolition parties, but yet weak and feeble, and determined to do his duty, he shouldered his gun and went into the service and done his duty like a man; and when peace was again restored, he, (as soon as he could get employment) went to work and earned an honest living.

Had a majority of those who went to Kansas done their duty as did James Rhodes, Government troops would not now be required to keep peace and enforce the laws in that distracted country. Peace be to his ashes, and may the Lord rest his soul in eternal happiness. Yours Truly, G. W. J.

A Model Father.—The Detroit Tribune says that the insurance companies refuse to pay the $27,000 for which the life of Mr. Holden was insured, who was so mysteriously killed at Ann Harbor, Michigan, in July last. The ball which was taken from his body exactly fits the pistol which was found a short time since in a marsh a short distance from where Mr. Holden's body was discovered. The insurance companies contend that Mr. Holden committed suicide *to benefit his family.*

HYMENIAL.

Married, on the 7th inst., by Rev. D. D. Brunson Mr. G. Seigler and Miss Martha Zimmerman, all of this District.

OBITUARY.

Died, at his residence in this District, on the 5th of December last, Albert T. Traylor, Esq., aged fifty five years and three days.

☞ Richmond Virginia papers please copy.

William Henry, infant son of John and Margaret Dorn, died Jan. 5th 1858, aged nearly seven months. He was a very tender tie, which has been taken from the embrace of his parents in order, no doubt, to bind their affections to Heaven. They have now a pearl there which they had not before.

"Death may the bonds of life unloose,
But can't dissolve my love;
Millions of infant sons compose,
The family above."

J. P. B.

COMMERCIAL.

HAMBURG, Jan. 18.

Cotton.—Our Cotton Market is quite buoyant, and prices continue to advance, within the past week the advance has been ⅜c. We quote now 9 to 10 cts. per lb. and we are informed by one of the most extensive buyers here, that a *strictly* choice lot will bring 10½.

Stock on hand light. Receipts "*Ditto.*"

The decrease in the Receipts of Cotton at all the ports up to the 1st January, are 512,949 bales. K.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 16.—*Cotton*—There was a very lively demand to-day, and all offering at the rate of 10¼ for Middling Fair, readily found buyers. The sales reached near 600 bales. The market is firm, but without change in prices since yesterday.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 15.—*Cotton*—The transactions to-day reached upwards of 1000 bales, and prices, under the *North American's* advices, were more stringent than they were previous to her arrival. The market closed with Middling Fair at 10½.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—Flour $3 75; Whiskey 15; Hogs dull, $3 75 @ $4 20; Mess Pork $11 50; Lard 7½ @ 7⅞; bulk meats lower; Oats 35; Barley 50 @ 62; Wheat 70 @ 80.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 12.—Bacon, new, 9 @ 10; Butter, country, 15 @ 20; Beef, fat, on foot, 4 @ 5; Corn 35 @ 40; Flour plenty—Superfine $2 50 @ 2 75; Family $3 25 @ 3 50; Feathers, 35 @ 40; Lard, 10 @ 12; Meal, 40 @ 50; Pork, nett, in demand, $6 @ 6 50; Wheat, 60 @ 70

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—*Cotton*—Sales 3,500 bales, at 9¼. Supplies limited.

Sugar still lower; fully fair 4⅜ @ 4⅝. Mess Pork 13⅝ cents.

NOTICE.

My terms for selling METALIC BURIAL CASES is *Cash*, but should the cash not accompany the order, interest will be charged from the day of delivery. JOHN M. WITT.

N. B.—Wood Coffins will be sold as formerly.

Jan 20 tf 2

WHAT, OR WHICH IS THE BEST, VERMIFUGE OR WORM DESTROYER?

☞ Is a question daily and hourly asked by parents, anxious for the health of their children. All who are at all acquainted with the article, will immediately answer,

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

It has never been known to fail, and is one of the safest remedies that can be used. A friend of ours lately handed us the following statement in reference to this Vermifuge:

New York, September 25, 1852.

Gentlemen—A young lady of my acquaintance had been for a long time very much troubled with worms. I advised her to try Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. She accordingly purchased and took one vial, which caused her to discharge an unusual large quantity of worms. She was immediately relieved of all the dreadful symptoms accompanying this disease, and rapidly recovered her usual health. The young lady does not wish her name mentioned: her residence, however, is 320 Fifth street, and she refers to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan place.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Liver Pills in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

38 FLEMING BROS.

STEAM MILL.

After Monday 18th inst., Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of every week, will be assigned for *Sawing Lumber;* and Thursday, Friday and Saturday, for Grinding Wheat and Corn. Customers are requested to keep standing turns at the Mill, which will be a convenience to all concerned.

R. T. MIMS.

Jan. 13 tf 1

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE

BROOM & NORRELL, Augusta, Ga., will deliver in Augusta and Hamburg all goods bought of