The Advertiser.

EDGEFIELD, S. C.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1851.

☞ THE Communication of "N. P. W." on the query we suggested, arrived after the decision was made. It it an excellent view of the question and we claim it for publication. An attentive perusal is invited to this, and the other communications found on our first page.

CORRECTION.

WE take pleasure in making the following corrections in the poem published last week, signed "STELLA." In verse ninth, "Hast thou even," read "*Hast thou ever.*" In verse fourteenth, for "Faith thy helmet," read "*Truth* thy helmet."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE call particular attention to the Advertisements of Messrs. AGNEW, FISHER & Co., of Newberry, S. C., and JOHN P. SETZE, WILLIAM H. CRANE, COSGROVE & BRENNAN, SNOWDEN & SHEAR, and DUNHAM & BLAKELY, of Augusta, Ga. These gentlemen have on hand large supplies of rich and beautiful new Goods, which they will sell at moderate rates and on accommodating terms. Our friends visiting Augusta and Newberry, will do well to call upon them.

OUR APOLOGY AGAIN.

WE must beg indulgence of our readers for the meagerness of editorial matter in the present number. Our Editor is absent on a visit to Columbia. We hope that his report to us, of the sayings and doings of our Legislature, and of the big and little men generally, who are now congregated at our seat of Government, will amply compensate for the lack of editorial articles during this week. We expect to receive from him weekly, a full account of legislative proceedings, and of other matters of interest. We here take occasion to say, to our Delegation or other friends, now in attendance on the Session of the Legislature, that, we would be much pleased to hear from them. Certain, we are, that our readers generally, would be more entertained with reading their brief sketches of the proceedings of our law-makers, than puring over long columns of extracts, from the Journals of the Houses of Assembly, and after all their trouble, obtain a very imperfect idea of what has actually been done, or is in progress. However, if we do not receive from our correspondent, weekly, full accounts of what is transpiring, we will endeavor to supply our readers from the Journals.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE are requested state that the annual Meeting of the Teacher's Association will be held in Columbia on the first Wednesday of December.

BISHOP GADSDEN.

ACCORDING to appointment, the Right Reverend Christopher GADSDEN, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in South Carolina, held a confirmation in Trinity Church, in this town, on Sunday the 22d instant. The occasion was one of interest, and many availed themselves of it in being present. Besides, the Rector, several other clergymen attended and assisted in divine service.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

FRIDAY, the 21st instant, was observed as a day of thanksgiving, humiliation and prayer, in conformity with the proclamation of His Excellency the Governor. Divine service in the forenoon, and a number of the citizens and the congregation were in attendance. The Reverend Mr. GRAHAM, Rector, officiated on the occasion. He delivered an earnest and feeling discourse, and one highly suited to the day. In consequence of the absence of the Pastors of the other Churches, they were not opened for religious service.

INCLEMENT WEATHER.

DURING the present month we have had much unpleasant weather. This, it would seem, is a "set off" for the long fine spell which we had in the early part of the fall. For about a week past, the weather has been particularly disagreeable. On Thursday, last, the temperature was quite cold, and so continued till Monday night, at which time, about 8 o'clock, rain commenced falling and never ceased entirely till 10 o'clock next day. With the sample of winter which we have had, we are perfectly satisfied.

We hope that old Boreas will not blow again soon, such rude blasts as he has recently. If he does, we will be forced to enter a protest. But come what will, we must be content, and be glad that things are no worse.

FAIR OF THE MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE.

THIS annual exhibition of Southern art and industry, opened in Charleston on Tuesday night, the 18th instant. A large number of persons were in attendance, among whom were several from our district. Numerous specimens of mechanical ingenuity, natural production, useful and ornamental art were exhibited, all showing considerable progress.

Among the beautiful works of art, one stood proudly eminent, and attracted the admiring gaze of all beholders. This was the celebrated statue of Eve, by our countryman POWERS, kindly loaned for the occasion, by JOHN S. PRESTON, Esq. There were also, two very pretty Cameos, cut from the ordinary conch shell, found on the beach near Charleston, and executed by a lady of that city. We would cheerfully call attention to other articles well worthy of it, if our limits would permit, but we must refer our readers for a full account to the Charleston papers. This is the third fair of the Mechanic's Institute, which has been held in Charleston.

Such exhibitions of industry and art are attended with much good, and we hope that they will long be encouraged and patronized in our State.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—Quite a sad accident occurred on the Columbia branch of the South Carolina Railroad this morning. As the passenger train for Charleston was passing Hampton's bridge, about five miles below Columbia, Mr Charles Muligan, engaged as assistant conductor or the cars, whilst adjusting a rope attached to the bell, was knocked off against the bridge and fell across the track, the wheels passing over his legs, which crushed them in a horrible manner. He was immediately conveyed back to Columbia, to receive medical attention, and we regret to learn that his attending physician Dr. R. W. Gibbs, found it necessary to amputate both his legs. Dr. Gibbs was assisted in the operation by Drs. Thompson and Boatwright. The injuries resulting from this sad accident are of so serious a nature as to render it doubtful as to his recovery.—State-Rights Republican Thursday Nov. 20.

It is currently rumored in Washington that Mr. Webster is soon to retire from the Cabinet, that Mr. Critteuden, the present Attorney General, is to take Mr. Webster's place as Secretary of State, and that Rufus Choate is to be Attorney General.

The Legislature.

Both Houses assembled yesterday at 12 o'clock.

The Senators elect from Richland, All Saints, Orange, and Williamsburg appeared and were qualified.

In the Senate Mr. Quattlebaum announced, in some very feeling remarks, the death of Mr. Felder, late Senator from Orange, and offered the customary resolutions; after which the Senate adjourned.

In the House, after being organized, members elect from Abbeville, Edgefield, and Pendleton appeared, and were qualified.

Mr. Preston presented a petition praying for a recharter of the Commercial Bank of Columbia, and gave notice that he would ask leave to introduce a bill for that purpose.

Mr. Abney gave notice that he would ask leave to introduce a bill to prevent the introduction of slaves into this State.

Mr. Poppenheim gave notice that on Thursday next he would introduce a bill to prevent the citizens of any State, where the execution of the fugitive slave law was obstructed, from using the courts of this State for the collection of debts or the enforcement of any contract.

Sundry petitions and presentments and notices of bills were offered.

The reporters of the South Carolinian, Edgefield Advertiser, and Charleston Courier were allowed seats on the floor of the House.

In both Houses the usual committees were appointed to wait upon his Excellency the Governor, and reported that he would communicate with both Houses to-day at one o'clock.—Carolinian, 25th inst.

The Difficulty with Spain &c.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.

The Spanish Minister dined with Mr. Webster at Washington yesterday. The difficulty has been amicably settled, and the prisoners now in Spanish custody are to be released.

A very serious and melancholy accident occurred in a school house in New York city. During an alarm of fire, the children in their fright, made a rush for the steps in order to descend into the street, when the banisters attached to the staircase in the third story gave way, and precipitated one hundred and twenty of them down an area of thirty feet. Forty-eight were taken out dead, and seventy wounded, many of them mortally—several of whom are reported to be dead to-day. There were over eighteen hundred children in the school.

MR. THRASHER CONDEMNED.—The Isabe from Havana brings news that Mr. Thrasher has been tried by a jury of six, and convicted of treason, and sentenced to eight years' labor in the chain-gang, in the quicksilver mines. We are informed that Mr. Thrasher, having established a newspaper in Havana, had taken certain oaths to the Spanish Government, which are, we believe, necessary to be taken by foreigners, prior to permission being granted to them to engage in business there, and that consequently he was regarded as a Spanish subject, and tried according to the laws of Spain.

Mr. Owens, it is stated, attended the session of the court, which consisted of a president and six members—three of whom were for garoting and three for imprisoning Mr. Thrasher, but the casting voice of the president decided in favor of imprisonment.

The Courier has heard, likewise, a rumor, the authenticity of which, however, we do not vouch for, to the effect that Mr. Owen was not tendered a seat, but was kept stand-

PROGRESS OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURES.—The New York Dry Goods Reporter, after, noticing the production of prints, after the style of high priced French goods, observes:

One after another the manufacturers of Europe are obliged to retire from the field, leaving American producers to supply American consumers. First we obtained the market for brown cottons, and the production of of bleached goods followed as a natural consequence. We then attempted prints. The victory on the goods is within our grasp already. Importer after importation of the British article. We next attempted the cassimere fabric, and have reduced the inportation so low, that none beside those engaged in supplying tailors can import them to advantage, and even they dare not repeat an order. The shawl making was believed by Sammuel Lawrence, Esq., to be a business that could be profitably carried on among ourselves. The correctness of his judgment is attested by those noble structures, the Bay State Mills and those beatiful fabrics now exhibiting in the fair of the American Institute. Last though not least, came the manufactures of de laines and cashmeres. We have not as yet succeeded in closing the market against the imported article, but we have succeeded in commanding a full share of the attention of purchaser, and ere another year rolls its round, the foreign producer will find that to maintain the volume of his sales he must reduce the cost of production.

THE "oldest inhabitant" in Vermont, as we learn by the census returns, is a black man, a native of Martinique, and now a resident of Pomfret. His name is Peter Nassau, and his age one hundred and twenty years. The oldest inhabitant in Massachusetts is also a negro residing in Marshpee. There is no record of his birth, but from the best date that can be attained, he is one hundred and sixteen years old. He was once a slave, and is a native of New York. He has always said that his mistress told him he was twenty-one years of age the first year of the French War in 1757. He is now blind and has not been able to do much work for the past forty years. The oldest inhabitant of Georgia, is a white woman, living in Clark County. She is one hundred and thirty years old and has living within a mile of her, grand-children to the sixth generation. In Louisiana there is a negro slave, living in the First Municipality of New Orleans, one hundred and forty years of age. He appears dried and shrivelled up as if all blood had ceased to circulate. In Florida the oldest inhabitant is Dolly, a negro woman belonging to Dr. H. D. Holland, of Jacksonville, Florida, aged one hundred and sixteen. She was a cook for some years during the revolutionary war, and has not lost her skill as a gastronomer.

THE corporation of the city of Louisville, Kentucky, has on several occasions forwarded railroad enterprises by subscriptions to the stocks. The municipal body has adopted a novel plan to interest the owners of property in the improvements. A tax has been levied on all the real estate in the city called the railroad tax, and each tax payer is entitled to Railroad stock to the amount of Railroad tax which he pays annually. In this way all participate equally, and the stock becomes private property.

WESTERN PORK TRADE.—At Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis, the pork trade continues dull, as buyers continue to refuse to meet the views of holders. In Shelby county, Kentucky, 30,000 head have been fattened, and so far, only 8,000 sold.

ITEMS BY THE GEORGIA.—MR. THRASHER.—The steamer Georgia at New York, from Havana, brings a confirmation of the trial, and sentence of Mr. John T. Thrasher. He was tried and found guilty of treason, and sentenced to eight years in the chain gang. He is to be sent to Spain. He is in good spirits, and anticipates a reversal of his sentence. Mr. Owen, the American Consul, was present during the trial, and has been using his endeavors to obtain Mr. T's release from the Captain General; but his labors were without effect.

The riot at Chagres had resulted in the death of 20 or 30 Mexicans, and a much larger number of blacks, numbering about 100 in all. The fight was still going on with desperation when the steamer left Chagres. being between the Mexicans and blacks who are not natives, but St. Domingians, Jamaicans, and Carthagenians.—Charleston Evening News.

OUR CITY.—There are but few cities in the Union more rapidly improving than Charleston. For the last two years a house has hardly ever been two days without a tenant, and although they are built as fast as the materials can be procured, still a number is wanted, and very many families are compelled to board out. Often when there is even nothing unusual to attract visitors, our Hotels are overcrowded. Property is daily enhancing in value, and places for a long time unsaleable, are now anxiously inquired for.

With such a state of things at present, what may we expect when the Charlotteville, Wilmington and Greenville Railroads are completed, without alluding to those progressing in the West?

Besides all this, it is a remarkable fact, that when a city gets a population of fifty to sixty thousand inhabitants, it makes resources within itself. We have an abundance of capital, and superadded to all the prospects we refer to, our citizens have been aroused at last to the importance of its investment in constructing facilities for foreign commerce.

Our contiguous country, too, shares in this revival. Farms and plantations that have for years been unappropriated, have recently been purchased and put into cultivation.—Charleston Mercury.

LAMENTABLE ACCIDENT.—We learn that Captain B. Hail, residing near Swift Creek, Kershaw District, got severely, if not mortally wounded, on last Tuesday, whilst out hunting. Meeting with a Mr. Saunders, who was also hunting, the latter was changing his gun in his hands for the purpose of shaking hands with Capt. H. when the barrel of Mr. S's piece, the pins having fallen out, became detached, and, in falling, discharged the contents, the load entering his friend's body in the region of the groin. The physicians at the latest accounts could not give an opinion as to whether the wound would be mortal or not.—Columbia Carolinian.

COTTON STILL MOVING.—Our great staple continues to move off quite freely, and according to our daily commercial reports the sales of the past fortnight have been over sixty thosand bales, the bulk of which is for shipment to England and France What is more remarkable, too, the recent unfavorable advices from Europe, by the Canada and Baltic, produced no effect upon prices, which indeed are an eighth to a quarter of a cent higher in this market than they were two weeks since. This is certainly encouraging, especially in view of the exaggerated estimates of the crop, now coming to market.—New Orleans Delta, 17th inst.

THE MEXICAN TARIFF.—The Mexican government has re-established the law which provides that all foreign articles imported into Mexico, shall pay a duty of eight per cent. The articles are at no other time to be subject to any state or national impost. The gen ral government, and the State in which the impost shall be paid, equally share the proceeds between them, and other States shall be credited duly with their share. The law is to take effect in four months from the 6th October.

AMERICAN WINE.—The cultivation of the grape carried on extensively in the neighborhood of Cincinnati, and it is supposed that not less than one thousand acres are devoted to this purpose. A correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser states that in one wine cellar which he visited in Cincinnati, he saw 75,000 bottles of sparkling Catawba, and about 40,000 gallons of wine in casks, varying from 40 to 5,000 gallons in each.

NOVEL SALUTE.—In recent papers received from China, it is said that the Brttish men of war Cleopatra and Lily fired, at noon, on the last 4th of July, a salute of twenty-one guns each, with the "stars and stripes at the fore, in honor of the anniversary of our national independence. The "China Friend," speaking of the event, says it is the first time such a thing was ever done by any British vessel in Chinese waters.

FIRE.—An alarm of fire was given yesterday morning about 4 o'clock. The fire was found to be in a kitchen attached to a small house belonging to Mr. John S. Rawls, on Camden street. The building was consumed.—Carolinian, 25th inst.

SINE DIE.—In a neighboring county, the Democrats had for over twenty years been in the habit of holding their county nominating conventions at the house of a staunch old Democrat, Mr. G——

He happened on a recent occasion for the first time, to be in when they had finished their business, and heard a little delegate from R——move that "this convention do now adjourn *sine die.*"

"Sine die," said Mr. G——to a person standing near, "where is that?"

"W'y—that's 'way up in the northern part of the county," said his neighbor.

"Hold on, if you please, Mr. Cheerman," said G——, with great earnestness and emphasis, "hold on, sir. I'd like to be heard on that question. I have kept a public house now for mor'n twenty years. I'm a poor man. I've always been a Democrat, and never split my ticket in my life. This is the most central location in the county, and it's where we've *allers* held our causes. I've never had, or asked an office, and have worked night and day for the party, and now I think, sir, it's mean, it's comtemptible to go to adjourning this convention *way up to sine die.*"—Spirit of the Times.

A NOBLE BOY.—A boy was once tempted, by some of his companions, to pluck ripe cherries from a tree which his father forbidden him to touch.

"You need not be afraid," said one of them; "for if your father should find out that you had them, he is so very kind that he would not hurt you."

"That is the very reason," replied the boy, "why he would not hurt me, yet my disobedience, I know, would hurt my father, and that would be worse to me than anything else."

A boy who grows up with such principles, would be a man in the best sense of the word. It betokens a regard for rectitude and firmness that would render him trust worthy under every trial.

HYMENIAL.

MARRIED, on Tuesday evening, 25th inst., at this place, by the Rev. Mr. Graham, Mr. A. M. PERRIN, and Miss EMILY, daughter of the late Col. P. M. Butler, all of this District.

SHERIFF'S SALE,

UNDER TAX EXECUTIONS ISSUED BY S. B. MAYS, T. C.,

Against Free Negroes.

S. B. MAYS, T. C., vs. Ansabel Williams, a free woman of color.

S. B. Mays, T. C., vs. Sam Williams, a free man of color.

S. B. Mays, T. C., vs Elbertson Dun, a free man of color.

S. B. Mays, T. C., vs. John Dun, a free man of color.

BY Virtue of Sundry Tax Executions from S. B. Mays, and by the written consent of the above Defendants, I shall proceed to sell at Edgefield Court House on the First Monday in December next, the services of the above named Defendants, for a term of months sufficient to pay the amounts of Tax and Costs, against the said Defendants.

S. CHRISTIE, S. E. D.

Nov 22. 1851. 2te 45

Notice.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, on the 15th of April last, one OX, low in height, heavy built, red and white colored, with both horns sawed off

Also, a good Saddle was taken from my Harness Room, the first Saturday or Sunday night of this month. Any information of either, will be thankfully received.

JOHN KIRKSEY.

Pottersville, Nov. 27 2t 45

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Elizabeth Carter, dec'd., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands against said Estate will present them properly attested.

A. J. RAMBO, Adm'r.

August 7 6m* 29

The State of South Carolina. Laurens District.

IN EQUITY.

O. E. Edwards and others, vs. Mrs. Mary S. Gary and others. } Bill for Partition of Lands.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity in the above case, will be sold at Belfast, Laurens District, on the 18th day of December next,

Three Valuable Cotton Farms,

Lying on both sides of the line of Laurens and Newberry Districts, to wit:

Tract No. 1, containing 755 acres, known as the

Belfast Place,

Situated on the public road leading from Laurens C. H. to Newberry C. H., *via* Milton. On the premises is an elegant, well finished,

Two Story Brick Dwelling,

Brick Kitchen, Framed Negro Houses, and all necessary out-buildings. Said place is well watered, containing about 300 acres of the Finest Wood-Lands in Laurens District. The whole Tract is under a high state of cultivation, in good repair, and well adapted to the growth of Grain and Cotton.

Tract No. 2, containing 580 acres, known as the

Plantation Place,

Situated in three miles of the Laurens Railroad, on both sides the old 96 Road. Said place is second to none in the District for farming purposes, embracing between 200 and 300 acres of the

Very Best Woodlands.

On the premises is a good Framed Dwelling House, and all other buildings suited to the demands of the farmer, a good Gin House and Cotton Screw. The place is well watered and in good repair.

Tract No. 3, adjoining the last mentioned Tract, containing 722 acres, on both sides the 96 Road, two miles from the Laurens Railroad. About one half of said Tract is in the woods, a large body of which is

Well Timbered Bottom Land.

On said place is a very good Framed Dwelling House, and several springs of excellent water.

Persons wishing to purchase will be shown the Belfast Tract by Mr. Brooks, and Tracts No. 2 and 3 by Mr. Jas. Martin, both of whom will be found on the premises at any time.

TERMS:

Said Lands will be sold on a credit of one, two and three years, in equal instalments from the day of sale, and bearing interest from that day, payable annually. Purchasers to give bonds with sufficient sureties, and pay on the day of sale the costs of this suit and for papers. B. R. CAMPBELL, C.E.L.D.

Commissioner's Office, Nov. 7, 1851.

Negroes and Cotton.

THE Administrators of the Estate of Dr. C. F. Gary, deceased, will sell on the same day, (18th December,) and days following, at Belfast, all the personal property of the said deceased, consisting of

70 Young and Likely Negroes.

Among them are Carriage Drivers, Wagoners, Blacksmiths, Ditchers, Weavers, Washers, Ironers, Seamstresses, &c. &c.

175 Bales of Cotton,

Stock of all sorts—Horses, Mules, Oxen, Cows, Sheep and Hogs; Wagons, Carts, Carriage and Buggy; two Cotton Gins, Wheat Fan, &c.; set Blacksmith Tools, Farming Tools; Flour, Corn, Fodder, &c.; lot Medicines and Medical Books; Household and Kitchen Furniture of every description.

Terms made known on day of sale.

A. P. MAKTIN, O. E. EDWARDS, } Administrators.

Nov. 27 4t 45

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN ORDINARY.

BY JOHN HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District:

Whereas Jackson Holmes has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits of Gabriel Holmes, late of the District aforesaid, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield Court House on the 8th day of December next, to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this the 24th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and in the 76th year of American Independence.

JOHN HILL, O. E. D.

Nov 27 2t 45

Wanted,

BY the Subscriber, a Negro Boy for an Apprentice at the Shoe making business.

J. D. TIBBETTS.

Nov 20 tf 44