W. C. MORAGNE, Editor.

EDGEFIELD, S. C., AUGUST 14, 1850.

As o'er life's road we travel; Or pausing for a moment to Some mystery unravel:

The better way's to go ahead-Let Fortune miss or find us, And never cast a glance upon The ills we leave behind us. When sickness and sore toes combine

To make us sad and weary, bught to keep our spirits up, think that life is dreary : east at once from off our souls The chains of grief that binds us, od bid a last farewell unto The ills we leave behind us.

This world bath pleasure for us all, As well as care of desorrow, And though the skies may weep to-day, They may wipe up to morrow; Then why should we let present woes Of former ones remind us?

They're past—they're gone—so let's forget
The ills we leave behind us. Then let old Time remove the stones Where all our griefs are covered, And frighten Memory's bird away, Which o'er them long has hovered; For when within his fatal net Grin Death has once entwined us, Well cease to think of present joys

THE MURDERER.

A THRILLING TALE.

id ills we leave behind us.

A little more than fifty years ago, a man by the name of Henry Thompson called at the house of Mr. John Smith, a resident in a retired part of England, and requested a night's lodging. The request was eadily granted, and the stranger, having taken some refreshment, retired early to bed, requesting that he might be awakened at an early hour the following morning.

When the servant appointed to call him entered the room for that purpose, he was found in his bed, perfectly dead.

On examining his body, no marks of violence appeared, but his countenance looked extremely natural. The story of his death soon spread

among the neighbors, and inquiries were made who he was, and by what means he came to his death.

Nothing certain, however, was known. He had arrived on horseback, and was assing through a neighboring village about an hour before he reached the house where he came to his end. And then, as to the manner of his death, so litfle could be discovered, that the jury which was summoned to investigate the cause, returned a verdict that he died " by a visitation of God. When this was done. the stranger was buried.

d weeks passed on, and little known. The public mind. us pot at rest. Suspicions exnieans had linstened the tranger's death; Whispers to that effect expressed, and in the hearts of any, Smith was considered as guilty. The former character of Smith had not been good. He had lived a loose and irregular life, involving himself in debt

the prisoner went on with his state
The prisoner went on with his prisoner was and kissed his the prisoner went was and kissed his the prisoner and with an improved character. Leformer life, however, was not remaindered, and suspicion, after all, fastened upon

At the expiration of two months, a gentleman one day stopped in the place for the purpose of making inquiry respecting the stranger who had been found dead in his bed. He supposed himself to be a brother of the man. The horse and clothes of the unfortunate man still remained, and were immediately known as having belonged to his brother. The body, also, changed, bore a strong resemblance to

He now felt authorized to ascertain, if said. possible, the manner of his death. He To this succeeded her cross-examina-

the wilful murder of Henry Thompson. then on the bench. He charged the obstruction? There was no door-noth-Grand Jury to be cautious as to the find- ing in the room which could account for ing a bill against the prisoner. The evi- this. Yet the witness was positive that dence of his guilt, if guilty, might be something like a door, did, for a moment, small. At a future time it might be grea- come between the window and the canter-more information might be obtained. dle. This needed explanation. The house-Should the jury now find a bill against keeper was the only person that could him, and should he be acquitted, he could give it. Designing to probe this matter, not be molested again, whatever testimo- in the end, to the bottom, but not wishing ny should rise up against him. The grand to excite her alarm he began by asking jury however, did find a bill, but it was by a majority of only one.

At length the time of trial arrived. Smith was brought into court, and placed at the bar. A great crowd thronged the room, eager and anxious to see the prisoner, and to hear the trial. He himself twice while it stood there?" appeared firm and collected. Nothing in | She made no reply. his manner or appearance indicated guilt;

THE ILLS WE LEFT BEHIND US. | the clerk-"Are you guilty?" he answer- | the medicine out of the closet, did he shut ed with an unfaultering tongue, and with the door, or did it remain open?" a countenance perfectly unchanged,-

> The counsel for the prosecution now opened the case. But it was apparent that he had little expectation of being able to prove the prisoner guilty. He sta- time?" ted to the jury that the case was involved in great mystery. The prisoner was a man of respectability and of property. The deceased was supposed to have had about him gold and jewels to a large amount; but the prisoner was not so much in want of funds, as to be under a strong temptation to commit murder. And besides, if the prisoner had obtained the property, he had effectually concealed it. Not a trace of it could be found.

Why, then, was the prisoner suspected ? He would state the grounds of suspicion. The deceased, Henry Thompson, was a jeweler, reiding in London, and a man of wealth. He had left London for the purpose of meeting a trader at Hull, of whom he expected to make a large chase. That trader be did meet; and after the departure of the latter, Mr.

Thompson was known to have had in his possession gold and jewels to a large With those in his possession, he left

Hall on his return to London. It was color; he appeared a living image of death. arranged the bed the shild was to occupy, mate effects. Heretofore, threats of disnot known that he stopped until he reached Smith's, and the next morning was discovered dead in his bed. He died, natural way, it would increase his suspicion, that the prisoner was in some way connected with the murder.

The counsel for the prosecution concladed what he had to say. During his agitated or distressed -and equally unmoved was he while the witnessed testi-fied in substance what the opening speech swering to our State's attorney) left the 'The father sat down by his side, and

soner rose and addressed the court. He said he had been accused of a foul crime, and the jury had said that there was not when the judge resumed his seat upon mother. Where was she now! How sufficient evidence against him. Did the bench. The prisoner was against jury mean that there was any rifence at the bar, and the housekeen against him? Was to go out of court in and led to the bar. The court with and the was unwilling to do. He lence pervaded the place. was an innocent man, and if the judge | The cross-examining counsel again ad-

would grant him the opportunity he would dressed the housekeeper. prove it. He would call his housekeeper, would now make. The housekeeper had not appeared in

court. She had concealed herself, or had been concealed by him. But he himself now offered to bring her forward, and stated as the reason, not that he was unwilling that she could testify, but knowing the excitement, he was fearful that she by his extravagances, and, at length, being suspected of having obtained money late all the circumstances he knew—she a watch, two money late all the circumstances he knew—she a watch, two money have been a watch watch a watch watch have been a watch watch watch watch watch have been a watch watc might be bribed to give testimony contra-

ment. He said he wished to go out of court relieved from the suspicions which were resting upon him. As to the poison, by means of which the stranger was what he said.

The housekeeper was now introduced, and examined by the counsel for the priwas taken up, and though considerably soner. She had not heard any part of the statement of Smith, nor a single word of the trial. Her story confirmed all he

proceeded, therefore, to investigate the tion by the counsel for the prosecution. circumstances as well as he was able. At One circumstance had made a deep imlength he made known to the magistrate pression on his mind-this was, that while of the district the information he had col. the prisoner and the housekeeper were in lected; and upon the strength of this, the room of the former, something like a Smith was taken to jail to be tried for door had obstructed the light of the candle, so that the witness testified to the The celebrated Lord Mansfield was fact, but could not see it .- What was the her a few unimportant questions, and among others, where the candle stood

while she was in Mr. Smith's room. " In the centre of the room," she replied " Well, and was the closet or emploard. or whatever you call it, opened once or

"I will help your recollection," said the

" He shut it." "And when he replaced the bottle in the closet, he opened it again, did he?"

" He did." "And how long was it open the last

" Not above a minute." "Well, and when open, would the door be between the light and the window?"

"I forget," said the counsel, " whether you said the closet was on the right or left hand side of the window." "On the left hand side."

"Would the door of the closet make any noise in opening?" " None." "Are you certain?" "Tam."

"Have you ever opened i only seen Mr. Smith open it?" "I never opened it myself." " Did you ever keep the key?"

"Mr. Smith always."

At this moment, the housekeeper chanced to cast her ayes lowards Smith, the prisoner. His countenance very suddenly few feet of where we were seated, and changed. A cold, damp sweat stood upon began preparations for going to bed. I Buren school, in their schemes of agitahis brow, and his face find lost all its watched them. The father adjusted and tion, are beginning to produce their legiti-

ed and fainted. The consequence of her fellow was undressing himself. Having from those whose obscurity or secondary answers flashed across her mind. She finished this, his father tied a handkerchief position, rendered what they said of little then, in Smith's house; and if it could be shown that he came to his death in an unmanner of the advocate, and by the little which looked as if the sun-light from his ligh distinction for morality and long importance he had seemed to attach to young, happy heart always rested there. public service in the councils of his State her statements, that she had been led on This done, I looked for him to seek his by one question to another, till she had resting place; but, instead of this, he quitold him all he wanted to know.

address, Smith appeared in no wise to be court, and a physician, who was present, like and simple, resting his arms on the ern States, that a dissolution of the Union. was requested to attend to her. At this lower berth, against which he knelt, he of the counsel led the court and the jury court, but no one knew for what purpose. waited the conclusion, If was, for a

At this moment, when they were about adjourned the court we hours. The pritorender a verdiet of acquittal, the prisoner, in the scantime, was remanded to

"I have but a few more questions

who would confirm a statement which he ask you," said he; "take weed how you his evening prayer, whether Catholic or with a geographical division of parties, answer, for your life hangs upon a thread. Do you know this stopper

wrongfully, he suddenly fled from the might, then, be called and be examined, and nocket had might, then, be called and be examined, and nocket had be to be might, then, be called and be examined, and nocket had be prayer, and prayer.

When the testimony does not confirm the might according to the heeded, prayer.

When the testimony does not confirm the might according to the heeded, prayer.

room for doubt, a bottle was discovered, which the medical men instantly proson which had caused the death of the unfortunate Thompson. The result was too obvious to need explanation.

It searcely need be added, that Smith was convicted and executed, and brought to this awful punishment by his own means. Had he said nothing-had he not persisted in calling a witness to prove his innocence, be might have escaped. ruin, as a just reward of his aw-

soon see the result."

"Every one for himself," as the jackass and when the question was put to him by counsel. "After Mr. Smith had taken said when dancing among the chickens:

A few weeks since, in coming down the North River, I was seated in the cabin of the magnificent steamer "Isaac Newton," in conversation with some friends. Rher's speech, we rejoice to find one it was becoming late in the evening, and one after another, seeking repose from truth, and the whole truth to his readers. the cares and toils of the day, made preparations to retire to their berths. Some, pulling off their boots and coats, lay themselves down to rest others, in the attempt to make it seem as much like home as possible, threw of more of their clothing-each one as this comforts or apprehensions of danger dictated.

I had noticed on deck a fine looking boy, of about six years of age, following around a man evidently his father, whose appearance indicated him to be a foreigneer, probably a German—a man of medium height, and respectable dress. The child was unusually fair, and fine looking, handsomely featured, with an intelligent and affectionate expression of by no means surprised us. South Carocountenance; and from under his Ger. line has been always first and foremost man cap, fell chesnut hair, in thick clusters among the Southern States in resisting tering curls.

Presently, the physician came into the child, a long prayer, but well understood. no furt er consideration than Lord Mansfield now addressed the jury.

He told them that, in his epinion, the evidence was not sufficient to condemn the prisoner, and if the jury agreed with him is opinion, the court, and stated that it would be impossible for the housekeeper to resume her seat in the box short of an hour or two.

It was almost typic in the day. Lord Without leaving their seats, the jury agreed that the evidence was not sufficient.

Without leaving their seats, the jury agreed with the world like agreed that the evidence was not sufficient.

There we men around him of masses or sections. There we men around him of masses or sections. There we men around him of masses or sections. There we men around him of masses or sections. There we men around him of masses or sections. There we have allued to the project to which the second of large masses of his masses of his masses of his masses of his project to which we have allued to the project to which we have allued to the project to which we have allued to the project to which the wind the project to which the wind the form their furthsize men and drove all the form their furthsize men all the count which the wind the project to the form their furthsize men all the count which the wind the project to the form the form the form the form their furthsize men all the count which the wind the for

in to lisp his prayers? ing indevotion before his Maker.

salaon-a mother and stwo sons, with voice and harp, and trant, but no one jug politicians who have kindled the flames

A few words will bring this tale to its ferred it till morning. When morning institutions, protected, as they are, by the close. The court-house and the house came, the confusion of landing prevented Constitution, to execution and abuse. where the nurder had been committed me from seeing them again. But, if ever was about nine miles distant. The soli- I meet that boy in his happy youth, in his ever subtle, disguised and indirect, have said to have died, he knew neither the tor, as soon as the cross-examination of anxious membood, in his declining years, all a fatal tendency to produce disusion. name of it, or even the existence of it, the housekeeper had discovered the exist- I'll thank him for the influence and exuntil made known by the counsel. He ence of the closet and its situation, had could call God to witness the truth of set off on horseback, with two sherids' the name of the marker that taught him. open or avowed dismion sentiments.—

officers, and after pulling down a part of Searcely any passing incidents of my Disunion is not to be brought about by or the wall of the house, had detected this life over made a deeper impression on my ators or statesmen, who boldly avow then important place of concealment. Their mind. I went to my room, and thanked designs and invite the country to the dissearch was well rewarded; the whole of God that I had witnessed it, and for its cussion of the justice of their complaints. the property belonging to Mr. Thompson influence on my heart. Who prays on a life ever a dissolution of the Union takes was found there, amounting in value to steamboat? Who train their children to place, it will be produced by just such a some thousand pounds; and to leave no pray, even at home ?- Home Journal.

nounced to contain the very identical poi- was attending the wound which confined me, he told i. a civerting story of a young Swi - S. . . recruit, who, when his regiment were making, had procured a roand a pl te bordered with left breast, ... prevent his being shot through the heart. The tailor, being a humorous fellow, fastened it in the seat But God had evidently left him to work of his breeches, and the clothes being scarcely on his back, when he was ordered to march into the field, he had no opportunity to gethis awkward mistake rec-To DESTROY RATS .- Many accidents tified before he found himself engaged occurring from the use of poisons, we in battle; and being obliged to fly before advise all who are troubled by these meat the enemy, in endeaving to get over a and corn depredators to try the following thorn hedge in his way, he unfortunately simple plan: Take some old corks and stuck fast till he was overtaken by the chip them up into pieces about the size of enemy, one of whom, on coming up, gave grains of coffee, and then with an old him a push in the breech with his bayonet. coffee mill grind them up, and when well (with not frendly design.) but it luckly hit ground fry it in some grease. Put it in on the iron plate, and pushed the young the vicinity of their haunts, and you will soldier clear out of the hedge. This favorable circumstance made the Swiss honesely confess that he tailor had more sense that houself, and knew better where his heart my.—Memoirs of Henry Bruce. ing to sea.

The Truth Manfally Spoken.

Amidst the general howl of affected indignation with which the most National editors of the North have greeted Mr. Cant and slavery are very cheap com-modities, and very common ones, but editorials like the subjoined, which we take from the New York Globe, are unhappily

Were the Northern people often allowed to hear such salutary truths, their salety and that of the Republic would be secured most effectually, and the root of

the mischief extirpated: Let the shame and the sin of this fraternal strife rest on the heads of those

who alone are guilty -Southern Press. DISUNION .- The speech recently made by Mr. Rhett, in Charleston, S. C., in favor of a dissolution of the Union, has the rancho of Mr. Lay, fou the aggressions of the fanaties of the After walking about the cabia for a Morth upon Southern property and rights, time, the father and son stopped within a The persistence of the Northern anti-sla-She no sooner saw him, than she shriek- which was an upper berth, while the little union at the South have proceeded only and of the General Government, who, without fear of reproach, proclaims to etly kneeled down upon the floor; put his an applauding audience of his fellow citi-She was obliged to be taken from the little hands together, so beautifully child- zens in the largest city of the old South-

The political opinions of the sidual, howe er distinguished, a

mother. Where was she now? How conscientiously believe that not be considered that not the first land her kind hand been laid protect them from the designs of the about thirty-five using the first land her kind hand been laid protect them from the designs of the about thirty-five using the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand land hand been laid protect them from the designs of the first land hand l A beautiful sight it was, that child at have complained of the incendiary marayer in the midst of the busy thought- chinations of these inter-meddling fana. flict ensued, which lasted about half an s throng. He, alone, of this worldly ties. They have in vain entreated to be hour, when the Indians retreated. The multitude, draws nigh to heaven. I thank let alone. The work of anti-slavery agithe parental love that taught him to lisp tation has proceed until we are threatened not permitting a charge, he dismounted It is not at all probable that the Association Protestant, whether dead or living, wheth- the boundaries of which are co-incident for far off or nigh. I could scarce refrain with Mason and Dixon's line. And now from weeping then, nor can I now, as it need astonish no one to see at last the I see again that sweet chill, in the crow- flag of disunion raised, and hear the leadded trivalt of a steamboat's cabin, bend- ers at the South call upon their friends to The Indians lost one man killed and four and the listeners gathering about a sponsible for the position they have been But a little while before I saw a crowd the defensive, and are not exclusively re- not mortally. During the skirmish, one of Italian singers in the upper driven to assume. That responsibility must be fearfully shared by those designheeded, no one cared for the child at of civil discord. By those, who in order to trample upon the rights of our sister

These devices and macidinations, how-They are more dangerous, and should be system of tacties as that pursued by the Anti-Slavery parties, Free Soilers, &c. A LUCKY MISTAKE.-When the surgeon With honeyed phrases of reverence for the Union they will sow the seeds of hearts of the people of different sections of the country. Step by step they will proceed to aggravate the differences they holes, which legised the pilor to fas-holes, which of his coat above his insult shall have irritated to delirium, and the sword of civil war is unsheathed, they will affect horror and astonishment, and denounce as treason the violence they have provoked. For our own part, we have no terms of reproach and denunciations years ago !" to lavish upon Southern gentlemen, no matter in what defensive language they repel the assaults of the Abolition dema gogues. We reserve our denunciations for those pernicious, hypocritical incendiary conspirators, whose insidious operathey deceive the unwary, cheat the honest, figion and philanthropy) are steadily undermining the fabric of the Constitution, and dissolving the ligaments of the Union. Way should a sailor always know what

o'clock it is! Because he is alawys go-

From the N. O. Dena. From Texas.

The steamship Palmetto, Captain Smith

Galveston and Brazos Canal, has made a highly favorable report of the economy by which it can be completed:

The benevolent order of Off Fellowship is rapidly spreading throu ern Texas. We find in the Western T

11th inst., published at detailed account of late tions. We abridge from Indians Again.—On

2d instant, a party of India night, from Mr. Odin Seguin on the Gandalape, seven horses Also, from Mr. Erskine, living in the neighborhood of Seguin, a number of h ses-the exact number, we have le unable to ascertain. On the event the 7th, the horses of Mr. Kesing, on the Cibolo, about three miles b the Sulphur Springs, was driven of citizens living about the Springs were gathering on the movers of the this pursue them: Our callay, the rat the Indians were on the Olive Lay, and on Move day a party of 15 or 20 men from the leto on the trails in hot pursuit. It is probable the will join the party from the Springs and pursue them together.

zens in the largest city of the old South-orn States, that a dissolution of the Union have, who reported that on Friday, the is the only proper measure to secure the an instant two parties of Indians were safety of the South. boundforty-five miles below this place. The party of fitten had attacked the ranches de Cassario, killed one man and

There can be no-doubt, therefore; that Indians on the Nueces, who fired on him cent action, did not intend to discourage rows, which, being returned, a sharp concondition of Lieut. Underwood's horses his men and fought on foot, Lieut. Underwood had one man kill d and seven, doing. We may therefore consider the cor wounded, among who was Lieut, U. bin- respondence as broken off, a result more to self. One of the wounded men died a few days afterwards at Fort Melatosh. stand to their arms. They are acting on or five wounded-one very seriously, if horse and one mule straved away, which were doubtless carried off by the Indians. We learn that the mail was also lost.

LAFONTAINE AND THE APPLE.-The good Lafontnine was in the habit of eatting every morning a baked apple. One day he had placed one to cool apon his mantlepiece, and had gone meanwhile into the library. One of his friends entered meantime be restored, or others substituted in the room, saw the apple and ate it. La- their place. The political strands are apparfontaine on re-entering, not seeing his ently as much shattered as the ecclasing apple, doubted not what had become of it. Then he cried with emotion, "Ah, who

mantel !" "It was not me," replied the other. "So much the better, my friend."

has eaten the apple that I put on the

"And for what reason?"

"For what reason?" replied Lafontiine, "because I had put arse, ie in it to poison the rats."

"Henveits! arsenic! I am poisoned," said the other; "quick, some antidate?" "Be calm, my friend," said Lafontaine laughing, "it was a trick to which I resorted to discover who eaten my apple."

Not Show .- The Chambers Tribune, tells the following anecdote of a famous alienation, distrust and hostility, in the liar in these parts, who would have beaten Sam Hyde "all out," and given him six for a start:" A friend of ours was telling us, not

long since, of an acquaintance in South Alabama who was noted for his mendaciiv. He related of him the following au-

Said some one to the liar, "Do you remember the 'time the stars fell,' many nation to the Mountain. General Cavaignae,

"Well," remarked the other, "I have heard it was all a deception-that the stars did not actually fall."

"Don't you believe it," returned Mendax, with a knowing look; "they fell in tions are tenfold more dangerous because my yard as big as goose aiggs. Twe got and usages. My vo.e, consequently, will not one of 'em vet, only the children played cost me anything as to the principle of and (under the plausible pretence of re- with it so much, they'ce wore the shiny the matter; and as to the form, we have

> AN OLD LADY in lowa, while recently in the woods, was bit on the end of the nose by a rattle snake. The old lady recovered, but the snake died. Coroner's It has been given to Emile Angier, author of "Gabrielle."

> LIVING FOR APPEARANCES.—Col. Ful ler, of the New York Evening Mirror, is night, emphatically right, and the world arryied yesterday morning from Port Lat should know it. This living for appearvace and Galveston. To the courtesy of Capt. S. we are indebted for files of Texas journals. Those from Galveston are to the 28th inst.
>
> Major Steen of Mobile, who has completed the survey of the contemplated of society, and runs more zouls and fortunes than all other passions combine The "fear of the world" is mortal dis-to all who entertain it. Here in Ne York we see the blighting effect of the deadly curse where ever we turn our ey community a perpetually enacted lie. To out-shine their neighbors in style of living, equipage, seems to be the rulling passion, not only of the "apper circles," but but of the masses: It is truly a most it of the masses. It is truly a most hable ambition, and costs—all what les it not cost! Honor honesty, truly it ranquility as well as fortune—are ab-ficed at once to the Noloch of social Even the Church itself serves to nelaneholy struggle to "keep up ap uce" and the fashional le rivalris

> > ANOTHER LANK BROKEN.-The corresp

description has heretofore existed, by an in fercinasce of Delegates, between the Genend Association of Massachusetta (Congre gational) and the Old School General Asse bly of the Presbyterian Church, has bee broken off, in consequence of the interfer ence of the former body with the latter, on the subject of slavery. The seembly after passing a resolution to the interference was offensive, and > must lead to an interruption of . pondence between the two bodies, a lest was then I'ld prom the jobby ? sociation at their meeting since held combly, after giving a sketch of the proceedpension of the correspondence as a fact," and expresses a belief that it "will never be renewed, unless the Association retract." with retract. They are not in a mood for so be regretted in a political than in an ecclasinstical point of view. The Methodist and Eaptist churches have already been sundered by this question of slavery; the Presbyterian church was divided partly on this ground; and now occurs a new rupture of relations from the same cause. Every such incident i . the breaking of a strand in the cable which binds North and South in unity. When a certain number of strands shall be broken the rest will give way as a matter of course. unless some of the broken ones shall in the to rally in its defence.-N. Y. Journal of

Commerce. THE FRENCH REPUBLIC A FAILURE .- M. Thiers, in his recent speech on the bill to increase the salary of the President, pronounced the Republic a failure. He said!

"It is high time to come to a conclusion, either by an accord or a dissecord. Something may be said on the basis of the quertion. A Republic has been established in the laws, but the attempt to establish it in the manners and customs of the country has proved a failure. The palace of the Elysee does not in any way resemble the residence of the President of the United States. Is the country indignant at that? By no means. In face of condemning what is passing at the Elysce, it smiles with pity at those who have endeavored to found a Republic in a nation profoundly monarchical. It is perfectly well aware that it is prists, workmen, and old soldiers, who profit by the liberalities of the Elysee, much more than those persons who frequent the drawing room of the President. It is not for us to be astonished at a matter which after all, is only a firm contradiction given by the verily of our habits to the falsehood of our laws. Let us leave such indigwhen head of the executive power, did not resemble a President of the United States. I should be sorry to do anything to compromise the future destinies of the country, but I am not one of those who are indignant or astonished that France, notwithstanding that the Republic has been proclaimed here, remains in reality a monarchy, by tastes, habit, sought that which appeared most suitable."

FRENCH LITERARY PRIZE.-The French Academy lately offered a prize of 7000 frames for the best dramatic work, inculcating principles of rectifude and morality.