

Some as they can realize 14 per cent. profit, re-open their mills and Cotton must be lost. It must be had from this country, for the sagacious and over-wealthy English Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers know, that if they sit down suddenly like a pouting school boy, in the present healthy state of the world, her more enterprising neighbors the Yankees will step in, and work double time under fewer restrictions, and supply the whole world with their cotton fabrics.

From the resolutions passed at a meeting of the operators in England lately, held no doubt at the instance of the masters, it was urged as a position that they would work half time, thus throwing the odium of low wages on the price of Cotton, evidently forgetting that when cotton was at its highest, wages have always been at the highest. But a change has come over the dream. England's days of glory are past, and it matters not whether she employs her energies in fact, or floating capital, her palmy days are past, and America, in her young strength, is being declared lord of the ascendant. A Charleston writer in the Evening News seems to blame *laud* *laud* as the greatest cause, banking the second, in deranging their currency, in the first he is wrong in some of his arguments. A fixed capital, constantly productive, is just the same as a constant re-investment of capital in a fresh and ever-renewed series of unproductive operations, sometimes profitable, sometimes unprofitable, as in the ratio of skill, or success of the investor.

England's decline is to be sought in other causes. She had surplus wealth to invest in Rail Roads, or in anything which would pay, and her state cannot be compared, to the land speculation of this country, conducted without capital, but her decline arises from the competition of this country. Hitherto she has supplied the world, now she shall soon supply her. Her decline is to be traced to disease in the extremes. Her colonial policy has hastened it. The emancipated negroes of Jamaica will not work from the inherent laziness of their race, and the Sugar and Coffee plantations are going to wreck, and the white inhabitants leaving the Island. The best workmen of England are leaving her, and emigrating to this land of freedom, and now it is *South Carolina* to defend her position and develop her resources. Rail roads are the arteries and veins, and industry and well directed energy, the lymphatics and intellects, to supply our social system. If any of these are neglected, the body will suffer, its circulation will be languid, and our prosperity delayed, leaving us still the tributaries of England, instead of her master, which we are destined to be, but not by war. A writer of discernment says, "A revolution of opinion is taking place in the present day; sectarian and national prejudices are giving way to a holy feeling of universal brotherhood; military conquests are robbed of their luster, and appear in their native deformity; and moral dignity, though discovered and gloried in, is raised to its legitimate place, exciting respect and admiration of all capable of respecting true worth." "The mind's the standard of the man." The true power of South Carolina lies in her *resources and mill* *South*, and the fortunate possessors of these, numerous as they are, from the Keowee to the Edisto, and scattered with a profuse hand through the State, will in a few years reap unbounded wealth, in a perpetual source of income. Land may be exhausted, water cannot. England has steam and coal, we have the cheaper natural power, water.

This country must manufacture and encourage the consumption of Cotton. Fifty thousand bales may be consumed in manufacturing bag-gings, but the planters of the South determine to use only Cotton. Cotton-bagging, and let a sufficient number of factories be started to supply the world with Cotton fabrics. The workmen and workwomen of Europe will flock here as they have done to the North. The climate from the mountains to the coast is suitable for every species of manufacture and constitution, and the glorious Turkey red and Adriatic purple, will find as genial climates here for its production, as Switzerland or France, where the most beautiful colors are produced. Since the late commercial crisis of England has shown her instability, and its perpetual recurrence may be looked for, owing to the ignorance and impudent quackery of her statesmen, *the United States* will become the most valuable and safe exchange of the world, and this country must, and will, and has become the great commercial emporium of the Universe, to which all eyes will be directed, and the merchant princes of the globe, must in future be found here, first in New England and the North and then in South Carolina, and her sister States, and her bills of exchange will become the commercial currency of Europe, China, and India.

In the mean time, from the prosperous state of this country, consignments will take place from all parts of Europe, and bills drawn direct on the United States, will soon be more readily negotiable in the parlors of the Banks of Europe, than any other, for the furtherance of which, strict commercial integrity must be observed by every patriot citizen, and *reputation of State and private debts*, must cease to be found in the mouth of the American, who must everywhere be known, as a conscientious man of honor, of the true kind.

The profitable employment of the colored population in the Cotton factories is an important item, but to sum up the path of the argument contained in this too lengthy letter, as most applicable to the present crisis. It is the duty and interest of the citizens of South Carolina to engage in rail road and manufacturing enterprises. Both have paid, and the further the former are carried, the better they will pay, and the greater the influx of wealth to the seaboard, encouraging productive labor in the far west, which is true wealth. We must be independent of England and her fluctuations, and as every manufacturing started, whether of paper or cotton goods has paid handsomely, let the timid engage in them, and the bolder and more wealthy in rail roads, though to the last, it is the duty and interest of man, woman and child, to subscribe, in their own localities, and if they have no money, work all they get, or give their own labor. England and England's exports are no criterion to us, circumscribed by a few hundred miles, she has not the unbounded western continent to pour wealth in her lap. Our rail roads lead into rich States and Territories, and the reward is certain, if we turn the stream of wealth this way. In conclusion, do not throw your Cotton away, let England know that this country can consume a great part of the cotton crop, and the less she takes the worse for her, and in the end the better for us, as oppression causes us to declare our commercial independence.

Do not throw away your Cotton crop! In March or April at farthest a reaction will take place, and although it may not be very high, yet it will return to fair prices.

Sincerely yours,
PETER THE SECOND.

Noble, Seabrook, Villepagan, Hay, Lynde.
We believe this list, and the order in which the names are given, to be correct, although it was communicated to us from memory, by one who was present at the examination.—*Columbia's Telegraph*.

We find the following obituary (says the Evening News) in the Richmond Examiner. We fear that many of our gallant young volunteers, of whom their friends at home are anxiously awaiting tidings, have sunk obscurely and unknown, into the grave, from the effects of exhaustion and disease, in the crowded hospital or on the weary march. Such is the dark side of the picture of war.

Died, on the 13th June last, at the Hospital at Vera Cruz, Dr. JOHN H. BLANKINSHIP, a native of this city. The deceased resided in South Carolina up to the time of the breaking out of the war with Mexico, where he was quietly engaged in the discharge of the duties of his profession. He joined the gallant Palmetto Regiment under the lamented Butler, and was in the battle of Vera Cruz. Afterwards he was appointed to the hospital to assist the Medical Department in its noble and humane labors.

And here he took leave of that gallant band of patriots to see them no more, for shortly after he fell a victim to the yellow fever.

Cuban Independence.—The New Orleans Bulletin of Saturday last says: The *Patria* of yesterday announces that it is informed, through a respectable source, that a new Spanish journal will, in the course of a very short time, be established in this city, "dedicated exclusively to advocate the emancipation of the Island of Cuba, and its annexation to the United States." One of the two principal editors will come hither from Havana, where the sum of \$10,000 is already available for this new enterprise; the other is already in the United States, and if not now in New Orleans, will be soon here. With regard to its introduction into Cuba, in anticipation of the hostility of General O'Donnell, it is stated that the persons interested have so well established relations there, that there will be no difficulty in distributing 5000 copies of the paper among the inhabitants of the Island.—*Char. Mercury*.

From the Charleston Courier.
BALTIMORE, Nov. 18, 1847.
A synopsis of Clay's great speech appears in Philadelphia papers. He asserts annexation to have been the primary cause of war; that hostilities were occasioned by the removal of our troops to the Rio Bravo; that it was the duty of Congress to define the objects of the war and compel the President to carry out their definition. He protested against the annexation of any portion of Mexico with its motley inhabitants, who would thus be placed on a footing with free American citizens. The following is one of a series of resolutions presented by him and adopted:

Resolved. That we do positively and emphatically disclaim and disavow any desire on our part to acquire any foreign territory whatever, for the purpose of propagating slavery, or of introducing slavery from the United States into any such foreign territory.

He avowed himself strongly opposed to the extension of slavery, deplored its existence, but considered to a necessary evil. He alluded to the verification of his prediction that in taking Texas, we took her war also. He scored the whig members of Congress for voting that the war existed by the act of Mexico. Had he been in Congress, he would never have so voted.

Death from a Dissecting Wound.—A young gentleman named Crawford, a son of the late Hon. W. H. Crawford, of Georgia, and a member of the Jefferson Medical School, of Philadelphia, came to his death a short time since, in that city, from the effects of a slight puncture received in one of his hands, whilst engaged in dissecting.

Despatches from Com. Perry.—The Union contains a despatch from Com. Perry, accompanied by another from Commander Buchanan, of the U. S. ship Germantown, who had been left in temporary command at Alvarado. We learn from these documents, that the sum of \$1,000, demanded of the Alcalde of Alvarado, in default of the delivery of the murderers of Sergeant Chase and private Magee of the marines, had been paid, and will be forwarded to Gen. Henderson for the benefit of the families of the murdered men. The Alcalde and three other Mexicans, who were held as hostages, were then released.

Mustang.—Our readers have doubtless read with great pleasure the graphic and spirited letters of the correspondent of the New Orleans Delta, who rejoices in the nom de guerre of "Mustang." It will be seen from the following account who he is, that he can fight as well as write.

Mustang of the Delta.—The Cincinnati Commercial says, on the authority of Dr. E. K. Chamberlain, that the real name of "Mustang" is Fraizer, a native of Maryland, though he has been for several years a resident of Louisiana or Texas.—He was among the first volunteers who embarked for the Rio Grande from Louisiana, and one of a very few of that corps who did not "see enough of the elephant" before the column reached Camargo. After the Louisiana troops were discharged for refusing to serve twelve months, Mr. Fraizer joined Jack Hay's regiment of Rangers, in which troop he served until the regiment was discharged. At the battle of Monterey, where, it is said, he killed in single combat an officer of lancers, and captured his Mexican horse, he gained the familiar cognomen of "Mustang" over which signature he has since been a regular correspondent of the Delta.—Mr. Fraizer is about twenty six or twenty-eight years of age, a practical printer, and one of the most truthful and impartial correspondents of the army.

Our losses in Mexico.—A writer in the Philadelphia Inquirer, states that the American loss in killed and wounded, in the war with Mexico is already one half as great as that of the protracted revolutionary struggle with Great Britain, which lasted seven years, and he furnishes the following table as evidence of the fact:

Our loss in Mexico.	Our loss in Mex. War.
Lexington, 81	Palo Alto, 44
Bunker Hill, 453	Res. de la Palma, 307
Flambush, 200	Monterey, 476
White Plains, 403	San Jacinto, 8
Trenton, 9	Batavia Vista, 730
Princeton, 100	Sacramento, 9
Hubbardtown, 800	Vera Cruz, 65
Bennington, 100	Cerro Gordo, 500
Brandywine, 1200	Tibbico, 12
Stillwater, 250	Contras, 100
Gettysburg, 1300	Chancellorsville, 1000
Red Bank, 32	Molino del Rey, 300
Monmouth, 130	Chapultepec, 450
Third Island, 211	
Bride Creek, 400	
Stony Point, 100	
Caunden, 610	
King's Mountain, 95	
Cowpens, 72	
Guilford, 400	
Hobkirk's Hill, 400	
Eutaw Springs, 550	
Total, 8337	Total, 4191

A Good Witness.—The Hon. Daniel Webster at a late meeting of the Whig Convention of Massachusetts, in the course of his speech uses the following:

"I am no prophet, nor the son of a prophet;—but, were I to attempt prophecy, the very last thing that I should dare predict would be the course of the Northern democracy on this subject. Some of them doubtless will go with the Wilnot Provision principle, but there can be no doubt that the general sense of the party is against it. The proceedings of the late Loofooc Convention prove this fully. Are we quite certain that the Democratic members of Congress from Maine and New Hampshire will maintain our position against the slave power?"

MARRIED.
On the 18th inst. by the Rev. D. D. Brown, Mr. James M. Hammon, to Miss C. A. Moss, all of this District.

OBITUARY.
Departed this life on the 3rd of November 1847, Lewis Holmes, Esq., in the 66th year of his age. He suffered greatly from two weeks of severe illness, which proved fatal. He lingered under no complaint previous nearly two years. His death is greatly lamented by all who knew him. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and observed the rules of Society closely. He was a long member of it, he has in full maturity, sunk at last into rest, he possessed, both a sound understanding and a worthy heart.

Abbeyville Land for Sale.
WILL be offered to the highest bidder, on Sale day in December next, at Abbeyville Court House, the Beautiful Tract of Land whereon David McWhorter formerly lived, lying on Ward's Road, within six or seven miles of Due West Corner, containing 153 acres, about 80 of which are open, the balance excellent wood-land; the plantation well divided with cross fencing, and has a good House, Kitchen, Out-houses &c., an excellent Barn, Thresher and Fan; good Orchard, and fine Water, Springs and Well.

BARGAINS AT THE Cheap cash store.
The Subscriber has concluded to leave Edgefield, but not being willing to leave the old District, without giving it a fair trial, takes this method of informing his friends, customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned with a large and splendid assortment of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction, and having bought his goods low, he takes pride in challenging his Store to undersell him.

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN THE COMMON PLEAS.
Fleetwood Lawniare, } Declaration in Attachment.
vs. }
Ralph Scary, }

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN OBIDINARY.
BY JOHN HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District:
Whereas John Quantlebum, hath applied to me for letters of administration, on all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits of John Robbins, late of the District aforesaid, dec'd.

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN THE COMMON PLEAS.
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SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, I will proceed to sell at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday and Tuesday following in December next, the following property, in the following cases, viz:
Kinsler, McGregor & Co. vs. Mary P. Goodwyn; William Hopkins, and others, severally, vs. the same, one negro woman Snelly and her three children, Alice, Ellen, and Nanny.
Terms of sale cash.
The above property will be sold at the risk of the former purchaser.
H. BOULWARE, S. E. D.
november 19 3t 43

Administrators Sale.
Monday the 22nd day of November next, at the plantation of the late Major John S. Jeter, dec'd., on Turkey Creek, 7 miles from Edgefield Court House, will be sold on a credit, a large lot of Farming Tools, also, two Road Wagons and Gear, two Ox Carts, one set of Blacksmith Tools, together with a quantity of Fodder, Corn, Oats, Peas, &c. &c.
W. A. HARRIS, Admin'r.
CAROLINE S. JETER, Adm'x.
P. S. The above sale is postponed until Monday the 13th and 14th of December next, at which time
25 or 30 Likely Negroes
will be so Sold, consisting of men, women and children. Also a valuable lot of Mules, Horses, Stock Hogs and Cattle, one yoke of Oxen, &c. &c.
november 24 3t 44

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Maynard, dec'd., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested, on or before the fifteenth of December inst. as the estate will be closed up on that day.
JAMES M. MAYNARD, Ex'r.
november 24 4t 41

FOR SALE.
TWO new Four Horse WAGGONS, by S. F. GOODE.
Nov. 21 4t 44

Notice.
THOSE indebted to the Estate of John Anderson, deceased, are requested to make payment, as longer indulgence will not be given. After the 1st January next, all notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.
And those having demands said estate to render them in legally attested by the 15th January next.
CHARLES SMITH, Adm'r.
Nov. 21 3t 44

South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
UPON the application of Patrick H. Elam, Administrator of the estate of Charles G. Garrett, dec'd., it is ordered, that the administrator do sell at the late residence of said dec'd., on Monday the 20th day of December next, all the personal property of said estate, on a credit of twelve months, with note and two approved securities, except for sums under five dollars, which will be paid in cash. The sale not to commence earlier in the day than ten o'clock. Given under my hand, at my office, this the 23rd day of November, 1847.
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.
november 24 4t 44

Teacher Wanted.
THE Trustees of the BETHANY ACADEMY, are desirous of employing a CLASSICAL TEACHER, for the ensuing year. A gentleman, who can produce satisfactory recommendations, will find an agreeable and profitable situation, by applying to
A. PERLIN,
Pres't. of Trustees.
november 24 4t 44

Sheriff's Sale.
BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, I will proceed to sell at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday and Tuesday following, in December next, the following property; in the following named cases, viz:
George Parrott, and others, severally, vs Elizabeth Carter, the tract of land where the defendant lives, containing one thousand acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Wise, John Marsh, and others.
John Siddham vs Elizabeth Shaver, the tract of land, whereon the defendant lives, containing one hundred and forty-eight acres, more or less, adjoining lands of George Strother, John Lorry, and others.
Levi Bush and Lewis Bush vs William Bush, John G. Dagnell and Emerson Bussey, the tract of land whereon the defendant John G. Dagnell lives, containing three hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Jesse Bailey, R. Prince, and others. Also the tract of land whereon the defendant Emerson Bussey lives, containing three hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of D. Bussey A. Sharpston, and others.
Alfred N. Dicks, and others, vs Leyman S. Catlin, and his wife Catharine, a tract of land containing one hundred and forty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of W. Wilson, R. Harden, and others, also one other tract of land containing one hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of R. Bradford, and the estate of—Hatfield. Williamson Dalton vs Samuel Bataon, a tract of land containing one hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Thos Kernaghan and I. L. Brooks.
Charles Dunkin vs Michael Hare, Administrator, a tract of land belonging to the estate of John Hare, dec'd., containing four hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Etheredge, Mary Whiteman, Jacob Long, and others.
Terms of Sale Cash.
H. BOULWARE, S. E. D.
Nov. 12 4t 43

HEAD QUARTERS,
LIMESTONE SPRINGS, Novr., 1847.
GENERAL ORDER.
THE blood of our own Palmetto Regiment, has been poured out in Mexico, in vindication of the honor, and in prosecution of the rights of our common country. Col. Butler, Lieut. Col. Dickinson, Lieut. Adams, Williams, Moragne, Cansey, Steen, and many more of our gallant sons have fallen gloriously, to rise no more. The wounds of the few survivors are still bleeding,—they have won for themselves fame, and wreathed around the brow of the Palmetto State, laurels which can never fade.
In honor of the noble dead, the General Officers, the Field and Staff, and Company Officers of the State, will join His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief, in their tribute of respect, by wearing crepe on the left arm for thirty days, from the 22d inst.

Notice.
THE subscriber having been appointed by G. W. Brannon, Assignee of the stock in trade, and assets of the firm of G. W. & W. Brannon, hereby requires payment from all the debtors of said firm, who wish to avoid costs.
Notice is also given to the creditors of said firm, to meet at Liberty Hill, on Saturday 27th inst. to appoint an Agent to act with the subscriber in the premises, if they think proper.
L. H. MUNDT, Assignee.
november 17 3m 43

Notice.
BY an order from the Ordinary of Edgefield District, I shall proceed to sell at the late residence of Dr. Augustus W. Burt, dec'd., on Monday the 13th of December next, all the personal property of said estate, consisting of
Several Likely Negroes,
Mules, Horses, Cows, Hogs, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Plantation Tools, Crop, &c.
Terms—A credit of twelve months, the purchaser being required to give note with two approved securities. All sums under four dollars cash.
W. M. BURT, Administrator.
november 17 4t 43

Notice.
THERE will be an Election held at the different Company Muster Grounds, on Friday the 17th of December next, in the Saluda Regiment for Colonel. Polls to be opened according to law. Managers to meet on the day following at the Regimental Parade Ground, count the votes, and declare the election.
By order of Brig. Gen. BRADLEY.
M. W. CLARY, Lieut. Col.
P. S. All the Company's will Parade on the day of Election, and be exempt on their next regular Muster day.
By order.
M. W. CLARY, Lieut. Col.
november 17 5t 43

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, are respectfully requested to make immediate payment, as longer indulgence cannot, and will not be given.
JOHN DOBY,
november 17 2t 43

New Boot and Shoe MANUFACTORY.
THE Subscriber would most respectfully inform the citizens of Edgefield, and the neighboring Districts, that he has commenced the
Boot and Shoe Making,
in the Store immediately adjoining Mrs. Ward's Millinery Store, and is prepared to make to order, Boots and Shoes of the best French and American Calf Skin.
Gentlemen wanting a good Boot, neat and durable, need not leave their order.
Cork soled, double soled, water proof, walking, and pump soled Boots.
For fit and style of workmanship, not to be excelled anywhere.
WILLIAM M'EVROY,
november 10 4t 43

Notice.
THE STORE HOUSE occupied by J. D. Tibbets. Possession on the first of January.
M. FRAZIER.
november 17 4t 43

Notice.
THE Subscriber will offer for Sale, at his residence in the Village on Monday 20th December next, the following Property viz:
1 1/2 Acres Land, which will be laid off in Lots, lying on the road leading to the Pine House, and the balance of my land with the improvements will probably be sold, or rented for the next year.
Also two Negroes, a man and woman, the man is an excellent servant, a good Osdler, Gardener, and a good field hand, the woman a good Cook, a second hand Carriage with Harness, also a Buggy and Harness, some Stock, one or two Horses, Corn, Fodder, Potatoes, &c., and perhaps other articles not enumerated. Terms made known on the day of Sale.
E. B. PRESLEY,
Nov. 24 4t 41

\$5 REWARD.
Ran away from the subscriber about the last of September, a Negro girl JANE, good looking and intelligent, black color, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and 20 to 25 years of age. I believe she is still in the settlement and likely harbored by some one, if so, I will give \$10 reward, \$5 for the negro, and \$5 for proof against any white person guilty of the offence.
F. W. SOLLEE,
november 24 4t 41