Louisiana Volunteers are ordered back; the and furnish them with necessaries. In twen, the other for Brazos yesterday. Our Regformer to Brasos Santingo, and the latter to Tampico. A strong attachment had sprung up between our Regiment and those two, and they had requested of us, that they should be put in our brigade. It would be my pride and glory to fight with the Mississippians on one side of me, and the Louisianians on the other I think they are among the bravest, and most warm-hearted people in the world. But the great privilege is denied us of mingling our blood with the blood of our brothers of the same origin, and sentiments, and impulses. The poor fellows were mortified to death when they received orders to leave. A few minutes afterwards. I had a conversation with a gallant officer of the Louisiana Regiment, and he actually shed tears through his mortification and disappointment. I attribute our good luck en urely to the gallantry of our Colonel. We are known to General Scott, and esteemed by him. On last night though I heard that the General has always intended to take our Regiment with him

Though I greatly regret the departure of our southern friends, I would by no means intimate that our northern troops are inefficient On the contrary. I think they are better drilled than we are, and will acquit themselves handsomely in battle. No man would pretend that they are composed of such material as our Regiment is composed of, but all of us are obliged

to admire their discipline.

Our Company and Regiment are as well as we could expect: 'A great many of us have be numps, but I believe there is no other prevailing disease in camp

disease in camp weather continues fine, and the climate delightful. I saw a full grown roasting-ear this morning, which came from San Louis. SALUDA

CAMP WINFIELD, Island of Lobos,

28th February, 1847. Mr. Editor.—On yesterday, my attention was called to a number of the Hamburg Re-publican, containing, I am sorry to say, a most violent and unsparing attack upon the officers of the Palmetto Regiment. You can have no conception of the surprise with which I was struck, when on opening a paper from my own district, the first thing to meet my sight was a wholesale denunciation of gallant men who had put to risk every prospect in life, to vindi-cate the honor of their country. Our Colonel and Liet. Col. are charged with indulging in the most frivolous gaieties, whilst the men were enduring every severity of c ld and hunger; and with one or two exceptions, every officer of the regiment is charged with the grossest neglect of his duty. An insinuation is made, that even the State gitt of twenty thousand dollars, has been improperly appropriated or squandered away; and the cpauletted gentlemen are accused of the most total inefficiency in evary department of their duty.

I will only say a few words in answer to ev-

ery charge, that has been made against the regi-

when the volunteers were called for from our State, they were called, as a matter of course, through the medium of their highest executive officer, Governor Aiken, who was ordered to have them rendezvoused at the city of Charleston. Neither Col. Butler, nor Col. Dickinson, had the slightest right to interfere in the organization of the regiment, any more than any other private citizen. It was exclusively the business of the governor and the other military authorities of the State, and any interference on the part of the former gentle men, until they were daly declared to be the field officers of the regiment, would have been extreme presumption. Now, what are the facts? When the call for volunteers was made on our State, Col. Butler immediately went to Columbia, and like every patriotic citizen should do, rendered all the assistance in his power to rouse the spirit of our young men and to call them forth into the service of their country. After that service was performed

be began to exort his influence in arging the State of make an appropriation for the benefit as the mentione, companies of volunteers were assembling at Charleston, as fast as steam could carry them, and I own, for a short time, they had to earlier same little denrivation for they had to suffer some little deprivation, for the want of supplies. But Col. D ckinson came to their aid, as soon as he could have come, and I venture the assertion, that ever effort was made by him, that man could have made, to relieve the sufferings of the soldiers.
All he could do, was to pledge his private purse to the citizens of Charleston, and that was all that Col. Butler could have done, if he had been there. The latter officer did arrive in a day or two, and he devoted every moment of time that he could spare, from the immense writing he had on hand, to the service of the nt. The truth is, we suffered but little in Charleston any way, and the fault, if there was any fault, rested on the shoulders of the governor of the State, for he had a contingent fund in his hands, from which, without cen-sure, he might have furnished supplies. It was not until sometime about the twentieth of December, if I recollect right, that Col. Butler Col. Dickinson, and Major Gladden, were degiment, to be the field officers of the same. Afte that time, they became responsible for the condition of the men.

When we took up the line of march for the seat of war, it is true, we did it in a hurry, and though we suffered some temporary inconvenience, the event has proved the foresight and skill of our galland commander. That very precipitation, as it is called, has enabled us to arrive at this point in time to join in the expedition against Vera Cruz, and has saved us the mortification of passing the summer, as a garrison of some sickly town on the Rio Grande. We are one of only four volunteer regiments that are to be engaged in an active campaign. If the editor of the Republican, could form any If the editor of the Republican, could form any conception of the estimation in which Colonel Butter is field, not only by our own, but by every regiment that has been near us, if he is a South Carolinian, it would be a source of pride to him, that we have such an officer to com-

I have only a word, with regard to the twenty thousand dollars, given us by the State. I called on the gentleman this morning, who is acting as the State Paymaster for that fund, and who has distributed every cent of it, that kindness to show me his books and his youthers, so my information is obliged to be correct. thousand five hundred were given for our uniforms, four thousand have been deposited with A. T. Burnley, Johnson, & Co., New Orleans, for the benefit of the regiment, when needed, more than seven hundred are now in the possession of the Paymaster, and the balance has been expended for the use o the regiment. I am permitted to say by Major Eaves, the gentleman with whom the money has been entrusted, that if he fails to give a satisfactory account of any amount of it, he is able to make ten times as much good to the

We are embarking now to sail for Vera Cruz, and we are all in high spirits. General Twiggs is paying the Colonel a visit at this so look out until the next acttime. General Scott has not left his ship yet. Youre, &c. SALUDA.

P. S .- Lieut. Col. Dickinson was in Alabama, when he first heard of the call upon the State. He left Alabama in twelve hours after reported to the Governor and Colonel Butler, in Columbia and passed on to Camden, where he devoted himself to filling up the ranks of the Kershaw company. As soon as it reported itself full, he returned to Columbia, and reported to Col. Butler for orders. He received rders to proceed to Charleston, and receive

ly-four hours after this order, he proceeded to Charleston, with orders from the governor to draw upon Col. Yeadon for camp equipage, and apon Mr. Tew, for commissary stores. He did this, but found that Col. Yeadon had not camp equipage for over two companies. All else except tents were to be made. They were ordered, and delivered as fast as manu factured.

Col. Dickinson received no reports from the country as to the arrival of the different compassenger cars, two ho shead of the volunpassenger cars, two hours ahead of the volun-teers, and on the day of the first arrival, two companies only were expected.

An officer with an escort was despatched from the camp to the Rail Road, with orders to await the arrival of the Abbeville company. This officer, with his escort, waited till sometime after night for the company, which not arriving, he concluded the rumor of their approach unfounded, and returned to camp. Had captain Marshall proceeded with his command to the camp, he would have found arrangements al-

ready made for him.

The officers and soldiers of the regiment have no complaint to make against their field officers, and neither need nor desire their quar rels to be maintained by unauthorized champions, who had much better have expended their zeal for the service, by joining their ranks. SALUDA.

For the Advertiser.

Mr. Editor-I noticed with much pleasure a communication in your paper a few days since signed 'Safety Valve," upon the subject since signed 'Safely Valve," apon the subject of the contemplated Rail Road from Aiken to this place, and have looked in vain for some demonstration from those of our citizens whose duty it may be to open books for subscription to the capital stock of the road. Is there no one man in this community, whose business it is, or who is sufficiently interested in this matter, to make known some time and place, when and where the books may be opened? We know not what we can do until we have made an effort, and ascertain what each man is willing to subscribe towards the construction of the road. The period has now arrived when this can, and ought to be done; and shall we sit down, without making a single effort? Without even notifying the citizens of the Disrict, or such of them as are willing to take stock in the road, where they can have an op portunity of recording their names? Let rouse up from this state of apathy and indiffer ence. While our, fellow citizens in other parts of the State are exerting themselves to the utmost in the accomplishment of their designs. we sit down quietly with the sceptre within our reach, and allow it to pass into the hands of others. Is this becoming to a wealthy and enterprising people? Is it what ought to be permitted by the citizens of Edgefield? Is it in accordance with the spirit of the age in which we live?—to say nothing of the benefits which must and will accrue to the village and district by the construction of this road?

It is to be hoped that some of our leading men will take this matter in hand, and presecute it with vigor and perseverance. want a captain—a new general. It is not ne-cessary he should be a lieutenant general, any one will do, who is possessed of courage enough to "go-ahead." We have talked enough about the matter. What we want now is action. It affords me pleasure to say, Mr. Editor, that one of our most wealthy and respectable citizens has said that he will be one of five men to build the road. Is there not four more such in old Edgefield? I trust there is. But if there are none who are willing to enter into the project so deeply, there are many who are willing and anxious to throw in their mite. Let the hooks be opened then. Let a united effort be made; "a long and strong pull altogether," and we shall in a short time have the proud satisfaction of welcoming the shrill whistle of the locomotive, within the limits of our incorporatoon and know and feel that we are, a busy enterprising people; while our children and our children's children after us, shall like the Prophet's of old, "rise up and call us blessed."

The above communication ought to have appearedin our last number, but the manuscrip was mislaid.

CAMP WINFIELD. :}
Island of Lobos, Feb. 27, 1847.

To the Editor of the Hamburg Journal: Dear Sir .- I wrote you a few days ago from this place a hasty note, merely stabut little to add, only that Ges. Scott has sure on the prospect of aiding in planting arrived, with about 7,000 Regulars, under the stars and stripes on the walls of the command of various Field Officers not known to me. Gen. Clinch is now on our island, in fine health, and will go down with us to Vera Cruz, for which place we will sail in a day or two. One half of our regiment is already on board of the ships, ready for sailing, and the balance will be on hoard (weather permitting) in 48 hours. Our regiment is one; that has the honor to take a part in the expedition against Vera Cruz, which all of us take as a high compliment. Col. Butler's health is improving, and so are all the men, and you may look for a good account of him and his men-they are all eager for the con flict. Our-men have all suffered much from mumps, and the sick list was large until the report of a fight, when many reported for duty, who had been laid up for some time.

The '96 Boys are all in fighting order, except corporal R. Kenney and Jefferson Whitaker-they are now sick with the mumps, but not seriously ill, and by next week they will take a hand, which will be in time for the pool. (Both trumps.)

The Newberry Company arrived yes-

terday, and in time to go with us. \*

I have not heard a word since I left from any body in Carolina, and this will be the last from me until we reach Vera Cruz, which will be in ten days, when I hope to be able to write you a full account of things

in general. There will be about 7,000 Regulars and 4,000 to 5,000 Volunteers in the campaign, with Capt. Talcott and his company of Howitzers, which has already sailed for Anton Lizardo, 12 miles south of Vera Cruz, where the landing of the troops is to be effected.

There is now about fifty ships lying around this Island-about 11 more expected to bring down the balance of the Regulars, Volunteers, &c., for the attack, which has no doubt been well planned by Gen. Scott, who is now on ship-board, not more than a quarter of a mile from this place. All ready for a severe conflict-

Yours truly, &c.

From the Charleston Mercury.

We have been politely favored with the perusal of a letter from an officer in the South Carolina Regiment to a gentleman of this City, from which we make the following interesting extracts:

CAMP WINFIELD, Island of Lobos. (Mexico,) February 23. The Louisiana and Mississippi Regi-

iment, the New York and two Pennsylvania Regiments are to go with General Scott to Vera Cruz. Col. Wykoop, is by Scott's decision, in command of the volunteer forces now here. Amongst volunters the muster, and not the date of rank gives rank. Butler's commission gives ank from the 29th June, 1846; Wykoop's from the day of his muster into the service which was a few days before Butler's muster. We have thus been reduced to an inferior position to the 1st Pennsylvania Regiment. The commander of the Ist New York Regiment has just arrived and by the same decision ranks Butler and Wykoop both,

The Palmetto Regiment is much afflic ted with the Mumps, there being now over 200 cases. The contagion bas well nigh spent itself, and the soldiers will soon be ready for the field. Lieut. Col. Elichcock, of Scott's staff, was present yesterday at two of our drills in battalion, and expressed himself much pleased at the performance. In truth, for militia, the Regiment is excellent, and has character superior to any other Volunteer Regiment. The character of South Carolina is higher, in a military point of view than that of any other State, and makes me proud of ber. This pride induces an effort to see that she suffers nothing from her Regiment. In less than five days we may be before the walls of "the Gibralter of Atter ica." South Carolina and victory !

Extract from a letter received by a Gen tleman in Charleston from a member of the Palmetto Regiment, dated.

ISILE of LOBOS, March 1. "I have just been informed that a young gentleman, a member of our company, has received his dischurge, and will depart in

"We take our departure from the Isle and go aboard our ships to-day, and will no doubt, sail to-morrow. I suppose you have seen through the papers of your city, that an attack is to be made upon Vera 600. anchored in the Gulf. Vera Cruz is distant about 120 miles, and if we sail to-morrow we will reach it about Tuesday next. There we meet the balance of the troops under Gen. Scott. The South Carolina Regiment will attach one of the main entrances to the Castle. We are to be backed by a fine looking set of fellows, the Peansylvania Regiment. Gen. Scott is now on board of a steam ship in the Gulf, where there are auchored some forty ves sels, having each from two to four hundred soldiers aboard. It begins to look something like an early engagement. There is no doubt that we shall take the town and Castle. It will be a desperate engagement, and many of us must fall in it, but it will be a glorious time for those of us who ride through the storm unburt."

The South Carolina Regiment .- We have seen several letters from members of the Palmetto Regiment, on Lobos Island, of various dates, from the 20th to the 28th uli., (the substance of one of the letters published yesterday,) all of which concur in saying that they enjoy good health, and are apxious to be put in motion.

One writer states that Washington's Birth Day was celebrated on the Island with the usual camp, festivities, and that the display of flags from the shippingamong them the sloop of war St. Marys -was quite imposing. Another speaks of the pleasures and enjoyments of campthe ringing laugh, and merry jest, while preparing their frugal, yet wholesome meal - the delightful climate of Lobos, infested, as acknowledged, by bugs, crabs, lizards and insects, but where snakes are ting our situation, &c. : at this time I have never seen, and dilates with much plea-Castle of San Juan de Ulloa.

Another letter mentions that in the absence of uniforms for the men, many of the companies have adopted red flannel shirts, which are worn over the pantaloons, giving them rather an amusing appearance on dress parade. All agree that he Palmetto Boys are as well, if not better drilled than any other of the volunteer troops on the Island, and we have no doubt that when the moment of combat shall arrive, South Carolina will lose nothing of her well earned reputation for valor by the conduct of her cherished sons whom she has sent to fight the battles of her country .- Chas. Courier.

Post Office. - The Postmaster General has issued a new set of regulations in conformity with the law passed at the late session of Congress. The following are the most important to the public :-

1. Newspapers are to be rated with postage, except those received in exchange by publishers.

2. Transient newspapers, circulars, &c. are to pay three cents in advance; and cannot be received free by deputy postmaster under their privileges.

3. Letters addressed to different persons cannot be enclosed in the same envelope or package, under a penalty of \$10, unless sent to foreign countries.

4. Letters, newspapers, &c., under one onnce in weight, will go free to any person in the army in service during the war with Mexico, and for three monhts thereafter.

The Weather .- The rain, which we noticed last week continued all'day. Friday last, and the result was a great freshet, in all the streams of the back country. Since clearing up, the weather has been very cold for March-Thermometer at 19 degrees above zero on Wednesday morning and about 23 the morning previous. Ice was formed half an inch thick. The mountains were covered with snow and ice. Some injury is apprehended to oats, and early fruit which had partially budded .- Greenville Mountaineer, March 19.

The Pendleton Messenger, of the 19th inst., says the rain of last week caused a considerable freshet in our water courses. They were higher than they have been since May 1840, but not so high as at that time. Considerable damage, we understand, has been done to the bridges in this the companies as they arrived—encamp them, ments embarked, the first for Tampico, neighborhood.

Correspondence of Charleston Courier.

BALTIMORE, March 15, Some stugulist movements are certainly in the course of development in Washingion. A few days since a telegraphic des-patch summoned Vice President Dallas to the White House, where helyer remains To-day Ex-Serator Evans, of Maine, passed through our city to Washington in obedience to a s milar Presidential sum-mons. In the midst of all these singular movements, and immediately on the over-turning of Senator Benton's aspirations. Secretary Buchanan retires to his native mountains, when most important intelligence is momentarily expected from the seat of war. A screw must be loose somewhere.

FROM NEW MEXICO.

The following important intelligence, received by the correspondent of the Evening News, from Philadelphia, via Pittsburg, by Telegraph, shews that our forces in that section of Mexico are in a most critiical position, and that the next accounts from that quarter will probably be melancholy, inasmuch as there is every prospect that a dreadful massacre will be the result.

By river we have St. Louis papers, four days in advance of the mail, with dates from Santa F's covering important news. There has been an extensive Mexican in surrection at Taos. All the Spaniards who evinced any sympathy with the American cause had been compelled to

Gov. Bent, Stephen Lee, Acting Sheriff, Gen. Elhott Lee, Henry Seal, and twenty Americans were killed, and their families despoiled. The Chief Alcade was also killed. This all occurred on the 17th a few moments, and have determined to January. The insurrection made formiforward a letter by him. rapidly spreading. The insurrectionists were sending expresses out all over the country to raise assistance. The number engaged in the outbreak at Taos was about that an attack is to be made upon Vera 600. They were using every argument Cruz, very shortly. A portion of our to incite the Indians to hostilities, and Regiment is already aboard of their ships were making preparations to take posses-

sion of Santa Fe.

The Americans at Santa Fe, had only about 500 effective men there, the rest were on the sick list, or had left to join Col. Doniphan. Such being their situation they caused send succor out, as they are hardly able to defend themselves. It is thought that Santa Fe must be captured, as neither the Fort or Block Houses are-completed.

It is announced as the intention of the insurrectionists who captured Taos, to take possession of the government wagon trains, which are carrying forward our supplies, and thus cut off all communica-

The representations made to Col. Don iphan, that Chihuahua would be an easy conquest, were evidently intended as lure to trap him, beget a spirit of security. and lead him far off into the interior, where he might be easily cut off.

It is the universal opinion in Santa Fe that if General Wool had gone direct to Chihuahun there would have been no trouble in Mexico. Col. Doniphan had possession of El Passo. Del Norte on the 28th December. Letters, had been received from the Covernor of Chilinahua, sta-ting that Gen. Wool was within three days march of the capital. This too, was unother ruse to lute Col. Doniphan on in confidence, and cut him off from all chances of escape, or of falling back upon Santa Fe, to relieve it in its emergency.

The Mexicans are bold in their tone nd confident of capturing Col. Douiphan and his comamad, which consists of about 600 men. 500 of them being of his own troops, the first regiment of mounted Missouri volunteers, and a detachment of 100 men from Santa Fe, under command of d regiment -consisting of 30 men from Clark's battalion of light artillers, under command of Capt, Hudson and Lieut. Kribben, and 70 front Col. Price's regiment and Col. Willock's battallion. They assert that they will massacre every American in New Mexico and confiscate all their goods.

A letter from Col. Albert, U.S. Topo graphical Engineer, of later date, confirms all the above intelligence. The details of the battle of Bracito are also confirmed. The massacre, beyond doubt, has been a horrible one, of which we have as yet heard but the beginning; and the insurrection has been kept so quiet until all was ready for the outbreak, that our handful of troops there must be demolished, before any effort can be made to relieve them from the most advanced of our Western military posts.

SLAVE CASE DECISION. The Legislature of Pennsylvania have recently passed an act which renders of no force the act of Congress of 1723 for the recovery of fugitive slaves. What makes this a departure from that comity to her Southern sisters which, under the circumstances, render it peculiarly obnoxious, is that the Supreme Court of the United States, at the very time the Pennsylvania was interposing her code with this offensive enactment, bad confirmed the Ohio slave case, carried up to it by writ of error from the Circuit Court of that State. A.citizen of Kentucky brought his action against a citizen of Ohio, to recover a penalty of \$500 for harboring and concealing the slave of the former, the Circuit Court deciding the case in fa-

vor of the plaintiff. Here then is an act of Congress decided to be within the constitution by the supreme judicature of the Union, and which the Legislature of Pennsylvania abrogates within her limits, on grounds that put at defiance those rights of Southern property which are solemnly guaranlied by that instrument. This is an index to the future. This shows in what direction Northern legislation tends. The grounds of this enactment are those precisely which the rabid abolitionists avow as the foundation of their action in similar cases, such as the inviolability of the Habeas Corpus act, &c .- Chas. Ev. News.

The resumption Bill long pending before the Maryland Legislature, has finally become a law. The State may may now take her position among her sister States, free from the suspicion even, of favoring reputation,

GOODE & SULLIVAN.

ESPECTFULLY invite the attention of their customers and the public generally, to their EXTENSIVE Stock of

SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, Comprising an assortment of the newest and most fashionable styles,

AMONG THE LEADING ARTICLES ARE Rich Paris Barazes, English and Scotch Ginghams. Plaid-Linen Muslins Black and colored figured Silks, Printed Jaconets and Cambrics. Bombazines and Alpaccas, English and American Prints, Rich Printed Lawns, Baraze Shawls and Mantles, Lace and Muslin Collars, Black and white figured Laces, Silk do. do, Black and white figure Fancy Slik Buttons. Gimps and Fringes, for Trimming.

Drap de ete, Silk and Mersailles Vesting, Summer Cloth, Monterey Checks, Striped and Plaid Cotton Goods, Linen Coating and Drilling, ALSO,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots, Shoes. Among which are Ladies and Gentlemen's Gaiters, Hardware, Cutlery, Glass, China, and Crockery Ware, Groceries, Tin Ware, Drugs and Medicines, White Lead in Oil, Lamp,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

and Linseed Oils, Saddlery, Trunks, Leather,
School Books and Stationary, &c. &c. &c. G. & S. have also the Agency for the sale of NAILS and CASTINGS, from the South

Carolina Manufactoring Company.

All the above Goods, with many other articles too numerous to mention, will be sold upon iberal terms to punctual customers. Thankful for past favors a continuance is solicited.

## OBITUARY.

Died of inflammation of the lungs, on Wedesday the 17th February nlt., at her residence near Higgins Ferry, in this District, Mrs. ELIZ-ABETH ABNEY, in the 69th year of her age. Thou art gone my mother, my comforter, my

guide.
Thou art gone to the realms of the blest: Oh, may the blest Spirit ever be by my side. To guide me to thee, to Heaven, and to rest:

IT HAS PERFECTLY CURED ME. PHILADELPHIA, December 1837. To Dr. D. Jayne-Dear Sir-The astonish ing and miraculous beneficial effects your valthe Rev. Mr. Rushing, made so favorable im-pression on my mind, that after consulting with several friends, and learning that you were a regular Practitioner of Medicine, I called upon you, and purchased half a dozen bottles, and old you that if I lived to take them, you should

have a good report from me. I am alive and well this day! Thanks to a perciful God, and your Expecturant; and now

come forward cheerfully to fulfil my promise For twenty long years had I been a constant uffeger from the effects of a hard, dry cough, pain in the breast, and difficulty of breathing; the last five of which, chills and fevers, every wring and fall, added to my misery. I was sporn away to a mere skeleton; with the greatst difficulty, only could I get up and down stairs; my appetite was gone, and my strength had so far failed me, that my friends were persuaded I could not survive many weeks, unless I obtained relief. Indeed, sir, my situation was so perfectly miserable to myself, and so disressing to my family, that I felt willing to die, whenever it should please the Master to take me home. But I heard of your medicine, and relief rame. Yes! it proved the "Balm of Gilead" to my poor afflicted body. Before I had taken one Bottle, I experienced a mitigation of all my symptoms, and to my great oy I found in the continued use of it th plest relief. In short sir, IT HAS MADE A
PERFECT CURE OF ME—and I can truly ay. I have no desire to be better.

With everlasting gratitude, I am, dear sir, your obliged friend. MARY GILL. Corner of Rose Street and Germantown Road, Philadelphia.

R S ROBERTS is Dr. D. Jayne's only Agent at Edgefield Court House.

Marc 24: portugues mate 1

PETTY GULF COTTON SEED. RESH and pure from the PETTY GULF HILLS, for sale by WALKER & BRADFORD,

Hamburg, S.C.
The seed are produced by Mr. John McVoy, ormerly of Richland District, S. C., but now of Claiborne county, Mississippi, who warrants his seeds FRESH and GENUINE; and who is desirous to have the character of his seeds tested by the planters of South Carolina and Georgia, as he intends making annual ship ments for sale in the markets. Hamburg, March 22

## NEW GOODS.

HE Subscriber is receiving and opening a complete assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND HARDWARE, HATS & SHOES, which he will sell as low as they can be hought J. A. WILLIAMS. march 24 tf 9

BLACK HAT CRAPE AND PRINTED MUSLINS. NEW and complete supply of seasonable DRY GOODS.

including the above,
For sale by R. S. ROBERTS. tf 9 march 24

LADIES' DRESS CAPS. ADIES' DRESS CAPS, also 'Mourning Caps and COLLARS, a new article, R. S. ROBETS. For sale by march 24

NEW WORK. EV. DR. WM. B. JOHNSON'S New Work, "The Gospel developed through the Government and Order of the Churches of Jesus Christ." Price 50 cents. Fsr sale by R. S. ROBERTS.

TABLE SALT IN BOXES. A T the old price of 121 cents a Box, for sale by R. S. ROBERTS. march 24

DAHLIA ROOTS & FLOWER SEEDS. OR SALE at 25 cents a parcel, and Flow er Seeds at 64 cents a paper, Lucerne Grass Seed at 50 cents a pound.

R. S. ROBERTS. CHEESEMAN'S ARABIAN BALSAM. A SMALL supply of this celebrated article, for sale by R. S. ROBERTS.

LANDRETH'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

WO papers for fifteen cents, warranted genuine, also a CORN SHELLER, a capital Machine, for sale by

R. S. ROBERTS.

march 24

tf 9 LACE & OPEN WORK BONNETS.

EGHORN Braid, straw and lace BON-NETS, for sale by R. S. ROBERTS.

PANAMA & LEGHORN HATS. ENTLEMEN'S Panama and Leghor a HATS, also Boy's and Children's PalDr. Brandreth's Pills! CLEASE AND PURIFY THE BODY.

HE application of the principle of Par-gation being allowed to be one of the greatest utility in the cure and prevention of diseases, it is of the greatest consequence to ascertain what medicine is capable of producing the desired effect, in the easiest, and at

the same time, in the most effectual manner. BRANDRETH'S VEGETYBLE UNIVERSAL PILES remove all noxious accumulations, and purify, and invigorate the blood, and their good effects are not counterbalanced by any inconvenience; being composed entirely of vegetables they do not expose those who use them to danger; and their effects are as certain as they are salutary; they are daily and safely administered to infancy, youth, manhood and old age, and to women in the most critical and delicate circumstances. They do not disturb or shock the animal functions, but restore their ordinary and re-established liealth.

Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office 241 Broad-

way, N. Y; other offices in New York.

The genuine only for sale in Edgefield District by R. S. RUBERTS, Edgefield Court
House, Kenrick & Thaver, Hamburg, and
SMYLEY'S-Store, Meeting street.

Every Agent having the genuine has a certificate of Agency, signed by the Doctor him-

March 24 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

OLLED before me on the 27th of February, Ly James S. Harrison, living at Mount Vernon Camp Ground, on the Long-cane road, three miles west of Kirksoy's Roads, a dark bay FILLY, four years old, thirteen hands high; no mark to be seen. Appraised at twenty-three dollars.

JAS. M. HARRISON, M. E. D.

NOTICE. HE undersigned have formed a co-part-nership under the name of John Lyon as Co., for the purpose of carrying on the purpose of carrying on the merchant Tailoring Business.

and will keep at the same place formerly occupied by John Lyon.

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHS: CASSIMERES. VESTINGS,
and finey articles, will always be kept on hand,
which will be sold on reasonable terms.

JOHN LYON,
IOHN LYON

JOHN LYON, JOHN LIPSCOMB.

We also would inform the public, that we are ecciving from New York and Charleston a splendid assortment of Goods suitable for Gentlemen's wear, consisting in part of Sup. black French CLOTH,

Do. blue do. do. Do. brown do. do.

Do. black do. Doe skin CASSIMERES. Do do. fancy do. do. . Do. fancy check summer COATS, allarge variety,

A splendid assortment of VESTINGS. A fine lot of white kid Gloves, black do. Black satin and fancy Cravats and Scarfs, Cotton and woolen Drawers, Also, a variety of Goods belonging to the trade, such as MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c., all of which will be sold and made up, in a style that will please any that may favor us with their

patronage. March 15, 1847. 3m 9 The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to

the citizens of the District, for the liberal manner in which they have supported him in his business, and hopes by strict attention, that the public may find it to their advantage to continue their patronage. JOHN LYON.



HOTEL,
Which it is his purpose to keep as such a house should be kept, and will only promise to all who favor-him with a calk, that he will do all in his power to please; and where as much comfort and quiet may be expected as can be found in any Public House.

A careful and attentive Hostler will be kept.

constantly in the Stable, and Horses shall attended to in a way that shall give entire satis-

N TUESDAY night the 9th inst., a small red POCKET BOOK, containing twenty three dollars in money; and a Note drawn by Asa Holstein, dec'd., and Thomas Smith for thirty-eight dollars, due two years past last Christmas. All persons are rejuested not to trade for said Note, as payment will be stopped.

SAMUEL WEBB.

"New Hands at the Bel-

THE Public in general, and "Old Edge-field" and "brother Newberry" in parti-cular, are hereby informed, that the subscribers have still on hand, at the Saluda Mills, situated on Saluda river, near Higgin's Ferry, in this District, a good supply of

FLOUR, No. 1 in quality, which they will sell at \$4 50 per barrel, or \$2 00 per hundred libs., without

the barrel.

They would further state, that they have employed a Master Miller for the present year, and having their Mills in complete trim, they hope to merit and receive a share of patronage.

from the Wheat growing public.

Fifty cents cash for really good Flour Bar-

rel delivered at the Mills.

E. P. & J. ABNEY.

Higgin's Ferry, March 8, 1847.

march 10

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7 metto Hats, for sale by R. S. ROBERTS.