

Letters of Marque and Reprisals.—We heard it stated on Saturday last, says the Philadelphia Ledger, by an intelligent officer of the United States Government, that Mr. Polk was determined, in case of a war with Mexico, to make a terrible example of any foreigners not belonging to Mexico, or parties to the war, who may attempt aggression upon American commerce under color of letters of marque from the Mexican Government. He will give orders to the Naval commanders to treat all such adventurers as pirates, as in reality they will be. It will be easy to distinguish them by language, and a few examples it is thought will be sufficient to put a stop to their cowardly, dishonest and murderous operations. The Mexicans have but a very limited marine, and have scarcely energy or enterprise sufficient to put ten privateers afloat; but a war will afford a pretext to adventurers of other nations to commence a system of robbery under letters of marque, and the best means we can adopt to defend ourselves against them, will be to pursue the course which it is said the President has already marked out, and punish them as pirates.—*Courier, 22d inst.*

Fire at Albany.—We learn from the Citizen, that a fire broke out at half past 11 o'clock on Monday evening, in a cow stable in the rear of No. 6, Park-street, between Park and Eagle streets, which immediately spread among the multitudes of stables, sheds, and out-houses in the rear of the buildings on State, Park and Eagle streets. These were all consumed, together with two small frame dwellings. No. 6 Park street, a two story building, owned by John Townsend, and occupied by a colored family, was destroyed; also No. 8 and 10, two story frame buildings, owned by the Dennison estate, and occupied by six poor poor brick dwelling, owned by J. Townsend, and occupied by Wm. P. Winters and Leman Clark, was seriously damaged by fire and water. All the furniture was removed. The three story brick houses, Nos. 32 and 34 Eagle street, owned by the Rathbone estate, and occupied (No. 32) by Mr. Van Arman, and (No. 34) by Mrs. Shaw and Mr. Swan, were also badly damaged; furniture all removed; also from No. 36, occupied by Mr. Parker.—*B. San.*

From the South Carolinian, August 21.  
MEMORISM AMONG THE SNAKES.  
Pomaria, S. C., July 31st, 1845.

Dear Sir—On Monday the 28th instant, as I was returning from dinner, about 2 P. M., to my school, about 3 miles west of Pomaria, I heard a noise near the road, and on examination found it proceeded from a large black snake, commonly called a coach-whip, about 6 feet long, which had a half grown rabbit by the head and was in the act of swallowing it. Upon my approaching the snake, it disengaged itself from the rabbit and glided off. I picked up a stone, and the snake stopping at the distance of forty yards from where I first discovered it, I killed it with a single blow. As soon as I struck the snake, on looking back I found the rabbit coming up, and I stopped immediately at the dead snake's head. I moved it away four or five yards with my foot, but it instantly returned to the snake's head. I then moved the snake, and the rabbit still pursued it, and I left it. About P. M. I returned to the place together with all my pupils, and the rabbit remained in the identical position in which I had left it. My son moved it again, but it immediately returned to its post at the snake's head, and welf it a second time, still charmed by the continuing spells of the dead serpent. I returned to the spot the next morning, but could find no trace of the rabbit. Now, can any one tell what secret power lies hidden in the organization of a serpent which caused this incident? It is wondrous strange, and well might puzzle more learned heads than mine. If the above possesses any interest it is at your service for publication.  
I am, very faithfully yours,  
GEO. M. FULMER.

DREADFUL OUTRAGE.  
Our community has been thrown into a state of excitement, for some days past, by the perpetration of one of the most daring outrages it has ever been our duty to record. On Thursday morning last, at day light, three negroes confined in the District Jail for safe keeping being desperate fellows, having committed many outrages, effected their escape from the cell in which they were confined, by breaking the padlock—either by their own efforts, or through the aid of a female slave, who was also a prisoner, and had the liberty of the passage. From an examination since had, it would appear that the Jailor, Mr. J. Bevil, had desired one of the prisoners to call him at an early hour in the morning, in order that he might lock up the woman. This was accordingly done, and no sooner had he opened the middle door, than the three desperados rushed upon him, one of them striking him on the head a mortal blow with an iron hinge, which they had wrenched from the door of their cell, which not felling him, another pushed him out of the way, and they all rushed by. The woman did not attempt to escape. Mrs. Bevil, the wife of the Jailor, hearing the noise, ran to the passage, and saw the negroes endeavoring to open the front door of the Jail, which they soon effected, and made their escape. Mr. Bevil had followed the negroes as far as the door, but most probably unconsciously, for as they passed out he fell to the floor, and expired in a few minutes afterwards. We are informed that he received no other injury than the first blow inflicted, which not fracturing the skull, most likely caused a concussion of the brain.

After breaking from the cell, and before their escape from the prison, we are informed they offered to release two other negroes who were in confinement, but they steadily refused to join them in their nefarious plans.  
These three desperados are now at large, although we are hourly in expectation of hearing of their recapture, as the most active measures have been taken to this end.—*Cheraw Gazette, 19th instant.*

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.  
Fatal Affray.—We regret to state that Zebedee Kendall, son of Hon. Amos Hendell, was shot down by Rufus Elliot,

on the Avenue, near 14th street, this evening about 6 o'clock.  
Our informant states that he perceived the parties coming out of a ten pin alley on 16th street; harsh words passed, Kendall raised a case to strike Elliot; when the latter stepped back, presented a revolving pistol, which snapped, but at the second attempt he shot Kendall through the heart, who expired immediately.  
[Constitution]

Outrage.—A letter received from Pineville, dated 20th inst., states that, a short time since a negro was shot near the old six mile house, under the following circumstances: "Three colored men, named Daniel Pegler, John Locklayer and Moore, were coming up from Charleston, and, somewhere near the old six mile house, met a negro with a basket of peaches. Pegler took two, and, on the negro's complaining, was about putting them back, when the fellow said "as you have taken but two, you may keep them!" John Locklayer then came up and took his hand full. The negro again complained, and said his master would soon be there, and he expected him every moment; and went a short distance and put his basket down, and commenced grumbling—whereupon Locklayer shot him: Pegler told him he was wrong in doing so, and if the gun had been loaded with buck shot he might have killed him. Locklayer replied he did not care about it, and if the negro's master said anything about it he would shoot him also. A gentleman soon came up, and the negro told him what had happened, but he passed on without interference. The writer furnishes the above information, that inquiry may be instituted, the negro identified, and the perpetrator of the outrage brought to punishment.—*Courier, 23d inst.*

Cotton.—Our planters have commenced picking out Cotton—our bale, the first this season, was offered in our market on Friday last, and brought \$7 62 1/2 per cwt. From all quarters accounts reach us of serious injury to the crops, by the army worm, the rust, and the lice. Many are now beginning to cry out "short crop," but we are still inclined to the opinion that the general supply will be adequate to meet the demand, although in particular sections there may be a great deficiency. We were informed, a few days ago, that throughout an extensive neighborhood in the adjoining district of Marlborough, the lice are doing incalculable injury to the Cotton—in fact, all that will be made, had already matured. In this District, much injury has been already effected, by the same voracious enemy, and the prospects are becoming worse and worse.

The Corn crop is fully as short, if not more so than we have heretofore represented it. Provisions of all kinds will be scarce and dear, taking it all in all, the future is clouded with a gloom which will require all our energies to remove, that we may be once more gladdened with the sunshine of prosperity.—*Cheraw Gazette, 19th instant.*

We have a specimen of Sea-Island cotton raised on the plantation of R. J. Mays, Esq., of Madison county, presented us by the Governor, and of the very finest quality, as we are informed by good judges of the article. We are not informed of the number of acres Mr. M. has planted, but this is a fair specimen of his crop, it cannot fail to command a high price. It establishes the fact that we have some of the best lands in the country for producing the long staple, and we wonder more if it is not cultivated. We should be pleased to hear from Mr. Mays and others, as to their experience and success in raising the Sea Island Cotton and Tobacco. Since we have become a State, many persons are looking to us with more than ordinary interest, and many more would emigrate and settle among us were they better acquainted with our natural resources and the opportunities for easily acquiring a competency.  
[Tallahassee Floridian 16th inst.]

The President of the United States has recognized Abraham Zipey Ogler, resident at Boston, as Consul General of the Sublime Porte for the U. States. This is the first C. onul from the Sublime Porte who has been sent to this country.—*Ibid.*

Salt.—We understand says the Abingdon Virginian, that a company has recently succeeded in finding Salt Water in Mercer county—whether in abundance or not, we can't say. The mania for salt-digging seems to be increasing—we hope with success, though the probability is that there will be a greater amount of loss than gain. The Louisville (Greenbrier) Chronicle says:  
"We understand that our enterprising fellow citizen, F. Luddington, Esq., has succeeded, to a very encouraging extent, in obtaining salt water. The wells from which it is procured, are of considerable depth, and we doubt not the ultimate success of the enterprise.  
"From the same source, salt, nearly sufficient for the use of this section of country, was made during the last war, and we cannot see no good reason why the amount of capital and enterprise now employed to develop more fully its resources, should not result in success."

Slavery in Mississippi.—By a provision in the Constitution of Mississippi, the introduction of slaves into the State is prohibited after the present year. This prohibition extends not only to the introduction of slaves as merchandise, but settlers within the State cannot import them for their own use. This state of things induced the Legislature at its last session, to authorize the people to vote on a proposition to change this provision. It excites general attention; the New Orleans Bulletin thinks that the popular sentiment is against any change.—*Courier, 19th inst.*

Shoes.—Haverhill sends out annually one million one hundred and eighty thousand pairs, the cost of which would be between six and seven hundred thousand dollars. The amount paid for manufacturing them is from \$200,000 to \$250,000.  
There are no less than five Churches now in course of erection in the city of Washington.

Mexican Affairs.—We make some extracts today from the official paper at Washington, which will be found interesting as exhibiting the progress of the two countries towards a state of war. Our Government seems determined, if it comes to that, to have Mexico circled and shut up like a rat in his hole. But we still doubt of actual war. Coupled with a recommendation from the Mexican Executive to declare it, is a demand for a loan of \$15,000,000, as the means of carrying it out. The one is probably quite necessary to the other, and how is Mexico to borrow the money? Delinquent in the payment of her interest—her finances in the utmost disorder—her commerce crippled by harassing duties—her internal industry decayed by tyrannous and capricious exactions, and added to all this, a universal persuasion that the Government has no stable support and may be upset at any moment, by faction, how is Mexico to get credit for the sinews of war? It is said they talk of a forced loan. That is a perilous project. Santa Anna the Dictatorship by such borrowing, and he only exacted \$5,000,000. But if the Mexican Government could succeed in raising this money, they are much more likely to employ it, as Santa Anna did, to secure their own power, than to invade Texas.—*Mercury, 23d inst.*

The News.—The Britannia has made her shortest passage, and came yesterday as unexpectedly as the Cambria. There is little political interest in the news. The annexation of Texas is treated very coolly—though it appears that a portion of the English politicians, looking to a Mexican war as the result, are disposed to make it what they call in Kentucky "a free fight"—where every body is at liberty to get his head broke. Such a result is anticipated by some on this side the Atlantic, and the possibility of it is undoubtedly an important element to be considered in the management of the affair.

The prospects of the harvest are just now the subject of most lively interest to the English press. Our extracts give a rather gloomy picture; it is probably overcharged. The London Economist discusses the matter in a more hopeful spirit, and while it admits that there is great and general anxiety about the harvest, that the crops are generally backward and the weather broken and unsatisfactory, adds that "as yet, no damage of any importance has been received by the growing crops, which taken generally, and all kinds of produce together, are as heavy and luxuriant as in any year on record; and if the weather during the next month should prove favorable, will be the most productive, all kinds of produce considered, ever known." The Economist is considered the very highest authority in such matters.—*Mercury, 22d inst.*

The President has issued his proclamation making known that an additional article to the Convention for the surrender of criminals between the United States and France has been concluded and signed at Washington, by their respective Plenipotentiaries. By virtue of this article, all persons charged with robbery and burglary shall be respectively delivered up to the country which claims them.

Iron.—A most important discovery in the manufacture of iron has been made at Troy, N. Y. The west side of Lake Champlain abounds in magnetic ore from which the new iron is made in a reverberatory furnace with only one heat. The result is a soft malleable iron, capable of being drawn into the smallest wires. It is obtained by a process of deoxidizing the iron, for which process a patent has been secured by the inventor. The cheapness and facility with which iron can thus be produced make it one of the first inventions of the age.

Through a gentleman from Camden, we have heard more in detail the facts connected with the release of Charles Lewis, who was lately arrested in St. Marys upon a charge of murder, committed in Tennessee last year. He was brought up by a writ of habeas corpus before the Justices of the Inferior court of Camden county, and discharged by their order, for want of evidence, there being no testimony against him, but the bare suspicion of the informer, who has thus been disappointed in the expected reward. We understand, also, that the amount offered by the Governor of Tennessee for his apprehension is three hundred, and not three thousand dollars, as has been erroneously stated. Leonard S. D'Ly on, Esq., acted as counsel for the prisoner.—*Savannah Georgian, 19th inst.*

Tobacco statistics.—In the year 1843, eight millions one thousand four hundred and forty nine pounds one shilling and four pence were spent by the people of Great Britain and Ireland in tobacco! A tolerable round sum to end in smoke. If the weed had been worked into pig tail, rather more than half an inch thick, it would have formed a line of 99,470 miles, long enough to go nearly five times round the world.—*Exchange paper.*

Burying Alive.—We published under this head last week an article from the Baltimore Sun, showing on the authority of a sexton who, in the course of his ministrations to the dead, discovered either three or five bodies, (the editor did not recollect which) turned completely over on their side, in one the corpse lying breast downwards. We have also observed in other papers statements of similar cases, known to have occurred in their respective localities. Such distressing facts should arouse communities to adopt some preventative against their occurrence; there can be but little doubt that not a city, town or village burying place has escaped cases of this kind, for wherever steps have been taken to ascertain the fact, the result appears to have proved that they have occurred. In France, the subject has lately received official investigation. It is, we know, a subject that people will take but little interest in, and yet it is one that should engage the attention of every man in the country. That the vital spark should return to its "frail tenement of clay," after burial, and give the unfortunate victim just time to move, ere it passes off forever, is sufficient to

excite feelings the most abhorrent to the human breast. The question is, how are we to guard against the evil? Let reception houses be erected in each village and town, sufficiently large for its wants—in large cities each denomination should have one—where the deceased person should remain until all doubt as to death was removed, and then consigned to the earth. With little expense or trouble this system could be easily adopted, the object being to make it general.—*Southern Chronicle.*

### Hamburg Prices Current.

| AUG. 20 1845.                |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Bacon, per lb.               | Iron, per lb.                |
| Hog round, 7 a 8             | Swedes, ass'd, 4 1/2 a 5 1/2 |
| Hams, 8 a 8 1/2              | Hoop, 7 1/2 a 9              |
| Shoulders, 7 a 7 1/2         | Sheet, 7 a 9                 |
| Sides, a                     | Nail Rods, 7 1/2 a 8         |
| Bagging, per yd.             | Russia bar, 5 a 6            |
| Best Hemp, 17 a 20           | Plough Moulds, 6 a 7         |
| Tow, 15 a 18                 | Lead, per lb. 8 a 10         |
| Cotton, 17 a 18              | Lead, " " 6 a 8              |
| Batesop, per lb. 8 a 10      | Lina, per bbl.               |
| Batesop, prib. 22 a 25       | Stone, 2 00 a 2 50           |
| Cotton, per lb.              | Rice, per 100lbs 4 00        |
| Ord. to Mid'g, 5 1/2 a 5 1/2 | Sugars, per lb.              |
| Middling Fair, 6 a 6 1/2     | St. Croix, 10 a 11           |
| Fully Fair, 6 a 6 1/2        | Porto Rico, 7 a 10           |
| Fine, a                      | New Orleans, 7 a 10          |
| Coffee, per lb.              | Havana, white 10 a 12        |
| Rio, 8 a 10                  | Do. brown 8 a 9              |
| Java, 13 a 15                | Loaf and lump, 13 a 15       |
| Corn, per bu., 00 a 6 1/2    | Salt, per bush, 45 a 50      |
| Corn Meal, 50 a 7 1/2        | Sack, 1 50 a 1 75            |
| Flour, per bbl.              | Tallow, per lb. 8 a 10       |
| Canal, 7 a 10 00             | Twine, per lb.               |
| Country, 4 50 a 5 25         | American, 25 a 30            |
| Hides, per lb. 7 a 8         | English, 25 a 37 1/2         |

### Commercial.

HAMBURG, August 20.  
Cotton.—There has been no new Cotton in yet, and our quotations are made for the old article. Prices still range steady, notwithstanding the receipts are too light to make out a regular market. The accounts per the Steamer Great Britain, have had no perceptible effect on this market, as prices were already too high here to warrant an advance. Our quotations are as follows:  
Ordinary to middling, 5 a 5 1/2  
Middling fair, 5 1/2 a 6  
Fair, 6 a 6 1/2  
Good fair, 6 1/2 a 7  
Fully fair, 7 a 7 1/2

HAMBURG, August 22.  
Cotton.—For several days past our market has been in a very dull state, and sales quite limited. The few bales we hear of were at rates nearly half a cent under our last week's quotations. We quote ordinary to middling, 5 1/2 to 6; middling fair to fair, 6 1/2 to 7; good fair to fine, 7 1/2 to 7 3/4 cents.  
Provisions of all kinds continue to advance except Flour. There has been some little Cal received, which is selling at \$7.  
Corn and Meal are retreating at \$7 1/2 and \$1.  
Bacon is selling readily, by the wagon load, at 9 cents Hog round.

MARRIED,  
On the evening of the 12th instant by the Rev. E. F. Hyde, ARTHUR SIMKINS, Esq., of Edgefield, to Miss MARY E., daughter of Mrs. D. Pratt, of Newberry.

OBITUARY.  
Died in this District on the 2d day of August, ROBERT, second son of Mr. J. R. Kimbell, aged 10 years. Also, on the 7th, JAMES OLIVER, third son of Mr. K., aged 8 years.  
"Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."  
Died, at her residence in Russell County, Alabama, on the 12th of August, Mrs. ELIZABETH C. SWEARENGEN, consort of Mr. John B. Swearingen and the daughter of the Rev. John Landrum, of Edgefield District, S. C., in 43d year of her age, leaving a bereaved husband and family, and a numerous circle of friends to bewail their irreparable loss. C.

We are authorized to announce  
CAPTAIN JOSEPH HIGHTOWER, as a candidate for Colonel of the Seventh Regt., enlisted, occasioned by the resignation of Col. L. T. Wigfall. July 30 '45

The friends of Lieut. Colonel  
SAMUEL POSEY, announce him as a candidate for the office of Colonel of Seventh Regiment, S. C. Militia. July 30 '45

We are authorized to announce  
D. MIMS, Esq., as a candidate for Colonel of Seventh Regiment, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Col. L. T. Wigfall. July 23 '45

Corn and Hay for Sale.  
5,000 Bushels. DAVENPORT best North Carolina CORN.  
4,000 bushels Maryland White Corn, just received and will constantly be kept for sale. Orders from the country, (with city reference) will be immediately attended to.  
Apply to J. S. RYAN, East Bay, opposite Fitzsimmons's Wharf. Charleston, August 27 '45

### HAWGA BEAT COMPANY.

ATTENTION!  
You will appear on your usual Company Muster Ground on Friday the 5th September next, for instruction and drill, armed and equipped as the law directs.  
An election will be held at the same time and place, for Colonel of 7th Regiment, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Louis T. Wigfall. The first and second Lieutenants will assist in managing the Election.  
All other orders are hereby countermanded.  
By order of Capt. D. L. SHAW. J. MORRIS, O. S. Aug. 27 '45

### Poor House Buildings!

THE following are the dimensions of the buildings for the Poor Houses, to be built near Mr. Avory Bland's, and let out to the lowest bidder on Tuesday after sale day in September next.  
1st. The House for the Agent 30 by 18 feet, 9 feet between the floors, close shed and open piazza, and two chimneys—one to the house and one to the shed.  
2nd. Kitchen 38 by 16 feet, chimney in the middle; close shed on one side, 8 feet pitch.  
3rd. One House for the Paupers, 38 feet long by 16 feet wide; chimney in the middle, with two fire places; 8 feet pitch, to be of good materials; the framing may be either hewed or sawed lumber.  
Also, the digging and walling of a Well August 27 '45

LAW BLANKS  
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

ABBEVILLE  
Female Academy.  
THE Trustees of the Abbeville Female Academy beg leave to announce to the public, that Mr. JAMES L. LESLEY has consented to take charge of the Female School in Abbeville Village, for the year 1846.  
Mr. Lesley has, for the last ten years been engaged in the education of youth and long and favorably known in Abbeville District, as a competent and successful classical teacher. His character, capacity and qualifications as an instructor, are too well known and generally admitted to require from us any encomium, to recommend him to the confidence and support of the community.  
All the usual branches of an English education will be taught; also, the French, Latin and Greek languages, together with Philosophy, Drawing, Mathematics, Astronomy, Chemistry, &c., &c.  
The Scholastic Year to consist of ten and a half months, commencing the first Monday of January next. The School will be under the exclusive direction and control of Mr. Lesley. Good and cheap boarding may be had with private families in the Village and its vicinity.  
Miss HARRISON, whose superior qualifications as a Music Teacher, have been long known and appreciated in Abbeville, will still continue in charge of the Music Department.  
D. L. WARDLAW,  
JOHN WHITE,  
R. H. WARDLAW,  
J. J. WARDLAW,  
W. A. WARDLAW,  
T. C. PERRIN,  
JAS. S. WILSON,  
F. BRANCH,  
JAMES ALSTON.

Brought to the Jail.  
OF this District, a negro man who says his name is WASHINGTON, and that he belongs to Mr. Lemuel White, who he says lives near New Market, Abbeville District, S. C. Said fellow is about five feet one or two inches high, and between 21 and 22 years of age, and light complexion; he has a scar on his neck.  
The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with according to law.  
August 27 '45 C. H. GOODMAN, Jailor.

### Brought to the Jail

OF this District, a negro man who says his name is ELIHU, and that he belongs to Mr. William Davis, of Edgefield county, Ga., living within twenty-three miles of Savannah. Said fellow is about five high, light complexion, and between 20 and 21 years of age. No scars or marks perceptible. He says his owner bought him from a speculator.  
The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with according to law.  
August 27 '45 C. H. GOODMAN, Jailor.

### Notice.

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature at its next session, to alter the charter of the Town of Edgefield, so as to give to the Town Council, the exclusive right to grant Tavern licenses, and sell, or to retail spirituous liquors within said town.  
August 27 '45 3m 31

### South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

BY JOHN HILL, Esquire, Ordinary of Edgefield District.  
Whereas, Levi R. Wilson hath applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of John Wingard, late of the District aforesaid, deceased, these are therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of said deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield Court House, on the 15th day of September, to show cause if any why the said administration should not be granted.  
Given under my hand and seal, this 25th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and in the seventieth year of American Independence.  
JOHN HILL, o. e. v.  
August 27 '45 2t 31

### Dr. Brandreth's Pills.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS by cleansing the Blood from all impurities, gives power to every organ to perform its functions healthily, no matter whether externally or internally situated. Nature has formed the bowels for the evacuation of all unhealthy humors of the blood, and it man would use but common sense, he would take care that they performed this office faithfully. If the bowels are out of order, if too slow, or too fast, a few doses of BRANDRETH'S PILLS will bring them to order. Ask the man who was dying from constipated bowels, what cured him; he tells you Brandreth's Pills. Ask him who has had the dysentery for six months, and every remedy had failed; he tells you, Brandreth's Pills cured him in a week. So with other diseases. Twelve Brandreth's Pills rubbed down in half pint of molasses, cured a little boy of an ulcer of the face which was rapidly spreading to his eyes, and which a dozen doctors had tried to cure, but could not; the poor parents would have given half they were worth to have had it cured, but every thing they tried did no good, until they gave it a tea spoonful of molasses every day, in half a pint of which they had rubbed down twelve Brandreth's Pills; before the whole of the molasses was taken the ulcer was cured. And yet some foolish people call Brandreth's Pills a quick medicine. It would be well, therefore, a few more such quick medicines. Will all your pretended Sarsaparilla Compounds, or Lozenges, or Salves, cure like the Brandreth's Pills? Can they send you to persons cured as Dr. Brandreth can? Can they point out to you people who had been helpless for years from Epilepsy and St. Vitus's Dance, who have been cured by their remedies? If they cannot, Dr. Brandreth can. Can they point out to you a person who for twenty years had never had a stool without having used medicine, or mechanical means, and whom the Brandreth's Pills cured in a month, and gave him as healthy evacuations as he had when he was a child?  
The Pills are sold at Dr. Brandreth's Office, 241 Broadway, N. York. Also, by Bland & Butler, Edgefield C. H.; S. D. Clarke & Co., Hamburg; J. S. & D. C. Smyley, Meeting Street; W. M. Colman, New Market; Whitlock, Sullivan & Walter, Greenwood; L. D. Merriman, Cokesbury.  
Aug. 27 '45 5t 31

### NOTICE

is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature at its next session, to declare Rocky Spring Creek, in Lexington District, a navigable stream.  
August 20 '45 30

### SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

THE Subscriber now has, and intends keeping on hand, good heart SHINGLES for sale.  
JAS. GRIFFIN.  
August 20 '45 60

Eagle and Phoenix Hotel,  
A Card.  
THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the travelling public, that he is now having the above splendid House put in complete order, and will open it under the immediate direction of himself and wife, on or about the first of September next, at which time, he solicits from his friends and patrons, a continuance of past favors, assuring them that their comfort will always be his study.  
WM. FRAZIER,  
Augusta, Ga., August 20 '45

### BUTCHERING.

THE Subscribers having commenced the above business, propose to furnish the citizens of Edgefield village and its vicinity with beef, pork and mutton.—The subscribers pledge themselves to act in all fidelity in the above business, and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.  
NICHOLAS & KENNERLY.  
N. B.—Our regular market days will be Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.  
August 20 '45 30

150,000 BRICKS, best quality, just burnt and for sale, by ORLAND & CHRISTIAN, Edgefield C. H., July 30, '45 27

### NOTICE.

J. J. HOWARD, formerly of the firm of HOWARD & GARLAND, who has recently occupied my stores, Edgewood Park, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he intends keeping on hand, an excellent assortment of  
SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT, IRON, MOLASSES, AND ROPE,  
and all other articles in that line, together with a full assortment of  
DOMESTIC GOODS,  
Rum, Spanish Brackets, Shoes, &c., and in fact every article usually kept in the business.  
He is receiving a complete stock of the above named articles, fresh from New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore; also a lot of fine  
BACON SIDES AND HAMS.  
He solicits a portion of that patronage which was so kindly given him when in the firm of Howard & Garmany, and pledges himself to use renewed energy to please and benefit those who will give him a chance.  
All orders for Kragging and Rope, will be filled; and he guarantees all articles sent, to please in quality and price.  
J. J. HOWARD,  
Hamburg, August 20 '45 (Jour.) 30

### H. L. JEFFERS, General Agent and Commission Merchant, Hamburg, S. C.

STILL offers his services to his friends and the public, and he will devote his undivided attention to the  
SELLING OF COTTON AND FLOUR,  
RECEIVING AND FORWARDING GOODS,  
Buying Goods for Planters or Merchants, or attend to any business that may be committed to his care.  
He embraces this opportunity of tendering his thanks to his friends for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and by industry and close attention to business, he hopes to merit, and to continue to receive the same. It shall be his aim to make all his charges as light as possible, knowing that it will be to his interest to closely observe the interest of his friends.—Liberal advances will be made if required, on produce sent to him for sale or store. Cotton sent to him by Boats, will be received free of charge. All produce sent to him for sale, will be promptly sold on arrival, if so ordered.  
August 6 '45

### Notice to House Carpenters!

WILL be Let to the lowest bidder, on Tuesday after the first Monday in September next, on the Chappell's Ferry Road, one mile from Mr. Avory Bland's, the building of several Framed Houses. Dimensions, plan and time given for day of letting.  
SETH BUTLER,  
Chairman Board of the Poor.  
August 6 '45

### CIGARS.

10 M. Large Spanish (W. A. H.)  
10 M. Spanish (L. Valdes)  
10 M. do (R. P. M.)  
5 M. Imperial Regalia, ("Venus.")  
Just received, and for sale by  
SIBLEY & CRAPON.  
Hamburg, July 23, 1845 '45

### FLOUR.

JUST received 25 barrels fresh NORTH JERN FLOUR, and for sale by  
SIBLEY & CRAPON.  
Hamburg, July 23, 1845. '45 26.

### State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.  
Robert R. Hunter, } Declaration in Attachment.  
vs. }  
P. H. Rooney. }  
THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed his Declaration in my Office, and the Defendant having no wife or Attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served; "It is therefore Ordered" That the Defendant appear and plead to the same within a year and a day from the date hereof or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.  
THOMAS G. BACON, c. c. r.  
Clerk's Office, 23d Nov. 1844. 4t 1y

### State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.  
Benj. F. Landrum, bearer, } Declaration in Attachment.  
vs. }  
Richard Allen. }  
THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed his Declaration in my Office and the Defendant having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served. It is therefore Ordered, that he appears and plead to the same, within one year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.  
THOMAS G. BACON, c. c. r.  
Clerk's Office 21st Nov. 1844 4t 1y

### State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.  
Benj. F. Landrum, bearer, } Declaration in Attachment.  
vs. }  
Richard Allen. }  
THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed his Declaration in my Office and the Defendant having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served. It is therefore Ordered, that he appears and plead to the same, within one year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.  
THOMAS G. BACON, c. c. r.  
Clerk's Office 21st Nov. 1844 4t 1y

### State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.  
Benj. F. Landrum, bearer, } Declaration in Attachment.  
vs. }  
Richard Allen. }  
THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed his Declaration in my Office and the Defendant having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served. It is therefore Ordered, that he appears and plead to the same, within one year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.  
THOMAS G. BACON, c. c. r.  
Clerk's Office 21st Nov. 1844 4t 1y

### State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.  
Benj. F. Landrum, bearer, } Declaration in Attachment.  
vs. }  
Richard Allen. }  
THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed his Declaration in my Office and the Defendant having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served. It is therefore Ordered, that he appears and plead to the same, within one year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.  
THOMAS G. BACON, c. c. r.  
Clerk's Office 21st Nov. 1844 4t 1y

We are authorized to announce  
LEVI R. WILSON, as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector, at the next election.  
Feb. 26 '45 5.