

Poetic Access:



From the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette. THE EDITOR SAT IN HIS SANCTUM.

The editor sat in his sanctum, In a hopeless plight was he; Fain would he fall in a thinking fit, For he was at the extreme of his wit, As to what his leader should be.

He had reaped his brain so often, The soil seemed barren grown; The forest of wit was felled to the stump, The flowers of fancy were gone, save a clump, Where the seed had but lately been sown.

He fished in the river of knowledge, But his angling line was short; "Surely there's plenty of fish in the sea, But it's plain as a whale," quoth he, "In deeper waters they're caught."

He dived to the bed of the ocean, Where the pearls did erst abound; He raked and sifted the briny mud That lies below the emerald flood, But not an oyster he found.

"Ah! what I shall do?" he murmured; "The devil will be here soon; Methinks his tones on my tympanum stir, 'The men are all waiting for copy, sir; And now it is after noon."

"It hath been quoted often, With a full meed of credit, The maxim wise Witherspoon spoke in his day 'Never speak till you're something to say, And stop when you have said it.'

"Ah! good advice to a parson," He sadly went on to say; "But I would ask, who ever said it, or Hinted such a thing to a hair-brained editor, From his birth to his dying day?"

He rose in his mental anguish, And turn'd the key to his door; The devil soon came, and loudly did knock, But the editor sat as sad as a stock, And the devil then knocked the more.

The editor leaned on his patience, As on a cushioned chair; And he sat him down, and he rocked away, While fancy began in his mind to play, And thought to nestle there.

He neither swore nor cursed, He despised a word profane; (And, verily, he who curses and swears, But adds to his sins and adds to his cares— And the vice is mean and vain.)

The devil and the editor long Maintained the battle and strife; For the ink-y ink kept sturdily knocking, And the editor kept unceasingly rocking, And thinking as for his life.

His fancies came like a morning In the beautiful time of May; And thoughts, like the rays of light shone out, And tremblingly glimmered and twinkled about Till his mind was clear as day.

The devil was drumming and drumming A rat-a-tat on the door; The editor cared not a whit for his thumps, But quietly rubbed his ideal bums, Till the flood began to pour.

Down to the tips of his fingers, When he caught the paper and pen, And beautiful things from the bodiless air Were call'd into being, and written down there, A blessing to true-hearted men.

Truth shone on the face of the paper, And the editor's heart was light; For noble the man among noble men, Who fears not to ply a truth-telling pen For God and for human right.

He sprang to the door of his sanctum, As swift as a Grecian winner, Who reaches the goal in Olympian race, And the copy he pushed in the ink devil's face And thankfully went to his dinner.

From the Southern Cultivator. CAN A FARMER BUY HIS MEAT CHEAPER THAN HE CAN RAISE IT AT HOME?

It is a common place remark with a class of slipshod sort of planters, that "a man can buy his meat cheaper than he can raise it." At some particular junctures, when corn is high and meat low, this may be momentarily the case, if cotton happens to bear a fair price at the time. Taken for a series of years, this maxim is devoid of truth, and ruinous to individuals and the country in its effects. And what guaranty has he that the supply of meat from abroad may not fall short, as has been the case this year with mules? And no circumstance tends more to bring about that result than the late very low prices, which are calculated to dishearten the Tennessean; and prevent his bringing the former quantity to market. This year meat has been unusually low, and that very fact may add 50 per cent to its price another year, and the meat buying farmer will find himself at the mercy of the Tennessean. To reason by analogy is this will very likely happen. Any one can recollect that in 1843, good mules sold here for \$30 to \$35, and the same description brought \$75 this past winter. What safeguard has the planter who raises neither meat or mules; against these periodical revulsions in the market of these articles?—revulsions dependant on the laws of supply and demand, which his helpless situation prevents him from averting from his own door. A planter who raises corn near a large market town, may sometimes make money by selling his corn at a high price, which usually happens once or so in a season, and buying

his meat. But the great mass of farmers live at a distance from a market, and have no such advantages. But if even this one turtus speculator and sells corn to buy meat, he will find, in an average of years, he will make but little by it.

Let us examine the question of meat-buying closely. Say two acres of land will produce a bag of cotton weighing 400 pounds; this, at five cents, will be \$20. What would this same two acres of ground produce if cultivated in corn and fed to four hogs of a year old? We have estimated that it produces 800 weight of seed cotton to the acre, according to the above calculation, and land which yields that much cotton will bring 40 bushels of corn. Well, that would be 40 bushels of corn, which, fed to four hogs of a year old, at the rate of ten bushels to each, would make each one weigh certainly 175 pounds net. Multiply this by four, and we have 700 pounds of pork as the result, which, at three cents per pound, is \$21—a difference of a dollar against the theory of "it is cheaper to buy than to raise," with the additional advantage of placing the farmer above the contingencies of a short supply and high prices.

Since we began this article, in looking over our papers, the following opposite remarks of the Albany Cultivator, on the subject of the pork market, has met our eye, and we transfer it here as a corroboration of our suppositions. We had supposed in the usual course of things, this fluctuation might take place, and it seems that in fact it has taken place sooner than we expected:

"Deficiency in the Supply of Pork for 1844.—We are not surprised at the falling off in the amount of pork slaughtered in the West last season. From 1839 to 1841, it is well known that an excitement, amounting almost to a mania, prevailed through the country in relation to hogs.—Improved breeds were sought after with great avidity, and in many instances very high prices were paid, particularly for Berkshires. The natural consequence of this excitement was, first, that unusual numbers of hogs were reared and fattened, and of course the pork market was glutted. The unprecedentedly low prices of pork in the western markets, for the years 1841 to 1843 proved almost ruinous to those farmers who relied on that article for their chief income. Many farmers were forced to sell their hogs for no more than a dollar and fifty cents per hundred, dead weight, and in some instances for less. They could not stand such low prices, and hence followed the second result of the former excitement, viz: the raising of but a small number of hogs, and the falling off in the quantity of pork killed in the western country last year. We see it stand in various papers that the amount packed at Cincinnati last year was less by one-third than for the year previous. At St. Louis it is said the decrease is still greater; and through the State of Illinois there is said to have been a falling off from one-third to one-half. In Ohio the falling off was much greater, as we are informed, at the interior slaughtering places, than at Cincinnati. In the Scioto valley, for instance, where the number slaughtered at nine places in 1843 was 121,800, the number for 1844 is only 18,350. It seems probable, from present prospects, that pork will command at least remunerating prices the coming fall, and those farmers who had the foresight to see this, and have wisely provided themselves with a sufficient stock of a good breed of hogs, will be likely to reap their reward."

So we may expect an increase of price for some time to come, and the same causes which have produced this reaction in Ohio, will probably develop themselves in Tennessee a year later. In time to affect the next winter's supply of pork here. Now let us suppose that the planter, who purchased his meat last winter at three cents, should have to pay five cents for it the next, and see how our calculation above will stand affected by it. The 700 pounds of meat at that increased price would be worth \$35, which would be a difference of \$15 against his anti-meat raising system. And while these serious changes are taking place, may there not be a decline in cotton? Such things take place occasionally, as he is aware; and, instead of purchasing his meat with cotton at five cents, or in other words, giving a pound of cotton for a pound of meat, may not cotton fall to four cents. In that case it makes the difference stand against his theory at \$19, or very near one hundred per cent.

We trust that we have shown, that if at particular times, for a short period at best, the planter does well to buy his supply of meat, with the proceeds of his cotton and corn, in the main that plan is destructive of his own interests, and in a high degree prejudicial to the general welfare and prosperity of the community at large. The farmer is truly the bone and sinew of the country. His prosperity makes all others prosperous, and his ruin is succeeded by a destruction to all other callings. If collectively, the farmers of a country pursue a correct policy, which results happily to themselves, the whole land smiles; if they pursue the infatuated course, heretofore followed in Georgia, the country is clad in the lugubrious raiment of sack-cloth and ashes. When will the farmers of Georgia pursue their true interests, and raise the dejected head of their beloved State? J. B. L.

Macon Ga., April, 1845.

Positively the Last Notice. ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of John Cheatham, Sen. deceased, are requested to present them properly attested within the time prescribed by law, and those who do not avail themselves with this opportunity will not be paid.

GUTHERIDGE CHEATHAM, March 4 1y 5 Exeutor.

Notice. ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of John D. Raiford, late of this District, are requested to make immediate payment, and all having any demands against the said Estate will hand them in; according to law, by the 25th of December next, at which time the subscribers desires to close the Estate.

ELLAH WATSON, Adm'r. April 9 9m 11

We are authorized to announce, GEORGE J. SHEPPARD as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the next election.

Dec. 25 1f 48

Sibley & Trappin. Wholesale & Retail Grocers.

CORNER CENTRE AND MARKET STREETS, HAMBURG, S. C.

HAVE just received, and will continue to receive fresh supplies of the following Articles, which they offer to their friends and the trade, at the lowest market prices:

SUGARS. 20 hhds. choice St. Croix Sugars do. 30 do. Porto Rico do. 10 do. Muscovado do. 3 do. Clairfield do. 10 bbls. Crushed do. 5 do. Pulverized do. 5 boxes double refined Leaf Sugar.

COFFEE. 60 bags Old Government Java Coffee do. 10 do. Angustura do. 300 choice Rio do. Bales Mocho do.

CHEESE. 20 casks prime Cheese. BAGGING. 200 pieces Heavy Dundee, 44 to 45 inch. 100 do. Tow, 45 inch. 150 do. Georgia & Carolina, 44 to 45 in. 50 do. Kentucky, (heavy) 44 to 45 in. 24 bales Gunny, 24 per yard, 45 to 47 in.

SHOES. 3000 pair thick Brogans, choice 1000 do. Kip do. 1000 do. Women and Boy's Shoes. 3000 lbs Sole Leather.

ROPE 150 coils Manila Rope 50 do. Kentucky Rope 50 do. Jute do.

MOLASSES. 10 hhds. Trinidad 25 bbls. New Orleans.

IRON 1000 lbs. Iron of various sizes, viz: 1/2 and 3/4 by 3/4, 2 1/2 and 2 3/4 by 1/2 to 3/4, 2 1/2 to 4 by 1/2 to 3/4, 4 1/2 to 5 by 1/2 to 3/4 5000 lbs. Band iron. 1 1/2 1 3/4 2 1/4 3 3/4

1000 lbs hoop iron, from 3/4 to 1 1/2 inch 10 bundles Nail Kods 5 do German Steel, assorted sizes, CHAIRS. 5 dozen Rocking Chairs, and wood seats.

BLANKETS. 2 bales 9-4 Blankets 2 do. 10 4 do. weighing 7 lbs the pair 2 Jo. Grey do. 10-4. " " " A good assortment of Bed Blankets from 10 to 12-4.

NEGRO CLOTHS. 2000 yds. Washington Jeans heavy, 2000 do. Coventry Plains.

SALT. 1200 Sacks Salt, (Charleston Sacks) 5 do Table Salt Boxes Table Salt.

NAILS. 125 Kegs Nails, assorted Sizes 25 do Finishing Nails 20 do Brads.

SHOT. 200 Bags, assorted Sizes. BACON. 10,000 Prime Country Sides.

POWDER. 30 Kegs Dupont's FFF G 20 do Blasting 12 do Eagle.

SEGARS. 10 M. Large Spanish (W. A. H. 4 M. Spanish (L. Valdesos) 10 M. do (R. P. M.) 6 M. Light Spanish (L. Valdesos) 5 M. Imperial Regalias (Venus.)

TEAS. 50 Boxes Teas, consisting of gu powder, Hyson and Imperial 6 Cases Cattees, Gunpowder, Imperial & Hyson. 2 chests Black Tea.

ALSO—Ginger, Pepper, Spice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Sassafras, Bine Stone, Indigo, Copperas, Blue Turac, Cotton and Wool Cards, Brass Bound Buckets, Painted Buckets, Tubs, Chairs, Kuefers, Willow Wagons and Cradles, Washboards, Cocoa Dippers, Clothes Pins, Brooms, Wooden Bows, wain stands, Belows, Rakes, 1/2 doz. ocyne, Handles, Coffee Mills, Soap, Wagon Boxes, Saddle Irons, Winglow Glass, Starch, Pastos, Canal Flour, Country Flour, Tobacco, Wool Caps, Grindstones, Osmaburgs, White Lead,adder, Sperrm Landles, Tallow Candles, Twine, Castings, Fifth Chains, &c., &c.

WANTED—10,000 lbs. BLES WAX, for which the highest cash price will be paid. Edgfield Advertiser will copy.—Hamburg Journal.

RYAN'S HOTEL, EDGEFIELD C. H., S. C.



THE Subscriber having enlarged his House, and removed his Bar Room to one end of the same, is now prepared to accommodate

Boarders and Travellers. on as good terms as any similar establishment in this State. His Table will be furnished with the best of the District can afford, and his Bar with the choicest Liquors and Wines. His Stables are large and commodious, and supplied with good and wholesome provender, and attentive hostlers.

He returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage which has been bestowed on him, and trusts, that by a strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. In consideration of the hard times, he has reduced the price of Board to the following terms: Board per Month, if paid monthly, \$10 00 Board and Lodging, per month, " 11 00 Single meal, 3/4 cents each. Horse per month, if paid monthly, 8 00 Single feed for Horse, 25 cents. N. B. Jurors, (without horses,) attending Court, 75 cents, per day.

B. J. RYAN March 5, 1845.

Just Received 1,000 Pounds RIO COFFEE. Cheap for cash, by LOUIS COVAR. April 16 1f 12

Notice. PERSONS having demands against the Estate of Ann M. Terry, deceased, are notified to present them properly attested, and those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

J. TERRY, Exeutor. March 19 1y 8

LAW BLANKS FOR SALE. Feb 7 1f 2

INVALUABLE Family Medicines.



"Prove all things, and hold fast to that which is good."—Paul.

THESE PILLS are no longer among those of doubtful utility. They have passed away from the thousands daily launched on the "tide of experiment," and now stand higher in reputation, and are becoming more extensively used, than any other medicine ever prepared. They have been introduced into every place where it has been found possible to carry them, and there are few towns, or villages, but contain some remarkable evidences of their good effects. But it is not necessary to advertise them at large, or to say any thing further of them, than to caution those wishing to purchase Antibilious Family Medicine, to be particular to enquire for SPENCER'S VEGETABLE PILLS, as there are numerous preparations put on sale almost every day, of doubtful efficacy. To satisfy the world of the inestimable worth of this Medicine, I would simply observe that, it has been long used by some of the leading lights of the profession in their extensive practice, and is now prepared with great care, and upon scientific and chemical principles, for general use, by the present proprietor only. The impuration of Quackery therefore cannot be affixed to this Medicine, since it is the preparation of regular practising Physicians, who have made the healing art their profession, and whose pharmaceutical preparations will ever be held in the highest estimation.

TESTIMONIALS. Read the following certificate from Mr. O. C. Kelsey, a popular merchant of Tompkins's Bluff, Ala., and thousands of a similar character might be given if necessary to prove the efficacy, popularity and usefulness of this medicine.

Tompkins's Bluff, Ala., Jan 4, 1843. Dr. A. Spencer—Dear Sir: I wish you to forward me a large supply of your pills; I don't think 300 boxes too large a quantity to send. I sold 160 boxes the last six months; they are the most popular pill in this place. For bilious complaints, sick-headach, dyspepsia, costiveness and such like diseases, they are considered almost an infallible remedy. I have been agent for Dr. Peter's Pills, and formerly sold a large amount yearly; but I now sell three dozen of your pills to one of his. My customers think them superior to Peter's or any other pills.

Respectfully yours, O. C. KELSEY. Price, 25 Cents per box, with full directions.

A fresh supply, just received and for sale, in Edgfield, by J. D. TIBBETT'S, and on enquiry may be found generally in all the cities, villages, and at the principal Country Stores throughout the State. Oct. 30. 6m 41

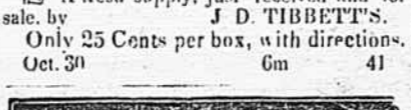
Remedy for Coughs. DR. HULL'S COUGH LOZENGES are most rapidly succeeding all other preparations for the relief of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping-cough, Catarrh, Tightness of the chest, Bronchitis, and similar pulmonary affections.

Thousands, we may say thousands who have suffered for years from the above diseases are now in the possession of sound health, which may be attributed entirely to the fortunate use of one 25 cents box of this invaluable medicine. They are as pleasant to the taste as candy—convenient to carry in the pocket, and warranted to be the most effectual Cough medicine in use. Price, 25 Cents per box, with directions.

ALSO—Hull's Worm Lozenges. WORMS! WORMS!! WORMS!!! It is estimated that 100,000 children die annually from the effects of worms' alone!! This vast mortality could be almost entirely prevented by the use of Dr. Hull's Worm Lozenges. Every family where there are children, should not fail to keep this important medicine in the house, and administered when their symptoms indicate the presence of these dangerous and destructive reptiles.

The following extract from the "Spartan Gazette" speaks the sentiments of all who have ever used this valuable WORM DESTROYING MEDICINE. "From our own knowledge, we take great pleasure in recommending Hull's Worm Lozenges as the best Worm Medicine extant. Children will cry for them, and eat them as they would candy."

A fresh supply, just received and for sale, by J. D. TIBBETT'S. Only 25 Cents per box, with directions. Oct. 30 6m 41



THESE PILLS wherever they have been fairly tried have established an enviable celebrity, and are daily superseding all other preparations in curing the diseases for which they are prepared.

The following certificate is from Judge Foster, a gentleman of the first respectability in Jefferson co., Alabama. "Jansboro', Ala. 4th Feb. 1844. I had a severe attack of fever and ague, and was for some time under the treatment of a physician, but received no benefit from his prescriptions—my disease continuing to increase in the frequency and severity of its attacks. At last had recourse to Dr. Hull's Fever and Ague and Anti-Fever Pills, and in using half a box was entirely cured, and have remained in good health ever since. I afterwards had in my family several cases of fever and ague, and have in every instance made use of Hull's Pills, which have always immediately effected a cure. J. F. FORSTER."

Price, \$1 per box, with directions. A fresh supply, just received and for sale, by J. D. TIBBETT'S. Oct. 30 6m 41

MRS. McCORQUODALE begs leave to inform her friends and the public, that she will attend to all orders in the above line, in a style equal, if not superior to any ever done in this place. Prices to suit the times. Gentlemen's Straw and Lephorn Hats cleaned and pressed. Edgfield C. H., April 9 2m 11

The friends of SAMPSON, B. MAYS, announce him as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector at the next election. Oct. 30 1f 40

We are authorized to announce M. GRAHAM, Esq., as a candidate for Ordinary of Edgfield District, at the next election. Feb 7 1f 2

Dr. Brandreth's Pills. SICKLY SEASON!

THERE is not a man, woman, or child, but should take medicine at this season of the year, but more especially at this present time; for there probably were never so many causes existing at one period as there are now, so likely to produce a state of sickness. The repeated changes in the atmosphere, by acting as they do upon the constitution, and quality of blood itself, give occasion for the most fatal and malignant disorders. The bile becomes (and often without any warning,) in a most acrimonious condition: from these repeated changes, and if the stomach and bowels have been neglected previously, the first symptoms require immediate attention: Even those who have a healthy disposition of body, are subject to sickness under these circumstances. Therefore to prevent any danger, we ought carefully to guard against a constive state of the bowels. Once or twice they should be evacuated in twenty-four hours. There are many causes which produce unhealthy blood; sometimes it may arise from grief, at others when the system is in a state of fulness it can take place from sudden joy; close application to a literary undertaking can produce it—in all cases where many persons have to be seen and spoken to, which producing nervous excitement, is a fertile source of unhealthy blood which has carried off some of our best men, men martyrs to their reputation, but which a knowledge of the powers of Brandreth's Pills would have prevented. Those who desire to secure their health, under almost any adverse circumstances, can do so by having Brandreth's Pills on hand, and at once resorting to them when the first feelings of disorder take place in their bodies. As this advice is used, so will the health be Time will yet be when a man that makes a good medicine shall be honored more than he who is an adept in the art of war.

The Pills are sold at Dr. Brandreth's Office, 241 Broadway, N. York. Also, by C. & Butler, Edgfield C. H.; S. D. Clarke & Co., Hamburg; J. S. & D. C. Smiley, Meeting Street; W. M. Coleman, New Market; Whitlock, Sullivan & Waller, Greenwood; L. D. Meirman, Cokesbury. May 7. 5t 15

SADDLERY AND HARNESS MAKING. THE Subscriber takes pleasure in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past year. He respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he still continues to carry on the Saddle and Harness Making Business, at his old stand, next door to Mr. S. F. Goudie's. He has on hand a good assortment of Saddles, Bridles and Martingales, Harness, Travelling Trunks, &c. and all other articles usually kept at such an establishment, which he offers on as reasonable terms as he can possibly afford them.

MILITARY EQUIPAGE MADE TO ORDER, IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER. Citizens of South Carolina, call and see if you cannot suit yourselves as well at home as abroad. Let us endeavor to keep our money at home, and we will have more to spend. DANIEL ABBEY. Feb 19 1f 4

PROSPECTUS OF The Carolina Baptist. IT is proposed to publish with this title a Periodical, at Greenville, S. C., under the editorial conduct of Rev. T. W. Haynes.

PLAN AND OBJECT. The New Testament Church—its membership—its government—its officers—its doctrine—its laws—its spirit—its morals—its discipline, as understood and maintained by Baptists, will claim primary attention in the original articles of the Carolina Baptist. Our aim will be to develop, first, the Christian, and secondly, the Baptist, and neither to merge the Christian in the Baptist, nor to be less Christian because Baptist, in our editorial bearing. Dignified Christian courtesy to all men and towards all denominations of Christians will be studiously maintained, while a manly, frank and independent avowal of our cherished views of revealed truth will be no less marked. The golden mean betwixt bigotry and latitudinarianism will be our aim. The Carolina Baptist will, as far as its size, form and period of issues will admit, be a Baptist Family Newspaper and Library of Useful Knowledge to parents, children, farmers, ministers, deacons and churches, as well as other classes of our readers. Its plan and object is to propagate truth.

Terms—Size—Form. The Carolina Baptist will be issued monthly, neatly printed on new type, in quarto form, with three columns on a page, upon a double medium sheet, each number containing 16 pages, with a neatly executed colored cover, with an index to each number and to each volume. This form is suitable for binding. Single copies for one year, \$1 25 each, payable on the receipt of the first number. Twenty five copies one year, \$25. A similar discount to Churches, Ministers or Agents.

The first number will be issued as soon as 1000 names shall be reported to the Publisher's office, if done promptly. No payment expected until subscribers shall receive the first number. Let those who procure subscribers, simply make a list of their names, written plainly and in full, with the name of the Post Office, District or County, and State, and request the P. Master to forward, under his frank, and thus save the charge of postage.

Addresses. All letters referring to the business department must be addressed to O. H. Wells, Proprietor; and those designed for publication, the Rev. T. W. Haynes, Editor—always free of postage to them. Agents. All Baptist Ministers, Clerks of Churches and Deacons, and all Post Masters, are authorized and requested to act as Agents. To Baptist Churches. It is respectfully submitted to Churches whether they might not, as Churches, instruct their Clerks to order any number of copies desired for circulation within their respective limits. O. H. WELLS, Publisher and Proprietor. April 18, 1845.

We are authorized to announce LEVI R. WILSON, as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector, at the next election. Feb. 26 1f 5.

Tooth-ache! Tooth-ache!! DR. LACOUNT'S ELIXIR is a speedy, certain, and lasting cure for the most painful and distressing disease that can affect the human frame. In almost all cases of Tooth-ache it arises from a decayed state of the parts, which exposes to the action of the atmospheric air, the nerve, or internal surface of the copious or rotten tooth, and a cure must be effected, either by extraction or by rendering those parts impervious to the action of the air.

Dr. Lacount's Elixir is particularly adapted to destroy the nerve, without the slightest injury to the other teeth, and thereby effect a permanent cure: Its application is not attended by the slightest pain, or inconvenience. Thousands have declared that they would not be without this preparation if it cost \$10 per vial. Price, 50 Cents. For sale in Edgfield, by J. D. TIBBETT'S. Oct. 30 6m 40

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. Daniel Board, Applicant, vs. George Horn and others, Defendants. Summons in Partition.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that John Horn, George Elenburg, Larkin Elenburg, Ralph Elenburg, Adam and Nicholas Elenburg, defendants in the above stated case, resides without the limits of this State, It is therefore ordered, that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the Real Estate of George Horn, Sr., deceased, on or before the first Monday in July next, or their consent to the same will be entered of record. JOHN HILL, c. e. d. March 26 3m

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. David Nicholson and Wife, vs. George Horn and others, Defendants. Bill for Partition.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that Philip Steffe, William Steffe, and Odolphus Truslet or Tuslet, and Mary his wife, (if living) Defendants in this suit, reside out of the limits of this State, on motion of Mr. Terry, Compt. Solicitor, It is ordered, that the said Defendants do plead, answer or demur to the Complaints Bill within three months from the publication of this order, or the said bill will be taken pro confesso against them. S. S. TOMPKINS, c. e. d. April 9 3m 11

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. CAPT. T. J. DYSON, living near the Fork of Wilson Creek and Saluda River. Told before me a bright sorrel horse, eleven years old, 15 hands high; some white about each hind foot, one fore foot white half way up the leg, large blaze in his face, and hip shot in the right hip, and appraised at \$20. THOS. NICHOLS, Mag. April 30. 15 41m

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. TOLLED before me by A. T. Hodges, living near Ruffnel's Ford on Turkey Creek, a brown bay Mare MULE, supposed to be twenty years old, blind of the left eye; the skin on the right side, just behind the shoulder, has the appearance of having been burnt recently; short switch tail, having the appearance of having been tied in knots with twine; quite grey in the face. Appraised at five dollars. WM. BRUNSON, Magistrate. March 5 1md 6

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. Nancy M. Dillard, Executrix, vs. Dec'n. in Enoch Byne, Harmon Hust. For At- tachment. and Wm. H. Byne. Attachment.

THE Plaintiff in the above stated cases having filed her declaration in my office, and the defendants having neither wives or attorneys known to be within the limits of this State, on whom a copy of said declarations with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said defendants do plead to the said declarations, within a year and a day from the publication of this order, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against them. THOMAS G. BACON, c. e. p. Clerk's Office, 17th March 1845 1y 8

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN THE COMMON PLEAS. Robert R. Hunter, vs. P. H. Rooney. Declaration in Attachment.

THE Plaintiff in the above stated case, having this day filed their Declarations in my Office, and the Defendant having no wife or Attorney known to reside within the limits of the State on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore Ordered that the Defendant appear and plead to the same within a year and a day from the date hereof or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him. THOMAS G. BACON, c. e. p. Clerk's Office, 22d Nov. 1844. 41 Nov. 27 41

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN EQUITY. Henry H. Hill and John Bates et al. vs. Jonathan M. Hill et al. Cross Bill.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Jonathan M. Hill and Matilda Daniel, defendants in this case, are and reside within the limits of this State; on motion by Mr. Wardlaw, Solicitor for Plaintiffs, Ordered, that said absent defendants do appear in this Honorable Court, and answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Plaintiffs, within three months from the publication of this Order, or the said Bill be taken pro confesso against them. S. S. TOMPKINS, c. e. d. Comm'r's Office, Feb 6, 1845. 2 3m

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. P. H. Rooney, vs. Jonathan M. Hill et al. Attachment.

THE Plaintiff in the above stated cases, having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the defendants having no wife or attorney known to be within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the defendant appear and plead to the same within a year and a day from the day hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him. THOMAS G. BACON, c. e. p. Clerk's Office, 22d Nov. 1844. 41 Nov. 27 41