EDGEFIELD C. II.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1840.

The Rev. Mr. Cartledge, by Divine permission, will preach at the Baptist Church, in this Village, on Wednesday the 6th of May next.

Rain .- Since our last notice of the weather, some premy heavy showers of rain have fallen in this District. The Rain King is unwilling to leave us. Like some other guests whom we have known, his absence at this time, would be better than his company.

The Hon. F. W. Pickens arrived at this place, on the 16th inst. He obtained leave of absence for a short time from Washington, on account of sickness in his family.

We are indebted to the Hon. F. W. Pickens for public documents and papers.

We are indebted to the Hon. Mr. Duncan, of Ghio, for a pamphlet copy of his speech, on the bill to authorize the issue of Treasury notes. This is a sensible speech and a vindication of the Administration. h is severe upon General Scott. As we said before, the Honorable gentleman departs widely from his text. But he is somewhat excusable, as all orators do so. in this talking age.

At an election held in Augusta, Georgia, on the 13th inst., Daniel Hook was elected Mayor, and the following gentlemen Aldermen: Messrs. Jackson, Parish, Crump, Warren, Bones, Dunlap, Bishop, Robertson, Richards, Harper, Miller, and Flem-

Speech of Mr. Pickens .- We commend to the attention of our readers, the speech of our Representative, the Hon. F. W. Pickens. It will be seen that it is a reply to Mr. Graves, of Kentucky, who had attacked him in some remarks. It breathes a spirit of independence and condour which characterizes the speeches of this gentleman. Mr. Pickens had been taunted by the bold Kentuckian, for his support of certain leading measures of the Administranion. In his speech, he fully and satisfactorily defines his position. If we mistake not, it is that of South Carolina at the presem time. She will not desert her State Rights principles, because the "Powers that be," whom she once boldly and honestly opposed, now think proper to give them countenance and support. By them, she will stand or fall. She will oppose all who oppose them, and she will give her aid to all, who will be found battling on her side, and that of the Constitution.

Editors looking up-not at Home .- The New York Star has the above caption to a short notice of the appointment of Monsieur Thiers to the Premiership of France. This very able politician was formerly Editor of the Globe, a French newspaper. As we said on a former occasion, "honor to whom honor is due." Mr. Thiers justly merits the high distinction which has been conferred upon him. It is known to some of our readers, that the editors of jourmals in France, compose a highly hon ble and influential class. All the honors of the State, are open to them, and often do they obtain them. It is otherwise in England, that land of Aristocrats and Exclusives. In that free country, titled fools and knaves often "look down" with contempt, upon mere conductors of news papers, who not unfrequently excel them in talents, and in every thing else but mere wealth.

We do not concur in opinion with the Star, that editors are not "looking up" at home. Many of them, in our country, attain high honors. Unfortunately, some of the most worthless of the craft, are rewarded bewond their deserts.

We have received the first number of the "Hamburg Journal," published by Yarborough and Mullay. The mechanical part of it is very neatly executed. We refer our readers to the Prospectus, which will be found in another column.

We have received a number of the "Eutaw Whig and Public Advertiser," published at Eutaw, Ala., by Houston & Da vis, and edited by R. G. Quarles, Esq., formerly a resident of this place. It supports the claims of Wm. H. Harrison for the Presidency, and John Tyler for the Vice-Presidency. The editor is severe upon the Administration, but says that his journal will be open to all parties, for temperate discussion.

A Post Office has been established at Tabernacle, Marion District, in this State and James Potter appointed Post-master. The post-office at Jonesville, Sumter District has been discontinued. Samuel N. Evins has been appointed post-master at Poolesville, Spartanburg District, and Jas. N. Nesbitt, at Crowsville, in the same

Connecticut Election .- The Whigs have elected their candidate for Governor by about 4000 majority.

says: "The Circuit Court of the U. States urged. Mr. Adams, though averse to commenced its session in this city on Tuesday last, Judge Gilchrist presiding. Judge Wayne has not attended yet, and we understand it is uncertain whether he will be in attendence, this term".

To the Members of the State Convention of the Baptist Denomination, in South Carolina.

Dear Brethren,-The President of the Board of Trustees, of the Furman Institution, has recently informed me, that the affairs of the English and Classical department have undergone such a change, since the annual meeting of the Convention, as to render an Extra Session of the Convention indispensibly necessary. From the statements that he makes in his com munication, I fully concur with him in opinion. I have, therefore, consulted the Board of Agents of the Convention on the subject, at whose instance I am authorised to call extra meetings of the Body. The Members of this Board concur with me in the opinion, that such a meeting should be called on the present occasion.

Thus authorized, I do now appoint 10 o'clock in the morning Monday, the 6th day of July next, as the time, and the scite of the Institution, three miles from Winnsborough, as the place, at which the Memhers of the State Convention of the Baptist Denomination in S. C. are requested to assemble in Extra Session, on the affairs of the Furman Institution. And, as the interests of the Denomination and the cause of God, imperiously require that the meeting the day. he held, I do earnestly and affectionately, entrent every member of the Body to be present at the time appointed.

WILLIAM B. JOHNSON,

President of the Convention. The Biblical Recorder, and the papers of this State, are requested to give this notice one or more insertions, as it concerus the interests of religion and science.

Correspondence of the Charleston Courser. WASHINGTON, April 7.

The Senate, yesterday, was chiefly occupied with the bill to raise, by culistment, fifteen hundred men to serve in Florida through the war. No opposition was made to it; but there was some discussion upon a suggestion thrown out by De Linn, that the officers of this corps ought not to be taken from the line of the army, but from the body of civizens. He said. officers could be found among the citizens of the West, who were enared to the hardship of Indian fighting; could pillow their heads upon a log; and follow a trail through swamps and forests. These men would be more efficient than the West Pointers, though they had not their sei ence. It was opposed, however, by the Williary Committee, as a slight to the officers of the line. Mr. Preston did not think there were officers enough. Many of the difficulties, in carrying on the war. had arisen from a deficiency in the number of officers. He remarked, that the war cost five thousand dollars a day, and in two years not an Indian had been killed. The bill was finally passed to a third reading, without amendment.

The House was called for resolutions. Many were offered, and those objected to were laid over. Some of them were of

Mr. Casey, of Illinois, offered a resoluion which contemplates the election of the members of the 27th Congress, under try branch of the Public Expenditures. the ratio to be fixed after the census of 1840. The apportionment will be made at the next session; but not in time for all the elections of members in the different States, nor in time for the State Legislatures to district their respective States accordingly. Another objection to it is, that it would allow but four Congresses instead of five, under the apportionment of 1820. The Western States will of course support the proposition, as, under the next apportionment, their power will be vastly increased. Unless the union be tween the Southern and Northern Atlantic States should become very close, the West will have its own way in every thing, under the next apportionment, to say nothing of the still worse prospects for

Mr. Fi'lmore offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling upon the President, more fully than heretofore, for information as to the naval and military preparations of Great Britain, on the Lakes and the northern and north-western frontier: and as to the preparations or means of defence on our side.

The subject of the illegal use of American built vessels and the American flag, in the foreign slave trade, by foreigners has been the subject of many petitions at this session. The President brought the subject to the notice of Congress in his annual message, which is still before the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, not having been yet distributed among the respective committees.

Mr. Adams moved to refer the subjecto the Committee on Commerce, with instructions to investigate it, and with power to send for persons and papers; but the resolution was not acted on.

A resolution was offered to vest the appointment of Marshals a d District Attorneys of the United States, in the Courts of the United States, and to limit their emoluments to three thousand dollars.

The Abolition Convention at Albany in which six States were represented, have nominated the notorious James G. Birney. of Ohio, as their candidate for the Presi-This is but the beginning of the political organization of the abolitionists. As their numbers and resources increase, they will extend their organization through the whole of the northern and western non slaveholding states. They will not separately only with a view to get the hest terms from one or the other of the two great parties of the day.

The number of abolition petitions at this session would have been immense, but for the timely passage of the rule excluding hem. I learn that some of them ask a dissolution of the Union.

April 8. In the House, Mr. Adams's bill to prevent frauds on the Revenue, was the special order. Some conversation took Lockhart, a little girl, taken by them a place as to the relative importance of this year and a halfsince from the Guadaloupe, bill, and the civil and diplomatic appro- for the purpose of holding a council with

concessions, agreed to postpone his bill to Wednesday week.

Mr. Hand, of N. Y., moved a suspension of the rules, to enable him to offer a resolution calling on the Secretary of War, for his views, as to the proper mode of providing for the permanant defence of the Northern and Northwestern frontier. Mr. Wise was opposed to limiting the call to that frontier. If we went into this Aroostook war, he said, we should have to defend not that frontier, but our seaboard The British would strike not at the forests in Maine, but the shipping and warehouses of New-York, and our other seaport Towns. One English steamer, with a bomb cannon amidships, would destroy our big-line of battle ship, the Pennsylvania, by a single shot. It would require 11,000 gons to arm our ports, and we were provided with few or none, of a proper kind.

It was stated by Mr. W. Thompson, that the Military Committee had called upon the Department of War, for the information wished for by Mr. Wise. The House agreed, by a vote of two thirds, to consider Mr. Hand's resolution, but at this point, a message was received from the Senate, announcing the death of Mr. Betts, and the arrangements made by that body,

April 9. The House will, to-day, take up the civil and diplomatic apprepriation bill. unless Mr. Hand's resolution, calling for a plan of defence for the nothern and worth western frontiers should break in upon

There is no probability, however, that any general plan involving expense, will be adopted. If, when we had a surplus of forty millions, nothing could be done for the Navy, nor for arming the fortifications, it is not probable that it can be done now, with an empty Treasury.

The majority of the numbers who comosed the Committee on Elections have published an address to the people of the United States, in which they report and prove that the gentlemen who were not commissioned by the Governor, but have been admitted to their sears by the House. were elected, beyond a shadow of doubt. Mr. Campbell declines signing the main address, because he is unwilling to throw any imputation on the Governor and Council of a sovereign State, but he fully coacurs with it in every thing else. April 12.

The fire which took place here, yester day morning, destroyed the office of the Democratic Review, as well as of the Mad sonian. A large part of the heautiful edition of the Madison papers, printed by Mr. Langtree, for Congress, was destroyed but the stereotype plates were fortunately saved, and Mr. Languee has already commenced a new edition.

The weather has become very warm and pleasant, and, as there is no pressing business before either House, many of the memners are visiting their respective homes .-I learn that Messrs, Holmes, Pickens, and Butler, of South Carolina, are to leave the city, this morning, on a short visit home.

The Senate did not meet vesterday; but the House was in session five or six hours. The debate, on the motion to abolish the Committee on Public expenditures, was continued during the morning hour. Mr. Wise protested ag inst such a procedure. and insisted upon the propriety of a right examination, by that Committee, into eve-The Civil and Diplomntic Appropria-

ion Bill, was again taken up in Co emitce of the Whole, and the discussion was resumed with great vigor.

CHARLESTON, April 17. Fire .- Between the hours of 2 and 3 'clock yesterday morning, the alarm of fire was sounded through our streets, which was found to proceed from that fine block of brick buildings known as the Victoria Range, on the west side of King, between Princess and Market streets, owned by Maj. Alexander Black. The fire origina red in the tenement occupied by Butler & Jones, Carvers and Gilders, which together with the two tenements to the South, the one in the occupation of Mr. George Oates, as a Music store, and the other, tenanted by O. M. Roberts & Co. as Druggistsand the tenement to the North, occupied as a Carpet store, by Messrs Lambert & Brother, were soon enveloped in flames, and we are only astonished that the whole structure was not destroyed. The Hotel itself, however, we are happy to say, is but slightly injured. It is impossible, as yet, to ascertain the amount of property destroyed. Messrs, Butler & Jones, were insured for \$6000; Lambert & Brother. \$10,000; O. M. Roberts & Co. and Mr. Ontes, were also insured-the former for

\$5.000 and the latter for \$2000. The two

last named gentlemen assure us that their

insurance will cover their loss. The four

tenements destroyed were insured for\$4000

each .- Courier. NEW OBLEANS, April 8. Late and Important from Texas.—By the steamer New York, Captain Wright, papers of a date from Galveston as late as the 3d of April, have been received. They contain the particulars of a bloody affray nt San Antonio, in which a number of Cumanche chiefs were slain. The full details are copied below. It seems a party of Cumanches came into the town to negociate for the surrender of their white prisoners. The inhabitants attempted to detain them as prisoners and hostages. A fight ensued, and if the savages excepting the women and children were shot down. Throng your this sangainary affair, we regret liscover that the Texians have evinced a disregard to the usages and rules of nations, which in a civilized people, no perfidy of the savage can excuse. The Cumanches visited San Antonio with the evowed intention of negotiating a treaty. Under such circumstances, they should

have been safe from violence .- Bulletin. IMPORTANT NEWS .- The Texas Sentinel Extrn, of March 24th, gives the official account of a recent battle with the Cumanches at San Antonio.

On the 19th March a body of 95 Indi ans arrived at that place bringing Miss priations, the claims of which, on the the agents of our government.-They said

The Charleston Courier of the 16th inst. attention of the House, were strongly | they wished to see if they could get a high | price for her; and if so that they would bring all the other prisoners, one at a time Miss Lockhart stated that she had seen all the other prisoners at their camp a few days before she left. Col. W. G. Cooke, acting secretary of war, being present thought it proper to take hostages for the safe return of the prisoners, and Col. Fisher was ordered to march 2 companies and place them in the immediate vicinity of the council room. After some parleying in relation to the prisoners, one company was ordered to march into the room, and the other to the rear of the building, where the warriors were assembled. The chiefs were then told that they were prisoners and would not be liberated until they restored their white prisoners. One sprang to the back door and attempted to pass the sentinel, who presented his musket, when the Indian drew his knife and stabbed him. A general rush was then made for the doors. Capt. Howard caught one by the collar and received a severe stab. then ordered the sentinel to shoot the Indian which was instantly done. They all then drew their knives and bows for battle, and the whole twelve chiefs were immediately shot.

In the mean time Capt. Reed's company was attacked by the warriors in the roar of the yard, who fought with desparation. The Indians were driven into the stone houses, from which they kept up a galling, fire with their bowes and rifles .-Whenever their arrows struck it was with such force that they penetrated to the feather. A small number succeeded in gaining the apposite side of the river, but Col. Wells pursued them with a party of mounted men, and killed all with the exception of a renegade Mexican.

A single warrior took refuge in a stone house, refusing every offer of life sent him through the squaws, and after killing and wounding several of our men, the building was fired at night and he was shot as he passed the door.

The whole number of warriors, excepting Mexicans, amounting to 35, were killed, besides two women and three chil-Our loss was 7 killed. vix: Lieut. dren. W. M. Donnington, Private Kammiski and Whitney; Judge Thompson of Housion, Judge Hood of Bexar, Mr. Cayce of Matagorda, and a Mexican.

Wounded-Capt. G. T. Howard, 1st. Infantry, Capt. Mathew Caldwell, 1st Infantry, Lieut. E. A. Thompson, private Kelly, company 1; Judge Robinson, Mr. Higginbotham, Mr. Morgan and Mr. Gar son; total wounded 8; Howard, Thompson and Kelly, very severely;

Treasury Notes .- The bill empowers the Secretary to issue five millions of dollars of Treasury Notes, according to the provisions of former laws; and to re-issue them as they may be redeemed, or paid into the Treasury: but not more than five millions to be outstanding at any time; and the duration of the law is limited to one

Congress .- Washington papers announce the death of the Hon. Thaddeus Betts, Senator from Connecticut. Both Houses adjourned on Tuesday, after the annunciation of his death, and on Wednesday, in order to attend his favorate There nothing of much interest in the proceed-ings of Congress. Private letters assure us that there is no present danger of war with England .- Char. Mercury.

From the Augusta Constitutionalist. AUGUSTA MARKET, APRIL 16. Remarks .- As the season advances bu-

siness is less brisk, and the sale of goods, and the transactions in produce, less animated. The operations in our market, however, have been somewhat extensive. though diminishing for about a week. The river having been for several weeks, in a good boating condition, the arrival of steamers bringing goods, and carrying back produce, has kept our wharves and streets alive, which will continue yet for some time to come. Our stores are still well stocked with every kind of goods and merchandize, so that the country merchants who have not yet purchased their spring and summer supplies, can be accommodated in our market with all the articles wanted for the back country trade. And notwithstanding the derangement of the currency, the high rates of exchange. and the depreciation of the paper money of some of the State banks, the mercantile portion of our community continue to he accommodating in their transactions

with their country customers. Cotton. - For two weeks past, there has been much fluctuation in our market in prices, though not to any great extent. This fluctuation was produced by accounts from Europe and the North, and orders for purchases, which were either kept back. or filled; and it is probable our maket will thus continue to finctuate, until the arrival at the North, of some steam packets. with short passages from England. The statement we give of the sales for the two last weeks, will show the variation which has been experienced in our market, and the rates at which the article may be quoted. It will be seen that the principal sales were between 74 and 8 cents. We have heard of no sales beyond the latter rate; but choice in square bales would command 84 cents, which quality is very scarce. The sales of the week ending 8th, from warehouses, amounted to about 699 bales.

CANADA MANAGEMENT Sheriff's Sale. Y Virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias to me directed. I shall proceed to sell at the house of the defendant, on the 7th day of

May next, the following property viz: David Richardson, vs. Wiley Milton; Drake & Gibbs, vs the same; Amory Sibley, vs the same. Will be sold at the House of Wiley Milton, on Thursday the 7th of May next, th following property, viz: stock of hogs, cattle, plantation tools, one sulkey, one barouche wagon wheels, carrylogs, &c, honsehold & kitcken furniture, and other articles too tedious to men-Terms. Cash. S. CHRISTIE, S. E. D.

April 15, 1840,

Sheriff's Sale. Y Virtue of a writs of fieri factas. to Court House, on the first Wonday and Tuesday May next, the following property, viz: Oliver Towles, Ordinary, vs J B. Covington, one negro boy, Dave.
Terms Cash. S. CHRISTIE, s. z. D,
April 15, 1840 b 12

HYMENEAL. " The silken tie that binds two willing hearts.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday evening the 14th inst. by he Rev. Mr. Cunningham, Mr. Robert Auderson, of Edgefield village, to MissCatharine L. Sullivan, of Hamburg.

[The usual fee, a slice of cake, was sent with the above notice].

On Thursday, the 16th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Morrison, Mr. Win. Anderson, to Miss Susan Murphy, both of Edgefield Dist.

On Tuesday evening, the 14th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Sewel, Mr. John H. Norris, of Hamburg, S. C., to Miss Mary Ann Zinn, of Augusta. Ga.

On the 7th just. by the Rev. C. C. Pinckney, at Christ Church, Greenville, So. Carolina, Mr. Henry Morris, to Auterisia C., second daughter of the late Elias Smerdon, of Charleston So. Carolina.

HE Edgefield Philosophical Society will hold an extra meeting in the C. House, at early candle light on Monday evening, the 4th of May, (Sale-day.) The Committee appointed to prepare and submit a plan for uniting Agriculture with the other objects of the Socie ty, will then report favorably. The citizens of the District are respectfully invited to attend W. B. JOHNSON.

President of E. P. Society. April 22, 1840

ESTRAY.

URDETT CORLEY, living on the Ham-burg Road one and a half miles from Huiet's ferry in Edgefield District, tolls before me. an estray sorrel stud colt, thirteen and a half hands high, with a small streak of while in its forehead, four years old, no other marks perceivable. Appraised at fifteen dollars.

GILES MARTIN. April Cth, 1840

MOTICE. ERSONS wishing to hire Negro Carpenters, can be accommodated by applying to the subscriber.

J. P. CARROLL Edgefield C. H., April 13, 1840. 11 tf

NOTICE.

IIE subscriber, the wife of Robert Anderson, who resides in Hamburg, S. C., lately engaged in morchandizing, hereby gives noice of her intention to trade as a sole dealer, after the expiration of one month, from the date of this publication. ELIZA ANDERSON.

Hamburg, April 8, 1840. NOTICE.

VILL be sold by mutual consent, for di-vision, on the first Monday in May next, at Edgefield Court House, the ville Manufacturing establishment and the ap-purtenances, three Negro men. two of whom are Turners, twelve Mules, one fine saddle Horse, Wagons, Geer, Tools, &c. &c.

Terms to be made known on the day of sale. April 8, 1840. 11 3t

DISSOLUTION.

E have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved the partnership heretofore existing under the name of Runey and Hughes. John II. Hughes is the authorised person to wind up all the unsettled business of Ramey & Hughes, and gives notice to all who are due the concern, to make immediate payment, and libraries requests those who have demands, to present them to him.

N. RAMEY. J. H. HUGHES. Edgefield, April 10, 1840.

Notice.

AKEN up April fifth, a Monse colored Mule, of ordinary size, supposed to be three or four years old. Whoever has lost said Mule, can have the same by proving property. and paying charges.

W. G. GALLMAN. Edgefield, April 11, 1840. 11 3t

DR. JAMES H MURRAY tenders his pro-fessional services to the citizens of Ham-Office at H. R. Cook & Co.'s Drug Hamburg, March 20, 1840 8 3m

Fashionable Summer Goods. BRYAN & MINOR, MERCHANT TAILORS.

HAVE just received a general assortment of Goods for Gentlemens were, of the latest and most fashionable style. Consisting London Cashmero, French and Thibet Cloths.

French Bombazin Gambroons Honey Comb, Striped, and Ribbed Lines Drillings, for Pantaloons. London Weltings, Challies, Plain and Fig'd

A complete assortment of GLOVES, HOSIERY, STOCKS, CRAVATS, SHIRTS, COLLARS and BOSOMS. Also, a good assortment of FASHIONABLE HATS.

Satin Vestings.

With many other articles, too tedious to mention. To which they invite their customers, and the public generally to call and examine, urchasing elsewhere. Edgefield C. H., April 6, 1840.

State of South Carolina. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. BY OLIVER TOWLES Esquire, Ordinary of Edgefield District. Whereas Alfred N. Dicks, hath applied o me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chartles, rights

trict aforesaid, deceased. These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and crediors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield Court House on the twenty-seventh day of April inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should no. be

and credits of John Dicks, late of the Dis-

granted. Given under my hand and seal this 11th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty and in the sixty-fourth year of American Independence

O. TOWLES O. E. D. April 11, 1840 (\$2 124)

Carriage Making.

HE Subscriber will make and repair Carmake and repair Carriages & Waggons of every description in the best nossible manner and at the shortest notice. All orders thankfully received, and promptly at EDWARD BARKER. Hamburg Dec 1, 1839

Spring and Summer Goods. JOHN O. B. FORD.

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME

S now opening a general assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, suitable for the Spring and Summer Trade: and in the present week, will receive additions to his stock, that will make his assortment complete. He also begs to assure those who favor him with their custom, that so long as he has the pleasure to supply them, they will at all times find a full assortment of the newest and best goods, and of latest styles and fashions. Among those

already opened, are
7-S and 4-4 Bleach'd Shirrings & Long Cloths-English and American light Prints. French do and Printed Muslins. Plain, Check, and Plaid Cambrics.

" Jaconet Muslins. " and Stripe Swiss Muslins. Book Muslins, and Bishop Lawns. Silk and Gingham Umbrellas. Ladies Silk Umbrellas and Parasols. Childrens do and do Furniture, Prints, Dimity, Checks, Fringes

and Binding.

A variety of Plain. Twilled and Stripecolored Cottons, for servants wear. Mexican and York Mixtures.

Drape d'te and Prussian Cloths, for Summer Coats. Brown and White, Plain and Ribbed Linea

Drilling. 10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheeting, fine, and will be sold at a reduced price. Grass Cloth.

Imitation do do and Brown Linen. Irish Linens, and Linen Lawns. do do Heavy, for Costs.
Bl'k finlian Cravate, and Summer Stocks. Linen Bosoms and t olars. Gloves of all kinds and sizes, besides a varisly of fancy goods, not mentioned.

A few Bales Brown Shirtings and Sheetings. for sale low. The above, with most other arricles in his line, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers.

Country Merchants supplied at a very small advance from cost.

Hamburg, April 8, 1840.

The Humburg Journal. A SEMI-WERELY PAPER,

Decoted to Foreign and Domostic News, The Markets, Literature, Science, Sc. &c. YARBOROUGH & MULLAY,

Editors und Publishers. FETHE present flourishing trade, and the grow I mg importance of Hamburg in a commercial point of view, fully authorize the establishment of such a News aper as the Publishers design to make of the Journal. No place of the same population in the Linion, and cor sinly none where so large an amount of business is transacted, is without such a vehicle of trade and intelligence. Every effort will be made to render the Journal entirely acceptable to the liberal and enterprising community for whose patronage it presents itself. Political facts will be given to the public as matter of news; but political speculations, with their train of sophistry, misrepresenta ion, slander and abuse, will be carefully excluded from our columns. Particular attention will be given to the state of the Markets at home and abroad; and we shall turnish regularly corrected li-ts of the prices current at Hamburg, Augusta and Charleston, as well as copious extracts from the Trade Lists of the Northern cities. Our extensive every part of the Union at the latest possible dates: and the means they will also afford us of transmitting our paper speedily to every postoffice throughout the South and South West. will make the Journal useful and valuable to the business men of these sections of our great country, and we shall look with confidence for patronage at their hands. We shall endeavor to find a place in our columns for every thing of interest to the business classes of the people and the community generally; and, in short, no expense or labor shall be spared to render the Journal a truly valuable paper, and in every way worthy of the favor and support we now

Terms.—85 per annum, in advance. The Journal will be printed twice a week, with good type, on beautiful white paper, of an extra-imperial size. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

Hamburg. S. C., April 7, 1840.

Commissioner's Office. TNTIL Further notice, my Office will be open on Monday and Friday for the trans action of business with Suiters and others residing out of the Village. Defaulting Guardians will do well to make their returns before the airst of May next.

JAMES TERRY, C. E. E. D. Edgefield, Feb 25, 1840

NOTICE.

OCTORS II. and W. M. BURT having formed a partnership in the practice of Physic, respectfully tender their services to their friends and the public generally.

Their office is situated near C. J. Glover's Hotel, where one or both may at all times be found, ready to attend to any professional busi-

Edgefield C. H., March 5, 1840

NOTICE.

HE Public are hereby cautioned against trading for a Note of hand given by John Burns to Susannah Boyd, for Fifty dollars .-The said note was given 1st January, 1839, and due 1st January, 1840; as said note has been settled, and a receipt given for the same. SUSANNAH BOYD. March 26, 1840

NOTICE. HE Subscribers have just received, and offer for sale.

Bbl. Red Clover Seed. 1 "White "
1 "Timothy
Also, a few Cases of Nankin. SIBLEY & CRAPON. Hamburg, March 12, 1840. 7

Strayed or Stolen.

T Edgefield C. H., on Tuesday, the 24th A of March, a Bay Horse, three years old, both hind feet white, and a star on his fore-head, a scar on one side of his nose, caused by a kick of a horse. I will pay all expenses to any one who will bring the horse and thief, or cither of them to me. Any information res pecting said horse will be thankfully received SAMUEL POSEY Edgefield Dist., April 6, 1840

Notice.

A LL Persons are cautioned from trading for a Note of hand, given by me to John Singleton, or bearer. for one hundred and twenty five dollars, payable on the twenty fifth of Dec. or the first of January next. As I am determined not to pay said note except compelled by law. CALEB HOLLAWAY, sen. April 6, 1840

Georgia Nankeen. Case of the above Goods just received and for sale by the piece or smaller quantity, by

BOOK & JOB PRINTING OF Every description executed with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the EDGEFIELD .ADVERTISER. .