

**NEGRO PAYS PENALTY**

Centerville, Ala., Sept. 15.—Clyde Thomas, negro, was hanged here today for the murder of the 15 year old daughter of a farmer of Bibb county on August 9.

Thomas was brought here early this morning on a special train from Birmingham under guard of company I Infantry, and the Birmingham machine gun company, Alabama national guard.

A company of militia and two machine gun detachments were constantly on duty during the trial. At the conclusion of the trial the court ordered the prisoner removed to Birmingham.

Thomas attacked the victim on a lonely highway, and left her body in the woods by the roadside.

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.**

Bids will be received by the Abbeville County Highway Commissioners until 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, September 22nd, 1921, at the office of L. W. Keller, Supervisor for the construction of 7.57 miles of top soil road in Abbeville County from the city limits of Abbeville to the Greenwood county line, better known as the Abbeville-Greenwood road.

The work will consist of the necessary clearing and grubbing, excavation, culvert pipe, headwalls, topsoil, surfacing, and such other work or material as may be necessary to complete the work according to the plans and specifications of the County engineer.

Further information as to quantities and class of work to be done will be furnished by H. B. Humbert, County Engineer.

Bids will be sealed and on the prescribed form, and must be accompanied by a certified check or a corporate form, and must be accompanied by a certified check or a corporate surety bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, made payable to J. S. Stark, Chairman, as a guarantee that the bidder will, if awarded the contract within ten days after notice of award enter into written contract and execute satisfactory bond for the performance thereof in the sum of one third the contract price. Bidders must satisfy the Commission of their ability to perform the work.

The right is expressly reserved to reject any or all bids.

Done at Abbeville, S. C. this 3rd day of September, 1921.

J. S. STARK, Chairman,  
L. W. KELLER, Secretary.  
Sept. 7, 3wks.

**MOTOR Transfer Station Phone 414**

IF YOU WANT TO MOVE OR IF YOU WANT ANYTHING HAULED. PRICES REASONABLE.

**COTTON Stocks and Grain UNITS 10 BALES UP. Rose & Sons Private Wire M. C. Smith, Mgr. 204 Commercial Bank Building GREENWOOD, S. C.**

**PLUMBING and HEATING.....**

Kemoline Super tile and porcelain cleanser, guaranteed to remove rust or any kind of stains from enamelware.

Reasonable Prices. RALPH TURNER Phone 6

**PEOPLE PLEASURE MAD**

Dr. Thomas Tells Methodists Folks Real Problem.

London, Sept. 15.—Modern ministers are trained as mere 'salesmen' instead of Christian apostles and that is one reason why the people generally have a luke-warm attitude toward religion, declared the Rev. Dr. J. S. Ladd Thomas of Chicago, in an address here today before the Ecumenical Methodist Conference. The speaker said he saw "a real peril" in the effort of denominational leaders to force the ministry into a narrow and mechanical scheme whose direct aim is to produce the largest immediate revenue.

"Poorly attended churches all over the land bear witness to the people's indifference toward institutional religion," said Dr. Thomas. "Full churches are the exception rather than the rule. It is the empty church which stares us in the face and, 'more eloquently than words' speaks of the attitude of that large group of people who have rejected institutional religion as something unnecessary in their lives.

"They are pleasure mad; they have a mania for materialistic indulgence, while their belief in the modern church as the representative of God and the Ambassador of Christ does not express itself. The real problem," the speaker indicated, "is how to vitalize the church so that may authoritatively and convincingly persuade men of their divine inheritance and the mission of sacrificial service." Asserting that "the average artisan lacks confidence in the church as the champion of the 'square deal,'" he continued:

"This indifference has arisen from a misconception of God—a wrong teaching of God—a wrong teaching of the Christian life. In many of the critical hours of history the church has failed to impress the world with an authoritative message—which would bring light in to the dark hours on the subject of war the relations of capital and labor and other vital questions which have been baffling the minds of men."

"Prophets and priests," Dr. Thomas said, must challenge the people with a gospel that will restore confidence in the church, trust in Christ and service to the world. The church must not forget her social message but she must also remember that Christianity is a religion of the individual."

**WAR FINANCE READY WITH \$1,000,000 FOR FARMERS**

Washington, Sept. 15.—The War Finance Corporation announced today that it was ready for business in connection with the distribution of upwards of \$1,000,000 in agricultural and livestock loans under recent congressional authorization.

Circulars have been mailed to all farmers' organizations, banks and financial institutions in the agricultural and livestock sections of the country setting forth the manner in which applications for advances should be made and local committees have been appointed to handle the requests.

**CITATION FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION**

The State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF ABBEVILLE Probate Court.

By J. F. MILLER, Esq., Judge of Probate:

Whereas, Brown Bowie hath made suit to me, to grant him letters of administration of the estate and effects of Mrs. Nancy J. Agnew, late of Abbeville County, deceased.

These are therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Mrs. Nancy J. Agnew, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Abbeville Court House, on the 24th day of September 1921, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 10th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one and in the 146th year of American Independence.

Published on the 12th day of September 1921 in the Press and Banner and on the Court House door for the time required by law.

J. F. MILLER, Judge of Probate. 9,12-3t.

**EX-CONVICT WANTS OLD CELL**

Eight Years in San Quentin Destroyed Prisoner's Desire for Liberty

Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

San Rafael, Cal.—Eight years within the walls of San Quentin destroyed all desire of Leo Ricci of Sacramento to be a free man. After being at liberty just two weeks he returned to the gates of the state prison recently and pleaded with prison authorities to return him to his old cell, the only home he knew.

Ricci was sentenced for manslaughter after a killing in a little town near Sacramento. A short time ago he was given his freedom, a suit of clothing and \$5 and he started for San Francisco to enjoy life, as he thought. But he discovered that \$5 was not as it used to be. Gone were the free lunches and the cup that cheered the days of his young manhood. One look at the rush of strangers in Market street and he was homesick for the home folks in San Quentin. One square meal cost him practically his entire "roll," but he managed to save enough for fare back to San Rafael.

He was found sleeping in the grass just outside of the new cell building. He knew that this was a violation of the prison rules for a convict to return to prison property and hoped that the infraction would secure his reincarceration. He was haled before Hyron Clark, captain of the prison guard, and begged to be taken back.

Clark, instead, brought him here to San Rafael and asked the co-operation of local authorities to find him a job.

**PLANTING FALL WEHAT.**

Clemson College, Sept.—A great many farmers are preparing to plant a fall crop of wheat this year. We heartily approve this practice of raising wheat for home consumption and believe it should be more generally practiced, says Prof. C. P. Blackwell, agronomist, who believes that our yields are too low here to make it a profitable crop to plant as a money crop but that it does pay a farmer to plant enough for his own use. He suggests that after the wheat is removed in the spring the land may be planted to either cowpeas, soy beans, peanuts or a late crop of corn.

Most of the wheat crop of this state is planted in cotton or corn middles. This is a very good practice especially if the three-tube drill is used to do the planting. If the land is plowed in preparation for wheat, it should be plowed as early as possible and medium deep. But land should not be plowed deep just before planting, for wheat needs a firm seed bed.

Varieties—There are several varieties of about equal value, some being best in some seasons and others in other seasons. The varieties generally giving best results are Blue Stem, Leap's Prolific, Red May, and Deitz Mediterranean.

Time to Plant—The best time to plant is the earliest date possible to get the wheat up after frost. In order to avoid Hessian fly damage, wheat should not be up until after frost, but the sooner it comes up after frost the better the yield can be expected.

Rate of Seeding.—If seeded with a drill on ordinary land, five pecks per acre is best. If seeded broadcast it is best to use six pecks per acre.

Fertilizers.—During ordinary times it is not profitable to make heavy applications of commercial fertilizer to wheat. For average South Carolina land 200 pounds of acid phosphate and 100 pounds of cottonseed meal at time of planting will give good results, if 50 to 100 pounds of soda are used as a top dressing in the early spring. Wheat should not be planted on very poor land with the expectation of getting a good yield.

**Costs Quarter To Spank Private**

At the junction of two roads in New Jersey Sunday motorists have halted in either indignation or amusement when a small girl, wearing a policeman's hat, hailed them and demanded a fine of 10 cents for speeding.

"The men generally laugh and surrender," said the owner of a country store nearby. "And most of the time the women do, too. But the other day three girls came by. They'd been held up three times before at the same place. This time they reached out, pulled the youngster in the car and spanked her. Then they had to make it up with a quarter."—N. Y. Sun.

**CARL WILLIAMS TALKS TO FARMERS**

OKLAHOMA MAN SAYS COOPERATIVE MARKETING STRAIGHT FORWARD BUSINESS PLAN FOR CURE OF EVILS IN SELLING COTTON.

Columbia, Sept 15.—Declaring cooperative marketing to be a concrete, straight forward business plan for the cure of evils surrounding the marketing of cotton—evils which cannot be cured by political medicine—Carl Williams, of Oklahoma, president of the American Cotton Growers' Exchange, Saturday advised South Carolina farmers to join the South Carolina Cotton Growers Cooperative Association. He told them that on every sale already made by the Oklahoma association, which is now functioning, every farmer member has gotten two and a half cents a pound more for his cotton than he could possibly have gotten individually.

"I come to tell you of a remedy which other farmers are taking and to offer it to you but not to force you to take it," said Mr. Williams. "Those farmers who are taking it are finding that it actually cures the disease. I refer to cooperative marketing associations, which this year will handle for the farmer, and by the farmer and with the profit to the farmer 12 per cent of the cotton crop."

When it became noised on Aug. 23 and 24 that these farmers had obtained credit in excess of \$60,000,000 and that they were in position to market their crop gradually instead of dumping it on the market, Mr. Williams said cotton advanced three cents a pound in two days.

The history of cooperative marketing was briefly reviewed by the speaker, who said that it dates back one hundred years in Europe. It has been tried on every conceivable plan and commodity. He told of the experience of the raisin growers in the Fresno valley of California. They had been losing about a cent a pound on their crop for years; the speculators were making money. They formed a cooperative marketing association and in 1913 sold raisins for the first time at a figure that was anywhere around the cost of production. Each year thereafter the price advanced.

Mr. Williams declared that cooperative marketing association should be organized by commodity and not by locality. They should be statewide. A local association is necessarily a weak one. It was poor management as a rule and is subject to competition. The association must be the dominant factor in its territory. The contract should be legal and binding and for a long term, not less than five years. The long time contract is necessary in order that the association might make satisfactory business arrangements. He told, for example, of a South Carolina mill which entered into negotiations with the Oklahoma association. He said the mill told him it didn't care to abandon established channels just for one or two years. When he told them the contract was for seven years they began dealing with him. Nobody but cotton growers are eligible for membership. It is an organization of, by and for the farmer and its object is to get a larger portion of the spinner price for cotton than the farmer now gets.

In Oklahoma the association advances 60 per cent of the value of the cotton to the farmer the day he turns it over to the association.

The remainder is paid him as the pools are sold. All cotton is placed in pools and the pools are based on the season, each farmer getting the same price for the season for the grade of cotton he turns in.

The association goes into the market and hires expert to work for the farmer instead of against them as they have been doing. "We find that a good man would rather work for us than for private corporations," he said.

Oranges have been made to produce a fine quality of vinegar.

An inventor spent 15 years perfecting a letter cancelling machine.

Watches may now be kept in rubber cases made for them.

Switzerland has adopted a standard voltage for electric circuits.

**GOMPERS IN ATLANTA**

Federation of Labor Begins Campaign in South.

Atlanta, Sept. 16.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, yesterday began his campaign in the South to assist textile workers. He recently announced that he would devote much effort to the bettering of conditions for the mill workers.

In his first address Mr. Gompers let loose his full power of invective against Joseph M. Brown, former governor of Georgia. Mr. Brown had attacked the federation president through an advertisement.

It is presumed that while Mr. Gompers in the South he will take a hand in the printers' strike which has been in progress since May 1, without seeming to have made much headway.

**ENGRAVING of all kinds. Office equipment and supplies. Books Stationery RED FREW Stationer and Office Outfitter, GREENWOOD, S. C.**

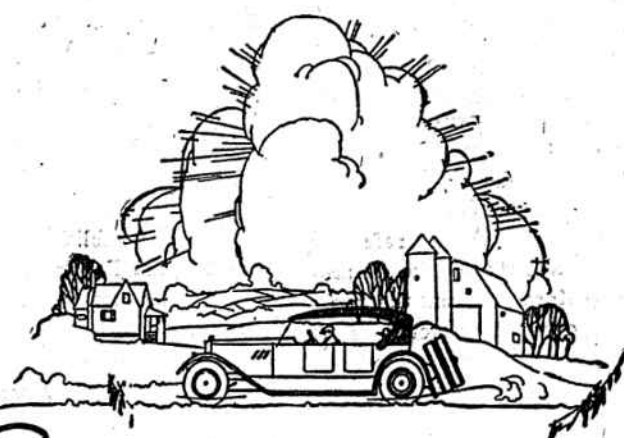


**USE OLD TIRES AS SPARES**  
Your oldest casing may have in it hundreds of miles that we can save for you. Some day it may come in mighty handy as a "spare." Bring it in and let us look it over—we advise only such repairs as pay. Our skilled methods and complete equipment will make your old tires strong and serviceable. We make all kinds of repairs in our vulcanizing shop, using genuine Goodyear Factory Repair Materials. Drive in today with your old tires.

**H. E. PENNAL AT CITY GARAGE.**



**Owen Brothers Marble and Granite Co. DESIGNERS MANUFACTURERS ERECTORS**  
The largest and best equipped monumental mills in the Carolinas. GREENWOOD, S. C.



**Endurance**  
power to continue despite the hardships of service and beyond the limits of its 1 1/2 years written guarantee



**EVEREADY STORAGE BATTERY CITY GARAGE Abbeville, S. C**