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VICTORY PARADE HELD IN CAPITAL

Big Crowd Cheers Pershing and His Men—Parade Lasted Three Hours. Enthusiasm of People Stirred by Marching Troops—Record For Washington.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Hoarse with cheering, Washington rested to-night satisfied that it had paid full honor to Gen. John J. Pershing and the fighting men of the First Division.

The nation's victory parade was over. For nearly three hours a rolling flood of soldiery, guns and horses, tanks and motor trucks had poured up Pennsylvania Avenue with out check or halt to pass the reviewing stand where Vice President Marshall, representing President Wilson.

The wide street ran back full with its grim, living tide of fighting power and organization; and as the great pageant was unrolled before their eyes the hundreds of thousands of people who formed those banks roared and shrieked with pride and approval, the sound of their cheering slowly dwindling at the end, but only from physical exhaustion.

Riding at the head of the mighty column, General Pershing was carried forward along the whole line of march as though on a wave of sound as the nation and city gave him his formal greeting. To no American since Admiral George Dewey came home in triumph from Manila has such an ovation been tendered. Nor has the end yet come; for tomorrow congress will formally add its tribute to that of the city and the nation and with business put to one side, tender the expeditionary commander a formal reception at the capitol.

Record For Washington.

Never has Washington witnessed such a military pageant as that which today flooded its great victory way. Men in numbers have marched there in review, but never has the full pomp and panoply of war been thus given to the public.

Fresh from the royal tribute paid them in New York, the men of the First Division marched with full fighting equipment. From the ponderous six-inch howitzers of the artillery to the diminutive one pounders and grotesque trench mortars the full strength of the divisional artillery was there. From the thick clustered bayonets of the infantry masses to the grim lines of machine gun mounted motor trucks, the small arms of this great fighting unit were on display; and from the lumbering miles of hooded supply and ammunition trucks to a roaring, clattering cavalcade of whipper tanks, the tools of every phase of modern warfare were represented.

Visitor From Due West.

Prof. Edgar Long was in Abbeville for a short while Wednesday on business in connection with the opening of the colleges at Due West. He was accompanied by his handsome young son.

Putting in Furnace.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Tucker will be in Abbeville for the next month at the home of Mrs. D. A. Rogers. Mr. Tucker is here putting furnaces in the Graded and High School buildings.

COTTON MARKET.

| September 19. | |
|-------------------------|-------|
| New York Cotton Market. | |
| Spot Cotton | 29.50 |
| October | 29.85 |
| December | 30.13 |
| January | 30.17 |
| March | 30.23 |
| May | 30.33 |

CHIEF JUSTICE GARY GRANTS WRIT IN ELECTION FIGHT

A writ of certiorari, granted here on Saturday by Eugene B. Gary, chief justice of the State Supreme Court, along with a lengthy petition and voluminous exhibits, was filed Monday with Harry I. McCaw, clerk of the supreme court, by attorneys for Tristram T. Hyde, Mayor of Charleston, and W. P. Sellers, and Thomas B. McCarthy, candidates for aldermen at large from Wards 3 and 10, respectively, in the municipal primary at Charleston. The writ cites W. Turner Logan, chairman, A. H. Brouthers, secretary, and all members of the city executive committee, William H. Dunkin, clerk of court of Charleston County, and John P. Grace to file with the supreme court within fourteen days after the service of the order all of the original matters of evidence, records, papers, pleadings, documents and all the proceedings in any way connected with or affecting the actions or decisions of the above named respondents in connection with the recent municipal election in Charleston. The respondents, however, are allowed to show cause before the chief justice, if they choose to do so, why the records should not be filed as directed in the writ.

GOLD SWORD FOR PERSHING STRIKES SNAG IN HOUSE

Washington, Sept. 15.—The Kahn bill, providing for the presentation of a gold sword to Gen. Pershing, ran onto a snag in the house today.

When the Representative Julius Kahn, of California, chairman of the military affairs committee, got ready to call up the measure under a suspension of the rules, he discovered an incipient rebellion against it. He was informed by members on both sides of the house a fight would certainly develop if he attempted to bring it up.

Members taking this position declared they were not much opposed to the proposed honor for Gen. Pershing as they were to the policy of showering honors on the army and navy leaders while the enlisted men were forgotten. Representative Kitchin, of North Carolina, former Democratic leader, and Representative Mason, Republican, of Illinois, took this view. Mr. Mason was outspoken in his demand that something should be done for the privates without further delay. He referred to the petition signed by 61,000 citizens of the United States, urging that a bonus equivalent to six months' pay be granted the soldiers, sailors and marines. Mr. Mason said this material recognition of the soldiers' glorious services would be of invaluable help to them at this time.

In face of this opposition, Mr. Kahn decided to delay calling up the bill until he could get a special rule, for which he will apply tomorrow. Mr. Kitchin plans to make a speech appealing for some reward for the privates when the bill comes up.

ABBEVILLE TELEPHONE RATES ARE RAISED

Columbia, Sept. 18.—(Special).—The State Railroad Commission today authorized an increase in telephone rates at Abbeville, Ninety Six, and McCormick. The new rates are for business phone, special, \$3 per month, duplex \$2.50 per month, residence phones, special, \$2 per month, duplex \$1.50.

Getting Promoted.

Mr. H. B. Cogburn has been promoted by the Seaboard Railway and has moved from Abbeville to Atlanta. The young man has made his home here for the past two years, and was a favorite with the younger social set.

Services At Episcopal Church.

Bishop W. A. Guerry will hold services in the Episcopal Church Sunday night at 8:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend.

ITALY CALLS THE FIUME AFFAIR A SOLDIERS MUTINY

Washington, Sept. 15.—The Italian ambassador, Count V. Macchi de Cellere, called on Assistant Secretary of State Phillips today and advised him that the Fiume affairs was regarded by Italy as a mutiny.

The ambassador assured Secretary Phillips that Premier Nitti was disposed to handle the affair with a strong hand and that the Italian government would steadfastly support the premier in taking whatever measures may be necessary to 'put down the insurrection.

This government was also informed that Gabriele D'Annunzio and the soldiers who took Fiume under his leadership could be reached by the Italian penal code. The giving of this information to the state department was construed to mean that Italy not only proposes to suppress the mutiny with a stern hand, but that the Italian government will bring the mutineers to trial by court martial.

Unofficial advices received here on the Fiume coup d'etat were to the effect that it might assume a much more serious phase than the Italian government officials were willing to admit probable. It was said D'Annunzio might possibly be supported not alone by the army with which he entered Fiume and by the population of that city, but that it was not without the bounds of probability he would have the support of the population of all the contiguous country. Furthermore, it was pointed out that D'Annunzio is a popular hero in Italy and hear a kind considerable support in the public sentiment in Italy for his bold enterprise. The impression left at the state department after the visit of the Italian ambassador was that Italy was going to make a supreme effort to settle as soon as possible the issue raised by D'Annunzio to prevent any interference by England and France, both of which powers will undoubtedly stand on the peace conference disposition of Fiume. It will take a few days of thought to determine how serious the occupation of the city by D'Annunzio may be.

CHINA DECLARES SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY

Washington, Sept. 16.—The state department has been officially advised that China has issued a mandate declaring herself now at peace with Germany.

Honolulu, Sept. 16.—The United States has asked the Japanese government to fix a definite date for the return of Kiao Chou to China, according to cable advices received here today by the Nippi Jiji, a Japanese daily newspaper. The cable added that the Japanese government had not answered the communication.

Officials Believe Report Is Well Founded One.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Officials here, in the absence of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, will not comment upon the report that the United States has asked Japan to set a definite date for the return of Kiao Chau to China. The general impression in official circles is that the report is well founded.

Japan's answer to such a request by the government would have an important bearing on the Senate's consideration of the peace treaty as one of the objections to it on which opposition is being centered, is the Shantung provision.

Administration supporters of the treaty feel a definite announcement by Japan setting a date for the return of Kiao Chau would go far to remove that point.

Various Japanese officials have stated Kiao Chau would be returned but a time never was set.

Jewish New Year.

The Rosenberg Mercantile Company and D. Poliakov will close their stores next Thursday and Friday on account of Jewish New Year.

PERSHING UNABLE TO BE AT REUNION OF "HICKORY" BOYS

Greenville, S. C., Sept. 16.—General John J. Pershing will not be able to accept the invitation to attend the first annual reunion of the "Old Hickory," Thirtieth division association here September 29 and 30, according to a message received from the American army commander at headquarters of the association in Greenville.

Frank B. Bowen, of Knoxville, secretary of the association, who opened the headquarters here Monday, said that General Pershing declined the invitation with regret, but stated that previous engagements prevented his acceptance.

Previous engagements prevent General Pershing from attending the reunion. Major General Read, who carried the division overseas and was later made corps commander, will bring his staff and the Forty-eighth infantry band from Camp Jackson, Columbia, where they are stationed. He will be one of the principal speakers.

Governor Robert A. Cooper, of South Carolina; Governor Thomas W. Bickett, of North Carolina, and Governor A. H. Roberts, of Tennessee, accepted invitations to deliver addresses of welcome on behalf of their respective states which furnished the national guard units and the bulk of the fighting men in the Thirtieth division.

It was disclosed today that the tariff of the railroad administration, providing special reduced rates for the reunion, is effective only within the states of Tennessee and the Carolinas, and will not apply to the ten thousand or more former members scattered throughout the country who composed the replacement strength.

Other speakers probably will be added to the tentative program which was announced recently to include Colonel Holmes B. Springs, of Georgetown, S. C.; Brigadier General S. L. Faison, United States army; Brigadier General L. D. Tyson, of Knoxville, Tenn.; Sergeant Robert Fulton and Major General E. M. Lewis, who commanded the division overseas.

IF AMERICA STAYS OUT SHE MUST PAY

Portland, Ore., Sept. 16.—If America stays out of the league of nations it will do so at a great cost to democracy in violation of its material as well as its moral interests, President Wilson declared in an address here today.

Exploring the suggestion which he said was being made on all sides that the United States take advantage of the world situation without shouldering any of the responsibility, Mr. Wilson declared such a policy would be futile, because this country as much as any other was interested in guaranteeing a stable world over.

Cheered Repeatedly.

During an all day stop here the President spoke first at an afternoon luncheon, where his declarations were cheered repeatedly by two hundred business and professional men of Portland. He made only a brief impromptu talk, however, the only set speech on his day's schedule being at an evening mass meeting at the Municipal Auditorium. For this meeting seven thousand tickets had been distributed in a lottery which local officials said there were more than thirty thousand applications for admittance.

Roar of Welcome.

From the time the presidential train arrived the President and Mrs. Wilson were followed by cheering crowds. When he appeared on the rear platform of his private car at the station, a railroad man shouted "atta boy" and a crowd which had squeezed through the police lines to the tracks started a roar of welcome which continued all the way along an automobile ride through Portland's principal streets.

STATE OF OREGON IS STRONG FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

En Route With President Wilson Through Oregon, Sept. 16.—Death broke in on the presidential party at Portland, and its tragic impress put President Wilson in no mood for speech-making. Reluctantly did he carry out his program of two speeches in Portland. No other addresses were scheduled until Wednesday at San Francisco, and the presidential party leaves Oregon with depressed spirits and downcast hearts.

The people here greeted the president enthusiastically and but for the incident, the visit to Oregon might have been one of the most triumphant of the whole tour.

For sentiment in Oregon is unquestionably in favor of a League of Nations. Even so staunch and influential a newspaper as the Portland Oregonian, whose Republicanism is beyond doubt and whose support of the Republican presidential ticket in 1912 and 1916 certainly reveals no especial desire to advance the political fortunes of Woodrow Wilson, is fighting vigorously for the ratification of the peace treaty and did not hesitate recently to criticize Senator Lodge's report on the ground that it picked flaws in the treaty and did not have anything to say about its affirmative value.

The Oregonian has no objection to reservations, but as between a peace treaty and league to which no reservations are attached and none at all its desire would appear to be unqualified adoption of the pact.

How Papers Stand.

The Oregon Journal which is owned by Charles S. Jackson, who was the president's host in Portland, is of course supporting the covenant, and the Portland Telegram, the third daily of importance, favors the league but wants reservations.

Not long ago one of these newspapers conducted a straw vote and 28,000 people voted for the league, as against a few hundred against. Senator McNary, Republican, says from the outset, he himself was in favor of the league and is one of the leading members of the so-called "mild reservationists" group, whose friendliness to the league has been steadfast throughout the controversy. Senator Chamberlain, Democrat, is standing by the president.

CARRANZA OFFERS POINTED DEFENSE

A defense of Mexico against foreign representations, particularly from the United States, regarding the lives of foreigners and their property was contained in a message of President Carranza read at the opening session of the Mexican congress on Monday.

Particular reference was made in the message to alleged injustices practiced against Mexicans in the United States.

A long list of alleged offenses was given under the section of the address devoted to foreign relations.

The message also defended Mexico's neutrality during the war and protested against charges that the Mexican government was incapable and unwilling to protect foreign lives and property.

In the message President Carranza asserted that Mexico did not ask admission to the league of nations, because, he said, the league did not establish equality for all nations, and races.

He reiterated that Mexico had not recognized and would not recognize the Monroe doctrine.

Regarding oil legislation, the message said the government was willing to conciliate, but would not sacrifice its national sovereignty.

Dr. Martin To Preach.

Dr. J. L. Martin will preach at the Presbyterian Church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, filling the pulpit in the stead of the Rev. H. W. Pratt, who is on his vacation.

STEEL STRIKE TO BEGIN MONDAY

No Action Taken To Prevent Strike. There Will Be No Picketing—To Consider Plans for New Relation Between Employes and Employers.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 17.—When the national committee for organizing iron and steel workers, which met here today to consider matters in connection with the proposed strike of steel workers, adjourned to-night until tomorrow morning, John Fitzpatrick, chairman of the committee, made the unequivocal statement that the walkout would take place next Monday morning as already decided upon. He said no action was taken at today's meeting to postpone the strike, and that the decision reached at Washington last week would not be revoked. Mr. Fitzpatrick said a statement would be issued tomorrow afternoon. The meeting, primarily called to consider strike plans, discussed the question of postponing the walkout until after the industrial conference in Washington beginning October 6, as requested by President Wilson. Arguments were made against postponement on the ground that the steel workers, having gone so far in their campaign for settlement of grievances by collective bargaining, can not turn back.

Few details of the meeting were permitted to leak out. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, according to report is not unfavorable to a postponement if it will not work injury to the steel workers.

When Chairman Fitzpatrick made the positive statement that the strike would go into effect next Monday morning, he was asked if the strikers would picket the steel plants.

"No, there will be no picketing; the men will go fishing," he said. "We will leave the mill guards and professional gunmen to run the plants."

JUDGE MAKES PLEA FOR THE TEACHERS

Charleston, Sept. 16.—A plea for more interest in schools and larger salaries for teachers was made by Circuit Judge Prince, of Anderson, in his charge to the grand jury yesterday morning when the Court of General Sessions convened for the September term. Judge Prince declared that "small salaries have caused most of the men and the best of the women teachers to give up teaching as a livelihood and as a result there is a lack of teachers throughout this State."

Eleven cases were disposed of during the day. In ten of these the defendants pleaded guilty. A total of thirteen true bills were returned by the grand jury.

On account of this being the third term for the grand jury the presiding officer did not deliver a lengthy nor elaborate charge. He did, however, make mention of several things to which he especially directed the attention of the grand jurors.

Judge Prince declared "I am sorry to note the disinterestedness on the part of witnesses, many of whom have failed to answer to their names. I will find out why they are not here."

"I do not care how any others might act but intend that witnesses shall not run nor block the court over which I am presiding. Bench warrants will be sworn out for all who did not answer to their names this morning. Those who failed to respond had better get into court before they are served with bench warrants."

Judge Prince then requested that the grand jurors take special interest in the schools. He declared that each grand juror should visit each school in the county and urged that they see that the trustees be investigated and if any unfit for office are found, have them removed. He then made a plea for more interest in schools and for larger salaries for teachers.