

POTASH INJURY.

Trouble Traced to Trona Potash.
Clemson College, July 19.—Clemson College authorities have investigated the potash situation which has given trouble in the Pee Dee section, and have traced the matter to its source in the use of Trona Potash, which contains impurities injurious to crops.

Mr. Bright Williamson, a prominent banker and farmer of Darlington, and John M. Napier, County Agent of Darlington County found recently with potash in that county and reported the matter to Clemson College. Prof. C. P. Blackwell, Agronomist, and Mr. J. L. Seal, Plant Pathologist, went immediately to Darlington and Florence Counties where they met Dr. W. W. Garner, Chief of the Office of Tobacco and Plant Nutrition Investigations Committee. The three studied the situation in the fields of Darlington, Florence, and Dillon Counties.

They agreed that the very erratic seasons have caused poor crop conditions in parts of Florence County which some have erroneously attributed to potash. In Darlington County, however, where Trona Potash from Searl's Lake, California, purchased thru a Charleston broker, was used very serious injuries were observed on a number of farms.

The Clemson and Government experts were convinced from field examinations that this Trona Potash is responsible for the trouble. Thousands of acres of crops in Darlington have been destroyed.

Other sources of American potash

have given good results so far as investigations show. Since nearly all the soils of the Coastal Plains section of the state are in need of potash, it would be unfortunate to have all potash indiscriminately condemned along with this one source.

Director Barre announces that experiments will be begun at once at the Pee Dee Station to obtain all possible information on the effect of this material on plant growth. Further study will be made in Darlington fields to assist farmers in securing data upon which to base claims for damages. These investigations will be reported as soon as the data is available. The legal aspects of the case will be considered by the Board of Fertilizer Control.

There has probably been injury to crops from this same source in other sections of the state, and in farmers think they have this trouble they should consult their county agents all of whom have been posted about the matter.

Late in June Director H. W. Barre of the S. C. Experiment Station, attended a potato conference on Long Island to examine tests of all sources of domestic potash. Trona Potash showed marked injury to potato plants, and the conference developed the fact that similar trouble was being experienced in North Carolina with cotton, tobacco and corn. Similar trouble seems to have been experienced also in several localities along the Atlantic coast.

For the guidance of farmers Prof. Blackwell gives the field symptoms as follows: In the case of

cotton and corn germination is retarded or prevented. Soon after plants which do germinate are above ground they turn white or yellow and die. Tobacco when transplanted turns light and soon dies. The roots are found to be undeveloped and many dead. The trouble is worse where tobacco beds have been knocked down as this brings the roots in closer contact with the poisonous substances. With all crops the trouble is worse on light sandy soils than on heavier soils.

NO CHANCE FOR REDS HERE.
(Mark Sullivan in Collier's Weekly)
"Will there be a Bolshevik movement in America? Shucks! Of course, if you want the thrill of fearing so, you can manage to work it up. But you must be very excitable, and either you must be very young or else you must have confined your reading to the comic supplement and the baseball page. You must be young enough, or unread enough, to have forgotten Czolgosz and Guiteau, Homestead and the Haymarket, the Pittsburgh riots and the Molly Maguires.

If you are of the temperament which in children gets thrills out of ghost stories and graveyards in the dark; if you make your definition of "Bolshevism" generous enough; if everybody who says it's best to let Lenine and Trotzky run their course rather than try to kill them off with an American military expedition is a Bolshevik; if everybody is a Bolshevik who doesn't agree with your

views about union labor, or the inheritance tax, or the Nicene Creed; if you assume that every workman who is overcome by the lure of a spring day and quits his job to go fishing, is an agent of organized Bolshevism; if you assume that those pale and furtive imitators of Czolgosz who threw an occasional bomb at a mayor or an attorney general are members of an organized and disciplined army receiving orders from Trotzky; if you assume that the labor agitators who now call themselves the I. W. W. are anything more than the Molly Maguires were in the early '70s, or the Pittsburgh rioters in the late '70s, or the Haymarket anarchists of the '80s, or the Homestead strikers of the '90s,—if you assume all that, and if you assume it on a hot day, then you may be able to work up a sweat over Bolshevism in America.

Compared to what happens in a real revolution, all that is happening, or is likely to happen, in America isn't much more than the Washington police shooting Coxe's army off the White House lawn, or a fly swatting competition in a Bolshevik parlor.

HELPING NEGRO FARMERS
FIGHT CHINCH BUGS
Clemson College, July 19.—County Agent J. M. Eleazer by his report below, has rendered excellent service to a community of negro farmers where the chinch bug was about to destroy the corn crop.

"On Tuesday several 'SOS' calls came from negroes in a prominent

negro farming sections concerning an insect which they claimed was 'eating up their corn.' Upon visiting the section it was found that chinch bugs were really doing pretty serious damage and gave promise of very serious damage in the near future if something was not done to check their progress. The bug was found to be in practically all the corn of that section. In order to reach all the farmers in the minimum of time a meeting was scheduled for the next day at noon. This meeting was held in one of the heavily infested pieces of corn. About twenty interested negro farmers assembled promptly at the meeting hour and a talk was made to them instructing them in chinch bug fighting. Mr. Foster assisted in the meeting.

This is the first outbreak of chinch bugs that has ever occurred in this section. That accounts for the alarm it spread. It is found that after a section has suffered from the ravages of this pest once and instruction is given regarding control measures that that particular section is never hysterical over chinch bugs again. They find that by burning hedges and ditches off in the winter and making proper disposition of the infested stubble lands as soon as harvesting is over that the pest can be effectively controlled.

RED CROSS HOME
SERVICE NOTES
The Home Service Section of the Red Cross is the busiest place in

town in spite of the hot weather. During the past months 125 people called at the office, which is an average of twenty each day.

Mrs. Emma Latimer, an enthusiastic Red Cross worker of Lowndesville, visited the Home Service Section yesterday.

WANTED:—a definition for the term "Lady." A man recently returned home after fifteen months service in France, to find that things at his house were not on a moral basis, so he applied to the Home Service Section for help in getting the allotment made to his wife suspended, as he stated it, he "Did not want that lady to have any more of his money."

A county road map has just been finished and presented to the Home Service Section by James Coleman, and very soon territory will be assigned to each assistant secretary. "Pinning" the map for service rendered by volunteers will be interesting, especially to those who want to see Home Service work grow.

James M. Patterson, of Antreville, paid his respects while in town Tuesday. Mr. Patterson has just been discharged from the service, and is glad to get back home.

Engraved cards and wedding invitations at Press and Banner Co.

BONA-FIDE CLEARANCE REDUCTION

(This Great Event Ends Saturday, July 26, 1919)

PRICES CUT DEEP

DRESSES.

- Ladies' \$10.00 Voile Dresses, sale price \$7.25
- Ladies' \$35.00 Black Messaline Dress, sale price, \$22.50
- Ladies' \$32.50 Messaline Dress, sale price 16.25
- Ladies' \$27.50 Blue Taffeta Dress, sale price, 16.50
- Ladies' \$29.75 Messaline Dress, sale price, 19.25
- Ladies' \$24.75 Mesaline Dress sale price 12.35
- Ladies' \$25.00 Georgette and Crepe de Chine Dress, sale price 12.50
- Ladies' \$27.50 All Taffeta Dress, sale price, 13.75
- Ladies' \$25.00 Navy Georgette and Crepe de Chine Dress, sale price 15.75
- Ladies' \$40.00 Gray Georgette Dress, sale price, 19.75
- Ladies' \$45.00 Beaded Navy Georgette Dress, sale price 17.50

LADIES' COAT SUITS.

- Ladies' \$30.00 Coat Suits, sale price \$19.75
- Ladies' \$45.00 Coat Suits, sale price - 29.75
- Ladies' \$37.50 Coat Suits, sale price - 23.75

LADIES' COATS.

- Ladies' \$27.50 Coats ----- \$21.75
- Ladies' \$37.50 Coats ----- 26.25

CAPES AT HALF PRICE

- Ladies' \$22.50 Capes, sale price ----- \$11.25
- Ladies' \$27.50 Capes, sale price ----- 13.75

LADIES' DOLMANS.

- Ladies' \$22.50 Dolmans, sale price -- \$11.25
- Ladies' \$45.00 Dolmans, sale price -- 22.50

LADIES' OXFORDS.

- Ladies' regular 2.50 Oxford, sale price \$1.75
- Ladies' regular 3.50 Oxford, sale price 2.35

Walk-Over Oxfords.

- Ladies' \$3.50 Pumps, white and black, sale price, \$2.45
- Ladies' \$5.50 Pumps, with high and low heels sale price ----- 4.15
- Ladies' \$6.50 Oxfords and Pumps, sale price, 5.15
- Ladies' \$7.50 Oxfords and Pumps, sale price, 6.15
- Ladies' \$8.50 Oxfords and Pumps, sale price, 6.95
- Ladies' \$10.00 Oxfords and Pumps, sale price, 8.45

CHILDREN'S OXFORDS.

- Children's Sandals, regular \$1.00 value, sale price, 79c.
- Children's White Slippers, regular \$1.35 value, sale price ----- \$1.05
- Children's White Billikens, \$2.50 value 2.05

DRESS GOODS

- 36 in. Susquehanna Silk Poplin in all colors and black, regular \$1.00 quality, per yard, ----- 89c.
- 36 in. Rep Cord, regular \$1.00 quality, per yard, sale price ----- 90c.
- 36 in. Black Taffeta, regular \$1.75 quality, per yard ----- \$1.35
- 36 in Taffeta, \$2.25 value, per yard, ----- \$1.60
- 40 in. Georgette Crepe, in all colors and black, \$2.50 value, at per yard, ----- \$2.15
- 36 in. Manchester Percale, in light colors, 40c value, per yard, ----- 33c
- 32 in. Renfrew Gingham, 40c value, at per yard, ----- 32c
- 27 in. Keagmoss Apron Gingham, regular 30c. value, at per yard ----- 19c
- Twenty-seven inch 1921 Outing, regular 30c quality, at per yard, ----- 23c
- J. & P. COAT'S SPOOL COTTON ----- 4c

MEN'S CLOTHING

Newest and best styles—Last Fall was our first season in strictly clothing business and we have no old stock and no old styles.

- \$52.50 Strouse Brothers' Suits ----- \$39.50
- 48.00 Strouse Brothers' Suits ----- 35.00
- 42.50 Strouse Brothers' Suits ----- 30.00
- \$27.50 Fancy Serge Suits ----- 18.75
- \$18.50 Fancy Serge Suits ----- 13.75
- Regular \$22.50 full box back Suits, in navy, electric blue, green and brown; extra full trousers ----- 17.75
- Men's White Palm Beach Suits worth \$14.00 on today's clothing market. We have five of these suits left to be closed out at per suit, ----- \$5.00
- Light Suits in stripes and solid colors, worth \$14.50, on sale at ----- \$7.75
- \$14.00 Kool Kloth Suits in grey and tan, \$7.95
- \$8.50 Kool Kloth Suits in grey, at ----- \$4.75
- \$25.00 Tropical Worsteds Suits in grey and tan, at ----- 16.25
- \$18.50 Black Pin-striped Mohair Suits \$13.25
- \$27.50 Blue and black Mohair Suits ----- \$14.50

BOYS' CLOTHING

- Boys' \$15.00 blue serge suits, sizes 8 to 18, on sale at ----- \$10.50
- Boys' 16.50 Blue serge suits ----- \$11.25
- Boys' \$12.00 Suits, assorted colors, ----- \$8.50
- Boys' 10.00 Suits, assorted colors ----- 6.75
- Boys' \$8.00 Suits, assorted colors ----- 5.50
- Boys' \$6.50 Cool Cloth Suits ----- 3.85
- Boys' \$6.50 Palm Beach Suits ----- 3.75

MEN'S PANTS

- Mens' \$8.50 Blue Serge Pants ----- \$6.25
- Mens' \$5.00 Blue Serge Pants ----- 3.65
- Mens' \$8.00 Grey woolen pants ----- 5.90
- Mens' \$7.50 Striped worsted pants ----- 5.65
- Mens' Cotton and wool mixed pants ----- 3.95
- Mens' \$4.00 All cotton pants ----- 2.65
- Mens' Kool-Kloth pants ----- 1.25
- Mens' \$1.50 Pants at ----- 1.10

NETTLETON'S OXFORDS

- Mens' \$12.20 Nettleton Oxfords ----- \$9.75
- Mens' \$7.50 Oxfords ----- 6.40
- Mens' \$7.00 Oxfords ----- 5.60
- Mens' \$5.50 Oxfords ----- 3.45
- Mens' \$3.50 Oxfords ----- 2.35
- Mens' \$4.00 Palm Beach Oxfords ----- 2.75
- Mens' \$1.00 Oxfords ----- 75c
- Mens' 85c Oxfords ----- 65c

OVERALLS

- \$2.00 Overall, Big "W" Special ----- \$1.50
- \$2.50 Blue Buckle Overalls ----- 1.95
- \$2.75 Fink's Overalls ----- 2.20
- \$2.75 Khaki pants ----- 2.15
- \$1.25 Khaki pants ----- 95c

CAPS

- Boys' \$2.00 Automobile khaki caps ----- \$1.45
- Boys' 50c caps ----- 35c
- Boys' 25c caps ----- 19c

BOYS' PANTS

- Boys' \$3.50 Blue serge pants, 9 to 18 ----- \$2.55
- Boys' \$2.50 Blue serge pants ----- 1.60
- Boys' Khaki pants, \$1.25 value, ----- 95c
- Boys' 65c pants, assorted patterns, ----- 45c

MANHATTAN SHIRTS

- Mens' \$5.00 Dress Shirts ----- \$3.75
- \$3.50 Dress Shirts ----- 2.75
- \$3.00 Dress Shirts ----- 2.25

WORK SHIRTS

- \$1.50 Work Shirts ----- \$1.15
- \$1.75 Work Shirts ----- 1.35
- \$2.25 Work Shirts ----- 1.75

COLLARS

We have them in both soft and stiff

- CluettPeabody Collars, per dozen ----- \$2.50
- Earle & Wilson Collars, per dozen ----- 2.50

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"On The Square Always"

Abbeville, S. C.