

FARMING IN INDIA.

(A. J. Ranson.)

I am sure that the readers of The Banner are interested in farming, and I feel sure that they would like to know something of life on the other side of the pond. We have just spent some time in India and came home a week ago for some rest.

Last year I bought 150 small plots for Christian farmers and \$71.00 per acre for the land. It does not depend at all on rainfall for crops, but all of this land is irrigated by a great canal 160 feet in width and 10 feet in depth. Water comes to us from the melting snows of Kashmir. Our crop is cotton. Our farmers till the ground with a small bellows, from twelve to eighteen inches before the seeds are planted. The ground is thus thoroughly prepared, we roll the seeds in wet sand and let them dry, and then broadcast the seeds. Our farmers follow the regular government system for the watering of the land, never cultivate the land in any other way than the sowing of the seeds. The plants usually grow to a height of three feet and the limbs are so that the pickers have little trouble to gather the

sure that some readers will be interested if the yield would not be so high if our farmers planted in the same soil as we have in this country. I am not sure of this, but I know that cultivation of the soil would keep our farmers out of the fields when the temperature is below 115 to 125 degrees Fahrenheit. And an Indian is not so much of such temperature as is a white man.

I have an impression that our farmers get about 150 lbs. of lint per acre. That is not bad. The seeds in March or April and the third crop in September or October.

This is our second crop. It usually grows well and is of good quality. I have never seen an ear of corn in India and I think the main trouble is with the

CEDAR SPRINGS.

Southern Cemetery, Where Heart's are Buried.

Owens, in The Augusta Herald.)

is situated one of the oldest and largest grounds in the Palmetto State.

South Carolina's staunchest rest at Old Cedar Springs. The Hearst family were prominent members of that family at Old Cedar Springs.

ated by the older residents of the town that many years ago the father of William Randolph Hearst of America's best known publishers and a former Congressman, lived in Cedar Springs, but that when he died he went to California.

ago William R. Hearst, representative to Greenwood, made photographs of the grounds, including the graves of his ancestors. There are more members of the family buried at Old Cedar

ing ground adjoins the church, which is today one of the largest attended church services in that section. The burying ground is the boundary line of Cedar Springs and has as its citizens of three counties.

who for many years lived in Abbeville and is buried at this place. The first pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Clark, lies buried in his grave is 135 years

ressly, well known Augustus now United States Army, was born near Paris and his mother was French. Mr. Pressly is now home for a vacation, and will return to the

FARMERS' MEETING.

The South Carolina Cotton-Marketing Organization has called meetings for the various counties of the State and invites Farmers, merchants, bankers, and business men generally to a discussion of the marketing of cotton and cotton seed as well as of all other matters relating to the cotton situation in South Carolina.

Below are the places at which and the dates on which these meetings will be held in Abbeville county:

- Abbeville—July 25, at 11 a. m.
Donalds—July 25, at 4 p. m.
Due West—July 25, at 6 p. m.
Calhoun Falls—July 26, at 11 a. m.
Lowndesville—July 26, at 4 p. m.
Antreville—July 26, at 6 p. m.

Fellow-farmers, note the date of the meetings in your county, and be sure to attend one of these meetings. Let the farmers of every county in South Carolina co-operate in the establishment of a state-wide system of cotton marketing.

It is possible for the farmers of the State to fix the price and to control the sale of the 1918 crop through the South Carolina cotton-marketing organization. Enlist your name as a charter member of this organization.

W. A. Rowell, County Farm Demonstrator.

TRAINING OFFICERS AT CAMP GORDON

Applications for Entrance Should Be Sent at Once.

Every South Carolinian between the ages of 20 years and 8 months and 40 years is eligible for admission to the fifth series of training camps to open July 15 at Camp at Camp Gordon, Atlanta.

Applications for the camp may be sent in at once and must be addressed to the army officers detailed as professors of military science and tactics at the University of South Carolina, the Citadel, Clemson Agricultural and Mechanical College, and Porter Military Academy. Col. Henry C. Davis of Columbia, is the officer in charge at the university.

The information about the camp for civilians is contained in the following letter being sent out by headquarters of the Southeastern Department to all those that have made application for information:

Official Letter.

Headquarters Southeastern Department.

Charleston, S. C., July 8, 1918
Dear Sir: In reply to your inquiry of recent date, the following extracts from war department instructions governing the Central officers' training schools is quoted for your information:

The course of training at the infantry and machine gun schools will be for four months, beginning July 15, 1918, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and so arranged as to graduate one class of approximately 600 members each month from each school. The course of training at the artillery school will be for about three months, date of beginning the school and capacity of the school to be as prescribed by the chief of field artillery.

These schools are open to (a) enlisted men of the Regular Army, National Army and National Guard, except Coast Artillery Corps, Signal Corps and labor units; (b) civilians within the draft age, inducted into the service for the purpose of attending the schools; (c) a limited number of civilians beyond the draft age and not above 40 years of age upon date of entrance into the training school.

To be eligible for admission to a central training school a candidate must be between the ages of 20 years 8 months and 40 years; must be a citizen of the United States and not have been born in any of the countries with which the United States is at war or allies of such countries. Enlisted men must have the moral, educational and physical qualifications required of an officer. Civilians must be graduates of a high school or have pursued an

equivalent course of instruction; must be of good moral character, and must have the physical qualifications required for a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps. Requirements for visual acuity for candidates are as follows: A minimum of 20-70 in the left eye and 20-40 in the right eye without glasses, correctable to normal color perception.

For the Field Artillery candidates must, in addition to the above, possess a thorough understanding and working knowledge of arithmetic, algebra, in include quadratic equations and plane geometry. A knowledge of trigonometry and the use of logarithms is desirable. Men having had a previous scientific and technical education an dtraining are most desirable, particularly those educated and trained as civil, mechanical, electrical, mining or architectural engineers.

When to Apply.

Civilians possessing the requisite qualifications as to education, character and physique who desire to attend an officers' training school, will apply for information and necessary blank forms to the army officer on duty as professor of military science and tactics at the educational institution nearest the residence of the applicant. This may be done either in person or in writing. The application and other blank forms furnished must be filled out in detail and must be accompanied by at least three testimonials by reputable persons as to good character and a record of the physical examination of the applicant, submitted on prescribed form and made by a reputable physician. The application and accompanying papers will then be forwarded to the officer of the army on duty as professor military science and tactics at an educational institution nearest the residence of the applicant. Upon receipt of the application and necessary papers, each applicant will be notified to appear in person, at his own expense, at an appointed time, before such professor of military science and tactics, for a preliminary examination, regarding the applicant's qualifications to attend an officers' training school.

Civilians within the draft age designated to attend the training school will be inducted into the military service for the period of the war.

All civilian applicants will be required to enlist or will be inducted for the period of the war before being admitted.

Civilians not within draft age designated to attend the training schools will be entitled to mileage at the rate of 3 1-2 cents per mile from the place of residence to the designated training school.

All civilians designated to attend training schools shall while in attendance receive the pay and allowances of privates, first class. All civilians, either inducted or enlisted at training schools, will be carried as belonging to replacement troops unassigned. If discharged from the training school, they will then be assigned to an appropriate organization of replacement troops.

Officer Candidates.

The designation of all successful candidates will be 'officer candidates', which designation will be retained until they are commissioned as officers unless it is forfeited by misbehavior or subsequent inefficiency.

Officer candidates will be commissioned second lieutenants of the branch of the service in the National Army for which they have qualified as vacancies may occur, upon the recommendation of their commanding officers.

Civilians upon arriving at training schools, unless they present a certificate of physical fitness by an army medical officer, will be examined physically before enlistment, to insure that they comply with the physical requirements prescribed in paragraph 2 herein. During the progress of the school any candidate who is manifestly physically unfit will be examined by a board of three medical officers composed of the senior surgeon of the replacement camp, who is ex officio a member of this board, and two medical officers detailed by the training school commander. If the board finds that the retention of the candidate at the training school is undesirable, the commanding officer of

the training school may order such candidate relieved from duty at the training school, and direct him to report to the commanding officer of the replacement camp for duty.

Contributors To 2nd Red Cross War Fund

CONTRIBUTORS TO SECOND RED CROSS WAR FUND IN ABBEVILLE COUNTY.

Fund of Lowndesville Auxiliary:

Below we publish a list of the contributors to Second Red Cross at Monterey:

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Helped Her Like Others Told Her

SPARTANBURG WOMAN MAKES HIGHLY INTERESTING STATEMENT.

"It is the best medicine I ever took for stomach trouble, nervousness and palpitation of the heart. I sure can praise and recommend it," declared Mrs. H. E. Lawter, of 116 Williams St., Spartanburg, in a statement she gave in endorsement of Tanlac, "The National Tonic," on February 1, 1917. "I suffered from very bad cases of indigestion, nervousness and palpitation of the heart," continued Mrs. Lawter. "I could hardly sleep, and would just roll and tumble for hours, and my nerves were so badly disturbed that I was kept miserable almost all the time. I couldn't eat scarcely anything. What I did eat felt like bricks in my stomach, and I had a kind of choking in my chest after meals.

"My heart fluttered a great deal, and this, I think, was partly caused by the great quantity of gas that formed on my stomach.

"Finally, I decided to try Tanlac, as it had helped so many others who had troubles somewhat like mine, and now I am not bothered with stomach trouble, thanks to Tanlac. I feel a great deal better in every way, too. My nerves are much stronger and steadier, and I used to get so nervous that I jumped when anyone spoke to me. I'm certainly not that way now, as Tanlac has relieved those nervous troubles and I have not been bothered a bit with palpitation since I took the first bottle of Tanlac.

"I feel fine now in many ways and I sure can praise Tanlac and give it credit for the change in my condition. I am fifty-nine years old and it takes a powerfully good medicine to help anyone as old as I am as much as Tanlac has helped me."

Tanlac, the master medicine, is sold exclusively by P. B. Speed, Abbeville; A. S. Cade, Bordeaux; J. T. Black, Calhoun Falls; J. H. Bell & Sons, Due West; Cooley & Speer, Lowndesville; R. M. Fuller & Co., McCormick; J. W. Morrish & Son, Mount Carmel; Covin & LeRoy, Wilmington. Price, \$1 per bottle straight.—Adv.

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers—Meat forms uric acid.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.