

Get the

Mother Doesn't Speak to Daddy Now

By Gross



General News

An Augusta Territory Mill has just finished 500,000 khaki uniforms and has booked an order for 1,000,000 more uniforms. Half this order goes to the French army.

The Federal prison at Atlanta is said to be an ideal place of it's kind and many reforms are being inaugurated, namely: The abolition of stripes, calling men by name instead of number, freedom of conversation at meal time, the use of safety razors and more tobacco every month.

The Savannah Ice men are going to put the price up as summer advances, while Charleston is putting the price down.

The State of North Carolina has appropriated \$20,000 for the purchase of Mount Mitchell. This is for the purpose of saving the beautiful forest from depredations.

The North Carolina Legislature has adjourned after a session of sixty-three days.

S. C. Armstrong, master of mechanics at Orr Mills, shot and instantly killed W. C. Greene, a tramp mill operative when he was found breaking in the Armstrong house.

The news from London is that the Academy of Fine Arts at Louvain was reopened yesterday in the building formerly occupied by the staff of civil guards.

Germany has arranged through the Swiss government to exchange 30,000 French civilians interned in Germany, for 30,000 German civilians, interned in France.

The Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias will meet in Orangeburg in May.

Ten thousand new men are to be employed by the Western railroads to replace the men laid off by the winter schedules. Six thousand men will be required by the Union Pacific alone.

Judge Woods has appointed Judge H. A. M. Smith to hold court in the new Federal district until appointment is made.

George W. Tidwell, convicted in Greenville county in May and sentenced to twelve years, has been granted a new trial.

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, wife of the oil king, died at their country home near Tarrytown, N. Y., on March 12th. She is survived by two daughters, one son and her husband.

The Belgian soldiers are to be equipped with new uniforms, of a greenish brown shade.

During the month of February the fire insurance companies doing business in South Carolina, reported 158 fires to the State department of insurance with a loss of \$85,226.10.

Since the strawberry season opened in Florida, 434,327 quarts have been shipped north, and the growers have received in exchange money to the amount of \$86,016.10. The average price this season is better than it was last year.

A disastrous fire in Columbia last Friday destroyed the Masonic Temple and the Bryan Book store. The loss is estimated at \$125,000. The Bryan Book store is the oldest concern of its kind in the South.

Lincoln Beachey, America's most famous aviator was killed in San Francisco Sunday while making an exhibition flight.

20 Cars of Horses.

A train of 20 cars, loaded with horses, passed Seneca the other morning. They were gathered by commission dealers in Atlanta and New Orleans and many of them came from this section. They will be loaded on transports at Norfolk, Va., and sent to Europe, where they will be used by armies of the allied forces.—Seneca Farm and Factory.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The National Bank of Abbeville, at Abbeville, in the State of S. C., at the close of business March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.	
1. Loans and discounts	\$217,691 09
2. Overdrafts, secured, \$2,597.96; unsecured, \$804.32	3,402 28
3. U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	\$18,750 00
Commercial paper deposited to secure circulation (book value)	\$38,057 67
9. Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	\$6,800 00
Less amount unpaid	\$4,200 00
10. All other stocks, including premium on same	\$ 500 00
11. Banking house, \$5,000.00; furniture and fixtures, \$	2,600 00
12. Other real estate owned	5,000 00
13. Due from Federal Reserve bank	3,800 00
14. Due from approved reserve agents in central reserve cities	\$ 5,333 46
15. Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	\$10,984 77
16. Due from banks and bankers (other than included in 12 or 13)	16,318 23
17. Outside checks and other cash items, \$4,103.72; fractional currency, nickels and cents, \$92.60	3,532 63
18. Notes of other national banks	4,196 32
19. Lawful money reserve in bank:	2,310 00
Specie	\$ 8,244 00
Legal-tender notes	\$ 4,105 00
22. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	12,340 00
	2,327 50
Total	\$335,334 72

LIABILITIES.	
1. Capital stock paid in	\$ 75,000 00
2. Surplus fund	30,000 00
3. Undivided profits:	\$11,523 33
Reserved for:	\$ 11,523 33
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	6,111 10
4. Circulating notes:	\$ 46,550 00
Less amount on hand and in Treasury for redemption or in transit	46,550 00
9. Demand deposits:	\$142,613 38
Individual deposits subject to check	\$ 23,794 85
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	\$ 494 39
Cashier's checks outstanding	166,908 62
Deposits requiring notice of less than 30 days	10,000 00
15. Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed	10,000 00
Total	\$335,334 72

State of South Carolina, County of Abbeville, ss: I, H. G. Smith, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. G. SMITH, Cashier.
W. H. WHITE, Notary Public.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of March, 1915.
Correct—Attest:
J. S. MORSE,
J. F. BARNWELL,
A. M. SMITH,
Directors.

THE LOSING SIDE OF MAIL ORDER TRADING

How an Iowa Farmer Lost Over Five Thousand Six Hundred Dollars.

Hans Garbus, a German farmer, of Iowa, has discovered that the benefits which appear on the surface as attaching to the mail order plan sometimes spell disaster and has written a very interesting story of

his views in a certain farm paper. Here is a part of his story:
"We farmers need awakening to the fact that we have unmistakably reached the period where we must think and plan. I am one of the slow German farmers that had to be shown, and I am now giving my experience that others may profit, for knowledge is more expensive now than ten years ago.
"Twenty-nine years ago I began my farm career. I had an old team and \$50. Our furniture was mostly

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home-made—chairs, cupboard and lounge made from dry goods boxes, neatly covered with ten-cent cretonne by my girl wife. We rented eighty acres. Being a boy of good habits I got all needed machinery and groceries of our home merchants on credit, until fall crops were sold. The first year was a wet season and I did not make enough to pay creditors. I went to each on date of promise and explained conditions, paying as much as possible, and they all carried the balance over another year. They continued to accommodate me until I was able to buy a forty-acre piece of my own.

"As soon as I owned these few acres the mail order houses began sending me catalogues, and gradually I began sending my loose change to them, letting my accounts stand in my home town where I had gotten my accommodation when I needed it.

"We then had one of the thriftiest little villages in the state—good line of business in all branches, merchants who were willing to help an honest fellow over a bad year, and a town full of people who came twice a week to trade and visit. Our little country town supported a library, high school, ball team, and we had big celebrations every year.

"A farm near a live town soon doubles in value. I sold my forty acres at a big advance, and bought eighty, gradually adding to it until I had 200 acres of the best land in Iowa. I then felt no need of asking favors, and found it easy to patron-

ize the mail order agents that came almost weekly to our door. I regret to say that I was the first in the county to make up a neighborhood bill and send it to a mail order house. Though we got bit every once in a while, we got the habit of sending away for stuff.

"Gradually our merchants lessened their stock of goods—for lack of patronage. Finally we began to realize that when we needed a bolt quickly for machinery, or clothing for sickness or death, we had to wait and send away for it, which wasn't so pleasant. One by one our merchants moved to places where they were appreciated, and men of less energy moved in. Gradually our town has gone down; our business houses are 'tacky' in appearance, a number are empty; our schools, churches and walks are going down, we have no band, no library, nor ball team. There is no business done in the town, and therefore no taxes to keep things up. Hotel is closed for lack of travel. Go down to the depot when the freight pulls in and you will see the sequel in mail order packages.

"Nine years ago my farm was worth \$195 an acre; today I'd have a hard matter to sell it at \$167 an acre. It is too far from a live town—so every farmer has said that wants to buy. He wants a place near schools and churches, where his children can have advantages. I have awakened to the fact that in helping to pull the town down, it has cost me \$5,600 in nine years."

HADDON-WILSON CO.

Spring Millinery Opening

**Wednesday
March 24th**

A Cordial Invitation is
Extended to the Ladies
of the Town and County

**Thursday
March 25th**

Miss Eva Lazenby
who has managed our Millinery Department so successfully for the past three seasons, will be with us again, and will take pleasure in showing you the new Spring Hats. She will be ably assisted by Miss Luly Power and Miss Ruth Syfan.

Your presence on this occasion will afford us an opportunity of showing you, not only the **NEW SPRING** and **SUMMER HATS**, but the

New Spring Coat Suits

White Goods, Laces, Silks, Etc.

Respectfully,

Haddon-Wilson Co., Abbeville, S. C.