

## KIDNEY TROUBLE RELIEVED IN TWO HOURS.

### A SPEEDY CURE

I derived so much benefit from the use of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root that I believe it will be most important for the public to know of its worth.

Last November I was suffering severely with kidney and bladder trouble. The burning pain was terrible. I sent you for one trial bottle of Swamp-Root and it relieved me in about two hours. After taking the small trial bottle, could feel no more pain, so purchased one fifty-cent bottle of Swamp-Root. After taking the contents have not felt one pain from the kidneys or bladder since.

You are at liberty to publish this testimonial should you wish to.

Yours very respectfully,

W. H. WARREN,  
R. R. No. 2, Box 39, Gainesboro, Tenn.

Sworn to and subscribed before me W. F. Dodson, enacted Justice of the Peace of Jackson Co., Tenn., this 14th day of July, 1909.

W. F. DODSON, J. B.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Indications.

"Don't tell me that girl is used to the best makes."

"What makes you think she isn't?"

"Why, if you notice, she is polite to everybody she meets."

### "WHY SHOULD I USE CUTICURA SOAP?"

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair lustrous and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston, for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.

A Match.

"The big prizes in life are few."

"So are the big winners."—Baltimore American.

AS A REMEDY FOR MALARIA

In any form **Elisir Babek** has no equal. It cures the most obstinate and long standing cases.

It gives pleasure to certify that **Elisir Babek** cured me of chills and malarial fever, with which I have suffered for a long time.—August Eppa, Nance's Shops, Va.

It contains no quinine and is equally beneficial to young and old.

**Elisir Babek**, 50 cents, all druggists, or Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Of Course.

"What would you do if you had a million dollars?"

"Nothing."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Household Remedy

Which works from outside. Chestol (Chest Ointment). Will relieve quickly croup, coughs, colds, pneumonia and all affections of chest and throat. 25c. everywhere.

It's the contrariness of her sex that induces a woman to agree with a man just when he doesn't want her to.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA

AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the **DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT** CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteful form, and the most effective form. For grown people and children, 50 cents.

Man may be the noblest work of God, but only blind love can make a woman think he looks like that.

For COLDS and GRIP

**Hicks' Caraway** is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately. 10c., 25c., and 50c. At drug stores.

A woman doesn't care what her husband earns; it's what she gets out of it that counts.

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c. a box.

No one but a gossip can attend to everybody's business at the same time.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Yours druggist will refund money if **PAZO** (UNION-BRAND) fails to cure any case of itching, Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Files in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A married woman's description of an ideal man seldom fits her husband.

Why suffer under the curse of Dyspepsia when Garfield Tea can remove it?

Some men make matters worse if they try to explain.

ITCH, ITCH relieved in 30 minutes by Woolf's Sanitary Lotion. At Druggists.

Ornamental penmanship is also a flourishing industry.

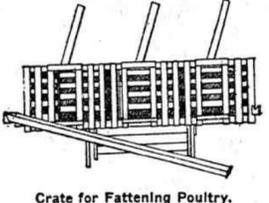
# POULTRY

## CRATE TO FATTEN POULTRY

Work Should Be Done Four Weeks Before Killed to Get Right Proportion of Fat and Lean.

Fowls should be fattened at least four weeks before they are killed, not to make them as fat as possible, but to give them the right proportion of fat and lean to make the fowl fat and juicy when cooked.

The fattening-crate shown herewith is 6 feet long, 16 inches wide, 18 inches high and divided into three equal-sized compartments, each holding from four to six birds, as the case may be.



Crate for Fattening Poultry.

The slats or laths are 1 1/2 inches wide, placed one and a half inches apart at the ends, sides and tops of the crate, but those in front are placed vertically two inches apart.

The floor of the crate is made of slats laid lengthwise, one inch apart, leaving a one-inch space on either side between the first lath and the sides of the crate. The crate should stand on short legs or trestles, to allow convenience in cleaning.

The trough is made the full length of the crate and should be three or four inches deep. It is supported at either end on notched boards, in order that it may be taken away when the coops are cleaned.

Never leave the feed before the chickens more than 15 minutes, and feed very little at the start, gradually increasing the amount until the end of the week they are getting all they can eat three times a day.

Some rations for fattening are given below:

Equal parts by weight of finely ground corn, oats and shorts, mixed with sour skimmed milk.

Same ration, except substitute ground barley for the corn.

Finely ground oats mixed with skimmed milk.

Equal parts of finely ground oats, corn and low-grade flour. If beef-scrap is used, 15 per cent. is the best proportion.

## LEGHORNS ARE BEST LAYERS

None Other Found So Strong and Hardy and Consequently Easy for Poultrymen to Raise.

Leghorns live and are profitable longer than other breeds. Large hens put on fat after the first year and do not lay so well afterward. Leghorns lay well until four or five years old and a Leghorn on free range will never get fat enough to hinder her laying.

Like all other fowls they are at their best during the first and second years of their lives, but as long as a Leghorn hen looks bright and thrifty she will lay profitably, says a writer in an exchange. This is a great measure of the fact that their bodies are too small to sell well as dressed poultry, however the buyers here pay as much per pound for them as for any.

They are accused of not laying as well during the winter as the larger hens. If the houses are cold enough to frost the combs of the single-combed varieties they will not lay until their combs are healed. They are

As a convenient roost. A good roost is a 2x4 scantling, placed broadside over two 12-inch boards. These two boards form a platform which catch the droppings, and these are worth from 75 cents to a dollar a barrel. Do not place the roosts too high, for the hens will jump, and in so doing will have leg weakness or perhaps bumblefoot.

Pure Breeds. We keep all the way from 150 to 250 chickens, divided into six flocks. We prefer a pure breed to a cross or mongrel, says a writer in an exchange. There is more money in them, and a flock uniform in color adds very much to the appearance of a farm. Our breeds are Buff Plymouth Rocks and White Leghorns.

Ancona Rooster. The Ancona rooster makes surroundings cheerful on account of his lively crow. He has an ever-watchful and faithful care of his flock, going into the nests and feeds calling his hens to business and rations. No wonder the Ancona hen is the greatest egg producer of the poultry yard.

For Success With Chickens. Constant care is positively essential in raising a lot of chicks. You cannot give them proper attention today and then tomorrow leave them to their own resources. Intermittent attention will destroy the hopes of a fine flock, and bring the profits down

ly ought to be expected to, and rose-combed varieties do better on this account, but given comfortable quarters I have no trouble in getting them to lay in winter. Last December was a very cold month here, the temperature being below zero nearly every morning during the month and some mornings more than 20 below. I had yearling hens laying, also pullets hatched in June that had been laying since September 1.

Other small breeds that I have tried fill all these points except one. I have found none other so strong and hardy and consequently easy to raise, and so take them all in all, the Leghorn suits me for an all-around farmer's fowl better than anything that I have ever tried.

A Guillotine for Chickens. Most womenfolk find it no easy job to kill a chicken. Of course, they should never be asked to do it if there is a man in sight or within call, but if she has to the guillotine will help her to do it easily and neatly.

An old corn knife ground to a sharp edge and kept sharp, fastened to a block, will do the work.

Place the chicken's head between the spikes, and hold the tips of the wings and legs together in one hand, so it cannot flop about, draw it tight, and the knife will do the rest in a twinkling.

## PURE BRED FOWLS FAVORED

They Will Realize Good Profits If Properly Cared For—Interesting Work for Farmer.

If, in writing on the old, old subject of the advantages of raising pure-bred fowls I can influence even one farmer of the southern or eastern territory to discard the old flocks and in its place raise stock which will be a credit to himself and the section of the country in which he lives, I will indeed feel that I have not wasted time and space, says a writer in the Atlantic Poultry Journal.

There is no doubt as to the stability of the poultry industry. The tendency in all of the large cities is toward suburban homes and the pursuit of rustic labors as a pastime. Poultry forms one of the most pleasant diversions for these small farmers, and the initial stock must constantly be supplied.

Any man who produces birds good enough to take premiums at the fall and winter shows and then advertises eggs and stock for sale, will meet with little difficulty in disposing of them.

One of the mistakes of the housewife in her lack of appreciation is that she doesn't cook such fruits long enough to develop the flavor, so they think they are tasteless and unpalatable, and give up serving them at all. The secret of delicious dried fruit is long, slow cooking. The fireless cooker is an ideal place to cook dried fruits.

Wash the fruit thoroughly in a little warm water, to remove all foreign matter. Put on to soak over night, or boil about five minutes rapidly, and put into the fireless cooker to remain over night. A dish of well-cooked prunes with a little cream and some bread and butter makes, with an egg, an ideal breakfast for a small child.

When the fruit is taken from the cooker each piece will be swelled to its original size, unbroken and full of the juicy, aromatic flavor of fresh fruit, so much in advance of the flat, insipid product of the tin canned variety.

Peas, beans and lentils are all treated in this manner, and are cheaper, besides being fully as satisfactory as the canned.

Tapoca and sago are delicious desserts combined with dried stewed fruits.

In cooking tapoca with dried fruits put it to bake, and stir occasionally, adding water if it seems too dry. Serve with cream and sugar. This makes a nice dessert for children who must carry their luncheon to school.

Prunes flavored with a bit of lemon juice and sugar, rolled into buns or rolls are especially liked by the children for luncheon.

Then a sense of law and beauty  
A face turned from the cloud  
Some call it evolution  
Others call it God.

DISHES WORTH TRYING.

The following is a recipe for bread which is very acceptable for a change:

Roxbury Bread.—Take a half cup of molasses, a half cup of sugar, a half cup of sour milk, one egg, a third of a cup of drippings, two teaspoonfuls of soda, two teaspoonfuls of salt, one and three-fourths cups of flour, three-fourths of a cup of raisins, two teaspoonfuls of cloves and twenty-four walnut meats, broken in pieces. Bake in a loaf and cut when cold. Fine for sandwiches.

Dip marshmallows in the white of an egg, roll in cocoanut and set in the oven until puffed.

Fermenty is whole wheat mixed with a few dates, raisins or figs and served as a breakfast food.

Caramels.—Cook together a cup of molasses and a half cup of sweet cream until it rattles in the cup of cold water when tried, then add a tablespoonful of butter and a cup of grated cocoanut. Pour out and cool.

Graham Pudding.—This is a wholesome pudding, which may be given to the children, and is one to keep on hand for unexpected company.

Into a quart of boiling water stir enough graham flour to make a thick mush. Add a cup of sugar, a pound of dates cut up, a pound of figs, add a half cupful of nuts after cooking in a double boiler for a half day. Turn into a mold and serve cold in slices, with whipped cream.

His Work That of Physician.

There are two difficulties thus presented in this lesson; first, that Jesus should hold fellowship with those properly not of his circle or social standing for he was a rabbi or teacher, and, secondly, that he did not did his disciples observe fasting. Jesus admits the character of the company he kept, but his reply was, "I came for this purpose to call not the righteous but the unrighteous." His work was to be that of a Physician. He assumes that his authority is not of man but of God, and that this ministry is to bring joy. Jesus had emptied himself that he might come and when he was to leave there it would be time enough for his disciples to fast. Jesus was not merely one who came to teach a system of ethics a little higher than the prophets. Jesus is more than a good man or even a holy man; he is the Great Physician, able to heal both body and soul, a Saviour. There is a place and a great one, for godly consecrated physicians among the sick and a greater place for those who shall point the lost to the Saviour.

Before these lost ones can be saved, however, they must realize they are lost, for we cannot save those who will not acknowledge themselves as being lost. When we acknowledge we are sinners he will save us (1 Tim. 1:15). Turn a deaf ear to his call and there is, no more hope (Luke 13:3).

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Comic Cuts.

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"Why did the widower break his engagement to be married?"

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## The KITCHEN CABINET

IT TAKES indeed a little thing to tune the heart to song. To heal the hurts, to soothe each sting, it takes indeed a little thing. When Love, the servant and the king, resolves to right the wrong, it takes indeed a little thing. To tune the heart to song! —R. M. Thomson.

### THE USE OF DRIED FRUITS.

Most housekeepers hardly appreciate the value of dried fruits. They are much more wholesome for the children's eating than the sweet preserves and canned fruit that is considered necessary in nearly all homes.

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## INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. BELLERS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

### LESSON FOR MARCH 24.

#### FEASTING AND FASTING.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 2:17-22. GOLDEN TEXT—"I came not to call the righteous, but sinners."—Mark 2:17.

Levi Matthew, who calls himself by the opprobrious title of "the publican," represents that class of grafting patriots who through all ages have exemplified the seven cardinal points of a politician, viz., "the two loaves and five fishes." Men who will weep over sentimental patriotism and serve the oppressor for profit. Better still, however, Matthew is a type of conversion in that he left all and followed Jesus. No weeping, but rather great rejoicing for he made a feast; no record of great conviction, though he had enough to act at once upon Jesus' invitation. It was a brief, sudden call, but what vast results were involved. First a demonstration upon his part, secondly a demonstration upon the part of Jesus, and lastly a record of the life of the Master that has been termed the most important book ever written. Chronologically this lesson follows that of last Sunday.

In Luke's account we are told of the feast Matthew prepared that he might entertain Jesus. Some believe that Jesus began his work by trying to win the Jews through teaching in their synagogues and that, receiving him or not, he turns to those outside of the circle of the scribes and the pharisees. Be that as it may, we know they murmured greatly that this rabbi should consort with publicans and with sinners. They would not receive him and would keep others from him also.

Came to Call Sinners.

Jesus hears of their complaint and his reply is a fine bit of irony and sarcasm. "They that are whole have no need of a physician but they that are sick. You self righteous Pharisees, why do you complain if you are all right and these be all wrong, why then let me minister to those that need me?" At the same time Jesus utters one of his greatest and most comforting sayings, "I came not to call the righteous but sinners." Jesus cannot save the self-complacent righteous but can and will save those who will not lift up even so much as their eyes but cry "Lord, save me a sinner."

Jesus chooses one of their own social outcasts to write the only distinctly Hebrew account of his life; one who had been faithful as a business man to be a leader and historian; one willing to renounce all, say farewell to ambition and follow him.

Following this, the disciples of John the Baptist and of the Pharisees are feasting and they observe that the disciples of Jesus are not so engaged. They came to Jesus with the question and his reply is a perfectly logical one, "Why should they fast, am I logical with them?" "Do you fast at your weddings while the bridegroom is present?" The day is to come, however, when he is to be taken away, then there shall be times for fasting.

Jesus has feasted with "many publicans and sinners" when the bridegroom returns he will sit down with many publicans and sinners in glory whom he has associated with in order that he might save them. If we follow his example? If so, let us be sure we do it from the same motive. The disciples of John did the right thing to bring their perplexities to Jesus. He answers their question as we have seen and we are now in the day he mentions when there is a place for fasting. Jesus teaches us in his reference to the wine bottles (leather sacks which could bear but one stretching process due to fermentation of the wine), that we are to be new creatures in him and must leave the old life and habits. We are not to make patchwork of this new Gospel and the old law.

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## HEALTH FOR THE CHILD.

The careful mother, watching closely the physical peculiarities of her children, soon learns that health is in a great measure dependent upon normal, healthy, regular bowel action. When the bowels are inactive, loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder are soon apparent.

Keep the bowels free and clear and good health is assured. At the first sign of constipation give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at bed-time and repeat the dose the following night, if necessary. You will find the child will quickly recover its accustomed good spirits, and eat and sleep normally.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable to salts, cathartics and purgative waters which are harsh in their action. Syrup Pepsin acts on the bowels easily and naturally, yet positively, and causes no griping or discomfort. Its tonic properties build up the stomach, liver and bowels, restoring their normal condition.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and \$1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this remedy, send for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. He will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

Mixed the Orders.

A local doctor once sent his man with a box of pills to a patient, and a hamper containing six live pullets to be left at the house of a friend. Unluckily the messenger bungled over his errand, and took the hamper to the patient and the pills to his master's friend. Imagine the consternation of the patient on receiving along with the fowls the following prescription:

"Two of these to be swallowed every half hour."

Counterfeiter Gets Stiff Sentence.

William Fink, a Brooklyn, N. Y., dealer in drugs, was sentenced by the New York Court of Special Sessions, to imprisonment in the penitentiary at hard labor, for four months. The charge was counterfeiting the trade-mark for Carter's Little Liver Pills, in violation of the penal law.

The Carter Medicine Company detected the counterfeit before any quantity of the spurious goods had been placed upon the market. In sentencing Fink, Judge Dewell laid special stress upon the injury done to the public when a remedy so well known as Carter's Little Liver Pills is counterfeited and put on the market. He imposed the sentence not only as the proper punishment of Fink himself, but in order to deter others from the commission of like crimes in the future.

Her Opportunity.

Edith—Isn't Alice the lucky girl? Just as she had decided to throw Jack over he broke the engagement.

Tom—Well?

Edith—Well, now she's going to sue him for breach of promise.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Mean Insinuation.

Maude—I've something to tell you. I'm engaged to Jack.

Ethel—I am not surprised. Jack never could say "No."

Burdock Liver Powder.

Nature's Remedy; is purely vegetable. As a cathartic, its action is easy, mild and effectual. No griping, no nausea, makes a sweet breath and pretty complexion. Teaches the liver to act. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25c.