

The Press and Banner

ABBEVILLE, S. C.

Published every Wednesday at \$2 a year in advance.

Wednesday, June 7, 1893.

The Political Forecasts.

Unless the signs of the times and the wisdom and sagacity of our political leaders in Washington are misleading, we may expect some time in South Carolina next year. But the ants will be led by new men, men with broader views and more liberality of thought and action, than characterized our recent campaign.

Those who have been reading the papers have had fully as much opportunity to know the situation as we have, and without knowing anything and without asserting anything, our plain every day common sense leads us to believe that we may not see the rift in the clouds, and read the handwriting on the wall. The policy of Tillman and Irby from the first, and until the present time, has been one of extreme partisanship. Governor Tillman has declared that no anti need apply to him for favors, and Senator Irby has said that he would give nothing to anybody except he were a Reformer of the most pronounced type. We believe none will deny that this is the true state.

Again: Governor Tillman inaugurated a system of blacklisting in Washington, and of our South Carolina politicians, namely: Cal. Caughman, Ben Perry, N. G. Gonzales, M. L. Donaldson, and perhaps others. We believe this will not be disputed.

On the other hand: In retaliation, certain anti blacklisted Tillman, Irby, Lattimer, Strait, and perhaps others.

The question as to who will control the patronage from South Carolina has been delayed, but now certain things may be conceded:

1. That Irby and Tillman will have little or no influence with the President.

2. That Butler and Brawley will control the patronage from Washington.

From which conclusions certain other conclusions may be drawn, as follows:

1. That Butler is in the race for re-election, and that he intends to use his vantage ground in the wisest and most skillful manner.

2. This being so, he cannot, under any circumstances, recommend any Haskellite, or any offensive Tillman partisan to any office.

3. That if the extreme men on both sides are relegated to the rear, the conservative men of both wings will be eligible to positions of appointment.

4. That Butler desiring re-election will seek to act in such a way as to make the greatest number of friends.

5. The Tillman ranks being full of voters, and the great crowd of disappointed office-seeking conservative Reformers will be a fruitful field in which he can work.

6. That being so, the efforts of Senator Butler and President Cleveland will be to unify the Democratic party in South Carolina, and to do this, offensive partisan on either side may just as well stand aside. Blessed is he that expects nothing.

It will be seen that Perry and Hunter will get the appointments for revenue collector and United States Marshal.

Antis will get the collectorships at Charleston and Beaufort.

The Tillmanites in the up-country will get the post offices.

The object will be to give a majority of the political appointments to conservative Reformers.

We believe we have outlined the policy of both factions, and it will take a test of strength to show whether any extreme or offensively partisan man can be elected to any State or Federal office in South Carolina.

Does "Haskellism" Begin to Smell?

To the Laurens Advertiser is credited the following paragraph:

"Haskellism is a dead issue, and it should never be alluded to by self-respecting papers which desire peace."

It's admit that it is improper to mention some things in political society, and we know that in the presence of other things, we must hold our noses, but we were not informed before that "Haskellism" had become quite a "dead," that the mere mention of it was offensive. The fact is, however, that some things become so "dead," and reaches such a stage of putrefaction that they will make themselves known despite the application of deodorizers.

We know of none but self-respecting editors in this State.

Every newspaper may be held individually responsible for its utterances, and the naming of those may have violated the proprieties, seems to us would have been better than laying down a specific rule for the guidance of others.

If any brother has made himself the proper subject of criticism, why not say so, and not assume to do it by generalities.

We do not know that our brother had any reference to us, but if the Press and Banner has erred, we will cheerfully listen to any criticism from him which will give just and proper consideration to all that he says. It is not the desire of this newspaper to offend the proprieties of journalism, and if our brother will give us a good reason for not alluding to "Haskellism," and be convinced us to his way of thinking, then we will so conduct our paper in the future as not to offend in this particular at least, but he will please excuse us from accepting his mere dictum on the subject of alluding to an issue, which if not already dead, should at least feign sleep.

The Political Pot Beginning to Boil

Just now it seems that the Tillmanites are dividing at the top, and that of more or less importance are striking off into orbits of their own.

Tillman has set his seal of condemnation on Donaldson, the President of the Alliance, and it is thought that he must step down and out. Cal. Caughman, Ben Perry, and other real-estate members of the "dominant element" have been marked for slaughter.

On the Conservative side there seems to be as little unity of sentiment. The lines between the anti and the Haskellite faction seem to be developing plainly, and it is fair to presume that the distinction between the two factions of the Conservative element will soon be definite and pronounced as it is the line between Tillmanism and Conservatism.

Senator Butler is a wise and sagacious politician, and will take a hand in securing votes next year. He is looking for votes where they are to be found. He recently gave a position to an ardent Tillmanite, and he has not slighted either faction of the Conservatives in the dissemination of favors and recommendations at Washington. How far he will disturb the political equilibrium is not known, but there can be no doubt that he will be a factor in the political pot.

For the present the great body of the voters seem to be with Tillman, and just now it appears that if all the political fragments, driftwood or "traitors" were gathered together and put in one column that Tillman would still stand in with a large majority.

But for all that, the disturbing factors in the political situation are indicative of the beginning of a feeling of unrest, which unrest must be the beginning of a political upheaval at a time not far in the future.

The unity of sentiment and the unprecedented subservience of the people to the will of any one man can now no more last indefinitely than did the idiosyncrasy of Hampton in '78.

Wash goods in all the new goods. Wm. E. Bell.

The Railroad Cases.

The Courts are taking testimony in the contested railroad cases, involving the question of the assessment of the railroads of this State.

The railroad companies are resisting the assessment put upon their property by the State Board of Equalization, alleging that their property is more highly assessed than other property in the State.

A few days ago Messrs. W. W. Bradley, L. H. Russell, H. T. Wardlaw, and J. F. Miller went to Greenville to take testimony as to the assessment of property in this county.

We learn that the trend of their testimony is to the effect that real property is assessed at about 66 per cent. of its true value, and that personal property is not assessed higher than sixty per cent. of its actual value.

The witnesses from Newberry and Anderson placed their estimate of the assessment at even a lower percent. of values.

Mr. McCaughin of Newberry thought that real estate was not assessed at over fifty per cent.

Mr. Crayton of Anderson placed the same estimate as to the assessment of land in Anderson.

The Auditor of Anderson testified that Boards of Equalization were instructed to assess at not over seventy-five per cent.

The horses and mules in Abbeville were assessed at a fraction over \$48, while the same kind of property in Newberry was rated at a little more than \$45.

We make the above notes as we recollect to have heard them, but believe them to be correct.

If, therefore, we are not mistaken as to the nature of the testimony, the evident desire of the State Board to oppress the railroads will fall of its purpose.

Assuming that we are correct in our information, the Courts will upset the State in its unworthy effort to ruin the corporations while pandering to the prejudice of the voters.

The Judges of the United States Court are not dependent upon the voters for their positions and can afford to look at the issue from an unbiased standpoint.

They need not do a mean thing in order to curry favor with the excited crowd which would confiscate the property of the people who are seeking to make an honest living and a fair return from their labor and their capital which may be invested.

Divided by Three—Do We Need a Driver or a Leader of Public Opinion?

According to our understanding of the public sentiment in South Carolina, it is divided in this way:

1. A majority of the people and a considerable number of newspapers are for Tillman.

2. A majority of the defeated faction of the people, and a majority of the newspapers are Conservative in the true sense—opposed to Tillman before the election, but since the election abide the verdict of the majority and accept the situation.

3. A few newspapers and a fraction of the defeated faction are irreconcilable and can see no good in anybody or anything which is not of their own way of thinking.

Our diagnosis may be altogether wrong, but that is the way we see it.

Great and successful popular leaders in all ages have appealed to the reason and the prejudices of the people.

But we know of no instance where a defeated faction has won success by a system of insult to the majority.

The people may be led to do almost anything, but when did anybody know of a select coterie of bull-dozers driving or forcing the masses of the people to do anything?

To win success a leader must be respectful to the people.

Mr. Bradley's Success.

It will be seen that W. O. Bradley, Esq., of this village, has been appointed a Chief of Division in the Treasury Department at Washington. Abbeville congratulates Mr. Bradley on his success in seeking the appointment. He is a Conservative and his appointment gives satisfaction to all who know him, regardless of political bias.

Four years of life at the capital of the nation is worth much as citizen and no doubt much as it will be worth as man to Mr. Bradley as to any other man in the State.

"Ninety-Six and Her Traditions."

This is the title of a pamphlet which was written by James Henry Rice, son of Hon. James H. Rice, of Ninety-Six.

It is a valuable contribution to the history of the old Star Port and old Cambridge.

Mr. Rice is a talented scholar, and a writer of force and beauty, and in this last production he places Abbeville county under a debt of gratitude to him.

It is to be hoped that some able and patriotic citizen may write for all of Abbeville a book half as good as that which has just been published about "Old Cambridge."

POSTAL RELIEF.

A Change of Schedule on the C. & G. Gives Us Better Mail Facilities.

We are glad to note the change of schedule on the Columbia and Greenville Railroad which went into effect last Sunday.

By that schedule the mail train will be run on the Abbeville Branch, as follows:

Leave Abbeville..... 8 50 a m
Return Abbeville..... 10 20 a m
Leave Abbeville..... 2 00 p m
Return Abbeville..... 3 25 p m

This is daily except Sunday, when only one train will be run, leaving Abbeville at 8.50 and returning at 3.25.

There is nothing in the way of mail facilities for which we are more grateful. For about a year it has been almost impossible to get our papers from Abbeville in any reasonable length of time after printing them.

By this schedule our friends on all the railroads will be better served, and the travelling public will be better accommodated.

THE ALLIANCE.

The Next Quarterly Meeting to be Held July 6.

The regular quarterly meeting of the County Alliance will be held at Abbeville on Thursday, July 6, at 10 o'clock.

It is important that the various Alliance holding stock in the State Exchange elect sub-committees, and urge their attendance.

The chairman of the different groups organized at the last quarterly meeting, will come prepared to arrange the program for the August meetings.

The County Lecturer request the Sub-Lecturers to meet the "Lecture Board" in the Court House at 8 o'clock on the night of July 5th.

The Committee of Arrangements will meet the Lectures in Auditor's office at 6 o'clock p. m., and assign them homes.

Secretaries will please forward their reports promptly and oblige.

J. Y. Jones,
Secretary A. C. A.

BACK AFTER MANY YEARS.

A Former Citizen of Abbeville is on His Native Heath.

Mr. Lewis T. Harmon, of Parkville, Edgefield county, is in town. Mr. Harmon is a native of Abbeville county, but has been living at Parkville for seventeen years, where he has been engaged in farming and stock raising.

Mr. Harmon is now in the prime of life. To us who had not seen him for so many years his heavy black beard is a complete mask. Many years ago, he went the way we long have sought, and is now the happiest of men in a happy family.

Lewis W. Parker, now of Greenville, was married to night at Richmond, Va., to Miss Margaret Smith of that place.

We offer Glenn Springs water by the gallon and will make special prices for quantities. Harrison & Game, druggists.

THE JUNE COURT.

A FULL ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES AND JURORS.

Judge Norton is Not Well. But is going on With the Business—Other Court Officers in their Places.

The Court of General Sessions for Abbeville County met on Monday morning at the usual hour. Present:

J. J. Norton, Judge.
M. L. Donaldson, Clerk.
Wyatt Alken, Stenographer.
W. R. Bullock, Clerk.
J. E. Jones, Assistant Clerk.
F. W. Vance, Sheriff.
J. H. Simmons, Deputy Sheriff.
H. W. Bowie, Court Crier.

GRAND JURY.
Tom Ferguson,
J. H. Edmunds,
W. N. Calhoun,
J. B. Franks,
D. L. Haddad,
Joel C. Weir.

PETIT JURORS.
W. R. Powell,
L. N. Chamberlain,
R. C. Calhoun,
W. Cunningham,
S. E. Bardell,
H. Hughes,
C. A. Haddad,
C. A. Dowlin,
Thos. L. Moore,
J. R. Madden,
Thos. Calhoun,
M. L. Agnew,
E. W. Nance.

EXCUSED.
W. R. Crowther and Joseph Patterson, petit jurors, was excused from further attendance on the Court for this term.

All petit jurors were dismissed until Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

At half past eleven o'clock the Court took a recess until three o'clock.

On the opening of the Court at three o'clock the grand jury made the following report:

The State against Alf. Collier and Wm. Green, murder—true bill. The defendants put in a plea of "not guilty."

The State against Dick Morton, grand larceny—true bill. Defendant pleaded guilty. Sentenced to three years hard labor in penitentiary.

The State against Henry Jones, arson—true bill.

The State against William Sibert and Ben Sibert, larceny of live stock—Wednesday set for trial.

The State against Henry Jones, arson. Case set for trial on Thursday next.

The State against Fleetwood M. Crowther, disposing of property under lien, continued to next term of Court.

The case of the State against S. A. McIntosh, set for to day, Wednesday.

Court adjourned at 4.30 p. m.

TUESDAY MORNING.

The grand jury brought in further report:

The State against J. M. Wilkerson, murder—true bill.

The State against Wm. Henry Johnson, larceny of live stock—no bill.

The State against Nathaniel Collier, assault—no bill.

The State against Frank Turner, murder. Appeared at the bar, "pleaded not guilty."

Trial set for Friday.

The State against Lucy Wideman, larceny of live stock. Pleading guilty. Sentenced to one year in penitentiary.

The State against Mack L. Williams was continued.

EXTRA VENUE.

J. R. Green,
W. W. L. Kellar,
John Brown, Jr.

W. L. King,
J. R. Haddon,
G. H. Wardlaw.

The State against John Porter, house-breaking and compound larceny—true bill. Pleading guilty. Sentence—two years hard labor in penitentiary.

The State against Jack Price, alias Jack Whitten, alias Jack branch of the National Gold Cure Institute, murder—true bill.

The State against D. K. Cooley, murder. Jurors:

R. C. Calhoun, foreman, S. A. Osborne,
John Brown, Jr., W. T. King,
W. W. Bullock, W. H. Hughes,
E. W. Nance, J. B. Powell,
Thos. Calhoun, W. H. Haddad,
W. A. Lattimer, J. A. Bradley.

Witnesses for State—Jr. A. H. Henry, Capt. M. L. Read, Albert Williams, Frank Scott, Elbert Brewer, Arthur Harris, Tillman Donally.

Witnesses for Defense—E. B. Gary, E. B. Murray. Verdict—Not guilty.

The State against A. J. Qualebeaux, co-undicted.

The State against Dave Webster and Lizzie Logan, murder—No bill.

The State against Smith Green, murder. Jurors:

Thos. Calhoun, Thos. L. Moore,
P. C. Suber, W. R. Powell,
J. A. Harris, J. E. Ward,
W. A. Lattimer, J. B. Lydon,
T. A. Davlin, L. M. Chamberlain,
H. B. Hughes, W. C. Haddad.

Witnesses for the State—Scott Boyce, Dr. H. B. Epkins, Lulu Agnew, Scott Boyce, Jr., John Dover, Pleasant Williams, Frank Scott.

Defendant witness—Smith Green. Attorney—W. N. Graydon. Verdict—Not guilty.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

The National Gold Cure Institute has Established in Spartanburg.

Headlight, Spartanburg, S. C.

Dr. Frank Bright, of this city, has charge of the South Carolina branch of the National Gold Cure Institute, of Wilmington, N. C., and is now opened for business in the Central Hotel. He has a suit of elegantly fitted up rooms, and has also a large number of patients there, where they can be overlooked and treated under his immediate eye.

Dr. Bright, who is a well known physician and a general manager of Gold Cure, is now in our city assisting Dr. Bright. This is a well known fact, and the various diseases caused by the excessive or moderate use of whiskey, morphine, opium, and a permanent cure is guaranteed, or no charge will be made.

This institution is so entirely convinced of the solvency of the remedies, that parties seeking treatment, if they so desire, can deposit the amount of charges in some bank, subject to the order of the physician, who will remit the same when the cure is effected. Their charge for treatment, including board at the Central Hotel is only \$5, which is certainly as reasonable as any one could ask. Mr. Osborne says that there are occasional cases where the system is so diseased by the prolonged and excessive use of liquor that a cure is an impossibility, and such patients are not received. But in a large majority of cases, the system can be destroyed by the use of the "Honor in twenty-four hours, and in forty-eight hours their patient is thoroughly relieved of all their ailments. They keep their patient under treatment for four weeks, so as to effect a lasting cure and build up the system.

Chloride of pure gold, which is the fundamental treatment used in the treatment of alcoholic poisoning, is by no means a recent discovery, as is generally supposed, but has been known to chemistry since 1810, and has been an important factor in the practice of medicine. The double chloride of gold is an unknown substance, which cannot be controlled by the use of various formulae in the practice of medicine.

The National Gold Cure Institute, with this valuable remedy and other compounds, which have been ascertained, after careful analysis of these special diseases, to possess the highest degree, enable them to guarantee to patients entrusted to their care a speedy cure of their affliction. Read their advertisement in another column.

Unclaimed Letters.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Abbeville, S. C., for the week ending June 7th, 1893:

R. F. Brumagim, J. M. Banister, Welson Barnes,
F. J. J. Ferguson, C. C. Fuller, G. K. Fuller.

G. Lawrence Goggins,
J. Dr. G. G. Johnston, Mrs. Len Jennings,
Jos. Jenkins, Jonas Johnson.

L. Serrano,
L. L. Martin, N. N. Montgomery,
P. R. W. Ellis, Noble Pennington, Ed. Phillips.

R. Wm. Riche,
S. W. N. Sign, Sr., M. Sessen, John Stokes, John Sanders.

T. Michel Tomelin, Miss Janie Thomas,
W. J. B. Weatherbee, Frank Wardlaw.

A new lot of "Columbia chamber" for shirt waives, pretty pattern, only 7c per yard at A. G. W. Smith & Sons.

See our line of Searucker coats at St. J. H. Lattimer.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals has decided that a pool room is a "nuisance" which outlaws every pool room in the State.

DEPARTMENT.

First Honor Roll.

(Averaging 100.)

FIRST AND SECOND GRADES.

Minnie Clark,
Florence G.
Eliza Mabry,
Walter Kirby,
Eugenia Robertson,
Luz Schroeder,
Willie Scott.

THIRD GRADE.

George Cannon,
Besale Hill,
Maggie Dusenberry,
Lola Robertson.

FOURTH GRADE.

A. B. Hamblin,
Henry Smith,
Gussie Scott,
Charles Hamblin,
Sally P. White,
Lola Vose.

FIFTH GRADE.

Ellen Gambrell,
Ernest Visanska.

SIXTH GRADE.

Charles Berfoot,
Charles Milford.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Eva Barksdale,
Emma White.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Agnes Whitaker.

NINTH GRADE.

Florence Henry,
Jeanie Perrin,
Grace Smith,
Lucy White.

Second Honor Roll.

(Average from 95 to 100.)

FIRST AND SECOND GRADES.

Louise DeBrul,
Sadie Hammond,
Virginia Hamilton,
Kenneth Hill,
Marie Whitaker,
Willie Scott,
Cleo Jetton,
Frank Sign,
Mary Sign,
Fannie Stark,
Annie White.

THIRD GRADE.

Wm. Hemphill,
Ama Gambrell,
Nettie Hammond,
Florence Kirby,
Florence Milford,
Nannie Scott,
Daisy Wilson,
Daisy Eakin.

FOURTH GRADE.

Gussie Hammond,
Jimmie Hill,
Fannie Canon,
Maggie Graydon,
Gertrude Hemphill,
Emma White,
Emory Penney,
Paul A. Pressly,
Dorothy Miller,
Ina Pinkerton,
Clarke Scott,
Mollie Mann,
Willie Blake.

FIFTH GRADE.

Harvey Douglas,
Lillian Gambrell,
Janie Quarles,
Mary Lytle.

SIXTH GRADE.

Sam Benet,
Willie Calhoun,
Mary Taggart.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Leslie Watson,
Eale Douglas,
Belle Perrin.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Christie Benet,
Lillie Templeton.

BIG EXCURSION.

The Knights of Honor Invite Us all to their Picnic.

At Anderson, S. C., May 31st, 1893.

The Joint Committee from the lodges at Walhalla, Pendleton, Pelzer, Due West, Ninety-Six, and Anderson, met to day and organized with Brother R. B. Belcher as Chairman. The following action was agreed upon:

Committee of arrangements—Dr. P. H. E. Sloan with one member from each of the lodges participating. (Brother G. A. Neufar, M. D., from Abbeville lodge.)

Committee on Transportation—Bro. P. K. McQuill, D. A. Smith and J. B. Bonner.

Committee on Entertainment—Bro. F. J. Smith, W. A. Templeton and William Hill. Clemon College was selected as the place to hold the picnic.

The Committee on Transportation were instructed to apply for rates on an excursion to be run from Ninety-Six to Walhalla and Pelzer to Belton; from Abbeville to Ridgeburg; and from Walhalla and Walhalla to Seneca, so as to allow parties from these points to meet the excursion train.

J. G. Sheppard, Dr. G. W. Holland and L. H. Wannamaker, Esq., were suggested as speakers to be written to by the Committee on Invitation for less money.

The Lodges at Spartanburg, Gaffney and Welford are also invited to participate with us. As soon as possible circulars will be issued by the Committee on Transportation giving full particulars. Please give this due publicity, and let us make our celebration a success.

The general public are invited to participate in the pleasures of the excursion. The ladies are especially invited to do so.

Rates and schedule will be published later. J. B. Lewis, For Committee.