

FROM FAR AND NEAR.

Interesting Budget of Old and New World News.

Great Damage by Fierce Storms in Many Places.

A dispatch from Williamsport, Penn., says: One of the heaviest rainfalls this city has known occurred on a recent afternoon. The sewers were unable to carry off the water, and the streets in the lower portions were flooded three feet deep. A span of the new Maynard Street bridge, an iron structure, was blown down, several mills were damaged, and thirty-five houses on the south side of the river were wholly or partly flooded from their foundations. One house collapsed over the heads of the inmates, and Mrs. Frederacy, one of the occupants, was badly hurt. The aggregate damage was very heavy.

A dispatch from Manhattan Beach, N. Y., says: During the progress of a thunder storm a stroke of lightning in the shape of a ball of fire, followed by heavy thunder, struck a few feet from the railway station at Sheepshead Bay just as a passenger train was pulling into the depot. The shock threw the train, which comprised three cars and an engine, completely off the track. Intense excitement prevailed for a few moments. Almost simultaneously with the Sheepshead Bay train a fire fell in the rear of the Manhattan Beach Hotel at Coney Island and caused considerable damage to the building and employees. It struck the telegraph wires with a report like that of a cannon shot.

A cablegram from Bombay, India, says: Fifteen inches of rain fell here within twenty-four hours. The towers of Mahaboda and Bhogavanger, in the province of Gujarat, were flooded with water, which rises breast high in the streets. Three hundred people and a countless number of live stock have been drowned.

A severe storm of rain, thunder, and lightning passed over the Province of Ontario, Canada. Five large barns and their contents were destroyed by lightning. Standing grain suffered considerably. A boat containing three boys was struck by lightning at Presque Isle. All of the boys were knocked senseless, and one named Arthur Crowe, fell overboard and was drowned.

Riots in China.

The steamship City of Peking from Hong Kong and Yokohama brings the following advices from China: The trouble in the Yangtze Valley has spread as far as Ichang, China. An inland mission station in Spasi was burned down, and an attempt made by a mob to capture a steamer.

Riots have also occurred at Haimen and Tsung-Ming. A church was pillaged and considerable damage done. The feeling of uneasiness at other places in the north has not been allayed. Standing grain suffered considerably. The Yangtze have checked the rioters.

An imperial edict reducing the Chinese garrisons throughout the Empire, imposing a tax on opium and requiring the whole of the opium on imperial purposes is mentioned as one of the chief causes of the present ferment.

American and English City Growth.

Superintendent Porter received the preliminary advance copy of the English census, showing the population of twenty-eight of the large cities of England and Wales. Superintendent Porter has made a comparison with the figures contained in this preliminary report for these cities with the figures as ascertained by the Eleventh Census for twenty-eight cities in the United States, with the following results:

Population, cities of the United States, 1880, 6,694,636; 1890, 9,697,960; increase, total, 2,003,324; per cent., 44.86; area in acres, 583,083,000; population to each acre, 16.61. Population, cities of England, 1881, 8,437,214; 1891, 9,379,711; increase, total, 942,497; per cent., 11.20; area in acres, 258,869; population to each acre, 36.20.

The New Paper for Government Notes.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a notice stating that he has adopted a new distinctive paper which will be used for all new designs of United States notes, certificates, National bank notes and certificates, and for the process of manufacturing the paper to form the distinctive stripes on either side of the center portrait or vignette of each note and other obligation.

Two Fatal Collisions.

On an early hour on a recent morning two freight trains came in collision on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, near High Bridge, Ky., killing one engineer and greatly damaging the trains.

A wrecking train started to their rescue, and when six miles north of Lexington, Ky., it met a through freight, and a terrible head-on collision occurred, which destroyed the two engines and killed two men, while the engineers, and a fireman, were jumping, but William McKinley, a fireman, was caught in the wreck and killed.

260 Lives Lost in a Collision.

Advices by the steamer City of Peking recently arrived at San Francisco, Cal., say the following telegram had been received at Yokohama:

July 12 at 3 A. M., the steamer Tamas Maru, of Hadzumi, while returning from Suifu, with 330 laborers on board came into collision with the steamer Migoichi Maru off Shiragami. The Tamas Maru immediately sank with the loss of 260 persons, including the captain and first officer and sixty laborers reached shore.

Gold Nuggets for the Picking.

The excitement over the gold find near Swank, Washington, has been brought to the aid of a thimble have been brought in. The vein is four feet wide and eighty feet below the surface. Gold can be seen sticking out on the croplands. Only a few shoveling is necessary, and two men are able to take out five tons a day.

The River Changed Its Channel.

The channel of the Missouri River made a sudden change the other day at Fort Pierre, South Dakota. It washed away a strip of the bank eighty feet wide and a quarter of a mile long. There were several frame buildings on the strip, but by energetic work they were barely saved from toppling over into the flood.

In Favor of Kochine.

Dr. Thamm, of Dusseldorf, Germany, says that he has managed, by the Koch system, to bring about a complete cure in forty per cent. of the cases of tuberculosis when he has treated, and that satisfactory results have occurred in forty per cent. of the other cases which he has treated by the same system.

Millions Lost Through Forgeries.

The Deutsche Bank, of Berlin, Germany, has lost \$2,450,000 by the forgeries of one of its clerks.

COOLEST OF JULYS.

While the Year as a Whole So Far Has Been Overwarm.

Never in the history of the United States Weather Bureau at Washington has there been so cool a July. In all parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains the temperature has been below the normal. Throughout the lake regions, northern New York, and New England the coolness has been most perceptible. On several occasions the minimum temperature fell below the normal. The weather was so in northern New York and along the borders of the lakes to Michigan has been within twelve degrees of freezing, and in Canada just north of the lakes it reached the freezing point.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

The United States steamship Philadelphia and Petrol of the North Atlantic squadron, with Admiral Gherardi on board, dropped anchor at Bar Harbor, Me.

The three-story pulp mill of the Glen's Falls Company at Ticonderoga, N. Y., was burned July 10.

The drill of the New York Naval Reserve came to a close with a review at Fisher's Island.

JUDGE HAMILTON BARCLAY STAPLES, of the Superior Court of Massachusetts, died at Worcester, after a long and painful illness, at 101 years of age. He was born in Mendon, Mass., February 14, 1829.

SECRETARY TRACY in the Despatch arrived at New London, Conn., en route to the eastward.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED representatives of the workmen in Pennsylvania collieries met at Plains, Penn., James Flynn, of Parsons, presiding, and determined to insist upon the companies obeying the law requiring payment of wages every two weeks.

The naval reserves returned to New York City from their drills at Fisher's Island.

MILCH COWS were poisoned by some unknown person near Newark, N. Y., and the owners saved their customers by rushing through the town ringing bells and shouting to their customers not to drink of the milk.

ANDREW L. WESTBROOK, a former resident of Brooklyn, committed suicide in Dunellen, N. J., the home of his son, in the village of Clifton, N. J. He was sixty-nine and very wealthy.

SAMUEL HANO, real estate operator at Allston, Mass., has assigned to his father, Louis Hano. His liabilities are \$500,000, and gross assets \$1,000,000.

The works of the Richmond County Light, Heat and Power Company, at St. George, Staten Island, N. Y., were destroyed by fire. Loss over \$100,000.

WILLIAM E. CASSELLS, of the firm of Wilson Cassels & Co., of Boston, committed suicide at Fortunate, Me., and next day it was learned that he had forged paper to the extent of between \$50,000 and \$51,000. He had taken his life rather than face disgrace.

ABRAHAM BACKER, of the dry goods commission house of A. Backer & Co., New York City, a heavy dealer in commercial paper, assigned. His liabilities are estimated at about \$4,000,000, of which \$2,500,000 are direct and \$1,500,000 contingent. The principal assets are land.

The famous Weeks House at Palmer, Mass., was burned, and one of the guests, Rev. Francis P. Williams, a Boston clergyman, was suffocated to death.

W. L. BUCK, Cashier of the First National Bank of Darby, Penn., was struck by a train at Philadelphia, and was killed.

The formal opening of the great Chautauqua (N. Y.) Assembly took place, and fully 10,000 people were present to participate in the exercises.

The Squadron of Evolution, which sailed recently in command of Acting Rear Admiral John G. Walker, to put the Naval Reserve Battalion of the State of New York through a week of man-of-war drill at Fisher's Island, returned to New York Harbor.

SCHUYLER'S STEAM TOWING COMPANY, of Albany, N. Y., the oldest and best known of the North River lines, has suspended. The liabilities admitted foot up \$350,000.

HENRY BARTELS, a bartender in New York City, was "electrocuted" by an electric motor of ten feet capacity, which he was using to pump water into the tank of a boat.

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South and West.

ISAM WHITE was executed in the jail yard at Helena, Ark., for the murder of William Mayo, a colored man in good circumstances.

FIFTY kegs of powder exploded and wrecked the Alabama Great Southern Depot at Birmingham, Ala.

WILLIAM CALDWELL, colored, was hanged at Houston, Texas, for the murder of Dr. J. F. Shumlin just three years ago.

CASHER KIRBY, of the City National Bank, Marshall, Mich., has been arrested, charged with robbing the bank of \$100,000.

A WOMAN and three little girls were attacked by Texas cattle in the Cherokee Nation's reservation in Indian Territory. Cowmen killed them, but all four were gone to death.

In a collision near Charlotte, S. C., Henry Brissenden, engineer, and W. C. Brown, who was working his passage to Charleston as fireman, were killed by jumping from the engine when it derailed.

COMMANDER CHARLES MCGREGOR, of the United States Navy, died in Cincinnati, Ohio, aged forty-six years. General and Mrs. Switzer, his sister, attended him.

BAYLISS W. HANNA, ex-Minister to the Argentine Republic under the Cleveland administration, died in Cincinnati, Ohio. He was born in Troy, Ohio, in 1837.

MORRIS GODFREY, aged seventeen, died of hydrophobia in terrible agony at Saginaw, Mich.

JACK DONNELLY, a rich farmer living five miles east of Arkansas City, Ark., and his wife, died of cholera in the same place.

REV. WILLIAM N. PERRY, aged forty, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, at Bowling Green, Ky., fell in his pulpit from heart disease while preaching.

The large retail dry goods store of Siegel, Cooper & Co., at Chicago, Ill., was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$300,000. The flames also caught stores in the rear which were damaged \$200,000 worth.

RIGBT REV. KILIAN FLASCH, Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of La Crosse, Wis., died of cancer of the stomach. Dr. Flasch was born in Regensburg, Bavaria, in 1831.

ON LOCK MOORE & Co.'s steam road, twenty miles from Lake Charles, La., an altercation between the men employed there took place in which ten men were shot, six of whom were killed at once and one mortally wounded. The remaining three were seriously injured.

The State election was held in Kentucky and the Democratic ticket was elected by a plurality of 2,000 to 40,000. The new Constitution was carried with a sweep, and the majority for it was placed at anything from 50,000 to 100,000.

A special meeting of the citizens of Birmingham, Ala., subscribed \$100,000 to a million-dollar steel plant. The citizens were asked by the promoters for \$150,000 and the other \$450,000 is in sight.

THE Farmers' Alliance and Democrats sympathizing with them have been working hard for the passage of the bill to the United States with the islands of Cuba and Porto Rico.

ABOUT 800 clerks were dismissed from the United States Census Office at Washington, and other dismissals will follow, until the force is reduced to 100 clerks.

GENERAL DANIEL McCADLEY assumed the office of Chief of the Appointment Division of the Treasury Department.

A COMMISSION, consisting of Messrs. E. L. Mills, W. W. Utz and Amos Webster, of the Treasury Department, has been appointed to study the National bank notes in the currency, aggregating about \$42,000,000. It will take four weeks to make this examination.

SECRETARY PROCTOR approved the reports of the two boards of army officers which recently examined and recommended officers and civilians for appointment to the army as second lieutenants. Twelve candidates were selected from each list.

A PROCLAMATION was issued announcing the terms of the new treaty relating to the commercial relations between the United States and the island of San Domingo.

FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL RATHBONE assumed office with George B. Cortelyou, of New York City, as private secretary.

PRESIDENT HARRISON signed the commission, which makes J. Sloan Fassett Collector of the Port of New York.

ANDREW H. DOUGHERTY, of Michigan, has been appointed principal examiner of land claims and contests in the General Land Office at Washington.

FATAL FEUD.

Desperate Battle Between White Men and Half-Breeds.

The "Red Bones" Gang Defeated With Severe Loss.

A dispatch from Lake Charles, La., says: Full details of the bloody tragedy at Locke, Moore & Co.'s farm, twenty-two miles from here, are at last obtainable. It appears to be somewhat of a race war in that the strife was between whites and a number of thriftless half-breeds who are called "Red Bones." A few days ago a Negro man named "Red Bones" was employed by "Where are those 'Red Bones' who were to drive this wagon?" His remark was evidently overheard, for the next night his house was surrounded by an angry mob headed by Andrew Asworth, who ordered him to come out and be whipped. This he refused to do. By strategy he succeeded in holding the fort all night. In the morning he was invited that he must leave the country before the sun went down or he would be assassinated. He at once communicated the news of these threats to the white people of the settlement, and they guaranteed him full protection.

The next morning a party of white men went down to a little store a mile and a half from the mill to get some whisky. On arrival there they found a mob of whites and half-breeds who were there to kill them. The whites were not to be intimidated, and they fought a desperate battle, but they were not to be victorious. The whites were not to be intimidated, and they fought a desperate battle, but they were not to be victorious.

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Six persons were killed by an explosion of fire-damp in the Karlskuek pit in Westphalia.

MR. PARNELL's overtures to Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien for a reunion of their forces were rejected. Mr. Parnell has been deserted by the Irish National League.

The Commissioners of the World's Fair in Paris spoke of unexpectedly widespread interest in the Exposition in England and France.

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The celebration of the sixth centenary of the Swiss Confederation began a series of fêtes in the cantons of the four forest cantons, situated nearly in the middle of the Confederation.

An explosion took place at Cornetta, Italy, in a fireworks factory. Six people were killed and many were injured by the explosion. The cause of which is unknown.

KING ALEXANDRIA, of Russia, arrived at St. Petersburg, Russia, on a visit to the imperial family. The Czar and several of the Russian Grand Dukes received him at the railway station, and he was welcomed all the honors due to a reigning sovereign.

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The annual report of the President of the Dominion Miller's Association, in session at Toronto, Canada, estimates the wheat crop of the Dominion at 55,100,000 bushels—a reckoning which allows 22,152,000 bushels for export.

A MONSTER PARADE.

Nearly 50,000 G. A. R. Men in Line in Detroit, Mich.

The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and the celebration of its silver anniversary formally opened in Detroit, Mich., with the grand parade.

Special trains bringing State delegations from all parts of the country poured into the city throughout the night and early morning. Others, having been delayed by the rain, arrived with the accompaniment by the tens of thousands, and at ten o'clock that morning the streets in the center of the city were almost impassable.

At eleven o'clock the procession moved at a trot, and both in numbers and equipment the parade was one of the most magnificent ever made by the Grand Army. Most of the veterans wore very handsome uniforms, and many of the naval forces. Between 30,000 and 40,000 men were in the parade.

Enthusiastically the "vets" marched beneath the four great triumphal arches which had been erected, and now and again breaking out into a cheer, the applause being carried along the line until it seemed to end in a distant murmur.

There were forty-seven divisions in the parade, and it took two and a third hours for the first four to pass a given spot.

Estimates of men who galloped along the line and through the formation streets after the column had passed, placed the men in line at nearly 50,000. It was noticeable that there were more crippled and otherwise disabled veterans than have been at any previous encampment, many gray heads being seen in the ranks.

The Philadelphia contingent, nearly 500 strong, carried umbrellas, each one painted to represent a portion of the battle of Gettysburg. Sergeant Marie Post was also represented by a brigade, each umbrella being so painted that when combined they represented Lake Superior and the City of the Sea.

A striking feature of the Michigan division was the fact that numbers of old battle flags were carried by the men who bore them during the war.

Still another umbrella brigade was that of George H. Thomas Post No. 5, of Chicago. Their umbrellas were painted to represent a monster flag of the United States, covering the entire post, and extending nearly two miles. The Ohio division was very large and presented an imposing appearance.

Among those upon the reviewing stand were General Vesey, Commander in Chief, General Miles of the Regular Army, ex-Governor Oglesby, of Illinois; Governor Fifer, of Illinois; Campbell, of Ohio; Peck, of Wisconsin; General Lucius Fairchild, of Wisconsin; Governor Winans, of Michigan; John A. Logan and over a hundred others.

INNOCENT VICTIM.

Jack Marion Hanged for Killing a Man Who Is Alive.

A dispatch from Batavia, Neb., says: More than fifteen years ago "Jack" Marion and one Cameron set out together in a wagon on a trip, and were last seen at the Blue River, near here. A few days later the supposed body of Cameron was found in the Blue River, and when it was discovered that Marion had been seen with Cameron's body and goods in his possession, he was arrested and held for trial.

He was not arrested until ten years afterward, and was tried several times, and finally executed in March, 1887. William Frazar, an associate of Marion, was always believed innocent, and has at length proved it by finding Cameron alive in La Crosse, Kansas. Cameron had been imitating Marion's appearance, and after leaving Marion on the banks of the Blue River, and had returned from Alaska only a year ago. Hearing for the first time of Marion's execution, and fearing his life would be forfeited, he concealed his identity, but remorse caused him to reveal it. He is fully identified.

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LATER NEWS.

The Vermont fish hatchery is to be located at Roxbury, as will the buildings of the National hatchery.

MISS EMMA WALRAVEN COMFORT, the daughter of Major Samuel Comfort, of New York, was married at Philadelphia, Penn., to Fasha Crookshank, Director General of the Egyptian Prisons.

At Cape May, N. J., the President appointed James W. Hind, of Michigan, Consul at Amherstburg, Canada. Minister to Greece A. Louon Snowden and Civil Service Commissioner Lyman called at the shore capital.

J. HENRY JARKE, one of the wealthiest wholesale butchers in Philadelphia, Penn., killed his son by a blow struck in self-defense during a quarrel.

The transatlantic steamship Majestic of the White Star Line has beaten all westward records, having made the trip from Queens-town, Ireland, to New York in five days, sixteen hours and eight minutes. This beats the record by fifty-seven minutes.

The Republican State League Convention at Syracuse, N. Y., adopted a platform of principles, and re-elected Colonel E. A. McCallin President of the organization.

ADMIRAL WALKER and the officers of the White Squadron were breakfasted in New York City by the Chamber of Commerce at the Lawyers' Downtown Club.

The east-bound train on the Ogdenburg and Lake Champlain Railroad collided with the Ellensburg Sunday-school excursion train just east of Champlain station, N. Y., and it was reported on the day after the accident that eight passengers had been killed, from ten to fifteen badly injured and a number of others more or less hurt.

GENERAL VEZEY opened the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Detroit, Mich. Washington, D. C., was chosen for the next encampment.

The third annual convention of the National Letter Carriers' Association of the United States was held at Detroit, Mich., all the leading postoffices of the country being represented.

ACTING SECRETARY OF THE TREASURER NETTLETON appointed John S. Rogers Commissioner of Immigration at Philadelphia.

The twenty-first annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America was held at the Academy of Music, Washington, D. C., and was opened by the Rev. Bishop Cotter, of Winona, Minn., President in the chair. Cardinal Gibbons welcomed the delegates to the archdiocese of Baltimore.

JOHN DUCKETT, one of the aged patriots of Washington, died a few days ago at the age of 106 years. Duckett was born in slavery in Prince George's County, Md. He was classed as colored, but Indian blood predominated in his veins.

THE Czar, Czarina and the Grand Dukes Alexis left St. Petersburg, Russia, for Finland, where they will attend the autumn maneuvers of the land and sea forces to be held at Villmanstrand.

At Gyseggen, Germany, a widow was murdered by her three sons because she contemplated marrying again. The elder brothers then killed the youngest, fearing that he would betray them.

A WATERSPOUT on one of the islands of the Azores group has caused immense damage, and resulted in the killing of six persons.

INDIAN EXECUTION.

Funeral Honors Paid to Two Seminole Murderers.

John Frog and Jackson Wolf, Seminoles, were executed at Wevaka, Indian Territory, for the murder of John Hare.

The whole tribe joined in paying the tributes