## JOHNSTOWN RECOVERING.

### Improved Prospects for the People of the Flooded City.

### Business Resumed, and the Work of Restoration Progressing.

Johnstown, Penn., is steadily recovering from the effects of the terrible flood. The estimate of the loss of life has been reduced to between 3000 and 4000. The amount of money subscribed throughout the country for the flood sufferers is over $3,000,000. A recent dispatch from Johnstown gives the following details concerning the resumption of business and the work of restoration and relief:

The first real work under the supervision of the State commenced this morning at 6 o'clock. The whistle at the Cambria Iron and Steel Works was the signal for the men to commence, and about fifteen hundred started in with their picks and shovels. The early morning was warm and cloudy. As the morning advanced the weather grew warmer, and by 10 o'clock the sun was shining brightly and every one on the ground was hard at work. During the morning a crowd of men in some manner secured an entrance to the town and wanted to inaugurate a strike among the workmen. James McKnight, of Pittsburg, of the State contractors, went to General Hastings, who is in full charge at Johnstown, and demanded protection for the men. A detachment of militia from the Fourteenth Regiment were detailed to the place and they drove away all the men who refused to work. This caused General Hastings to issue an order to the soldiers not to admit any one to Johnstown proper without an order.

The business men of the town seemed to have awakened to their senses, and this morning a number of them were preparing to start over again in business. Two grocery stores were started near the Pennsylvania railroad freight station. Both places were doing a land office business and this encouraged other merchants to start up, and the probabilities are that inside of a week at latest 100 stores will be in operation. Already two barber's shops and one jewelry store have been opened.

General Hastings said: "As yet I do not know how many men are at work, but I suppose there must be 1500 at the least calculation. We intend to put as many men to work as can be worked properly. I do not suppose we want more than 5000, and it will be an easy matter to get that many men. I do not want to employ any one but Pennsylvania men, and would like to get as many Johnstown people at work as possible. They are the ones that need the work. A false impression has broken out to the effect that the boroughs here are under martial or military law. This is a mistake. The State has charge of the work, and the only thing the military is doing is guarding the property. We will clear away all the debris on the streets and level the town off. I do not know yet whether we will clean out the cellars of the houses, but if I had my own way I would do it. It is as little as the State can do to clean out the places and give the people clean foundation to build on. Beside, there is not the least doubt that there are a number of bodies in these cellars and they should be taken out."

General Hastings has now gotten everything down to a system. There will be but one morgue and hospital and one headquarters. Everything has now been centralized, and it is easy to get at the facts.

Captain Seers, of the United States Army, one of the Corps of Engineers at Willet's Point, and Captain Burbank, of the West Point Engineering Corps, have laid out the different boroughs in five districts, and competent men have been appointed to take charge of each district. Captain Seers, in an interview, said: "I am only here to advise General Hastings and do what I can to help him. I think that inside of two weeks the three or four thousand men that will be at work will succeed in putting the town in very good condition, and I think inside of a month Johnstown will have almost recovered from this terrible shock."

The general opinion among well-posted people here is that the loss of life will be between 3000 and 4000. It was generally given out that Johnstown and boroughs adjoining had a population of 35,000 people, but this is a very high estimate, and conservative people put the population between 25,000 and 28,000. Colonel Rogers, who has charge of the registration, states that from all he can learn the population only amounted to about 25,000, and this accounts for 10,000 people supposed to be lost.

The reports sent out from here to the effect that 12,000 to 15,000 people were missing were based upon the supposition that there were 35,000 inhabitants in these boroughs.

To-day was the second day since the flood that Johnstown was not deluged with rain. The people are making heroic efforts to clean out their houses to fit them for habitation. Neighbors have combined to help one another to reset houses on their foundations and to remove the accumulations of drift and rubbish which bar entrance to their doors. The sewer pipes are all awry and the cellars are full of water. There is need for engines to pump out the water as early as possible. Syphening has been tried, but with no success, as the cellars are much lower than the ground.

The Cambria Company started out a corps of surveyors this afternoon to locate lines of demarcation for the rebuilding and repair of their demolished plant.

The first decisive step toward putting Johnstown's business men on their feet again was made to-day, when about two hundred merchants who had survived the flood, many of them without a dollar, met Adjutant General Hastings this afternoon, and were assured that they would be re-established in business on long credit. Both Pittsburg and Philadelphia wholesalers have offered Johnstown merchants this business courtesy upon the suggestion of General Hastings.

The report of the Bureau of Transportation, which died with the Citizens' Relief Committee, was presented to James B. Scott to-day. It shows that from June 4 to 11, inclusive, 1592 people were given free transportation out of Johnstown. Out of these 872 were over the Pennsylvania and 720 over the Baltimore and Ohio. One hundred and seventy-six were sent to Pittsburg by the Baltimore and Ohio and 636 over the Pennsylvania; 157 were sent to Philadelphia over the Baltimore and Ohio. The Bureau of Information answered 287 telegrams and sixty-eight letters, mostly inquries from anxious friends as to the safety of Johnstowners.

The mass at the stone bridge was fired this afternoon and to-night is burning furiously. With it is destroyed all hope of recovering the bodies that are certainly there entombed.

Adjutant-General Hastings said to-night: "Provisions and clothing are coming in at a satisfactory rate and there is no immediate prospect of a diminution. I have instructed all the commissary people to be generous in dealing out supplies. Where there is any question they will give the applicant the benefit of the doubt. To-day we have been feeding a good many of the men, but every cent of it is being charged up against them. The soldiers are also taking supplies from the commissary departments, but this is all charged to the State, and as soon as I get to Harrisburg I will make out a warrant for the amount in favor of the relief fund. This morning I telegraphed Mayor Fitler of Philadelphia for four steam fire engines. At 11 he replied that they were on the way with crews. I deemed this necessary as a precautionary measure, on account of the great mass of debris we shall burn during the next few days."

Governor Beaver announced that he had abandoned the idea of using $1,000,000 out of the Pennsylvania State Treasury under the proposed indemnity-bond scheme, for the reason that such action might establish a bad precedent. He has decided instead to adopt the suggestion of William H. Kemble—that the money be loaned to the Governor by private corporations. The Governor stated that he had been offered a million dollars by national banks of Philadelphia without security and without interest, the loaners to be reimbursed by the Legislature at its next session, and he has accepted this offer. This money will be used to clear the streams and place the highways in order and perform other necessary State work.

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ANOTHER band of buffalo which has not been generally known to have been in existence has been discovered in the "Bad Lands" around the Bull Mountains, about halfway between the Yellowstone and Missouri Rivers, in Dawson County, Montana.

WITHIN a year it is believed that the English syndicates will control at least thirty-five of the seventy-two breweries in New York and its immediate vicinity.

## THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

### Eastern and Middle States.

A DOUBLE six story tenement house in New York city was gutted by fire, and an aged woman, Mrs. Kirschman, and her grandchild were roasted alive.

HENRY JOHNSON, a farmer, aged eighty, committed suicide at Silver Springs, N. Y. He became despondent, and going to his barn fixed a gun attached to a rope and blew out his brains. The appearance of the corpse was frightful.

BURT HARVEY, a fourteen-year-old boy, recovering from the measles, committed suicide by hanging himself with a halter at Gilbertville, Mass.

WILLIAM SEMPLE, the millionnaire dry goods merchant of Allegheny City, Penn., has just died at the age of sixty-two.

AN electric storm swept over a large section of the East, doing much damage. A number of buildings were struck by lightning, and several persons killed.

HEAVY charges of dynamite were used in breaking up the immense mass of wreckage at the Johnstown railroad bridge. In consequence many windows were broken, chimneys blown down and the strongest remaining houses badly shaken. A protest was sent to Governor Beaver, and the heavy blasting was ordered to be discontinued.

JOHN HENRY MILLER, a well-known farmer of Holliston, Mass., committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree.

OTHNIEL GAGER, the old Town Clerk of Norwich, Conn., is dead, aged ninety six.

JUSTICE ANDREWS, of the Supreme Court, ordered the release of Moroney and McDonald, held in New York city for alleged complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin: three Chicago witnesses failed to identify them.

JOHN GIBBS GILBERT, the famous American comedian, died of pneumonia, in Boston, at the age of seventy-nine. He was an actor for sixty-one years.

THE Hon. William E. Chandler has been re-elected as United States Senator for New Hampshire.

EMIL EBERT, of Waterbury, Conn., committed suicide in Central Park, New York city, leaving a most pathetic letter addressed to his wife, who, he said, had forsaken him.

MICHAEL ANDREWS, Simon Novolk, John Kutski and Joseph Taylor were fatally burned in a mine explosion at Plymouth, Penn.

### South and West.

UNITED STATES troops were sent to the scene of the reported outbreak among the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota.

GEORGE and Charles Sherwood, aged respectively fourteen and seventeen years, sons of a railway conductor were drowned in the Calumet River near Chicago.

ALEXANDER SULLIVAN, charged with the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin, in Chicago, was released from prison on $20,000 bail.

ALEXANDER HENDERSON, colored, was hanged at Bainbridge, Ga.; Will Dibell, colored, at Thomasville, Ga., and John Pickett, colored, at Leesburg, Ga. All were executed for murders.

JUDGE MCLAIN, President of the Savannah (Mo.) Savings Institution, which failed, was arrested for receiving deposits, knowing that the bank was insolvent. The liabilities of the bank reach $85,000. Only $80.50 was found in the safe.

THE Virginia Prohibitionists will hold a convention for the nomination of candidates for Governor and other officers at Lynchburg on July 17.

GENERAL W. T. WITHERS, of Kentucky, a Mexican and Confederate war veteran, and a noted breeder of trotters, is dead, in his sixty-fifth year.

WOODRUFF, the man implicated in the Cronin murder case at Chicago, made a new and revised confession implicating Alexander Sullivan, Detective Coughlin and two other men.

FRANK L. WOODRUFF, late Assistant Postmaster of Lawrence, Kan., has been arrested on a charge of embezzling $5000 from the funds of that office.

Two daughters of John Leavitt, aged eighteen and eight, who lives in Seward County, Neb., were found dead with their throats cut from ear to ear. No motive is known for the crime, and there is no clue to the perpetrators.

A VERY heavy storm passed over the southwest part of Berkeley County, W. Va. The hailstones lay in some places three or four inches deep. Crops and trees were ruined. Live stock were badly bruised and in some instances killed. Several houses and barns were wrecked by the wind.

HEAVY forest fires were burning on the east side of the Cascade Mountains, in Washington Territory. Large quantities of fir timber have been destroyed.

JOHN MAPLE, a farmer living near Wabash, Ind., attempted to ford a small stream, which was greatly swollen by hard rains. He was accompanied by his wife and three children and a servant girl. In the middle of the stream the wagon upset and Mrs. Maple and two of the children were drowned.

A FEARFUL storm visited the southeastern portion of Indiana. It extended over a scope of country ten miles long and one mile wide, and ended in a regular cloudburst. Fences and bridges were washed away and barns torn down. Growing crops in the storm's path were destroyed.

ISAAC WAATI and William Kangas were instantly killed by a cave-in in the Cleveland Iron Mine, at Ishpeming, Mich.

### Washington.

T. CAMPBELL-COPELAND, of New York, has been appointed the statistical expert of the Census Office.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS TANNER has appointed his daughter, Miss Ada Tanner, to be his confidential secretary, in place of Mr. George B. Squires, of Brooklyn. Miss Tanner recently graduated from the Packer Institute, in Brooklyn, and is the youngest daughter of the Commissioner.

PRESIDENT HARRISON, accompanied by Secretaries Blaine and Windom, went down the Potomac on Postmaster-General Wanamaker's yacht. The vessel lay at anchor in Chesapeake Bay during Sunday, returning to Washington on Monday.

CONSULAR appointments by the President: Wakefield G. Frye, of Maine, Consul-General at Halifax; Joseph A. Leonard, of Minnesota, Consul-General to Shanghai; Zachary T. Sweeney, of Indiana, Consul-General at Constantinople; Oliver H. Dockery, of North Carolina, Consul-General at Rio de Janiero; Oliver H. Simonds, of Colorado, Consul-General at St. Petersburg; George W. Roosevelt, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Brussels; Levi W. Brown, of Ohio, Consul at Glasgow.

THE Attorney-General has accepted the resignations of George S. Peters, United States Attorney for the district of Utah; Peter S. Knight, United States Attorney for the Southern district of Florida, and E. M. Boykin, United States Marshall for South Carolina.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has appointed Royal A. Johnson, of Arizona, to be Surveyor-General of Arizona.

L. B. AGNEW was appointed Superintendent of the Dead Letter Office, and ex-Governor Lucius Fairchild, of Wisconsin, was made a member of the Cherokee Indian Commission.

THE Civil Service Commission has asked the President to extend the operations of the Civil Service law so as to include appointments to clerkships in the Census Office.

### Foreign.

THE Emperor of Germany has been advised by his physicians to make a trip to Norway for the benefit of his health before visiting England.

FIGHTING has occurred between French and Italian workmen in the Department of Haute-Marne, France. Troops were sent to quiet the disturbances.

AT a meeting in London, the Prince of Wales presiding, it was resolved to erect a memorial to the late Father Damien, who devoted the last years of his life to the care of the lepers of the Sandwich Islands. The memorial will be erected at Molokai.

THE cab drivers' strike at Paris is over and cabs are running as usual.

A FIRE in Montreal, Canada, burned over fifteen acres of territory in the lumber district. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

MARTIN BURKE, a fugitive from Chicago, was held at Winnipeg, Manitoba, as one of the men who murdered Dr. Cronin. Chief of Police Hubbard, of Chicago, notified the authorities to hold Burke at all hazards. Burke answers perfectly the description of the man Delaney. He is undoubtedly the man wanted.

SEVERE hail-storms prevailed in many parts of Germany, interfering greatly with railway traffic.

WHILE a procession was passing through a Silesian town five of the paraders were struck by lightning and killed, and forty others injured.

THE residence of Richard Wilson at Manotick, Canada, caught fire, and Mrs. Wilson and two young children were burned to death.

A DINNER was given by Andrew Carnegie to the Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone at the Hotel Metropole, in London. The dinner was entirely private—no speeches, no formality. It was given by Mr. Carnegie to enable Mr. Gladstone to meet Mr. Lincoln, the American Minister, and Mr. New, the Consul General.

MANY persons were buried under the falling roof of a market in the City of Mexico; eight dead and fourteen wounded were taken from the ruins.

LETTERS received at Zanzibar state that Stanley, the explorer, is on his way to the East coast of Africa with Emin Bey.

THE Montenegrin Government has demanded satisfaction from Turkey for raids on the Albanian frontier.

THE overflowing of the River Rhone has done much damage in France.

ABOUT 1700 houses in Naples, Italy, will be demolished in order to improve the city's sanitary condition.

MR. STRAUSS, the retiring United States Minister at Constantinople, had a farewell audience with the Sultan. He was afterward entertained at a banquet in the palace.

## POSTAL CLERKS KILLED.

### Four Lives Lost by a Railway Accident in Ohio.

The New York and St. Louis mail train met with a disastrous accident at Cumberland Junction, three miles east of Steubenville, Ohio. Owing to imperfect connections with the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Pan-Handle section was nearly two hours late in leaving Pittsburg, and had orders to make up an hour of the lost time between Pittsburg and Columbus. Just east of Cumberland Junction is a steep down grade over a sharp reverse curve. On this the train, consisting of an engine, express and four mail cars, plunged at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The last car was whipped from the track like the end of a whip lash and ploughed along the embankment on its side for a distance of over one hundred feet. In leaving the track it drew with it the two mail cars in front, and the forward car struck a car loaded with steel rails, crushing in the side and throwing both cars, which were not uncoupled, down an embankment twenty-five feet high and landing them, bottom up, in the ditch.

In these cars were the conductor and brakeman and twelve postal clerks. Two of the postal clerks were killed outright, and nine injured. They were John G. Payne, of Indianapolis, and James Rinehart, of Effingham, Ill. Both had their skulls crushed.

Lee Burris, of Columbus, the conductor, had his right hip crushed and his thigh split open from the hip to the knee. John MacFarland, a brakeman, had his left leg completely severed from his body and his right leg crushed to a jelly. Both men were fatally injured and died during the night.

## NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE rice crop looks fine.

SUGAR making is nearly over.

GEORGIA has fifty-five cotton mills.

SIAM is exceedingly rich in minerals.

COMPLETE anarchy prevails in Crete.

THE Illinois Legislature has adjourned.

FRANCE is suffering from severe storms.

ILLINOIS has a new compulsory education law.

THE number of drug stores in St. Louis is 325.

CUBANS express a desire for a little home rule.

FLORIDA is not afraid of yellow fever this year.

KANSAS CITY was visited by a severe storm.

THE Massachusetts Legislature has adjourned.

THE United States Treasury surplus is $58,000,000.

NEW ORLEANS badly needs a good system of drainage.

A TREATY between Mexico and Japan has been ratified.

CINCINNATI talks of securing natural gas by pipe lines.

THE harvest in Northern Texas is under full headway.

GREAT BRITAIN is spending $20,000,000 on new iron ships

THE prospects for the Egyptian cotton crop are favorable.

PAOLA, Kan., has rented its city park to a carpet renovator.

AN early fall trade is expected by jobbers and manufacturers.

BARLEY is beginning to be sown for winter pasture in the South.

ALMOST 40,000 men will be engaged in taking the coming census.

REPORTS from the growing grain in the West continue favorable.

THE latest trust that is forming in the West is the castor oil trust.

IT is proposed to lay a cable from Ostend, Belgium, to the United States.

MILITARY service has been made obligatory in all the normal schools of Chili.

CHINESE are said to be pouring into California over the Mexican border.

THE present season's Delaware peach crop is estimated at 5,000,000 baskets.

A RAILWAY has been completed to the top of Mount Pilatus in Switzerland.

THERE are an even 200 patients in the Yankton (Dakota) Insane Asylum.

THE total crop of Florida oranges for the season just ended was 2,200,000 boxes.

THE number of Russian visitors to the Paris Exhibition is said to be unprecedented.

OVER a million Italians have settled in the Argentine Republic in thirty-three years.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA has shipped thirty per cent. more oranges this year than last.

THE recent frost has destroyed over one-fourth of the grape crop of New York State.

HARVARD graduates 225 young men in her academic department this year. Yale turns out 127.

A FACTORY for making attar of rose and other flower essence is just being established at Atlanta, Ga.

THE citizens of Seattle, Washington Territory, have resolved to widen their streets and erect fire-proof buildings.

THE acreage of spring wheat seems to have declined in Wisconsin and Minnesota owing to the ravages of the chinch bug.

A BILL has been presented in the Legislature of Jalisco, Mexico, for the prohibition in that State of bull and cock fights.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY'S Constitutional Convention will be composed of forty-six Republicans and twenty-nine Democrats.

MANY farmers in Oregon are literally throwing away potatoes; much of the last crop remains in the hands of the producers.

WHILE in the act of receiving the third degree in a Masonic lodge at Wichita, Kan., Dr. James L. Lawrence fell dead with heart disease.

TWENTY years ago the British army numbered 187,000. Now there are 211,000 men of all arms, including those serving in the colonies.

THE Australians have forbidden the slaughter of the kangaroo from January 1st to May 1st, of each year, on account of its value as an export article.

THERE is a rumor that the Mexican Congress, in secret session, is considering the question of ceding lower California to the United States.

IT is proposed to establish a penal colony on the Isla de Pinos, abolishing the penitentiaries in the different cities in Cuba; also a workhouse for vagrants.

THE leading gas company of Chicago is making arrangements for replacing its present supply of manufactured gas with natural gas from the coal regions.

THERE are said to be 15,000 typewriters employed in Chicago, ninety-nine per cent. of whom are stenographers. Over seventy-five per cent. of them are women.

THE fresh fish trade on the Atlantic coast is all broken up. A Providence (R. I.) dealer, who handled 4000 barrels last spring, says he lost at least $600. The public taste runs to meats.

## ANOTHER BROKEN DAM.

### A Kansas Village Flooded and Several Lives Lost.

### Bridges Swept and the Growing Crops Greatly Damaged.

The bursting of a dam at Uniontown, Kan., flooded the towns of Uniontown and Belltown, and several lives were lost. Uniontown is about fifteen miles west of Fort Scott, on the Wichita and Western Railway. Two women and four children were drowned. The place has 600 inhabitants. It is in the midst of a thickly settled country.

The storm struck the western part of Bourbon County late at night, coming from the west, where it had played great havoc. At Augusta it assumed the form of a cloud burst.

In Fort Scott it commenced raining about 7 o'clock in the morning. Old residents say it was the hardest rain in thirty years. The water commenced rising in Buck Run at 8 A. M. Lamb & Mead's ice dam, on Sixth street, burst about 10 A. M., causing the water in Buck Run to rise at the rate of about three feet an hour, carrying away several houses and the bridge across Sixth street. The part of Fort Scott known as Belltown was entirely under water. People were taken out with boats.

Several bridges were washed out, and trains were stopped on both sides of Fort Scott. The Kansas, Nebraska and Dakota track was under water for about nine miles out. The Memphis road was badly damaged for about 1000 feet ten miles north of Fort Scott. All the people in the bottom in east Fort Scott moved out.

The upper valley of the Walnut was flooded from excessive rains. The river came up so suddenly that a family named Graham started from their home to the highland. The mother and babe were drowned, the father and one child escaping. Grain fields are flooded, and much damage must result.

Allen County, Kansas, has suffered severely from floods in the Neosho River and its principal tributaries. The streams have been unusually high all spring, and heavy rains brought them out of their banks, flooding the bottoms for a mile or more on either side. Hundreds of acres of wheat, which was just ripening and promised a very large yield, are almost a total loss, while the submerged corn and other crops will be greatly damaged. The St. Louis, Wichita and Western Railroad bridge across Rock Creek, east of Iola, has been undermined, and is only held by the iron track from going down stream. Nearly a quarter of a mile of track has been washed from the bed, while the roadbed has been seriously damaged. Near the river west of Iola a large number of small bridges and culverts along the wagon roads have been washed out.

## THE TREATY SIGNED.

### Work of the Samoan Conference in Berlin Accomplished.

The agreement negotiated by the Commissioners to the Samoan Conference for the settlement of affairs in Samoa has been signed by all the members of the Conference.

America having abandoned her principal objections to the agreement previously arrived at, the plenipotentiaries had only to make unessential modifications in the wording of the draft. The draft guarantees an autonomous administration of the islands under the joint control of Germany and America, England acting as arbitrator in the event of difference arising. The Samoans are to elect their own King and Viceroy, and to be represented in a Senate composed of the principal chiefs and Chambers elected by the people. Samoa is to have the right of levying duties of every kind. The agreement also stipulates that the Germans shall receive a money indemnity for their losses. A special court will be appointed to deal with the land question.

The Americans made their adhesion conditional upon the ratification of the agreement by the United States Senate next December. The status quo will, therefore, obtain in Samoa until December.

## PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE Czar refuses to visit Berlin.

ADMIRAL PORTER is seventy-six years old.

EDITOR MURAT HALSTEAD is in Germany.

MRS. CLEVELAND is learning to play the violin.

HENRY CLEWS, the Wall street broker, has written a novel.

JEFFERSON DAVIS was eighty-one years old June 3, 1889.

CYRUS W. FIELD began life as a clerk in a New England store.

BRETE HARTE has taken up his permanent residence in London.

LORD ZETLAND, the new Irish Viceroy, will serve only one year.

IT is rumored that President Diaz will visit the United States next fall.

CLARA BARTON, President of the Red Cross Association, was born in Maine.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD, author of the "Light of Asia," is coming to this country.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON is becoming an extensive property owner in Washington.

THE first of living Americans in the estimation of European nations is Buffalo Bill.

KATE CHASE SPRAGUE is writing a biography of her father, the late Chief Justice Chase.

KINGLAKE, the English historian who is now seventy-eight years old, is not in good health.

JOSEPH PULITZER, owner of the New York *World*, once acted as stoker on a Mississippi steamboat.

EDISON, the electrical inventor, is said to have amassed a fortune of $12,000,000 by his inventions.

JIM KEENE, the famous manipulator of wheat corners, once drove a milk wagon in a California town.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS KING MALIETOA, of Samoa, has developed an inordinate desire for beer and pretzels.

JOHN DAVIS, the wholesale dry goods man, is the richest man in Missouri, his wealth being estimated at $22,000,000.

HON. E. J. GAY, of Louisiana, who died the other day, was the richest man in the South. He was worth $10,000,000.

EDISON says it cost him thirty-five cents a mile to learn the game of poker on a train from New York to Chicago not long ago.

HIPPOLYTE, the winner of the Haytian contest, is a most inveterate smoker. He is never without a strong, black cigar between his lips.

THE Mayor of Griffin, Ga., is probably the youngest city executive in the country. His name is Stewart and he is but twenty-three years old.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WANAMAKER is the only smooth-faced man in the Cabinet and looks considerably younger than any other of the eight.

GENERAL GREELY, of the Signal Service, is afflicted with rheumatism in a mild form, and grimly refers to this addition to his outfit for predicting weather changes.

REV. JOSEPH MCADEN, who died recently in Brunswick County, Va., was the oldest Methodist minister in the South. He was ninety-five years old, and had been in the ministry seventy-five years.

EDWARD J. PHELPS, ex-Minister to England, has written to the faculty of the Yale Law School saying that he will be on hand at the opening of the college year to instruct the classes in equity and evidence.

THE grandmother of the Emperor of China is eighty-nine years old, blind, deaf and a cripple, and the other day her loving grandson presented her with 500 singing birds, 200 silk dresses and 100 musical instruments.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL HASTINGS, of Pennsylvania, who is in command at Johnstown, is one of the handsomest men in the Keystone State. He is over six feet in height, symmetrically built, blonde in complexion, with a moustache and imperial. He is a soldier every inch. His home is in Bellefonte.

THE new Duchess of Portland will only rank eighteenth in the list of peeresses of her rank, as her husband's dukedom only dates from 1716. The American Duchess of Marlborough takes precedence of her, but the American Vicountess Mandeville, when she becomes Duchess of Manchester, will be one step below, as she will be the nineteenth in precedence.

## LATER NEWS.

AN ocean steamer which sailed from New York a few days since carried over 300 delegates to the World's Sunday-school Convention in London. They represented every section and every Protestant denomination in this country.

GEORGIE DWYER, the fifteen-month-old grandson of Septimus Turner, a farmer living near Bristol, Penn., was drowned in a wash boiler filled with buttermilk.

STATE ATTORNEY BISBEE, of Barre, Vt., was thrown from his carriage at Williamstown Gulf and fatally injured.

PRINCETON COLLEGE, of New Jersey, has conferred the honorary degree LL.D. on President Harrison.

GOVERNOR BEAVER, of Pennsylvania, accompanied by the members of the Relief Committee, visited Johnstown. On reaching general headquarters the party mounted horses and made a tour of inspection which lasted over three hours. The Governor expressed gratification at the progress made.

THE remains of John Sevier, first Governor of Tennessee, which have lain for seventy-four years in North Alabama, were reinterred in Knoxville with imposing ceremonies. A twenty-thousand-dollar monument will be erected over his grave.

SENATOR MANDERSON, of Nebraska, has just received $4000 back pension money for an increase of pension on account of a gun shot wound received in the war.

THE postoffice at Waycross, Ga., was broken into and robbed of $11,000 and a number of registered mail packages.

P. O'SULLIVAN, Detective Coughlin, Frank Woodruff and Martin Burke, who was recently arrested in Manitoba, have been indicted by the special Grand Jury of Cook County, Ill., for the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin, in Chicago.

HARDY HAMILTON has been hanged at Rome, Ga., for the murder of Joe Lee, a Chinaman.

THE Secretary of State has received a telegram from Mr. Straus, the United States Minister at Constantinople, saying the Sultan of Turkey donated $1000 for the relief of the Johnstown flood sufferers.

THE President has appointed John R. Lewis Postmaster at Atlanta, Ga., vice John W. Renfoe, resigned.

WILLIAM J. VICKERY, of Indiana; Charles H. Clarke, of New York, and Llewellyn Jordan, of Mississippi, have been appointed by President Harrison Postoffice Inspectors on mail depredations.

TORRENTIAL rains, accompanied by thunder, have swept over Hesse, South Westphalia, Nassau and Thuringia. The storm extended east to Saxony and south to Bavaria. Serious damage was done to corn, hay and fruit crops. Several persons and a large number of cattle perished.

A REVOLUTIONARY manifesto from Servia has been circulated in Bosnia and Herzegovina announcing that Austria intends to annex those territories. The populace was greatly excited.

## A RAILROAD WRECK.

### Two Men Killed and One Hundred Injured in a Smash-up.

A railroad wreck, resulting in the death of two men and the injury of 100 others, occurred about 7 o'clock in the morning near Pratt mines at Birmingham, Ala. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company runs a train every morning to carry the miners from Pratt mines to the different shafts.

The train carrying about 200 men, was running backward at the rate of ten miles an hour when it struck two cows lying on the track. Six of the cars were thrown down an embankment and piled on each other.

Henry McCauley and Walter Beasley, carpenters, were instantly killed. On one of the cars were about thirty convicts chained together, and strange to say they were about the only persons who escaped injury. The worst injuries were broken legs and arms.

## SIX MEN KILLED.

### A Constable's Posse Has a Desperate Fight in Texas.

Six men were killed in a fight late at night in Givens Point, Texas. A colored constable named Wilson, backed by a posse, attempted to serve a warrant for horse stealing on a white man. The latter was among friends and resisted the service, alleging that the whole thing was a job to blacken his character. The colored officer grew abusive, and both sides drew weapons and began firing. They fought until their ammunition was exhausted, and it was then found that four white men and two colored men were mortally wounded and about five men dangerously shot.

## MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

THERE are in London sixty-five theatres.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, is building a $40,000 opera house.

LYDIA THOMPSON'S manager lost $15,000 last season.

CONTRALTO EMMA JUCH says she is just twenty-seven.

POSSART, the German actor, will play in New York city next fall.

PHILADELPHIA will have eighteen theatres in full blast next October.

MRS. DALLAS-GLYNN, a once celebrated English Shakespearean actress, is dead.

HARRIGAN, the Irish author-actor, is to disband his company and leave New York.

COLONEL JOHN A. MCCAULL has engaged Geraldine Ulmar as his prima donna for next season.

BUFFALO BILL is a more pronounced success in Paris than ever Boulanger was before he ran away.

MADAME ADELINA PATTI is not drawing the crowded houses at Buenos Ayres that greeted her on the occasion of her first visit.

GUS WILLIAMS, the German dialect comedian, has been engaged for Herrmann's Transatlantic Vaudeville Company next season.

THE first company of genuine "negro" minstrel is said to have been organized in Macon, Ga., during the closing years of the war.

EDWIN BOOTH says that if he had been permitted to follow his own bent he would have been a circus performer instead of an actor.

OUR gifted countrywoman, Miss Marie Van Zandt, was invited to sing before Queen Victoria at the state concert given in Buckingham Palace.

IN Paris the Italian opera season is next to tabooed by fashion and the house is half empty every night—another nail in the coffin of Italian opera.

OMAHA boasts of a young lady, not yet twenty, who has composed an opera, written the libretto and led the orchestra at the first production of her work.

MRS. LANGTRY smokes continually on a lounge; Mrs. Brown-Potter smokes between the courses of a dinner, and her dressing-rooms are redolent of tobacco.

IN the whole history of opera in England, Carl Rosa appears as almost the only manager who always paid a hundred cents in a dollar, and who died worth a handsome fortune.

BOOTH AND BARRETT have cleared something near $100,000 by their month's engagement at the San Francisco (Cal.) Theatre, and will enjoy their vacation together, cruising idly during the hot months along the coast between Bar Harbor and Newport.

ANOTHER musical prodigy, Miss Hanna Maria Hansen, a Norwegian girl, aged fourteen, is announced to appear in London as a pianist. Miss Hansen played before the King and Queen of Sweden, at the age of four and a half. Her mastery and power of technique are said to be remarkable.

## ARTHUR'S MONUMENT.

### A Memorial Erected by His Friends Unveiled at Albany.

The handsome granite and bronze monument erected at the grave of the late President Chester A. Arthur, in Rural Cemetery, at Albany, N. Y., by some of his personal admirers, has been officially unveiled, without ceremony, by the donors, who inspected it.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR'S MONUMENT.

The monument over General Arthur's grave was designed by Mr. E. Keyser, of Albany, and the work cost $10,000. A broad flight of five granite steps leads from the path to the turf which covers the burial plot, while around the enclosure are granite pillars, between which are suspended heavy chains of bronze. In the centre of the plot is the monument, a sarcophagus of dark granite, perfectly plain and highly polished. The sarcophagus stands on two piers of lighter-colored granite, also highly polished. The piers rest on a broad base of granite, and the base is supported by a smoothly dressed granite plinth ten feet long and six feet broad.

At the foot of the sarcophagus stands a figure representing the Angel of Sorrow. The figure is of bronze, and is of heroic size. It stands with folded wings leaning against the sarcophagus, one wing being thrown outward by the pressure in the most animated and picturesque manner. The left arm of the figure is extended along the sarcophagus laying on the tomb a palm of bronze. There is no inscription on the sarcophagus, but on the base is the word "Arthur" in letters raised in high relief, and also a tablet of bronze sunk into the base with the inscription:

CHESTER ALAN ARTHUR,
Twenty-first President of the United States.
Born, Oct, 5, 1830.
Died, Nov. 18, 1886.

There are also buried in the plot General Arthur's father and mother, his wife and a son. A fund for the erection in New York of a statue to General Arthur has been raised, and the money has all been paid in. As yet no design has been adopted, but one soon will be, and the work will then be begun. The statue will doubtless be placed in one of the principal public squares or parks in New York city. When it is ready to be unveiled, the exercises that were to have been held at the unveiling of the Albany monument, or others similar, will be carried out.

## WET BY A BIG MAJORITY.

### Prohibition Defeated in Pennsylvania—The Poll Tax Retained.

Returns from sixty-four of the sixty-seven counties in Pennsylvania give 164,470 majority against the proposed amendment prohibiting the sale of liquor. Forty-two counties (not including Allegheny) gave 4525 majority for abolishing the poll tax, but the rural districts voted heavily against this amendment and it is lost.

Returns received at the Pittsburg *Times* office include every county in the State, and are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Against the Prohibition Amendment | 189,710 |
| For | 54,517 |
| Majority against | 135,193 |

As the later returns come in it is apparent that the Prohibition defeat is more complete and overwhelming than was ever dreamed of. Exact figures from fifty counties in the State and close estimates on the other seventeen give a majority against the prohibitory amendment of 200,057. These figures were not likely to be materially changed.

Returns received show that the suffrage amendment (proposing the abolition of the fifty-cent poll tax qualification) is defeated by a decided majority, notwithstanding the fact that Philadelphia gave 92,525 majority for its adoption. The latest estimate from all but twelve counties was 146,996 against the poll tax abolition.

## CANADIAN CRUISERS.

### Ordered to Seize American Vessels Violating the Fishery Laws.

An Ottawa dispatch says the Dominion Government, not encouraged by the prospects of early adjustment of the fishery question, have instructed commanders of Government cruisers not to overlook any infraction of the fishery regulations, but to seize any vessels found guilty of violating the law when the evidence will warrant such a step. The instructions issued to commanders are far more stringent than those issued last year, when there appeared to be a possibility of an early settlement of the difficulty. Last season there was not a single seizure made, but this year the same leniency is not to be shown, and as the mackerel have just struck in along the coast of Pel in immense schools, closely followed by a large fleet of American fishermen, it is not improbable that a number of seizures will be reported soon. So far only one seizure has been made, that of the American fishing schooner Mattie Winship, subsequently liberated after giving bonds to the amount of $3000.

## THE DROWNING RECORD.

### Seven Lives Lost in One Day in Various Localities.

While swimming in the Vermilion River, a short distance below Danville, Ill., Robert Courtney, aged fifteen, and another lad, were drowned.

Otto Meyers, aged twenty-three years, was drowned at Shelton, Conn., while bathing in the Housatonic.

A man named Arns and an unknown boy were drowned while swimming at St. Paul, Minn.

Mrs. Charles Cleaves and Erdine Cole, a young woman of 16, were drowned at Springfield, Me., while bathing. Mrs. Cleaves leaves four children and a husband in the West.

## EATEN BY WOLVES.

### The Terrible Fate of Two Little Boys in Kansas.

Two children of Edward Bachus, a farmer of Rosier, Mo., a small village fifty miles south of Kansas City on the Kansas line, went to a creek about a mile from home to fish. Upon their failing to return at night, searching parties were organized, and the next evening their bones were found near a ledge of rocks that had long been known as Wolf's Den. A band of timber wolves have used this section for years, and it is thought that the children were killed and eaten by the animals. The boys were aged ten and twelve years.

## BURNED TO DEATH.

### How a Mother and Child Lost Their Lives—Two Men Perish.

Elizabeth Tyler, aged twenty-five, wife of John W. Tyler, a printer at the South Baltimore Car Works, at Curtis Bay, Md., poured coal oil on her fire while preparing breakfast the other morning. The oil-can exploded, setting fire to the clothing of Mrs. Tyler and her eight months' old boy, Benjamin Harrison Tyler, burning them both so severely that they died within a few hours.

A fire destroyed Bolton's mill, near Newaygo, Mich. Adjoining it was a large boarding-house where the employes lodged. Alonzo Delacey and Ole McLenny perished in the flames, and another man, in jumping from a window, received probably fatal injuries. It is thought that the fire was incendiary.

## THE NATIONAL GAME.

MOST of the League players are temperate.

BATES won the Maine College championship.

BROUTHERS, of Boston, leads the League in batting.

GORE, of New York, is playing the best ball of his life.

SKIN-TIGHT base ball uniforms are falling into disuse.

FLOODS and rain have cost the Pittsburg team $10,000.

CHICAGO is scouring the West for available infield talent.

THE rainy and cold weather has hurt many clubs financially.

SINCE Shreve joined the Detroits that club has been playing great ball.

NEW YORK was the first to lose two successive games to Washington.

CLEVELAND is about the most aggressive "baby" the League ever had.

THE new rules have been very hard on the pitchers in the minor leagues.

CLARKSON, of the Bostons, won fifteen of the first seventeen games played.

FOGERTY will likely be made the permanent Captain of the Philadelphia team.

DUNLAP, of Pittsburg, owns more diamonds than any player in the profession.

THREE Keefes are now pitching for as many clubs, and all are doing themselves proud.

PITTSBURG has eight pitchers on its salary list and the management is looking for more.

UMPIRE BARNUM wears a life preserver under his clothes to protect his fractured ribs.

WILL WHITE, the old Cincinnati pitcher, is the only professional player who wears spectacles.

PITCHER RADBOURNE, of Boston, is troubled with a severe attack of "Charlie horse."

PITCHER BEAM, of the Pittsburg team, lost a brother and sister by the Johnstown disaster.

JOHNSTON, the Boston's center fielder, is very clever at estimating where the batsman is going to knock the ball.

THE Boston team as now made up needs little looking after, as the men are mostly of the quiet, temperate kind.

ANSON likes better to visit Boston than any other League city, as he is even more appreciated there than in Chicago.

THIS has been a bad season on pitchers. Just seventeen twirlers have found that they were mistaken in their ability.

JERRY DENNY, of Indianapolis, says: "We can beat any team in the League for six innings. I can't tell what is the matter."

KANSAS CITY ought to have a pennant before 1892. The three stockholders have spent nearly $25,000 for players since last fall.

EX-GOVERNOR JOHN D. LONG, of Massachusetts, is a good amateur baseball player, excelling both at the bat and in the field.

AMONG the minor surprises of the season are the Texas League tail-enders, Austin and Waco, who are playing astonishing ball.

A SYNDICATE of Americans and Parisians proposes to engage two baseball teams to play in Paris in the Wild West Show grounds.

CLEVELAND is playing in as good championship form as any other aspirant for the League pennant. Its first trip record is simply wonderful.

A COLORED league, to comprise the Cuban Giants, of Trenton; Gorhams, of New York, and clubs located in Boston and New Haven, is being formed.

THE largest score and the biggest batting record of the season was made in a Wilkesbarre-Hartford game. There were forty-nine runs and fifty base hits.

THE Easton (Penn.) Club lost $7000 last year, but was then and is now backed by some wealthy sporting men, who say they will stay in to the end of the season.

BALL players, as a rule, never diet. They eat anything that comes along, making a point to eat a cold lunch at noon and a hearty dinner after the game for an evening meal.

BOSTONESE say Brouthers's reputation as a fielder did him gross injustice. To the Boston mind big Dan can cover first base equal to the best form ever shown by John Morrill.

IT is a singular fact that success and the maroon color never traveled in the same baseballs teams. Maroon has hoodooed every baseball team that included it in its make-up.

MANAGER HARRY WRIGHT picked out Boston's first professional team in 1871, and managed them for nine years in succession, winning the championship in '72, '73, '74, '75, '77 and '78.

BASEBALL has taken root in Australia. Not only has it taken root, but the roots are already spreading in all directions. There are a great many clubs, and each week at least one is added to the list.

THOUSANDS of dollars are wasted by clubs in excessive salaries, vain efforts to strengthen and sensational deals, but when it comes to considering the umpire question economy suddenly rules supreme.

THE greatest trouble with young pitchers is their great fear of getting hit. They seem to think that the entire responsibility of the game rests upon their shoulders and that the men behind them are merely so many statues.

ARTHUR IRWIN, who for years has captained the Philadelphia team, and to whose services the club owes much of its success in past years, has been released to the Washingtons for $3000. He is to receive $3200 salary as Captain of the team. Morrill will act as manager and will cover first base.

LEAGUE RECORD.

| | Won. | Lost. | Percentage |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 30 | 10 | .750 |
| Cleveland | 29 | 16 | .644 |
| Philadelphia | 25 | 17 | .595 |
| New York | 22 | 17 | .564 |
| Chicago | 19 | 25 | .432 |
| Pittsburg | 17 | 25 | .405 |
| Indianapolis | 13 | 28 | .317 |
| Washington | 11 | 28 | .282 |

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

| | Won. | Lost. | Percentage. |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 35 | 16 | .686 |
| Athletic | 32 | 16 | .667 |
| Brooklyn | 30 | 19 | .612 |
| Baltimore | 27 | 22 | .551 |
| Cincinnati | 24 | 25 | .490 |
| Kansas City | 21 | 26 | .447 |
| Columbus | 18 | 28 | .391 |
| Louisville | 8 | 43 | .157 |

## THE MARKETS.

25 NEW YORK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beeves | 3 75 | @ 4 87½ |
| Milch Cows, com. to good | 25 00 | @45 00 |
| Calves, common to prime | 2 50 | @ 5 50 |
| Sheep | 4 00 | @ 5 00 |
| Lambs | 5 25 | @ 6 75 |
| Hogs—Live | 4 50 | @ 4 90 |
| Dressed | 6½ | @ 8 |
| Flour—City Mill Extra | 4 35 | @ 4 40 |
| Patents | 4 85 | @ 5 85 |
| Wheat—No. 2 Red | 84½ | @ 84¾ |
| Rye—State | 50 | @ 52 |
| Barley—Two-rowed State | 85 | @ 87 |
| Corn—Ungraded Mixed | 41 | @ 42½ |
| Oats—No. 1 White | — | @ 38 |
| Mixed Western | 26 | @ 30 |
| Hay—No. 1 | 82½ | @ 90 |
| Straw—Long Rye | 65 | @ 75 |
| Lard—City Steam | — | @ 6.30c |
| Butter—Elgin Creamery | — | @ 18 |
| Dairy, fair to good | 14 | @ 16 |
| West. Im. Creamery | 12 | @ 17½ |
| Factory | 8½ | @ 12½ |
| Cheese—State Factory | 8 | @ 9¼ |
| Skims—Light | 7½ | @ 9 |
| Western | — | @ 8 |
| Eggs—State and Penn | 14½ | @ 15 |

BUFFALO.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Steers—Western | 3 00 | @ 30 |
| Sheep—Medium to Good | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| Lambs—Fair to Good | 4 00 | @ 5 00 |
| Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks | 4 50 | @ 4 70 |
| Flour—Family | 5 00 | @ 5 25 |
| Wheat—No. 2 Northern | 82¾ | @ 83¼ |
| Corn—No. 3, Yellow | 38 | @ 38¼ |
| Oats—No. 2, White | — | @ 31 |
| Barley—No. 1 Canada | — | @ 74 |

BOSTON.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's | 5 60 | @ 6 25 |
| Corn—Steamer Yellow | 43½ | @ 45½ |
| Oats—No. 2 White | 32 | @ 40½ |
| Rye—State | 65 | @ 70 |

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beef—Dressed weight | 5½ | @ 6¼ |
| Sheep—Live weight | 4¾ | @ 5 |
| Lambs | 6 | @ 8 |
| Hogs—Northern | 5 | @ 5¾ |

PHILADELPHIA.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flour—Penn. family | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| Wheat—No. 2, Red, June | 90 | @ 90½ |
| Corn—No. 2, Mixed, June | 41¼ | @ 41¾ |
| Oats—Ungraded White | 33¼ | @ 33½ |
| Potatoes—Early Rose | 20 | @ 30 |
| Butter—Creamery Extra | 17 | @ 17½ |
| Cheese—Part skims | 6 | @ 7½ |