

# THE PEACE TREATY

## Deliver Coal to France.

"Coal, etc.—Germany is to deliver annually for 19 years to France coal equivalent to the difference between annual pre-war output of Nord and Pas de Calais mines and annual production during above 16-year period. Germany further gives options over 19 years for delivery of seven million tons coal per year to France in addition to the above of eight million tons to Belgium and of an amount rising from four and a half million tons in 1919 to 1920 to eight and a half million tons in 1923 to 1924 to Italy at prices to be fixed as prescribed in the treaty. Coke may be taken in place of coal in ratio of three tons to four. Provisions are also made for delivery to France over three years of benzol, coal tar and of ammonia. The commission has powers to postpone or annul the above deliveries should they interfere unduly with the industrial requirements of Germany.

"Dyestuffs and Chemical Drugs—Germany accords option to the commission on dyestuffs and chemical drugs, including quinine up to 50 per cent of total stock in Germany at the time the treaty comes into force and similar option during each six months to end of 1924 up to 25 per cent of previous six months output.

## Surrenders Cables.

"Cables—Germany renounces all title to specified cables, value of such as were privately owned being credited to her against reparation indebtedness.

"As reparation for the destruction of the library of Louvain, Germany is to hand over manuscripts, early printed book prints, etc., to the equivalent of those destroyed.

"In addition to the above, Germany is to hand over to Belgium wings now at Berlin belonging to the altar piece of the Adoration of the Lamb by Hubert and Jan van Eyck, the center of which is now in the church of Saint Bavo at Ghent, and wings now at Berlin and Munich of the altar piece of the Last Supper by Dirk Bouts, the center of which belongs to the church of St. Peter at Louvain.

"Germany is to restore within six months the Koran of the Caliph Othman, formerly at Medina, to the king of the Hedjaz, and the skull of the sultan Okwawa, formerly in German East Africa, to his Britannic majesty's government. The German government is also to restore to the French government certain papers taken by the German authorities in 1870, belonging then to M. Renher, and to restore the French flag taken during the war of 1870 and 1871.

## Financial Terms.

"Finance—Powers to which German territory is ceded will assume a certain portion of the German pre-war debt, the amount to be fixed by the reparations commission on the basis of the ratio between the revenue and of the ceded territory and Germany's total revenues for the three years preceding the war. In view, however, of the special circumstances under which Alsace-Lorraine was separated from France in 1871, when Germany refused to accept any part of the French public debt, France will not assume any part of Germany's pre-war debt there nor will Poland share in certain German debts incurred for the oppression of Poland.

"If the value of the German public property in ceded territory exceeds the amount of debt assumed, the states to which property is ceded give credit on reparation for the excess with the exception of Alsace-Lorraine. Mandatory powers will not assume any German debts or give any credit for German government property. Germany renounces all right of representation or control of state banks, commissions or other similar international financial and economic organizations.

## Pay Cost of Occupation.

"Germany is required to pay the total cost of the armies of occupation from the date of the armistice as long as they are maintained in German territory, this cost to be a first charge on her resources. The cost of reparation is the next charge, after making such provisions for payments for imports as the allies may deem necessary.

"Germany is to deliver to the allied and associated powers all sums deposited in Germany by Turkey and Austria-Hungary in connection with the financial support extended by her to them during the war, and to transfer to the allies all claims against Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria or Turkey in connection with agreements made during the war. Germany confirms the renunciation of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk.

"On the request of the reparations commission, Germany will ex-

propriate any rights of interests of her nationals on public utilities in ceded territories or those administered by mandatories in Turkey, China, Russia, Austria-Hungary, and transfer them to the reparations commission, which will credit her with their value.

"Germany guarantees to repay to Brazil the fund arising from sale of Sao Paulo coffee which she refused to allow Brazil to withdraw from Germany.

## Section 8.—Economic clauses.

"Customs: For a period of six months Germany shall impose no tariff duties higher than the lowest in force in nineteen fourteen, and for certain agricultural products, wines, vegetable oils, artificial silk and washed or scoured wool this restriction obtains for two and a half years or for five years unless further extended by the league of nations. Germany must give most favored nations treatment to the allied and associated powers. She shall impose no customs tariff for five years on goods originating in Alsace-Lorraine and for three years on goods originating in former German territory ceded to Poland with the right of observation of a similar exception for Luxemburg.

"Shipping: Ships of the allied and associated powers shall for five years and thereafter under condition of reciprocity, unless the league of nations otherwise decides, enjoy the same rights in German ports as German vessels and have most favored nation treatment in fishing, coasting trade and towage even in territorial waters. Ships of a country having no seacoast may be registered at some one place within its territory.

"Unfair competition: Germany undertakes to give the trade of the allied and associated powers adequate safeguard against unfair competition and in particular to suppress the use of false wrappings and markings and on condition of reciprocity to respect the laws and judicial decisions of allied and associated states in respect of regional appellations of wines and spirits.

"Germany shall impose no exceptional taxes or restriction upon the nationals of the allied and associated states for a period of five years and unless the league of nations acts for an additional five years. German nationality shall not continue to attach to a person who has become a national of an allied or associated state.

"Multilateral Conventions—Some 40 multilateral conventions are renewed between Germany and the allied and associated powers, but special conditions are attached to Germany's readmission to several. As to postal and telegraphic conventions Germany must not refuse to make reciprocal agreements with the new states. She must agree as respects the radio-telegraphic convention to provisional rules to be communicated to her, and adheres to the new convention when formulated. In the North sea fisheries and North sea liquor traffic convention, rights of inspection and police over associated fishing boats shall be exercised for at least five years only by vessels of these powers.

"As to the international railway union she shall adhere to the new convention when formulated.

## Relieved of Obligation.

"China, as the Chinese customs tariff arrangement, the arrangement of 1905 regarding indemnity of 1901; France, Portugal and Roumania, as to the Hague convention of 1903 relating to civil procedure, and Great Britain and the United States, as to article three of the Samson treaty of 1899, are relieved of all obligation toward Germany.

"Bilateral Treaties.—Each allied and associated state may renew any treaty with Germany insofar as consistent with the peace treaty by giving notice within six months. Treaties entered into by Germany since August 1, 1914, with other enemy states and before or since that date with Rumania, Russia and governments representing parts of Russia are abrogated and any concession granted under pressure by Russia to German subjects annulled. The allied and associated states are to enjoy most favored nation treatment under treaties entered into by Germany and other enemy states before August 1, 1914, and under treaties entered into by Germany and neutral states during the war.

"Pre-war debts: A system of clearing houses is to be created within three months, one in Germany and one in each allied and associated state which adopts the plan for the payment of pre-war debts including those arising from contracts suspended by the war for the adjustment of the proceeds of the liquida-

tion of enemy property and the settlement of other obligations. Each participant state assumes responsibility for the payment of all debts owing by its nationals to nationals of the enemy states except in cases of pre-war insolvency of the debtor.

"The proceeds of the sale of private enemy property in each participating state may be used to pay the debts owed to the nationals of that state, direct payment from debtor to creditor and all communications relating thereto being prohibited. Disputes may be settled by arbitration by the courts of the debtor country or by the mixed arbitral tribunal; Any ally or associated power may, however, decline to participate in this system by giving Germany six months notice.

## Pay for all Property.

"Enemy property: Germany shall restore or pay for all private enemy property seized or damaged by her, the amount of damages to be fixed by the mixed arbitral tribunal. The allied and associated states may liquidate German private property within their territories as compensation for property of their nations not restored or paid for by Germany for debts owed to their nationals by German nationals and for other claims against Germany. Germany is to compensate its nationals for such losses and to deliver within six months all documents relating to property held by its nationals in allied and associated states. All war legislation as to enemy property rights and interests is confirmed and all claims by Germany against the allied or associated governments for acts under exceptional war measures abandoned.

"Contracts.—Pre-war contracts between allied and associated nationals excepting the United States, Japan and Brazil and German nationals are cancelled except for debts for accounts already performed, agreements for the transfer of property where the property had already passed, leases of land and houses, contracts of mortgages, pledges or lien, mining concessions, contracts with governments and insurance contracts.

"Mixed arbitral tribunals shall be established of three members, one chosen by Germany, one by the allied states and the third by agreement or falling which by the president of Switzerland. They shall have jurisdiction over all disputes as to contracts concluded before the present peace treaty.

## Insurance Contracts.

"Fire insurance contracts are not considered dissolved by the war, even if premiums have not been paid, but lapse at the date of the first annual premium falling due three months after peace. Life insurance contracts may be restored by payments of accumulated premiums with interest sums falling due on such contracts during the war to be recoverable with interest.

"Marine insurance contracts are dissolved by the outbreak of war except where the risk insured against had already been incurred. Where the risk had not attached, premium paid are recoverable; otherwise premiums due and sums due on losses are recoverable. Reinsurance treaties are abrogated unless invasion has made it impossible for the reinsured to find another reinsurer. Any allied or associated power, however, may cancel all the contracts running obligated to hand over the proportion of its assets attributed to such policies.

"Industrial property rights: As the industrial, literary and artistic property are re-established, the special war measures of the allied and associated powers are ratified and the right reserved to impose conditions on the use of German patents and copyrights when in the public interest. Except as between the United States and Germany, pre-war licenses and rights due for infringements committed during the war are cancelled.

"Section 9.—Opium: The contracting powers agree, whether or not they have signed and ratified the opium convention of January 23, 1912, or signed the special protocol opened at the Hague in accordance with resolutions adopted by the third opium conference in 1914, to bring the said convention into force by enacting within 12 months of the peace the necessary legislation.

"Religious missions: The allied and associated powers agree that the properties of religious missions in territories belonging or ceded to them shall continue in their work under the control of the powers, Germany renouncing all claims in their behalf.

## Belgium May Build Canal.

"Section 10.—Belgium is to be permitted to build a deep, draft Rhine-Meuse canal if she so desires within 25 years, in which case Germany must construct the part within her territory on plans drawn by

Belgium; similarly, the interested allied governments may construct a Rhine-Meuse canal, both, if constructed, to come under the competent international commission. Germany may not object if the central Rhine commission desires to extend its jurisdiction over the lower Moselle, the upper Rhine, or lateral canals.

"Germany must cede to the allied and associated governments certain tugs, vessels, and facilities for navigation on all these rivers, the specific details to be established by an arbitral named by the United States. Decision will be based on the legitimate needs of the parties concerned and on the shipping traffic during the five years before the war. The value will be included in the regular reparation account. In the case of the Rhine shares in the German navigation companies and property such as wharves and warehouses held by Germany in Rotterdam at the outbreak of the war must be handed over.

## Operation of Railways.

"Railways: Germany in addition to most favored nation treatment on her railways, agrist (agrees—garbled in transmission) to co-operate in the establishment of through ticket services for passengers and baggage; to ensure communication by rail between the allied, associated and other states; to allow the construction or improvement within 25 years of such lines as necessary; and to conform her rolling stock to enable in its incorporation in trains of the allied or associated powers. She also agrees to accept the denunciation of the St. Gothard convention if Switzerland and Italy so requests, and temporarily to execute instructions as to the transport of troops and supplies and the establishment of postal and telegraphic service, as provided.

"Czecho-Slovakia: To assure Czecho-Slovakia access to the sea, special rights are given her both north and south. Towards the Adriatic, she is permitted to run her own

# IT'S NOT YOUR HEART IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. A majority of the ill-afflicted people today can be traced back to kidney trouble. The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers, of your blood. Kidney disease is usually indicated by weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, headache, stomach trouble, pain in loins and lower abdomen, gall stones, gravel, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago. All these derangements are nature's signals to warn you that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammation and destroys the germs which have caused it. Do not wait until tomorrow. Go to your druggist today and buy on GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning and will bless the day you first heard of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil. After you feel that you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two capsules each day, so as to keep in first-class condition and ward off the danger of other attacks. For the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, Three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you.



## NOTICE OF INCREASE OF CAPITAL STOCK.

Whereas at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Springs Banking & Mercantile Company held at Lancaster, S. C., on the 15th day of January, 1919, it was decided by the stockholders to increase the capital stock of the corporation from \$25,000 to \$100,000, and whereas at said meeting a resolution was duly adopted authorizing the Secretary to take such steps as may be necessary to increase the capital stock of said corporation as aforesaid.

Now in pursuance of said resolution, a meeting of the stockholders of the corporation is hereby called to meet at the office of Leroy Springs, President, Lancaster, S. C., at 12 o'clock P. M. on the twelfth day of June, 1919, for the purpose of considering a resolution to increase the capital stock of the corporation to \$100,000, divided into one thousand shares, each share of the par value of \$100.

ROBT. B. MACKAY,

Secretary, Health Springs, S. C., May 12, 1919, 57-4t.

(Continued on Page Six.)

# Real Estate Rentals Insurance

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## Some Bargains That Won't Last READ 'EM EVERY ONE

One lot between the Oil Mill and Brooklyn, 58x160 feet, \$325 cash.

Farm known as Hunter place, 2 miles from town, 197 3-4 acres, three-fourths can be put under cultivation, cheap at \$3,800.

Nice farm, 2 miles south, 120 acres with dwelling, barn, shop, two tenant houses, one almost new, creek runs through this place, giving some fine bottom land. This place is absolutely a bargain for \$5,000.

Farm known as Leonard Caskey place, 3 miles northeast of city, 100 acres, dwelling and outbuildings in good condition. Some timber; also some good bottom land on this place. Only \$33 per acre.

100 acres, belonging to W. B. Plyler, 1 mile from Antioch; good church and school. This place is practically new, with nice 5-room house and good barn. Also 49 acres which joins this place. \$4,500 for the 100 acre tract.

One 6-room dwelling in rear of Graded school building, fine location. Can't stay with me long at \$2,500.

The very same thing will be heard five or ten years from now---or possibly in one year. Just watch it!

## W. E. PLYLER

Phone 107

Next to Bank of Lancaster