

# Make A Partner Of That Boy of Yours

Haven't you ever wished for a business partner, Mr. Farmer—somebody to share the responsibilities of farm work and management—somebody to talk things over with when you are in doubt about any matter, and plan with you for bigger and better things from year to year?

Of course, a man isn't much of a man if he doesn't make his wife a business partner; but we are speaking now of some partner actually working side by side with you in the fields. We also believe there are great opportunities for brothers, kinsfolk and neighbors to work together in farming—great economies to effect wherever farms adjoin, the two or more farmers joining together in the use of teams, tools and machinery.

But what we have in mind right now, Brother Farmer, is the opportunity for making a business partner of that boy of yours. Nearly every city business man looks forward to having his son succeed him in business, as you remember is vividly brought out in Dickens' story of "Dombey and Son" and in the more modern "Letters of a Self-Made Man to His Son." Nothing delights the city man more than to find his son "taking to the business like a duck to water," and not merely working but studying, reading and thinking about all up-to-date methods of doing things, about labor-saving machinery, etc. And even the man who has almost lost his soul in the pursuit of wealth feels a thrill of pride as he discusses plans and prospects with the boy.

But how is it in your business, Mr. Farmer? Are you doing like our Mr. French and putting it on your stationery, "Sunny Home Farm, A. L. French & Son"? Or are you giving your boy the treatment suggested as punishment for the Prodigal Son, when it was proposed to treat him merely "as one of the hired servants?"

It's none too early to begin making him an actual partner in your farming—none too early to get him interested not only in doing the manual work on the farm, but also in making plans that call for business judgment and for knowledge of good scientific farming practice—rotation, drainage, cultivation, fertilizers, scientific feeding, breeding, etc.

And if your boy hasn't passed the age limit, Mr. Farmer, there is no other way to teach him scientific farming so quickly as through Corn Clubs and Pig Clubs. The contact with other boys and with teachers and demonstration agents, the keen ambition to make a fine record and possibly win a prize—all these will give him a zest for knowledge, an eagerness to find out every helpful fact and principle, such as ordinary farm work will not give him. It's with folks just as it is with horses; they never do their very levellest best unless they are in a keen, wild race with their fellows.

And right now, Mr. Farmer, right now is about the last chance to get your boy in the Corn Club or Pig Club work this year. May we not

urge you, therefore, to sit down tonight—not a day later—and write to your superintendent or your county demonstration agent and have your boy entered if he is willing to enter? Or else write quickly to your state agent whose name appears in our "Reference Special" and has recently been repeated.

Anyhow get your boy interested in farm work this year. Get him to reading *The Progressive Farmer*; study the textbook on agriculture with him; give him an acre of corn or a pig for his very own; plan to have him make some exhibit at your county fair this fall; give him Saturday afternoons off for baseball or fishing; and get him to join the local union with you and go with you to the farmers' institutes, the colt shows, corn shows and the state farmers' convention.

It's a good ambition to aim to leave behind you the best farm in the county, but it's better to aim to leave a son who will be the best farmer in the county. And if you are going to do that, the thing to do is to begin now to make a real partner of him. Start him now in the Corn Club and Pig Club work.—*The Progressive Farmer*.

### ONCE AGAIN, "LIVE AT HOME AND BOARD AT SAME PLACE."

Make your farm feed itself this year, Mr. Farmer. Every passing week only adds new evidence that there is safety in no other plan.

There is every prospect that on account of the advance in cotton prices as compared with last fall's low levels, farmers by the tens of thousands and perhaps hundreds of thousands will plant as big an acreage of cotton as ever. The negro tenants know no other crop, and the line of least resistance is to continue cotton. Moreover, thousands of supply merchants will insist that their men raise cotton and buy supplies from the store.

There is also grave danger that the acreage in tobacco and peanuts will be excessive. Farmers who raise peanuts for their hogs and "market their crops on the hoof" will get their profits all right, but we hear from many sections the fear of an overproduction of market peanuts this year.

And as for tobacco, we fear that overproduction there is already assured. The old tobacco sections realize that prices are already low, and are not likely to increase acreage, but many new sections are going to risk planting tobacco instead of cotton. The new sections sold tobacco early last year before prices slumped and do not realize how badly prices did drop.

In view of all these things we repeat that the only safety lies year and next lies in "living at home and boarding at the same place."—*The Progressive Farmer*.

### Efficient Publicity.

The idea is entertained by some of the older types of merchants that the good repute of their firm is spread from mouth to mouth in conversation and that they do not need to advertise in the newspapers.

That condition may have prevailed years ago, when people had nothing else to do but to gossip about their neighbors. In those times everyone discussed all of his home purchases with all his neighbors.

Today a man who depends upon conversation and gossip to spread the news of his store, will not find that his place of business is much frequented. People do not exchange information about their domestic habits as they used to. You have little idea whether your neighbors buy their goods of Smith, Brown or Jones. The world is full of wide interests, and the bargains one may find in a certain store are ordinarily known only to those that find them.

The newspaper is the only efficient means of acquainting the public with the business news of the town. For one person that will learn something about a given store by word of mouth a hundred learn about it through newspaper notices.

The advertising columns of a newspaper are read just as attentively as any sensation that may appear in the news columns.

The results of the two policies are obvious. In one case a merchant drags along, with only a small part of the community knowing anything about what is happening in his store.

In the other case, practically every one knows when that merchant has special bargains in his store at a given time. Can there be the least question as to which kind of merchant gets the business.—*The Florence Times*.

### Tomatoes.

The State Department of Agriculture has just gotten out a bulletin on tomato culture which ought to be in the hands of every gardener. It is by James Henry Rice, of Summerville. Mr. Rice's father before him was famous for his tomatoes and the son has made of their culture an art. His method will not appeal to the lazy or the inefficient but those who love to garden and who are willing to take the pains without which it is impossible to excel in anything will joy in the suggestions which he gives. This is one year when every man who can do so ought to have a garden. If the bankers and merchants in the state of South Carolina would urge this upon the attention of their customers, white and black, they could accomplish a fine work. It is so easy to grow vegetables and they are of much value that no family should be without them. There would be far less sickness in rural South Carolina if all farmers saw to it that their tables were supplied with the change of diet which fresh vegetables afford.—*News and Courier*.

### Who Can Doubt Sworn Testimony of Honest Citizens?

Some time ago I began the use of your Swamp-Root with the most remarkable results. For years I was almost a wreck and was a great sufferer. I was so bad at times I would faint away and had sinking spells. First a doctor was called in and he said that I had kidney trouble and gave me medicine, of which I took several bottles. I obtained some relief from this but I was getting weaker all the time. I could not sleep and suffered so much pain that my husband and children had to lift me in and out of bed. After this time two friends sent me word to try Swamp-Root, which I did, and I am glad to state that the first dose gave me great relief. After taking the third dose I was helped into bed and slept half of the night.

I took several bottles of Swamp-Root and I feel that I owe my life to this wonderful remedy. The two family doctors said that I could not live three months. I would have to be helped in and out of bed ten to twenty times every night. After taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for two days I was entirely free from getting up and could sleep soundly. MRS. D. E. HILEMAN, Tunnelton, W. Va.

Personally appeared before me, this 11th day of September, 1909, Mrs. D. E. Hileman, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact. JOSEPH A. MILLER, Notary Public.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root will Do for You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer's & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention *The Lancaster News*. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

## IS WELL PREPARED

Germany Thoroughly Organized to Meet War Strain.

Neutral Observer of London Times Declares Empire Shows Less Disturbance Than Other Belligerents—Determined to Fight to End.

Cologne.—The "neutral observer" of the London Times, who has been traveling through Germany, declares that the efficiency of the people is as great today as ever and that the force of all the people is concentrated scientifically on the work of defense, says a dispatch to the semi-official Cologne Gazette. The neutral observer, to his great surprise, arrived in Berlin punctually and without mishap. He thus describes the capital:

"I found in Berlin the cold, metallic, precise click of a great machine, not the throbbing heart of an empire. It is the most magnificent organization the world has ever seen. It is man reduced to an equation of efficiency. Of each individual is required about one-half the effort of which he is capable. The result is that not only is the nation amply provided for any emergency, but ordinary life is less disturbed than in any other belligerent country.

"After six months of war Germany seems to me almost as strong as on the first day, closely united, little disturbed. The civil life of the nation appears to continue as in time of peace.

"To underestimate Germany's military reserve would be very shortsighted. Military authorities state that her class of 1915, some 750,000 able-bodied, picked men, has not been called out. Apart from these, the numbers of 'untrained landwehr and landsturm' would run into millions. Though arms and ammunition factories are working day and night, I have it from a reliable source that Germany is only just beginning to use her 1914 small arms ammunition.

"Every possible effort is being made to preserve for the future such perishable stores as are now in the market. It has been carefully determined whether, under given conditions, it will be more advantageous to keep a cow alive and obtain milk, butter and cheese from day to day and the meat at some future time or by slaughtering it to save the food which it would consume and which might be of greater caloric value to man. An understanding of German character will preclude any possibility of drawing rash conclusions that these measures mean that Germany is on the verge of starvation.

"The Germans realize that they must now rely on themselves alone, and yet I found no weakening of spirit anywhere, but rather a grim determination to fight to the bitter end."

### ELOPES WITH DOORMAN



Isabel Bernheimer, nineteen-year-old daughter of Charles Daly Bernheimer, millionaire tenant in a deluxe apartment house in Central Park West, New York, eloped with James Murray, doorman of the house, and is today known as Mrs. James Murray. Desperate efforts were made by the parents and relatives of the young bride to get her to leave her husband, but she refused all overtures and avowed, "I will never leave Jim as long as I live." James Murray was confronted with monetary offers by relatives of the girl, but all he wanted was to be left alone with his wife.

Food by Parcel Post. Chicago.—The Chicago post office authorities estimate that 12,000 pounds of food has been sent to Germany and Austria by parcel post during the last thirty days.

Chickens Obey Whistle. Sayville, N. Y.—Mrs. Nelson Sweetney has taught her chickens to run when she whistles a certain sacred tune.

### EVER HAVE IT?

If You Have, the Statement of This Lancaster Citizen Will Interest You.

Ever have a "low-down" pain in the back? In the "small," right over the hips?

That's the home of backache. If it is caused by weak kidneys, Use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Lancaster people testify to their worth. Read a case of it:

Mrs. H. M. Parks, Market street, Lancaster, S. C., says: "I ached all over and my back was a constant pain. When I sat down I got so stiff across my back I could hardly get up. I couldn't do any stooping. I was hardly able to do my housework. I finally got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at the Standard Drug Company and began taking them. They gave me lasting relief from the backache and fixed my kidneys in good shape." Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Parks had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.

### SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"Premier Carrier of the South." PASSENGER TRAIN SCHEDULES.

Trains arrive Lancaster from: No. 118—Yorkville, Rock Hill and Intermediate stations 8:31 a. m. No. 113—Charleston, Columbia and Intermediate stations 10:05 a. m. No. 114—Marion, Blacksburg, Charlotte and Intermediate stations, 1:35 p. m. No. 117—Columbia, Kingsville and Intermediate stations, 7:48 p. m. Trains leave Lancaster for: No. 118—Kingsville, Columbia and Intermediate stations, 8:31 a. m. No. 113—Rock Hill, Blacksburg, Marion, Charlotte and Intermediate stations, 10:05 a. m. No. 114—Kingsville, Columbia, Charleston and Intermediate stations 1:35 p. m. No. 117—Rock Hill, Yorkville and Intermediate stations, 7:33 p. m. N. B.—Schedule figures are published as information only and are not guaranteed. For information as to passenger fares, etc., call on W. B. CAUTHEN, Agent, W. E. MCGEE, A. G. P. A., Columbia, S. C. W. H. CAFFEY, D. P. A., Charleston, S. C.

### NOTICE.

The time for the payment of taxes expires March 31. The comptroller general has directed me to issue the executions immediately after this time.

If any taxes are received after March 31 and before the executions can be turned over to the sheriff, a penalty of 5 per cent. will be added to the same. Much taxes are yet to be paid, so I want to ask the people not to put the matter off until the last day. T. L. HILTON, County Treasurer.

### Citation for Letters of Administration.

State of South Carolina, County of Lancaster.

By J. E. Stewman, Judge of Probate.

Whereas J. S. Barton has made suit to me to grant him letters of administration of the estate and effects of Mary Barton, deceased; These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Lancaster on the 27th of April, next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 9th day of April, Anno Domini 1915. J. E. STEWMAN, Probate Judge.

### Lancaster & Chester Ry. Co.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 27, 1914. Eastern Time.

WESTBOUND. Lv. Lancaster ... 6:00am—3:30pm Lv. Fort Lawn ... 6:30am—4:08pm Lv. Bascomville ... 6:47am—4:28pm Lv. Richburg ... 6:58am—4:43pm Ar. Chester ... 7:40am—5:25pm EASTBOUND. Lv. Chester ... 9:00am—6:45pm Lv. Richburg ... 9:45am—7:27pm Lv. Bascomville ... 10:00am—7:38pm Lv. Fort Lawn ... 10:30am—7:55pm Ar. Lancaster ... 11:00am—8:25pm Connections—Chester with Southern, Seaboard and Carolina & North-western Railways. Fort Lawn, with Seaboard Air Line Railway. Lancaster, with Southern Railway. A. P. McLURE, Supt.

### Some Forms of Rheumatism Curable.

Rheumatism is a disease characterized by pains in the joints and in the muscles. The most common forms are: Acute and chronic rheumatism, rheumatic headaches, sciatic rheumatism and lumbago. All of these types can be helped absolutely by applying some good liniment that penetrates. An application of Sloan's Liniment two or three times a day to the affected part will give instant relief. Sloan's Liniment is good for pain, and especially rheumatic pain, because it penetrates to the seat of the trouble, soothes the afflicted part and draws the pain. "Sloan's Liniment is all medicine." Get a 25c bottle now. Keep it handy in case of emergency. All dealers.—Advt.

### SHERIFF'S SALES.

State of South Carolina, County of Lancaster.

Interstate Chemical Corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Farmington Corporation and W. C. Heath, Defendants.—Execution against property.

By virtue of an execution in the above stated case, I will sell at public outcry at the Court House in Lancaster, S. C., within the legal hours of sale on the first (1st) Monday in May, 1915, the defendant W. C. Heath's interest in and to all the following described lands, to-wit:

No. 1. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate, in the County of Lancaster, and State aforesaid, containing one hundred and eight (108) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north and east by the North Carolina line, and on the south and west by the Lancaster & Charlotte road. Said tract of land is about seven miles north of Lancaster.

No. 2. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster, and State aforesaid, containing one hundred and fifty (150) acres, more or less, and is bounded as follows: On the north by lands of J. M. Slagle; east by lands of J. A. Nivens; on the south by lands of S. J. Lindsay, and on the west by lands of J. L. Rodman. Said tract of land is near the Steele Hill negro church.

No. 3. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster, and State aforesaid, containing three hundred and forty-four (344) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Mary Clinton; on the east by lands of Mary Clinton; south by lands of R. H. Massey and on the west by lands of Belk Bros.

No. 4. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in Lancaster county, and State aforesaid, containing seventy-five (75) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Belk Bros.; on the east by lands of Belk Bros.; on the south by lands of J. A. Davis and on the west by lands of Mary Clinton. Said tract of land is known as the "Magill Place."

No. 5. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster, in the State aforesaid, containing three hundred and thirteen (313) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Belk Bros.; on the east by lands of J. A. Davis; on the south by lands of Mary Clinton, and on the west by lands of Bob Wolfe. Said tract of land is known as the "Wooly Roan Place."

No. 6. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster, and State aforesaid, containing one hundred and forty (140) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of the Green Perry place; on the east by lands of J. A. Hayward; on the south by lands of H. A. Slagle, and on the west by lands of J. M. Slagle. Said tract of land is known as the "Polly Heath Place."

No. 7. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster and State of South Carolina, containing one hundred (100) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Charlotte Vincent; on the east by lands of DeLaney; on the south by lands of J. L. Rodman, and Alexander Perry, and on the west by lands of Eli Timms.

No. 8. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster and State aforesaid, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Gordon Richardson; on the east by lands of S. E. Packson and Davis; on the south by lands of DeLaney and Enson, and on the west by lands of T. W. Secrest.

No. 9. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster and State aforesaid, containing one hundred and fifty (150) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of Allen Morrow; on the east by lands of Allen Morrow; on the south by lands of Dallas Steele and on the West by lands of Allen Morrow, Jr. Said tract of land is known as "Allen Morrow, Jr. Place."

No. 10. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster and State of South Carolina, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of J. L. Rodman and Nesbit; on the east by lands of the estate of A. W. Heath, deceased; on the south by lands of Edmund Nesbit, and west by lands of Edmund Nesbit; said tract of land is known as the "Porter Place."

No. 11. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Lancaster and State aforesaid, near the town or village of Van Wyck, and containing thirty-five (35) acres, more or less. Said tract of land is bounded as follows: North by lands of R. H. Massey; east by lands of Edmund Nesbit, and Mrs. Stewart; south by lands of J. M. Yoder, and on the west by lands of M. C. Harmon, and the right-of-way of the Seaboard Air Line Railway. Said tract of land is known as the "Heath Place."

Terms of sale, cash. Purchaser or purchasers to pay for papers. JNO. P. HUNTER, Sheriff, Lancaster County. NATHANS & SINKLER, McCANTS & McCANTS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

All persons indebted to the estate of S. R. Caskey deceased are hereby notified to settle with the undersigned; and those holding claim against said estate are hereby required to present the same duly verified to me. J. BART CASKEY, Administrator Estate of S. R. Caskey Feb. 27, 1915. 2wkly-4wk

**The Rayo Rests Your Eyes**

THE bright, yet soft light of the RAYO Lamp rests your eyes as surely as a harsh white glare is injurious to them. Scientists recommend the light of an oil lamp—and the

**Rayo LAMP**

is the best oil lamp made. Ask your dealer to show you the Rayo. No glare, no flicker. Easy to light and care for.

**STANDARD OIL COMPANY**

Washington, D. C. (NEW JERSEY) Charlotte, N. C. Richmond, Va. BALTIMORE Charleston, W. Va. Charleston, S. C.