

The Lancaster News.

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MEXICO'S SECOND CITY IS CAPTURED

Guadalajara Falls Before Rebels Under Obregon.

AN IMPORTANT VICTORY.

Rebels Are Exuberant Over Success of Arms and See Visions of Occupation of Capital.

Saltillo, Mexico, July 9.—General Carranza was officially advised late today of the fall of Guadalajara before the Constitutional forces Wednesday at noon. The news was received with the utmost elation at Constitutional headquarters where it was regarded as preliminary to the occupation of Mexico City itself.

General Alvaro Obregon, Constitutional commander, in his dispatch to General Carranza, reported that the Federals had been completely routed and that he was in control of the entire city, including the Federal palace. Five thousand Federals had been taken prisoners, according to Obregon's report and the retreat toward Mexico City of those who escaped had been cut off by troops of the command of General Blanco, detached from Ameca to destroy the Federal lines of communication. Much ammunition, arms and supplies was captured.

LOSSES UNESTIMATED.

The Federals were reported scattered in all directions and great punishment inflicted on them in retreat but no figures of losses on either side were available.

The line of combat, it is stated, extended over fifty-five miles with General Blanco in command of Obregon's advance guard. General Obregon personally led the main attack.

For several days the Constitutionalists hammered the Guadalajara garrison which came out from its defenses in the effort to scatter the besiegers. After a disastrous conflict Tuesday in which the Federals lost ten troop trains and more than six hundred prisoners they retreated, leaving an unobstructed road to the second largest city of Mexico, which offered little resistance when the Constitutionalists appeared.

Routed 12,000 Men.

Douglas, Ariz., July 9.—Telegraphing from the governor's palace in the city of Guadalajara, General Alvaro Obregon today informed F. S. Elias, border representative of the Constitutionalists, that he had captured the city Wednesday morning and routed 12,000 Federals commanded by General Miel, Federal governor of the state Jalisco.

In a fierce battle extending over a zone of eighty miles, the Federal army was cut to pieces by Obregon's force of less than 10,000 men. Five thousand Federals were captured, Obregon said, along with all the artillery and ammunition of the enemy. General Blanco was sent to cut off all communication with Mexico City. He tore up the railroad line and prevented the Federals moving stores from the city.

Few of the attacking force were killed or wounded, Obregon reported. He informed Elias that he led his forces personally into Guadalajara. The city went wild with enthusiasm over the entrance of the revolutionary forces.

Obregon's telegram to Carranza said:

"At this moment, 11 a. m., I telegraph you from the governor's palace in this city. The column sent out by the Federals to meet us was disastrously destroyed. General Blanco was sent to cut off all communication with Mexico City. The losses of the Federals I am unable to compute as yet. The battle covered a distance of over 100 kilometers and the dead are scattered all over this territory.

"Those who escaped are in flight or dispersed entirely. For three days we fought with more than 12,000 of the enemy. Have virtually captured all artillery and ammunition held by enemy and five thousand prisoners. Others coming all the time and surrendering. Very few of our men are wounded or killed. No officers. Enthusiasm reigns in the city."

Celebrations are going on tonight in all the towns of northern Sonora, where news of the victory was received.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Young Woman Accused of Killing Her Husband.

Oak City, N. C., July 8.—Mrs. Joseph Johnson today was held without bail on the charge of murdering her husband last Saturday night, at the conclusion of a preliminary hearing here. It is charged that she shot and killed her husband while they were driving near Speed, N. C.

Mrs. Johnson says her husband was shot by some one who was standing at the side of the road. Richard Manning, a farmer, who said he was about 100 yards from the couple when the shooting occurred, testified at the hearing that he saw no one run from the roadside. The moon was shining brightly, he said.

Mrs. Johnson is 22 years old. Her husband, who was a prominent farmer, was 24 years old.

WILL RECONSTRUCT REBEL GOVERNMENT

Change Necessary in Machinery Which Has Been Conducting Revolutionary Movement.

El Paso, Texas, July 8.—Reconstruction of the constitutionalist government machinery in Chihuahua will begin immediately as a result of the settlement of the Carranza-Villa dispute.

Carranza officials ousted from office in Juarez and other Chihuahua cities by the Villa faction will be reinstated, according to Carranza agents here today. Such action would mean the restoring of federal telegraph and railway lines in Chihuahua to the control of Carranza appointees. Most of these men are among the 24 Carranza officials held as virtual prisoners in Chihuahua city by the Villa authorities since the breach.

At least three Carranza officials will resign, owing to the demands made by Villa's delegates. Isidro Fabala, minister of communications in the Carranza cabinet; Alfredo Brecedo, one of the Carranza special agents in Washington, and Gen. Isidro Arevalo, chief of staff of the constitutionalist leader, will be removed, according to well informed constitutionalists in El Paso.

It is reported that Rafael Zubaran, special representative of Carranza in Washington, also may resign, as the Villa faction is bitter against him. In return for these concessions on Carranza's part, Villa has acknowledged absolute subordination to him, according to messages from Torreón. Whether General Felipe Angeles, chief of artillery under Villa, will be expelled from the constitutionalist ranks by Carranza's order, still was a matter of conjecture.

While on the surface everything seems peaceful there is growing conviction on both sides here that the adjustment is only temporary. Villa is sending his brigades northward from Torreón ostensibly to recuperate.

RETURN TO TAMPICO.

Carranza and His Staff Back From Tour.

Tampico, Mexico, July 8.—Jesus Carranza, constitutionalist commander, and staff, have returned here, after having gone by train without interruption to within 25 miles of San Luis Potosi. This last section of the railroad soon will be repaired. General Carranza will remain here until the concentration of troops is more advanced, when he will return to San Luis Potosi to take part in the attack.

Fifty Spanish subjects from Monterey and the same number from this vicinity today placed themselves under the protection of United States Consul Miller, who escorted them to the steamer Alfonso XIII, chartered by the Spanish government to take them to Spain.

WENDELL WILSON HURT.

Iron Beam Cuts Gash in His Head.

While in the act of closing the door of a box car on the Southern Railway tracks yesterday, Mr. Wendell Wilson suffered a painful accident. A heavy iron bar above the door fell, cutting an ugly gash on his head. The wound necessitated the taking of several stitches and this was done by Dr. G. W. Poovey. Mr. Wilson had a narrow escape, but we are glad to know he sustained no more serious injuries.

BLEASE REFUSE TO LET TROOPS PASS

Governor Won't Let Georgia Militia Come Through State.

ADJT. GEN. MOORE TALKS.

Says Request of Georgia Adjutant General to Pass Troops Was Unnecessary.

Atlanta, July 8.—Differences existing between Governor Blease of South Carolina and the war department are responsible for the governor's refusal to allow the state troops of Georgia and North Carolina to pass through South Carolina to the proposed joint encampment in Augusta, Ga., next month it was indicated here tonight.

Adjutant General Nash of the Georgia National Guard made public a letter from Adjutant General Moore of the South Carolina National Guard, which said that the ban would not be removed until the issues between Governor Blease and Secretary of War Garrison had been settled.

The war department recently withdrew an invitation to the South Carolina militia to participate in the encampment because they did not meet the requirements of the Dick militia law in the matter of equipment and number of enlisted men in the various grades.

Trouble has, previously, arisen between the governor and the secretary of war over the location of the proposed encampment on the Isle of Palms at Charleston, S. C. Secretary Garrison finally preemptorily transferred the camp to Augusta.

General Moore Talks.

Columbia Special to Charleston News and Courier, July 8.—Referring to the fact that Governor Blease has declined permission to a company of Georgia militia to pass through the state of South Carolina via Blackville to the joint militia encampment at Augusta next month, Adjutant General Moore gave out the following information today when interviewed at his office.

"It has never been considered necessary," said Gen. Moore to obtain permission from one state to move militia of another state through its territory when the foreign militia are moving under orders from the war department of the United States state militia then assumes the nature of federal troops. Therefore the request for permission to move the Georgia Hussars through South Carolina which was made by Adj. Gen. Nash, of Georgia, on June 30, was unnecessary in this instance, although proper to any militia movement other than one under Federal orders."

REFUSED TO SIGN

The Georgia request was submitted together with other orders by the Adjutant General of South Carolina to Governor Blease by Special Order No. 47, A. G. O., July 6, for the Governor to affix his signature. Governor Blease declined, however, to sign any of the submitted orders, with the statement to the effect that he would sign no further orders with regard to military affairs until the middle between this state and the War department has been straightened out.

Governor Blease was absent from Columbia to-day, and Mr. John K. Aull, his private secretary, stated that the Governor's office had nothing whatever to give out as to the itinerary of the Georgia Hussars.

North Carolina Troops Won't Heed Blease's Order.

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—Although Adjutant General Young was en route to Camp Glenn today, it was stated in his office that the second regiment and troops A and B certainly would attempt to pass through South Carolina unless the war department at Washington gave other orders. Inquiry was made at both the governor's office and the adjutant general's office, where the reports from Columbia were not taken seriously.

Wisdom of the man who knows it all is valuable, but so is the hole in a doughnut.

HECKLING MARKS UNION MEETING

Senatorial Aspirants Have Exciting Time.

SHOUTS FROM THE CROWD.

Audience Listens Part of Time, But Does Not Confine Itself to Using Its Ears.

Union Special to Columbia State, July 8.—The United States senatorial campaign meeting here today was marked by a siege of the most persistent interruptions of speakers that has occurred since the campaign opened.

Last Saturday at Spartanburg there was a concerted effort to howl one of the speakers off his feet. In Union today three of the four speakers were subjected to similar grilling interruptions from a small but noisy group that harangued the speakers and kept up a ripid fire of discourteous remarks throughout the speeches of both Messrs. Jennings and Pollock and far into that of Senator Smith.

For the first time the governor's friends stayed today after the chief executive had had his say. On every stump, the policy of Governor Blease is not to appear until the time has arrived for him to speak, and to leave the stand promptly when he has finished.

Today the governor left as usual, but his supporters remained behind to hear both Messrs. Jennings and Pollock apply the gaff to the governor's record. It was their bold assaults that caused the limited number to fret and bristle and squirm.

EASIEST FOR SMITH.

Of the three subjected to these interruptions, Senator Smith had least to resist. This was occasioned by the fact that the senator refrained today, as he has on every other stump, from any discussion of the charges preferred by the governor, and utterly ignored the governor's record. The attacks which were directed against him were in the main due to a hostile attitude and were not provoked by any particular remark by the speaker. After much tackling the senator finally struck a sympathetic chord and carried the audience along with him by telling jokes, aptly illustrating the questions under discussion. This was the second time that the senator has had to face a hostile audience in the beginning, and then emerge in unanimous favor, with a chorus of pleas to continue speaking.

A NEW EXHIBIT.

Mr. Pollock also added a feature when he held up for the audience to inspect the red spread-eagle Republican ticket of the Garfield-Arthur campaign in 1880. This explosive contained the names of several negro candidates for Republican lecturers and Congress from different districts in the state and that of J. P. Gibson, a candidate from Marlboro county for the House of representatives "and appointed a members of the governor's staff."

Governor Blease, who spoke first, said that he and his lieutenants had held a meeting last Monday, when reports as to the general situation from all parts of the state were considered. Conditions are such, he said, that there exists in his mind no doubt as to his promotion from governor to United States senator on August 25. "These reports," he added, "were not from blatherskites or from those who like to hear themselves talk, but from those who spoke in 1910 and in 1912, when everything seemed to be organized against us."

The governor again today struck at the newspapers.

When the governor was pillorying the members of the state Democratic convention and charging that the new rules were only to "deceive our crowd," some one anticipated the speaker and said, "It's rascally." "It's downright thievary," the governor retorted. "Rascally doesn't express it."

"The rules are wrong, otherwise they would not be defending them," the governor added.

The governor said that he didn't believe that there was a voter in Union county who would believe that one man could raise or lower the

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FRANCE WILL PARTICIPATE.

Chamber of Deputies Vote For Panama Exposition Fund.

Paris, July 8.—The chamber of Deputies today adopted the appropriation bill to cover expenditures of French official representation at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco, 461 deputies voting for the measure and 35 against.

Leon Bétouille, Socialist deputy, said during the discussion: "I am in favor of the appropriation, but I must express my regret at the difficulties placed in the way of French imports into the United States by the customs authorities, and notably at their treatment of Limoges Porcelains."

Deputy Bétouille then traced the controversies with the United States customs on the subject of porcelains since 1890.

OFFERS FAIR PRICE FOR CANAL RIGHTS

Bryan Proposes That United States Pay Costa Rica For Grant.

Washington, July 8.—Costa Rica's opposition to the proposed Nicaraguan treaty, it became known tonight, has been met by Secretary Bryan with an offer to pay the former country a fair sum for any rights it may have in an inter-oceanic canal route by way of Lake Nicaragua.

Costa Rican opposition is based on a claim to jurisdiction over a small portion of the proposed route, and as the treaty provides for an allowance of \$3,000,000 to Nicaragua, the state department, without according full recognition of any claim, has decided Costa Rica should be placed on the same basis as Nicaragua.

A protest against the proposed treaty was contained in a message from President Melendez of Salvador, made public today by Senator Smith of Michigan. President Melendez said he understood the protest of his government made to the state department against the proposed Nicaraguan treaty had not been imparted to the senate. He requested the foreign relations committee to require the correspondence from the state department and consider it before deciding the matter.

"Besides," the message adds, "we inform that honorable committee that our diplomatic agent has been instructed to extend our protest to the point that the impairment of the autonomy of Nicaragua equally affects that of Salvador and nullifies the Washington conventions."

N. E. A. FOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Convention Comes Out for Woman Suffrage in a Statement.

St. Paul, July 9.—The election of a president and receiving committee reports occupied the National Education Association today. The convention endorsed woman suffrage by embodying in it a favorable report on a statement of belief of the educators in "political equality" for both sexes. They say it is necessary to the best interests of the country. Rufus Stanley, of Elmira, N. Y., said the reason city boys become convicts, while country boys become lawyers, doctors, etc., the city boy is trained in unnatural environment. There is no family influence neighbors, school work or play. He takes an abnormal view of life. Dr. T. A. Williams, of Washington, placed the responsibility for the majority of adult neurotics on mothers afraid to allow children out of sight, and those frightening children into obedience.

Colonel Not Yet Persuaded to Run For Governor.

New York, July 8.—For two hours today the Progressive leaders of New York State used every argument at their command to induce Colonel Roosevelt to agree that he would accept the nomination for governor. Afterward the ex-President said he had nothing to say at this time and would not change his previous statements declining to run. It was understood the question still was an open one.

Two Mules Killed by Cave-In.

Abbeville, July 9.—W. A. O'Bryant an Abbeville hiveryman, had two mules killed and a wagon demolished by a cave-in of dirt. The driver was loading his wagon at the base of a 20-foot embankment which suddenly caved over on the mules and wagon completely covering them.

REBELS WON'T JOIN PEACE CONFERENCE

Carranza's Generals Don't Approve of Mediation Plans.

MINISTER NAON SURPRISED

Bryan Refuses to Talk Until He Hears Officially From Carranza.

Washington, July 8.—Border dispatches stating that the Constitutionalists would not enter informal peace conferences with Huerta representatives were partially confirmed here tonight. Rafael Zubaran and Luis Cabrera, the two most prominent Carranza representatives here, had nothing to say, but word that most of the constitutionalist generals, to whom the plan for conferences had been submitted, had disapproved it, came from well informed sources.

Minister Naon, of Argentina, the only one of the mediators in Washington, read the dispatches with evident surprise. He indicated that the mediators would take no action until the attitude of the constitutionalists was learned officially.

Secretary Bryan said it would be improper for him to discuss the situation in advance of the arrival of Carranza's formal answer.

That the constitutionalist leaders strongly oppose the idea of peace conferences did not surprise officials, who have maintained it would be virtually impossible to modify the plan of Guadalupe, which provides that a military government shall be set up after Mexico City is conquered, and that no elections shall be held until the country is pacified by military rule.

DIFFERENCES COMPOSED.

Reports from Torreón that differences between Carranza and Villa had been composed were verified today by agents of both. There was, however, an undertone of comment, indicating that it was but a temporary truce. The break has had a disorganizing effect politically in the constitutionalist ranks and evidences of it are manifest in Mexican circles here. Reports from the border today said one of the conditions of the agreement between Carranza and Villa was that Rafael Zubaran be retired from his post as head of the constitutionalist agency here.

Mr. Zubaran and Mr. Cabrera have worked hard to bring about informal conference with the Huerta delegates, who now are in New York.

Rockefeller Spends His Seventy-Fifth Birthday on Links.

New York, July 8.—Although John D. Rockefeller is 75 years old today no celebration is being held at his Pocantico Hills estate, where he is spending the summer.

Mr. Rockefeller planned to follow his daily practice of playing 18 holes of golf. Weather rarely interferes with that exercise. Later in the day he may take an automobile ride. There will be no birthday gathering as Mrs. Rockefeller and her sister are in feeble health and his son, John D., Jr., is at Seal Harbor, Maine.

Many congratulatory messages have been received which pleased Mr. Rockefeller, although he said he wished the day might pass without publicity.

ATTACKED IN SENATE.

President Assailed by Townsend and Clapp.

Washington, July 9.—President Wilson and his trust program were sharply criticized in the senate today by Senators Townsend and Clapp. Both attacked general conditions in the senate surrounding the trust bills and Senator Clapp declared a "power outside of the chamber" was responsible for the failure of the senate attend to business. Senator Townsend said the people wanted Congress to quit and go home.

Militants Plot to Destroy Barns Home.

Glasgow July 9.—The watchman surprised two militants this morning in the act of attempting to destroy the cottage at Ayr, where Robert Burns, the poet, was born. They were placing bombs against the door. One of the women was captured.