

The Lancaster News (SEMI-WEEKLY.)

JUANITA WYLIE... Editor W. S. HOUGH... Business Mgr.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT: Published Tuesdays and Fridays at Lancaster, S. C., by The Lancaster Publishing Company...

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: (In Advance.) One Year... \$1.50 Six Months... 75c

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Your subscription must be paid up to and including year marked on your label. If paper is stopped look at your date and you will probably find you are behind one year.

TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1914.

Lancaster needs more trees and flowers. Let's begin to plant them.

Is spring going to pass by without a town spring cleaning?

Who cares if the weather man did miss his prediction for Easter?

It's up to somebody to revive the old-fashioned May Day picnic.

Let's swat the demagogue in South Carolina this summer just as effectively as he was swatted in Alabama last week.

This spring of 1914 has furnished rough weather and lots of it, but it also brought the loveliest Easter we have ever known.

The surprise is not that King Alfonso believes in woman suffrage, but that the cause numbers so many real men among its advocates.

The Charleston Post says: "Winter is paying as many farewell calls this year as Patti used to and the Divine Sarah still makes to the United States."

If you have any building to do you'd better get your lumber for the gubernatorial platforms are being erected at a rate calculated to consume millions of feet of building material.

"Every progressive town should have a progressive chamber of commerce," says The Chester News. Why, we thought every progressive town had. What's the matter with Chester?

How disappointed the Society for the Prevention of Easter Decoration must have been that the weather was not such as to help along their good work.

Harold Booker wants to know who was the guy that put the led in Ledger? In our opinion it was the editor of The Gaffney Ledger, Mr. Ed H. De Camp.

A wonderful record is that of the New York subway for the past nine years. During this period 2,198,000,000 people have been transported without a single fatality.

Other states are speculating variously about what kind of weather they may expect this summer, but if the prognostications of our early political aspirants are to be credited, we are sure of a "hot time" here in South Carolina.

In Missouri the women find it necessary to show the men what good roads are like by forming a pick and shovel brigade and getting down to work. Again we are glad we are not from Missouri.

That Philadelphia professor who insists that simplified spelling would save the country \$100,000,000 and be worth two years in the education of a child, must have struck a snag when he tried to master the old blue back spelling book.

The advocates of free tolls for coastwise ships are very fond of asking the question, "Who bought and paid for the canal?" to which The Columbia Record makes answer thus: "Not the corporations that own those ships that will make most use of it and that propose to use it without helping to keep it up"

THE GREENWOOD BOOSTER.

The Booster edition of The Greenwood Index is all that the name implies. It boasts every enterprise in the town, tells of the many advantages of a most progressive city and is in itself a very attractive invitation to "come to Greenwood having recently visited this very good town."

The article on "Compulsory Education in the Southern States," by Prof. W. H. Hand, published in our last issue, contains arguments which no opponent can answer. We hope every one of our readers gave thoughtful consideration to the bulletin, for the subject was dealt with masterfully. It is not enough that good schools be organized. We need a law which will compel attendance upon them.

A Greenville jury rendered a verdict for \$2,000 against the county the other day because a farmer was fatally injured on a piece of bad road. He was hauling a load of brick when the wagon overturned, resulting in injuries which caused the farmer's death.

A fine example has been set the town authorities by certain Lancaster housekeepers, who during the past week, have been chasing dirt from their homes and premises. Surely the town will heed it. In urging the necessity for like campaign for the town we are but expressing a popular demand and will gladly tell the city fathers the suggestions we have heard.

The Newberry Observer suggests that the gubernatorial candidates be limited to one joke each and The Edgefield Advertiser amends this suggestion by proposing that the aspirants be also limited to one handful of mud each. Both ideas are well worthy of consideration at the approaching convention.

May Stewart, Militant Refuses to be Tried; Creates Disturbance.

London, May 11.—May Stewart, the militant suffragette, who with a cleverly tried to demolish a case of valuable porcelain in the British museum on April 9, created such a disturbance when charged today that the police magistrate was compelled to adjourn the trial.

When the public prosecutor opened the case against her Miss Stewart shouted "I have not come here to listen to you today."

The magistrate remonstrated with the prisoner, but she declared she would not desist so long as Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst was being "tortured under the Cat and Mouse act—the devilish work of Reginald McKenna, the home secretary."

Then Miss Stewart threw a ball of paper at the magistrate whereupon he and the public prosecutor gave up in despair and ordered the hearing postponed.

'May Stewart' was later in the day identified as "Catherine Wilson," who was arrested on March 16, 1913, in the lobby of the house of commons, dressed in man's clothing and carrying a concealed dog whip. She was sentenced at that time to six weeks' hard labor as a suspected person.

The real name of the prisoner is understood to be Clara Lambert. She is an organizer of the Woman's Social and Political union who has been convicted of suffrage outrages on several occasions.

A few hours after her first appearance, "Miss Stewart" received the prisoner's enclosure with two policemen holding her arms. Several other policemen were held in reserve in the court.

The prisoner created another uproarious scene, but the magistrate was able to take the necessary formal evidence, then committed her for trial without bail.

SOUNDS OLD SLOGAN

Folk Talks of Jefferson Party Doctrines.

Washington, April 13.—"Equal rights to all, special privileges to none," was the subject of an address tonight by Joseph W. Folk, chief counsel of the Interstate commerce commission at the Jefferson day dinner of the Young Men's Democratic club of Washington. This principle, Mr. Folk said, was behind the administration in its stand, for the repeal of the free tolls provision of the Panama canal act. He asked that "if it be necessary to encourage American shipping by giving it a subsidy it would be more honest to give it a subsidy directly to give it indirectly in the shape of free tolls."

Wilson Returns to His Big Duties at the White House.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., April 12.—President Wilson left here at 11:12 o'clock tonight for Washington. Should official business permit, he will return Friday, and spend the week-end with Mrs. Wilson who remained behind tonight with her daughters, Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre and Miss Margaret Wilson. Mrs. Wilson's health has improved since she has been here and another week in the mountain air is expected to bring back her strength.

The President faces a busy week at Washington. Uppermost in his mind are the Panama tolls controversy and the anti-trust program. He feels confident the Senate will repeal the exemption clause without amendment, as did the House. With regard to trust legislation the President expects to confer with Representatives Underwood and other House leaders this week.

The President has transacted no official business here. He has enjoyed a quiet rest, and his own health has benefited by the short vacation. The family, with the exception of Mrs. Wilson attended services at the Episcopal Church today; in the afternoon they went driving and then took a long walk. Those who left with the President tonight were Secretary McAdoo and his fiancée, Miss Eleanor Randolph Wilson, Francis Bowes Sayre and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N. The party went aboard the private car with was attached to train due in Washington at 7:25 a. M. tomorrow.

For Training Children.

Washington, April 11.—Full discussion of the responsibility of parents to see that their children are trained in good citizenship has been provided for in the programme of the third International Congress on the Welfare of the Child, which will open April 22. Announcement was made of this portion of the programme today, and Judge Ben B. Lindsay, of Denver, a leader in Juvenile Court work, will be one of the principal speakers. The general subject to be presented is "Parents Responsibility in Training Children for Self-support, Home-Making and good Citizenship."

Associated Press Will Hear Wilson.

Washington, April 13.—Announcement was made at the White House today that President Wilson had accepted an invitation to speak April 21 at a luncheon at the annual meeting of the Associated Press in New York city. Secretary Tumulty said the president had not yet decided what subject he would discuss but that he would make an important speech.

It is the first invitation the president has accepted for a speech outside of Washington since he went to Southern Commercial congress.

ERA MARKED BY GREEDINESS

Present Generation Demands Too Much of Everything, Is the Opinion of Woman Writer.

"It is the mark of our era to want more or everything than we can use, yet when we get the too much we demand, we are crushed by it, as Tarpeia was crushed by the shields," writes Cornelia A. P. Comber in the Atlantic.

"I have often thought that the sheer, brute mass of life—of people to know, of books to read, of plays to hear, of pictures to see, of things to do, buy, learn, enjoy—within reach of the well-to-do person in the modern world, far outruns the capacity of any human being to take it in and make of it the sane whole that a life should be."

"Yes—yet we go crazily on, trying to expand to illimitable possibilities, thinking we shall be happier so soon as we have discarded all our present belongings and opportunities for bigger, newer, richer ones. How many people do you know who have not met a substantial increase of income with a corresponding enlargement of the whole scale of living, a senseless expansion sometimes outrunning their increased ability to provide for it? There is no future but chaos for a society with such ambitions. They are centrifugal and can only lead to disintegration."

THOUGHT NIGHT HAD PASSED

Tired Farm Hand Lost All Track of Time in His Brief but Evidently Deep Slumber.

Even when you are wide awake it is frequently hard to estimate the passage of time. On one occasion you find it hard to believe that several hours have elapsed, and on another the day may drag so slowly that the clock seems to have shirked its duty. While you are asleep the calculation of time is, of course, almost impossible, as this incident, told by a farmer's son at the corner store one rainy morning, aptly illustrates:

Father hired a new hand last night—a big, good-natured Dutchman. Evidently the poor fellow was tired from tramping about the country, for he went to bed immediately after supper.

As usual, father went down to the cellar about 9:30 to throw some coal in the furnace and adjust the drafts for the night. Evidently this made enough noise to rouse the new hired man, for mother, who was sitting beside the table in the dining-room, saw the stair door suddenly open and disclose the broad form of the Dutchman. Blinking drowsily before the light, he exclaimed:

"Good morning, Missis! Good morning! I could chust as well haf come down von hour ago if you had only voke me up!"—Youth's Companion.

LINE OF NORTHERN BOUNDARY

Curious History of United States Territory That "Overlaps" Into the Dominion of Canada.

How did the United States come to get that small corner of land which juts out from the extreme northern boundary of Minnesota? History of that little "nose" which sticks out into Canada from Minnesota and which constitutes the northernmost point of the United States is very interesting. Under the treaty of 1783 boundary between the United States and British possessions was fixed. A certain point on the Lake of the Woods was mutually agreed to as one starting point, this being considered the headwaters of the St. Lawrence river and Great Lakes system. At that time it was not known whether this point was north or south of the forty-ninth parallel, but it was known to be close to it. The understanding was that from that point the boundary should go north or south to the forty-ninth parallel, as the case might be. Later and more accurate surveys showed that point was about 25 miles north of the forty-ninth parallel, and so at this place the boundary makes a jog above that line. Uncle Sam thus has a little piece of territory of about 100 square miles in extent north of the general boundary. And the joke of it is that any one has to go by water in order to reach this little piece of territory unless he wants to go through Canada.—The Pathfinder.

OLD FORT BUILT BY RUSSIANS

Archeologist's Explanation of Ruins of Building on the Northern Coast of California.

Ruins of buildings on the old Weske ranch, near Windsor and about thirteen miles north of Santa Rosa, Cal., hitherto unexplained, now are thought to be the work of people of mechanical skill, probably Russians, who erected the buildings 100 years or more ago.

That the edifices were not the work of the Spaniards is taken for granted, as the history of this country under Spanish rule is sufficiently complete to give assurance that some record of the construction of the buildings would have been left.

The construction is too exact to have been the work of the Indian races and local investigators have decided that the ruins are those of a large fort or fortified settlement built by Russians early in the last century.

The ruins have the appearance of being parts of a once massive fortification. In one place there stands a part of the wall, twenty feet in height, thirty feet long, thirty feet thick at the ground and tapering to a width of ten feet. It is built of basalt slabs about twenty feet in length and irregular prismatic shape.

Russians under Admiral Kuskoff, Admiral Kotzebue and Count Razanoff made a determined effort to establish themselves along the northern coast more than 100 years ago.

"Miracle" Quickly Explained.

A good-natured carate, who firmly believed that God was continually working miracles to enable him to help the needy, and who seldom had a coin in his pocket, was accosted one day by a beggar woman. He pleaded utter lack of money, but on the mendicant beseeching him to search his pockets he hopefully put his hand in one, and to his amazement and joy found a five-shilling piece there. "Another of God's miracles!" he exclaimed; and then, addressing the woman: "This coin belongs to you of right. Take it and go in peace." Having told the story a few hours later to his worldly minded parish priest, and suggested that they should both go down on their knees and render thanks to God, a strange, unpleasant light suddenly broke on the mind of the shrewd pastor, who exclaimed: "Good heavens! Are those my breeches that you've on you?"

Practical Opposed to Ideal.

Among the legends connected with the great Cardinal Borromeo, the following is told to visitors to the huge palace of that ancient family on the Borromeo islands in the Italian lakes. When Cardinal Giulio the vast abode which he had just completed, the latter maintained a strict silence until they had inspected the whole. When departing, he said: "Your eminence, I have been reflecting that the huge sums spent on this place might have been given to the poor." Cardinal Borromeo replied: "Your eminence, they have been given to the poor. But our notions of charity differ. I pay the poor for their labor, and your eminence for their idleness."

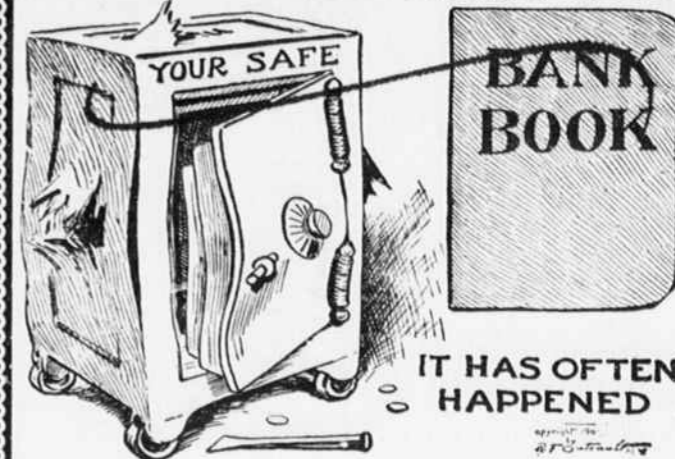
Rural Solomon.

"The court has taken your case into consideration, Mr. Slithers," said the judge, at Slithers's trial for violating the motor ordinances at Crickett's Corners. "and, in view of what ye've said, and with some trowth, about the badness of our roads hereabouts in your sworn testimony, I've decided not to fine ye \$50, as the law permits."

"That's very square of you, judge," said Slithers.

"We try to be square, Mr. Slithers," said the judge, "and, instead of the \$50 fine, we're goin' to sentence ye to work on them roads for ten days, in the hope that your superior wisdom as a road expert will make 'em considerably better."

THE SAFEST PLACE TO KEEP YOUR MONEY IS IN THE BANK. THE BANK HAS IT SAFE FOR YOU.



IF SOME ONE hand banked ten dollars at five per cent compound interest 200 years ago and you today had that ten dollars and the interest on it you would have over FIVE TONS of silver dollars. We will pay you 4 per cent interest on the money you deposit in our bank and compound the interest every three months.

The First National Bank

Under Control of United States Government. LANCASTER, S. C. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

CALOMEL A GREAT DANGER TO MANY

Has Bad Effect on Stomach—Dodson's Liver Tonic Takes Its Place and is Perfectly Harmless.

If you will inquire at Standard Drug Co., or at Lancaster Pharmacy you will find that Dodson's Liver Tonic is guaranteed to be a safe, reliable remedy to take the place of calomel and a harmless liver stimulant having no bad after-effect. Indeed, any of these firms will refund purchase price (50c.) without question if you are in any way dissatisfied with this vegetable liquid.

It is very unwise to take calomel, even dangerous, as many people suffer from the poison afterwards, even though they may appear at first to be temporarily relieved. On the other hand, Dodson's Liver Tonic works easily and naturally (really assisting nature) with no pain nor gripe and correcting all bilious conditions and

ills of constipation clearing away the sick headache and the coated tongue, brightening up the dulled brain and strengthening the weakened body at the same time that it removes collected waste from the overburdened system.

Those who have tried Dodson's Liver Tonic have found that it made them healthier and happier. A test may prove of great benefit to you right now.

Notice of Discharge.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, as administrator of the estate of M. L. Hinson, Sr., deceased, on the 7th day of May, 1914, make their final return as such administrators and apply to the probate court of Lancaster county for letters dismission.

MARTHA HINSON, J. D. HINSON,

Admrs. Estate of M. L. Hinson, Deceased. April 7, 1914.



PAY YOUR BILLS WITH CHECKS

and there will never be any disputes about the payments. The cancelled checks are the best of all receipts. Checks are cheaper to send than any other form of remittance. These are only two of the many advantages of having an account at this bank.

We watch and safeguard your business and personal interests every way possible, give you the security and receipt of a checking account, collect debts for you in distant places, loan money on desirable security and do a general banking business on fair terms.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS BANK & TRUST COMPANY, located at Lancaster, S. C., at the close of business March 4th 1914.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Resources include Loans and Discounts, Overdrafts, Furniture and Fixtures, Due from Banks and Bankers, Currency, Gold, Silver and Other Minor Coin, Checks and Cash Items. Liabilities include Capital Stock Paid in, Surplus Fund, Undivided Profits, less Current Expenses and Taxes Paid, Individual Deposits Subject to Check, Time Certificates of Deposit, Certified Checks, Cashier's Checks.

Total ... \$132,163.94 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, County of Lancaster—

Before me came W. H. Milten, Cashier of the above named bank, who, upon being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of said bank.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of March 1914. W. P. ROBINSON, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: W. F. Gregory, W. P. Bennett, A. B. Ferguson, Directors.

FARMERS BANK & TRUST COMPANY

W. T. GREGORY, President W. H. MILLEN, Cashier.

R. T. BEATY, Jr., Assistant Cashier.