## First convoys reach ailing earthquake survivors

Death toll estimates in India, Pakistan climb to 35,000

> Sadaqat Jan THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

MUZAFFARABAD, Pakistan

— Heavy rain and hail grounded helicopters and stopped trucks loaded with relief supplies Tuesday, imposing more misery on hungry, shivering earthquake survivors as the United Nations warned of potentially lethal outbreaks of measles, cholera and diarrhea.

Dazed, desperate villagers fought over food packages and looted trucks as the first aid reached this devastated city in the mountains of Kashmir. The Himalayan region was hardesthit by Saturday's magnitude-7.6

The Pakistani government said the death toll from Pakistan's worst quake was about 23,000, but a senior army official involved in the rescue operations and local officials said estimates surpassed 35,000, with many bodies still buried beneath piles of concrete, steel and wood. Millions were left after whole homeless communities were flattened in the region touching Pakistan, India and Afghanistan.

Three days after the quake, survivors still were being pulled from the rubble of razed schools and houses by British, German, French and Chinese rescue teams, A Red Cross official said people could survive under the rubble up to five or even seven

A 75-year-old woman and her 57-year-old daughter were rescued after 80 hours in the ruins of an Islamabad apartment tower, and a teenage boy was freed in the northern town of Balakot.

"He's alive!" rescuers shouted with joy as people gave the boy food and water and kissed him on the head. The air smelled of decomposing corpses.

The U.N. World Food Program began a major airlift of emergency supplies, including high-energy bars to feed 240,000 people.

NATO agreed to coordinate an airlift of aid supplies from Europe. Eight U.S. military helicopters based in neighboring Afghanistan shuttled 16 tons of food, water, medical supplies and blankets to quake-hit zones, the military said.

Chinook and Black Hawk choppers flew 102 relief workers and others into the region and evacuated 126 people, said Lt. Cot. Jerry O'Hara, spokesman for the U.S. base at Bagram, Afghanistan.

In Washington, a Pentagon spokesman said 25 to 30 more military helicopters would be in Pakistan within days. The Islamabad government also requested earthmovers, forklifts, bulldozers and trucks, spokesman Larry Di Rita said.

The United Nations appealed for \$272 million in donations, saying 2 million people were homeless. The United States pledged \$50 million, Japan \$20 million, Canada \$17 million and Britain \$3.5 million. Other nations donated more helicopters, money and supplies, including tents, blankets, medical aid and food kits.

"We as a nation are going through a challenging time," Pakistan Prime Minister Shaukat Aziz said. "We are overwhelmed



David Guttenfelder / The Associated Pres

Pakistani earthquake survivors look out from the back of a truck as others take shelter from the rain on a road near Balakot, Pakistan, on Tuesday.

by the support we are getting both within the country and outside the country and are thankful to those countries, friends and individuals who have made our task easier."

Tuesday's efforts were hampered by torrential rains and hail in the mountains of the Pakistani side of Kashmir, and crates of supplies sat on tarmacs waiting to be delivered. At least one U.S. supply helicopter had to turn around because of a rainstorm in the mountain passes, the military said.

"The recovery efforts have been slowed by bad weather and large parts of the region are still inaccessible because landslides have destroyed the road network," a U.N. statement said.

Bob McKerrow, coordinator of relief efforts for the International Federation of the Red Cross, said in Islamabad that 17 trucks left for affected areas with supplies, including blood.

"Some of the roads are just being reopened and this rain is not going to help at all," McKerrow said. "And the possibility of further landslides blocking roads is a threat every minute of the day."

The senior army official said that "according to our assessment, the death toll is between 35,000 to 40,000 people." Tens of thousands were injured.

The official spoke on condition of anonymity because he was not authorized to talk to the media about the toll. The estimate matched that of local officials.

Neighboring India said 1,300 people died in its part of Kashmir, the disputed province at the center of two wars between New Delhi and

Islamabad.

India planned to send a planeload of food, tents and medicine to its longtime rival in what was seen as a boost to the peace process between the two nuclear-armed neighbors. Islamabad, however, refused India's offer of helicopters.

One of the places hardest-hit by the quake was Muzaffarabad, the capital of Pakistanicontrolled Kashmir, where most homes and all government buildings were destroyed. Bodies were still in the streets.

The city had no electricity or running water and many of its 600,000 people had no shelter with winter just six weeks away. Night temperatures have dropped to the low 60s and people sought shelter under wrecked trucks and plastic sheets.

Villagers came down from their devastated mountain

homes carrying injured children, hoping to get them on helicopter flights to Islamabad. The World Health Organization said field hospitals were being set up to treat the injured.

Turkish doctors, medics from the group Doctors without Borders and assessment teams from other international agencies were working in the city. But the effort seemed nowhere near to meeting the overwhelming need.

About 10 trucks brought by Pakistani charities and volunteers rumbled into Muzaffarabad, where efforts by relief workers to distribute aid turned chaotic as residents scuffled for the handouts of cooking oil, sugar, rice, blankers and tents. Some jumped the trucks and pulled supplies out.

Police looked on helplessly as more than 200 people raided a stock of food arranged by relief workers at a soccer field near the city center — one of six designated aid distribution points. One man took a big sack of sugar and another left on a motorized rickshaw with a crate of drinking water.

"I can't wait for the food to be distributed properly," said Ali Khan, a construction worker who has barely eaten for days. "I need it desperately and I'll take it."

Others desperate to reach a hospital looted gas from a hole in the ground, using an improvised pulley system of plastic bottles.

Religious opposition leaders said the Pakistani army and government were failing to coordinate with civilian relief efforts. Qazi Hussein Ahmed said the army should withdraw troops from Waziristan, where it is fighting al-Qaida-linked groups.

