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The Gamecock

EAST TIMOR CRISIS

U.N. prepares evacuations in East Timor

BY JOHN MARTINKUS ASSOCIATED PRESS

DILL, INDONESIA — The United Nations prepared to evacuate all but a skeleton staff from East Timor amid allegations by the Roman Catholic Church today that anti-independence militiamen massacred nuns, priests and civilians.

Keeping the U.N. compound in Dili open is vital to the world body's plans to shepherd East Timor to full nationhood after its people voted overwhelmingly on Aug. 30 for independence from Indone-

The Vatican's missionary news service FIDES cited local sources as saying three priests were slain in a grenade attack in Suai on Sept. 6. One of the three priests, the Rev. Hilario Madeira, was well-known as an independence backer, FIDES said.

FIDES also said witnesses reported that 15 priests were killed in Dili and Baucau and some nuns were killed in Bau-

The Roman Catholic charity group, Caritas, cited reports that the director of its East Timor operations, Father Francisco Barreto, had been killed by armybacked militiamen in Dare. Other Caritas workers were also feared dead.

"We will eventually know their fate," Caritas Australia spokeswoman Ann Wigglesworth told Sky News television.

East Timor is a predominately Roman Catholic province in mostly Muslim Indonesia, where religious violence has killed hundreds.

Taur Matan Ruak, the field commander of pro-independence guerrillas, told Portuguese state radio RDP that militias killed at least 32 civilians, including two children, in a wave of attacks Wednes-

In the Indonesian capital, Jakarta, Foreign Minister Ali Alatas met a high-level U.N. delegation, but again rejected demands for U.N. peacekeepers. He admitted

that rogue elements in the army were taking part in the violence, but said they would be brought under control.

President B.J. Habibie was buffeted by reports that the military had encroached on his powers, sending the stock market and currency into a nose-dive.

In Dili, an Australian air force C-130 transport plane flew in supplies this morning for the U.N. compound. Telephone services and water supplies were also restored to the compound.

U.N. officials said about 40 to 50 U.N. staff, including police and military liaison officers, will stay behind when another 150 U.N. international workers and 167 local staff members are evacuated Friday by the Australian air force.

In a statement, U.N. mission chief Ian Martin said the security situation had improved but was still dangerous in Dili to-

"The state of the city is a disgrace with significant numbers of militia members still roaming the streets with impunity," he said. "Dili is a ghost town with not very much left to loot.'

Witnesses at the U.N. compound said shots echoed nearby at sunset. Army personnel had also lit fires near its perimeter and several stun grenades had been set off. The United Nations is scrambling to find ways to protect several hundred panic-stricken refugees who had streamed into the compound over the last few days.

Indonesian soldiers Wednesday night opened fire on about 300 refugees who had fled from a school next door to the

INDONESIA SEE PAGE 6

An archipelago in dire straits



Sex offender attempts to surrender, turned away

ASSOCIATED PRESS

GLENOLDEN, PA. - A man tried to surrender on a parole violation days before he strangled a woman and raped a 13year-old girl, but was turned away because of an error, police said.

Gerald Bennett, 30, walked into the police station in Glenolden on Aug. 26 and said he wanted to surrender, Police Chief Edward Cooke said. He was arrested hours after the Sept. 1 killing of Roxanne Carol Leidy and rape of the

Cooke said an officer called a national crime database and verified that a bench warrant had been issued but was unable to confirm the warrant with Delaware County prison officials and told Bennett to go home.

ASSOCIATED PRESS

ERIE, PA. — A 15-year-old accused of shooting a middle

school teacher to death at a dance has agreed to plead guilty

to third-degree murder, The Morning News of Erie reported

mandatory life sentence in the death of science teacher John

Gillette, according to the Morning News, which cited uniden-

firmed today that a possible plea would be discussed at a hear-

ing today. He would not give details. The hearing had been

already set to review the status of the case.

defense attorney were not immediately returned.

want to make sure it works out."

tified courthouse sources.

The plea would spare Andrew Wurst the possibility of a

Erie County President Judge Michael Palmisano con-

"It's worked out but it's delicate," Palmisano said. "We

Telephone calls to the district attorney's office and Wurst's

Bennett to prison confirmed the warrant sion over the warrant to "miscommuniwith prison officials a few minutes later, but when he arrived at the police station, Bennett was gone.

"This is absolutely devastating," said Leidy's brother, Christopher Miller. "How could they just let him go?"

Court records show a bench warrant was issued for Bennett on July 21 at the request of his probation officer. He had failed to show up for meetings with the officer and for sex-offender treatment classes that were conditions of his probation on a 1997 rape conviction.

Cooke said Bennett did not offer any specific reason for turning himself in. "He was just very business-like," Cooke said Thursday. "He just came in because the probation officer urged him to sur-

Patrick L. Meehan, Delaware Coun-A constable who was called to take ty district attorney, attributed confu-wouldn't have happened," Cooke said.

Teen pleads guilty in

slaving of teacher

cation at the prison end."

Still, he wanted to know why Bennett was let go at a time when an active warrant was out for his arrest.

'This was a problem that should not have occurred," he said. "Where was the breakdown? And how can the system be changed so that this doesn't happen again?"

Prison Board Chairman Charles P. Sexton Jr. said the prison would investigate and report to Meehan. He declined further comment.

Cooke defended his officers, saying they followed proper procedures and, under the circumstances, couldn't have acted differently.

"It's very easy in hindsight to say, if he had been in custody, then the murder

Gillette, 48, was killed in April 1998 at a James W. Park-

er Middle School graduation dance at a banquet hall in Ed-

inboro. Two students were wounded. It was one of a series of

school-related shootings that shocked the nation that spring.

shots, but they have said he is insane. The boy was 14 and in

The trial had been scheduled to begin next month.

an unpremeditated killing with malice, the teen-ager also has

agreed to plead guilty to several other charges, including at-

tempted homicide and aggravated assault, the newspaper said.

tence of 20 to 40 years. Guilty pleas to other charges likely

shooting, except for a few weeks last fall when he was sent

would add several decades to a potential sentence.

to a state hospital for a psychiatric evaluation.

A third-degree murder conviction carries a maximum sen-

Wurst has been held in the Erie County Jail since the

the eighth grade at the time of the shootings.

The teen's lawyers have not disputed that he fired the

Besides agreeing to plead guilty to third-degree murder,

CIA wary of ballistic missile capabilites in developing nations

BY ROBERT BURNS ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON — Over the next 15 years, North Korea and Iran are likely to develop missiles potentially capable of killing millions of Americans, the CIA said Thurs-

In an intelligence report with major implications for the Pentagon's efforts to develop defenses against ballistic missiles, the CIA said Iraq posed an additional — though somewhat more distant — threat. It said it was questionable whether Iraq could test a missile with enough range to reach the United States before 2015, although the likelihood depends heavily on how much foreign assistance Iraq gets.

The report characterized the prospect of North Korea acquiring a long-range missile by 2015 as "most likely," Iran's prospect was judged to be "probable" and Iraq was labeled a "possible" threat. These emerging missile forces "potentially can kill tens of thousands, or even millions, of Americans," depending on their accuracy and whether they are armed with nuclear, chemical or biological warheads, it said.

The United States has no means of shooting down long-range ballistic missiles, although the Pentagon is spending billions of dollars to develop anti-missile missiles to shield the United States against a limited attack.

Russia already has about 1,000 longrange missiles with about 4,500 nuclear warheads. China has about 20 missiles capable of reaching the United States. The CIA report said short-range ballistic missiles, such as Iran's Shahab-3 and North Korea's No Dong, pose an "immediate, serious and growing threat to U.S. forces, interests and allies" in the Middle East and Asia. Those missiles do not have the range to reach U.S.

The report also said the countries developing ballistic missiles also are probably working on "countermeasures," or

ways of enabling their missiles to overcome U.S. defenses. Russia and China, which already have developed numerous countermeasures, probably are willing to sell these technologies, it said.

The report is a summary of a classified National Intelligence Estimate, the first the CIA has done on ballistic missile threats since 1995. In an October 1998 update of its assessment, the CIA told Congress that the United States was facing a growing threat from the spread of ballistic missiles.

The report released Thursday portraved the threat from North Korea, Iran and Iraq as somewhat less immediate than did the bipartisan Rumsfeld Commission, which told Congress in a July 1998 report that North Korea and Iran could field a missile capable of striking U.S. territory in as little as five years.

The Rumsfeld Commission also concluded that the CIA's ability to provide timely and accurate estimates of ballistic missile threats to the United States is eroding, and that warning times are be-

A senior U.S. intelligence official said Thursday the CIA has changed the way it assesses missile threats. Reflecting its Cold War-era practice, the CIA used to wait until a country deployed a missile for the first time before declaring it a threat. Now it will declare a threat as soon as a country successfully test-launches a missile, the official said. He discussed the new report on condition he not be identified.

He said intelligence analysts expect North Korea to flight-test its Taepo Dong 2 missile this year unless the North Koreans decide to heed U.S. warnings against such a test. The issue is high on the agenda of talks between the North and the United States that opened Tuesday in Berlin. The CIA believes the Taepo Dong 2 is designed to carry a nuclear weapon, although it may be tested initially as an unarmed space launch vehicle. It is not known for certain whether North Korea has a nuclear weapon.

is flipping its next two space shuttle flights by placing a trip to the Hubble Space Telescope ahead of an Earth-mapping mis-Discovery will fly at the end of October followed by Endeavour in No-

vember, pending the outcome of ongoing wiring inspections, NASA said Thursday. The shuttle fleet has been virtually grounded because of damaged wires. The

WORLD BRIEFS

■ Arsenic spill

prompts swimming

warning, mussel ban

PERTH, AUSTRALIA (AP) — Residents were warned not to swim off some beaches in this western Australian city on Thurs-

day after nearly 2,000 pounds of arsenic

Sound over the past six weeks during de-

commissioning work at an ammonia fac-

tory, the Department of Environmental

thorities of the spill on Wednesday. Tests

were to be conducted on the water, crabs,

fish and other marine life. Officials said

that although levels of contamination

were likely to be low, even small traces

is located about 1,550 miles west of Syd-

Perth, West Australia's state capital,

or arsenic could cause nausea.

NASA changes

space flight schedule

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA. (AP) - NASA

The factory's owner informed au-

Authorities also banned the sale and harvest of local mussels as a precaution after the presence of arsenic was discovered. The deadly poison was emptied into storm drains leading to the Cockburn

was flushed into a waterway.

Protection said.

problem popped up during the last launch in July, when an exposed wire caused a short-circuit that knocked out two of Columbia's main engine computers.

Endeavour was supposed to lift off in mid-September with a radar to map Earth's surface, followed by Discovery in mid-October with crucial replacement parts for Hubble. Both missions were delayed, however, after inspections uncovered dozens of damaged wires in the two ships.

Discovery's liftoff is now targeted for no earlier than Oct. 28. Endeavour, which requires more work, is tentatively scheduled to take off Nov. 19 at the earliest.

More airport workers arrested in drug sting

MIAMI (AP) — Fifteen airport workers were arrested Thursday on charges they diverted cocaine-laden luggage around customs and into the hands of undercover agents posing as drug smugglers.

The arrests were the second major roundup of suspected drug smugglers at Miami International Airport. Seventyfour people have been arrested since Aug.

Undercover agents used fake cocaine in a yearlong sting operation. Ramp workers, supervisors and others allegedly used their airport access to smuggle drugs into the United States, U.S. Attorney Thomas E. Scott said Thursday.

Surveillance photos and audio tapes showed workers removing luggage full of fake cocaine from planes, circumvented customs inspectors and handed off the luggage to the undercover agents.

More than 115 pounds of fake cocaine made it through Miami International Airport on eight different occasions between October 1997 and September 1999, Customs special agent Frank Figueroa said.

The fake cocaine was planted on flights from the Caribbean and South America.

"The fact that real cocaine was not used does not matter," Scott said. "These folks believed it was real cocaine and treated it as real cocaine."

He said the suspects charged the undercover agents \$2,000 per 2.2 pounds of cocaine.

The 15 suspects were arrested at their homes early Thursday on charges including conspiracy to import cocaine into the United States, conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute cocaine and attempts to import and possess with the intent to distribute cocaine.

Some of the suspects face up to 15 years, others face up to life in prison if

Scott said the federal investigation was still underway and there could be more arrests.

Fifty-nine people were indicted on federal drug and weapon smuggling conspiracy charges Aug. 25. Thirty were American Airlines baggage handlers and ground crew workers at Miami International Airport.

German capital returns to Berlin

ASSOCIATED PRESS

BERLIN — At the first session since its historic return to Berlin, parliament marked its 50th anniversary Tuesday with praise for Germany's postwar transformation — as well as warnings that the democratic values being celebrated have yet to take firm root in the formerly communist east.

Dismay over neo-Nazi stirrings in the downtrodden east, as reflected by a far-right party's success in recent state elections, tempered the tone of the ceremony in the century-old Reichstag building, newly restored and back in use after decades of Cold War neglect.

Speakers reiterated that the government's return to Berlin - seat of Nazi terror and Prussian militarism - would not change postwar Germany's commitment to peace and democracy. Yet several

also expressed alarm about the far right's growing appeal, especially among the young and disillusioned.

"No new republic is starting here in Berlin," said Rezzo Schlauch, parliamentary leader for the Greens party. "However, there are great challenges still before our society."

While values such as solidarity and respect for human rights have had 50 years to develop in the west, the east was subjected after World War II to a second totalitarian system that it shook off only 10 years ago, noted the parliament's president, Wolfgang Thierse, a former East German dissident.

Since then, unification itself created social and economic turmoil that is still being felt, he added. "The democratization of West Germany since

1949 went with growing prosperity and gradual full employment," Thierse said in his opening address. "In East Germany, great unemployment has

reigned for the past 10 years.

"So it would therefore be too much probably to expect the same excitement for democracy from the east Germans that has grown over 50 years in west Germany. Here, the parliament must first prove

The extreme-right German People's Union came from nowhere to take 12 percent of the vote last year in Saxony-Anhalt, blaming foreigners for most of the depressed eastern state's woes. On Sunday, the party also squeaked into the legislature for the first time in the eastern state of Brandenburg, the Prussian heartland which surrounds Berlin.

Analysts say it could also win seats in the Thuringia parliament during state elections next Sunday, using money from a wealthy Bavarian publisher to spread its xenophobic message.

The party - denounced by mainstream politi-

'No new republic is starting here in Berlin. However, there are great challenges still before our society.' Rezzo Schlauch

Parlimentary leader, Greens Party

cians as antidemocratic - has nevertheless been able to capitalize on disenchantment in the east especially among young males - with the changes since unification.

The wrenching switch to capitalism resulted in mass layoffs and factory closings: Figures released Tuesday put the jobless rate in the east for August at 17.6 percent - more than twice the western rate of 8.5 percent.

BERLIN SEE PAGE 6