

TERMS, IN ADVANCE: Year, \$1.50; Six Months, .75; Three Months, .50; Single Copies, 10 Cts.

W. D. DOUGLASS, Editor. JAS. Q. DAVIS, Business Manager.

WINNSBORO, S. C. Wednesday, October 29, 1890.

It would be a right nice thing to break down the tariff bill in the Courts.

At Statesburg, in Sumter county, the Anti-Tillmanites propose to vote the tail of the Tillman ticket and for Haskell for Governor.

The constitutional amendment proposes to abolish the office of county Commissioners. What is proposed to substitute instead of that office? Who are to perform the duties of those officers?

The appropriations of the Fifty-first Congress are \$65,000,000 more than those of previous sessions and \$88,000,000 more than the next long session.

From various Democratic States complaints come stating that the census has been a colossal fraud. Truly the administration of the Republican party has been remarkable.

The census authorities are getting into pretty bad odor. The census of New York has been taken by the municipal authorities and the population is 1,972,214 more than that reported by the Federal census.

The price of points and oil have been greatly increased. Linsseed oil has advanced, in the last two years, from 35 to 62 cents per gallon, and under the present tariff bill will go even higher.

Flannels go up about ten since the bill has been steadily rising since the bill was first advanced.

Drugs are likewise expected to rise. Dry goods will make a decided jump, especially fancy goods.

Jersey cloth, ribbons, velvets, French underwear, silk and wool hosiery, wool cashmeres, are expected to advance next year from 10 to 30 per cent.

The ordinary clothing worn by men and women will increase in cost from 25 to 50 per cent more than under the old tariff.

The complaints concerning the fraudulent enumerations are getting worse and worse. The following on the subject will be interesting:

"On the basis of the official counts so far, in about seven-eighths of the Superintendents' districts of the United States, it appears that the population of the country will fall under 63,000,000, an increase of only 12,500,000, or about 20 per cent, since 1880.

"The rate of natural increase in the different counties was as follows: 1890, 35.32 per cent; 1880, 35.06 per cent; 1870, 31.43 per cent; 1860, 30.06 per cent; 1850, 28.92 per cent; 1840, 25.50 per cent; 1830, 24.46 per cent; 1820, 14.80 per cent; 1810, 22.78 per cent.

"The percentage in 1870 was largely affected without doubt by the terrible destruction of life and the diminished natural increase during the civil war, but that during the ten years of unexampled peace and prosperity from 1880 to 1890—the natural increase should be at least 35.50 per cent, seems incredible. An actual falling off from 22.78 per cent. to 13.50 per cent. since 1880 cannot easily be accounted for.

"Extreme tariff reformers might perhaps accept Mr. Porter's figures and in turn a proof that the new tariff was pressing the life out of the people. They might argue that a tax increasing the price of necessities 47 per cent tends to make it difficult for the poor to marry, thus inevitably compelling this country to look to foreign emigration for a large part of its increase in numbers; but the simpler explanation is that the census of 1890 was so badly taken that Congress ought to see to it that a new count is given."

Gen. Bratton's Letter.

In to-day's issue is published an open letter from Gen. Bratton to Mr. John W. Lyles in reply to an invitation to address the Democracy of Fairfield on last Monday.

It is like all of Gen. Bratton's utterances, well studied and full of wise counsel and thought. Knowing Gen. Bratton as well as we do, we are confident that all he says in to-day's issue comes from an honest heart and is expressed for the best interest of our State and country, free from all personal prejudice and venom.

His words are always words of wisdom and his acts the acts of a patriot. His views, expressed in his letter, are the same contended for since the beginning of the unfortunate war of strife and of class against class, and by his peculiar faculty of foresight he has foreseen the developments of to-day, years ago, and gave the alarm. His judgment, therefore, now that the crisis as predicted has actually come, should command the respect of every fair-minded and intelligent citizen.

He declared to us, as we understand his letter, the call comes to him from a faction who are in the same pit with the Haskell men, and it would be construed as condoning and, perhaps, endorsing a bolt, pure and simple, from the Democratic party of our county.

He thinks that our hope for the future lies in the maintenance of our party organization and that it is "the part of conservatism to maintain the authority of the organization even to the extent of enduring irregularities and violations of its constitution, at least until an effort can be made within the party to correct them—every bolt, however meritorious its purpose, impairs its authority and power to correct error or to go good. No bolt is justifiable until it becomes necessary for the public good to destroy the party."

It is needless to say who caused the unfortunate state of affairs that we have to-day, and that the State Democracy is not as harmonious as it used to be, yet, the Haskell bolt is just as much strength taken from it and diminishes the power of the organization to adjust and rectify the errors committed and likewise the same proposition can be maintained with respect to the Tillman bolt from the regular County Convention.

There is but one pure Democratic county organization, that presided over by Capt. H. A. Galliard, and but one regular Democratic State organization, that presided over by Col. Levy. The county bolt cannot exist in accordance with our County Constitution nor can the Haskell bolt be traced to constitutional authority. The whole situation then boils down to this: Is it or is it not the part of wisdom to hold our party intact, although not stamped with the same purity and integrity as some of us think it was once, rather than destroy it without any hope of rescuing it from distracting discord and ruin? We think it is the wiser course to stand by the regular organizations at this juncture, and, therefore, oppose the Haskell bolt as well as the bolt from the county Democracy. We would, therefore, in all earnestness ask our friends who recklessly and inconsiderately left the County Convention to return, and let us preserve the unity of our county organization.

TO TROUBLE TO KICK.

The Convention has decided and Democrats Must Support this Ticket. (Published by request.)

To the Editor of the News and Courier: To one who is unskilled in politics the sudden and complete reversal of the sentiment of the newspapers of this State is something beyond conception. But a few months ago almost every paper in the State was denouncing (and very justly too) Ben Tillman and his party as "Independent," "Mahomedans" and demagogues.

No one with a spark of moral joy could expect a man who would work year after year to undermine the party that he claimed to be his own; who watched his opportunity to ride into the office, for which he never could have been nominated by fair means, by stirring up discontent among the lower classes against those whom birth, education and culture had favored—a man who would go from town to town vilifying and abusing men whom the State had long loved to honor, the heroes of the noblest cause that history has ever known.

This is the man who you now term a Democrat. Though he were made of Governor of South Carolina to the end of time he would never be a Democrat. He can never be saying but what he is—a blasphemer against God, a traitor to his party, a traitor to his country.

You offer as a plea for supporting this man the unity of the party. Can there ever be unity in the Democratic party again in this State? The Democratic party of South Carolina is a party of the extreme. When they deemed the best interests of the party and State, and in the hope of allaying strife and securing harmony, made a formal surrender of their charge, they transferred the authority of the party to the hands of those who had not and converted usurpers into legal successors. Possession is now held by both conquest and regular chain of title, and the Irbly Committee represent the only Democratic State party that we have, and the nominees of the September Convention are the only regular Democratic candidates for State officers.

It is unfortunate that those in control seem to attach more importance to their claim by conquest than to winning a legal title, for to this may be attributed their exercise of power as conquerors rather than as trustees. When a trust has been reposed, the result of it all is that we have the anomaly of an independent movement against the conduct of the State Democratic organization, for what the movers believe to be, the very life of true Democracy.

THE "FARMERS' MOVEMENT"

on the extreme was an effort to save true Democracy by assailing its organization, and the result so far of its success is not calculated to inspire confidence in the conservative effect of another attack on the organization, and in the extreme. When the party if its organization is destroyed? We had more sound Democracy, and truer to principle, in the State up to 76 than since, but it was utterly incapable of effecting good, any positive good until it was organized. It seems to me the party of conservatism, which have the authority of the organization even to the extent of enduring irregularities and violations of its constitution at least:

until an effort can be made within the party limits to correct them—every bolt, however meritorious its purpose, weakens the organization, impairs its authority and power to correct error or to go good. No bolt is justifiable until it becomes necessary for the public good to destroy the party.

To your bolt and organization here in Fairfield, the first breach in the Democratic line and the consequent stretch of power by the State Convention in its effort to throttle and wipe out the regular organization.

The chosen candidate of a secret junta, he tells us with "deplorable patriotism that the Alliance ought not to go into politics, and that he hesitated about going to Galliard, out of a decent regard for the appearance of things.

No! Mr. Tillman, do not deceive yourself. Your modesty and simplicity commends you to our good opinion and we feel constrained to tell you that there are thirty thousand white men in South Carolina who will never vote for you. They are wise, courageous and manly men, who will rise above the behests of party and vote against you, for the good of their country. They will despise the vain counsels of the interested politicians who now support you, and the perfunctory advice of a public press, given over to subserviency of thought.

The hour has surely arrived in the politics of our country when every vote must count. We cannot support Mr. Tillman because we are unalterably opposed to the high order of his party, which we believe to be subversive of the plainest principles of civil liberty. We cannot support him because we think that he has demonstrated his personal unfitness for the high office to which he aspires, by every word which he has uttered since the last Convention in the Gaffney speech; from his last exhibition of robust egotism, to his last wicked charge of violence against the managers of the election.

He has belittled the history of the State, and published to the world grounds for his party, which we believe to be subversive of the plainest principles of civil liberty. We cannot support him because we think that he has demonstrated his personal unfitness for the high office to which he aspires, by every word which he has uttered since the last Convention in the Gaffney speech; from his last exhibition of robust egotism, to his last wicked charge of violence against the managers of the election.

The newspapers oppress it, and the politicians deplore it, but it is a fact all the same that the Haskell movement is growing every day. The news from Democratic headquarters in Columbia from every county in the State, indicates clearly that the ticket will be elected by an overwhelming majority. Mr. Tillman contributes to its success every time that he speaks.

The meeting called by Irbly committee for this county on yesterday was a sort of a flash in the pan. It was poorly attended. A few men arised out in red shirts but they looked lonesome. Mr. Irbly called upon us as an appeal to the enthusiasm of the people was a first-class failure.

The Tillmanites get but cold comfort from Gen. Bratton's letter. By the way the whole posse consisted of them did take a gorge of "humble pie" when they called on Bratton and Hampton to help them.

I had a painful, annoying sore on my leg, near the knee, that troubled me for over two years. I tried various remedies, but the sore, instead of healing up, continued to grow larger, and to cause me more pain until I began to look for a crutch. Through the advice of a friend, who was cured of a similar trouble, I took S. S. S., and in a few weeks was cured entirely. The sore healed up, and there is not even a scar left to mark the place.

CHARLES A. SUMNER. May 10, 1890. Mt. Vernon, Ohio. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

ONE DOLLAR WEEKLY Buys a good Gold Watch for your Club System. Our 14 karat patent stiffened Gold cases are warranted for 20 years. Waltham or Elgin movement—reliable and well known, Stem wind and set, hunting or open face, Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any \$75 watch, we sell one of these watches for \$25 cash, and send to any address by registered mail, or by Express, C. O. D., with privilege of examination; also by our Club System at \$1 per week.

Our Agent in Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how to get an advertisement which works for the money." One good, reliable AGENT WANTED in each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO., 48 & 50 Maiden Lane, New York, N. Y. 3-271y

WE SEIZ UPON AND REMOVE AS THE BEST LIVER AND MEDICINE CHILL CURE. CHEAPEST MEDICINE KNOWN CONSIDERING QUALITY AND DOSE. BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, AND CHRONIC CONSTIPATION. Dr. W. E. Aiken, DRUGIST, WINNSBORO, S. C. A. D. HOLLER, BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR AND Manufacturer of BRICKS. WINNSBORO, S. C. Plans and specifications for dwellings, factories and store-houses furnished at reasonable rates. 1-21xly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES. DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES. DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES.

DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES. DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES. DEAFNESS & EAR TRUBLES.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. PARKER'S HAIR BALM. PARKER'S HAIR BALM.

CONSUMPTIVE. CONSUMPTIVE. CONSUMPTIVE.

EPPS'S COCCA. EPPS'S COCCA. EPPS'S COCCA.

PENNYROYL PILLS. PENNYROYL PILLS. PENNYROYL PILLS.

DR. GROSVENOR'S Bellcapsic PLASTERS. DR. GROSVENOR'S Bellcapsic PLASTERS.

READ. READ. READ. It is to Your Interest To Do So NO EXAGGERATION

THE NEW YORK RACKET STORE is now displaying on a larger scale than ever. CLOTHING

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. H. LANDECKER. FALL AND WINTER OPENING

THIS WEEK WE WILL OPEN OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF FALL GOODS.

EVERY department is now complete, consisting of fine Dress Goods, Silk Velvets, Notions, White Goods, Domestic, Clothing and Shoes.

See Macaulay & Turner's Men's and Boys' Clothing. See Macaulay & Turner's Men's and Boys' Shoes.

SHOES. SHOES. SHOES. In our Shoe Department we are showing an extensive stock. It will pay you to investigate our prices in this department.

MACAULAY & TURNER. LISTEN!

WE ARE NOW OPENING OUR FALL STOCK, AND ASSURE OUR customers and the trade generally that it will be found FIRST-CLASS in all particulars, and the prices are made to sell them.

SHOES. SHOES. For the past eight years one of our firms has made this line a special study. We feel that we know whereof we speak when we say that our stock is UNRIVALLED EITHER IN QUANTITY, STYLE OR QUALITY.

McMaster, Brice & Ketchin. THE FAIRFIELD Savings and Loan Association.

I WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF MY Mosquito Cologne. 20c PER VIAL. 20c

W. E. AIKEN. J. M. BEATTY, Secretary and Treasurer.

CLERK'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. Henry C. Grafton, Plaintiff, vs. Anna S. Grafton, James A. Brice, as Assignee, and O. H. Jenkins, Defendants.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

One-half of the purchase-money to be paid in cash, the balance on a credit of one year from the day of sale, with interest thereon from the day of sale, payable annually until the whole amount of debt and interest be paid.

CLERK'S SALE. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

One-half the purchase-money to be paid in cash, and the balance in one year from the date of sale, with interest from the said day of sale. The credit portion to be secured by the bond of the purchaser and a mortgage of the premises sold. The purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

CLERK'S SALE. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY Acres, more or less, bounded by lands of James K. Harvey, E. B. Ragsdale, Timothy Harlan and W. A. McDowell.

CLERK'S SALE. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

George H. McMaster, as William D. Chapman.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

AT THE Winnsboro Bakery CONFECTIONERY.

French and Plain Cakes. Just in this week another invoice of FLOR DE THEOIGARS.

G. A. WHITE.