

AGRICULTURAL.

MAKING CHEESE.

Having received a letter from a correspondent respecting the best methods of making cheese, we present the following as useful information for him and others:

The 'Cheddar Cheese' of Wiltshire, Eng. is excellent in quality. It is made of new milk fresh from the cows, and is therefore also called 'one meal cheese.' It has been found that the milk of grass fed cows is the richest, hence the best quality of cheese can only be made during those periods of the year when cattle are fed on the richest pasturage. The milk drawn from the cow is generally colored with some annatto, about one ounce for each expected hundred weight of cheese, and the rennet for curdling is then added. About one third of a pint of rennet is added for every fifty gallons of milk. As soon as the milk is curdled, the whey is strained off, the curd cut very fine, and placed in a proper cheese mould or hoop, where it is pressed gently for two hours, then turned and pressed again for eight hours, when it is turned again, rubbed on both sides with salt, then pressed for twelve or fourteen hours, and finally dried on a board, being turned every day. Until the cheese is perfectly dry, it is best to keep it in a cool, dry place. The temperature of the milk room or dairy, should never be above fifty degrees. The sides of large cheeses are pierced with iron skewers, to allow the whey to escape during pressure, which should be put on gradually, and never severe. Any good press will answer. The curd, if it will be understood, is placed in a clean white cloth for pressing. The rennet used for curdling the milk for cheese is made of a calf's stomach washed clean and thoroughly salted, inside and out. In two or three days, the salt left on it having run, it is hung to drain for two days, then re-salted and put into a stone-ware vessel and covered with a piece of paper picked with pin holes. It should now be suffered to stand for two or three months before it is further treated for immediate use. A gallon of water, into which a handful of sweet brier leaves is placed, is boiled with three handfuls of salt for fifteen minutes, and then left to cool. Into this is stirred the whole of the above prepared calf's stomach, a lemon and a few cloves. A scum gathers on the top of this which must be skimmed off, and the clear is fit for use in a few days.

A very excellent cheese is made by taking the evening meal of milk, warming and mixing it with the morning's warm milkings, adding the rennet, and proceeding as before described. This kind of cheese is named 'The Dunlop.' No coloring is used, and there is honesty in this, as annatto is used for the purpose of deception. All cheese curd is salted to the proper taste, or else it would ferment and decay. Cheese can be made of sweet and skim milk mixed, but the quality is very poor, and it is worse still when made of skim milk. The most secret in making good cheese is to have good fresh milk, clean vessels, a proper cool and dry dairy, good rennet, pressing gradually, and not too severe, until all the whey is expelled.

The famous 'Stilton Cheese' is made by adding the cream of the evening's to the morning's milk, then adding the rennet. The curd is not broken, but put into a sieve to drain, and pressed very gently, after which it is put into the cheese ring, pressed lightly, and put on a board in the dairy to dry.—SCIENTIFIC AM.

VALUABLE SUGGESTIONS.—We find the following hints in a late Northern agricultural journal:

CURING BAD HABITS IN HORSES.—I have heard that there is no remedy for a runaway horse so effective as a flogging. He must needs gallop—well, my friend, then gallop. I have a whip, hard, plant, heavy—lay on thick. Here is a nice, steep hill—up you go. Here is a deep ploughed field—oh, yes, keep up your pace, and how do you like it? I remember a horse dealer who always cured a fault by indulging it. He had once a brute sent him, which occasionally stood still. Farmer Waite-wood had flogged him, and he would not move for an hour. Well, this man, took the beast, put him in his break, and drove off. In ten minutes he came to a dead stand. Breaker said nothing. Horse didn't quite know what to reply, tried to look back with his ears, waited half an hour, and then began to move on. No, my friend, said the breaker, you stay here all day. The farmers passed him going to market with uncomplimentary greetings.—What, can't you make him move? Breaker doesn't look put out, though. Farmers drive on, show their samples, dine at the ordinary, and jog home a trifle merrier, late in the afternoon. Breaker still there master of the position. The horse never stopped again.

THE CHEAPEST FOOD.—The cheapest and most nutritious vegetable used for food is Beans. Prof. Jæbig says that pork and beans form a compound of substances peculiarly adapted to furnish all that is necessary to support life. A quart of beans and half a pound of pork will feed a small family for a day with good strengthening food. Four quarts of beans and two pounds of corned beef, boiled to rags, in fifty quarts of water will furnish a good meal for forty men.

SUNDAY READING.

INFLUENCE OF HYMNS.

Madgeburg is memorable in the story of hymns, for it was at the cruel sacking of it by Tilly, that school children marched across the market place singing, and so enraged him that he bid them all to be slain, and from that day, say the chroniclers, fortune departed from him, nor did he smile again. Other hymns were more fortunate, for we read of a certain rough captain who would not bate a crown of the thirty thousand, he levied off a captured town till at last the archdeacon summoned the people together, saying, "Come, my children, we have no more either audience or grace with men, let us plead with God;" and when they had entered the church, and sung the hymn, the fine was remitted to a thousand. The same hymn played as merciful a part in another town which was to be burned for contumacy. When mercy had been asked in vain, the clergyman marched out with twelve boys to the general's tent and sang there before him, when, to their amazement, he fell upon the pastor's neck and embraced him. He had discovered in him an old student friend, and spared the place; and still the afternoon service at Pegan is commenced with the memorable hymn that saved it. Of another, it is said that a famous robber having been changed himself, sang it among his men, so that many of them were changed also. Rough hearts, indeed, seem often the most susceptible. A major in command of thirty dragoons entered a quiet vicarage, and demanded within three hours more that the vicar could give in a year. To cheer her father one of his daughters took her guitar, and sang to it one of Gerhardt's hymns. Presently the door softly opened, the officer stood at it, and motioned her to continue, and when the hymn was sung, thanked her for the lesson, ordered out the dragoons and rode off.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Don't Do It.—Don't speak that harsh, unkind word, and thus make sad the heart of another. Speak gently, 'tis better.

Don't make the burden of another heavier, when it is in your power to lighten the same. Keep in good humor; anger is a pure waste of vitality. No man, and no boy, does his best except when he is cheerful. A light heart makes nimble hands, and keeps the body healthy and the mind free.

Don't let others say you are selfish; and care only for yourself.

Don't live for your own comfort and enjoyment alone; live for others.

Don't neglect that precious soul committed to your charge; remember it must live forever.

Don't waste the holy Sabbath; its hours are too valuable.

Don't turn away from the Bible, it is the book by which you will be judged.

Don't speak against Christians; remember, their faults will not save you.

Don't live in a selfish, narrow, and unchristian future.

Heaven may have a happiness as utterly unknown to us as the gift of perfect vision would be to a man born blind. If we consider the inlets of pleasure from five senses only, we may be sure that the same being who created us could have given us five hundred, if He had pleased. Mutual love pure and exalted formed on charms both mental and corporeal, as it constitutes the highest happiness on earth, may, for anything we know to the contrary, also form the lowest happiness of Heaven. And it would appear consonant with the administration of Providence in other matters, that there should be such a link between earth and heaven. Thus the material world has its links, by which it is made to shake hands, as it were with the vegetable, the vegetable with the animal, the animal with the intellectual, and the intellectual with the angelic.

Home—Home is the residence not merely of the body but of the heart; it is a place for the affections to unfold and develop themselves; for children to love and learn and play in; for husband and wife to toil smilingly together, and make life a blessing. The object of all ambition should be to be happy at home; if we are not happy there, we cannot be happy elsewhere. It is the best proof of the virtues of a family circle to see a happy fire-side.

The righteous considereth the cause of the poor; but the wicked regardeth not to know it.

Scornful men bring a city into a snare, but a wise man turneth away wrath.

A German Theological Institute once offered a prize for the best written opinion of the Deity. Several attempted and wrote voluminously. The one who secured the prize wrote only the following: "Far from deciding on the great Supreme, Silent let us adore, nor try the theme; The mind is hushed, He is Immensity, Who can His nature tell, that God must be."

STRANGE THEOLOGY.—We were amused last Sabbath, on hearing an old negro parson give his ideas on a theological point. He said: "Christ say he would send de comforter, and he send Moses and de prophets, and if Moses neber come, no soul neber have been sabeld."—Gainesville, Cotton States.

POST OFFICE, CAMDEN, S. C. MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

RICHMOND, CHARLESTON, COLUMBIA, WESTERN AND WAY MAILS. Due—Daily, by 7 30 P. M. Close—Sunday, Tuesday & Thursday, at 6 00 P. M. Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, at 11 00 A. M.

LANCASTER, FLAT ROCK, & C. Due—Monday, Wednesday & Friday by 12 00 M. Close—Same days, at 11 00 A. M.

RED HILL, RUSSEL PLACE, & C. Due—Thursday, by 12 00 M. Close—Same day, at 11 00 A. M.

TILLER'S FERRY, JEFFERSON, & C. Due—Monday, by 12 00 M. Close—Friday, at 10 00 A. M.

OFFICE HOURS. From 8 00 A. M. to 2 00 P. M., and for short time after opening the mail at night. T. W. PEGUES, P.M.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.



ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE. COLUMBIA, May 20, 1864. GENERAL ORDERS NO. 6.

I. IN the present situation of affairs, it is deemed proper to direct the attention of the people of the State to the first section of an Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for Volunteer Companies of Mounted Infantry and for other purposes," herewith published, and to call upon all male citizens capable of bearing arms, and who are not liable to Confederate Military service, to organize themselves into companies in pursuance of its provisions.

II. Companies organized in accordance with said Act, upon presenting their rolls to be filed in this office, will be accepted for the service therein provided for, and will be armed and furnished with necessary ammunition.

III. The troops called into service under this Act will be subject to the orders of the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief, and whilst in actual service, will be subject to the Articles of War and Army Regulations of the Confederate States, and shall receive the same pay and allowances as Confederate troops of the same class are entitled to.

IV. The commanding officers of companies and the corporate authorities to whom arms have heretofore been delivered, or who now have the same in custody, are charged with keeping them in good order, and any necessary expenditures made for that purpose will be paid by the State upon the accounts being duly certified and approved at this office.

By command: [Signed] A. C. GARLINGTON, Adjutant and Inspector General S. C. Official; G. A. FOLLIN, A. A. G.

EXTRACT.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to accept as many Volunteer Companies of mounted Infantry as may be offered, to consist of not less than sixty-four, nor more than one hundred men, exclusive of Commissioned Officers, who shall be organized by him into Battalions or Regiments by the election of Field Officers if the number of said Companies be sufficient for that purpose; and said Companies shall be called out at the discretion of the Governor, to suppress insurrection, or to repel actual or threatened raids of the enemy within this State, and shall be discharged from actual service whenever in his judgment the actual necessity for such service has ceased.

Papers of the State copy three times. May 27

HEADQUARTERS EN. OFFICE. CAMDEN, S. C., April 13th, 1864.

I. ALL persons between the ages of seventeen and fifty years of age, will report for enrollment in my office forthwith.

II. All certificates of exemption heretofore issued by Enrolling Officers, under previous Acts of Congress, (except exemptions of mail contractors, drivers of post-coaches and lineks, and on account of religious opinion) are repealed; and all persons holding such exemptions are ordered to report for enrollment.

III. All persons who hold exemptions for physical disability, from the Medical Board, are also ordered to report for enrollment. By order of W. Z. LEITNER, Capt. and E. O. K. D.

LAUNDRESS WANTND.

WANTED A first rate laundress, or a good cook for whom liberal wages will be paid. Apply at the Journal Office. April 29

LOST.

ON the first of May, one set of Coral Beads. The finder will be paid a liberal reward, by leaving them at this office. May 20

NOTICE.

DR T. W. SALMOND, has resumed the practice of his profession in the Town of Camden and its vicinity. Office on Main street. May 13

NOTICE.

W. E. HUGHES Esq., will act as my agent during my absence from the State. May 20 W. H. TAYLOR

RAGS! RAGS!!

THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR WHITE linen or cotton rags, delivered in large or small quantities at this office.

"ST. LAWRENCE."

THIS Celebrated trotting Stallion, of the Morgan stock, will stand the ensuing season (1st March to 1st July) at my plantation on Grassy's Quarter Creek, 9 miles from Camden, Liberty Hill road, at forty dollars payable in advance. No insurance. Groom fee \$1.00. ZACH. CANTY. March 11

200 DOLLARS REWARD.

THE above reward will be paid for the detection of the rascal who cut the gin-band of the subscriber, on Saturday night last. Persons owning shoe shops will please keep an eye on all sole leather sent to their shops. SUTTERLAND & LEMMON. February 5

ORDINARY'S NOTICE.

ALL those who have not made annual returns of the estates entrusted to them as administrators or executors, will do well to make their annual returns of the same by the last day of February, 1864, as the Ordinary's Office will not be open after that date, only on Mondays and Fridays, until the end of the year. ALEX. L. McDONALD, O. K. D. February 12

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that Confederate notes, of all denominations, will be received, in payment of State taxes, until the 31st inst. After that date, payment must be made either in the new bills, or in five dollar notes. W. MCKAIN, T. C. K. D. March 4

HARK.

THIS beautiful thoroughbred young Stallion, by Jeff Davis, dam by Rutaw Shark, will stand at Hobkirk Hill the ensuing season (1st March to 1st July) at fifty dollars, payable in advance. No insurance. \$1.00 to the Groom. March 4

Dr. J. McCaa & Dr. B. H. Matheson.

OFFICE—TWO DOORS ABOVE THE BRANCH BANK. DR. J. M. MCAA. DR. B. H. MATHESON. January 29

NOTICE.

CAPT. W. E. HUGHSON will act as my Agent for the transaction of all business in reference to Insurance Agency, during my absence in the service. January 22 W. L. DePASS.

NOTICE.

B. M. BROWN is my authorized agent during my absence from home. S. S. MYERS. February 12

NOTICE.

CAMDEN DEPOT, March 9th, 1864. AFTER this date and until further notice, the Passenger trains, on the Camden Branch, will run as follows: Leave Camden, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3.15 a. m. Arrive at Kingsville 6.30 a. m. Leave Kingsville 4.30 p. m. Arrive at Camden 7.30 p. m. On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leave Camden at 1 p. m. E. F. BOWARTH, Sup't. Transportation. March 13

MEDICAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a partnership for the purpose of practicing medicine and its vicinity. J. M. DESAUSSEURE, M. D. D. L. DESAUSSEURE, M. D. April 1

WILL BE AT HIS STABLE AT THE HERMITAGE THE ENSUING SEASON, COMMENCING THE FIRST OF MARCH.

Terms—Fifty Dollars the Season, payable in advance. February 12

FACTORAGE AND COMMISSION AGENCY.

THE undersigned has this day opened an agency for the purchase, barter and sale, on commission, of groceries, provisions, dry goods, and produce and merchandise of every description, and is prepared to receive goods on consignment or for storage. Attention will also be given to the buying and selling of Real Estate and Negroes. Liberal advances made on all consignments. Office on Main street two doors above the Post Office. D. D. HOCOTT. April 15

WANTED TO HIRE.

A NEGRO Girl from 10 to 12 years of age. For further particulars apply at the Post Office. April 29

WANTED.

500 BUSHELS of Sorghum Seed, for which the highest price will be given. April 5 D. D. HOCOTT.

FOR SALE OR BARTER.

TWO doors above the Post Office, Cotton Cards, Rice, Liverpool and Coast Salt, Nails, Tobacco, Cotton Yarn, Flour, Bacon, and Lard, by April 29 D. D. HOCOTT.

HEADQUARTERS EN. OFFICE. CAMDEN, S. C., April 19th, 1864.

PARAGRAPH 1. The Captains of Boat Companies in Kershaw District, will furnish me, at once, with a list of all persons in their respective Boats between the ages of 17 and 18 and 45 and 50 years of age. W. Z. LEITNER, Capt. and E. O. K. D. April 22

COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT, CAMDEN, S. C., May 10, 1864.

IN view of the urgent necessity at present existing for an increased supply of subsistence for the troops from this section of the country, and in view of the desire of many persons who have, in order to be exempt from service, given bonds to supply to the army a given number of pounds of bacon and beef, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to receive the same, and that a discount of twenty-five per cent. will be allowed from the quantity to all those who shall deliver their quota on or before the 14th May, 1864. J. H. DEVEREUX, A. A. C. S. May 20