THE CHUFA OR EARTH ALMOND.

Our agricultural and other exchanges contain favorable notices of the value of this plant for hogs. We think it demands attention from our farmers at d planters, and accordingly reproduce the following article upon the subject from the Field and Fireside of the 2d instant. We see by advertisement in the Augusta newspapers that seed can be procured of J. V. Jones, Herndon P. O., Burke county, Ga. A bushel of seed in secure boxes, for \$25, sent by express: THE CHUFA OR EARTH ALMOND.

The analysis of this plant and its practical use for a series of years establishes conclusively its great value as a field crop, and none other known in husbandry can surpass it as an auxillary to the great grain crop of this country. It is extensively used by the Spaniards as food both for men and animals, and will be as profitably employed in this country, when its value becomes known and appreciated. The tubers, when pounded into a paste and mixed with water, make a remarkable emulsion; resembles milk in appearance, and, when strained, the fat rises to the surface and looks like cream. This emulsion, when prepared and sweetened to the taste, is a most nutritive ingredient, and may be used as a valuable substitute for milkthe remaining cake forming a rich, nutritive food for all domestic animals,

The cultivation of the Chufa is the same as cotton or corn, and may be planted at the same time and grown between the rows of the latter crop, like the ground or field pea. The largest yield, however, is realized by planting the crop to itself upon three foot beds, as for cottondropping one or two tubers twenty inches apart on the bed, and covered with the foot, or cotton board; or the crop may be planted in checks two feet nine inches square, one or two seed to the hill, covered with foot or hoe, and cultivated entirely with the sweep, running two furrows each way at the same time. One bushel of tubers will plant from five to ten acres. The harvest is easy and expeditions a thrust with a manure fork on opposite sides of the hill and thrown up, presents a quart to a half gallon of tubers the size of a post or white oak acora, and may be gathered from one to two bushels per day to the hand. When harvested for market, the tubers must be well washed and deled in the sun, and spread on a floor and not builted, as heat or termentation will injure them. The seed are better for plant ing, taken fresh from the field in the spring, after remaining all the winter in the ground.

The Chula is a plant or more visitive and can be transplanted at any stage of its growth with more facility than any garden or field crop, to the missing spaces which are "few and far between," and is far more reliable and produetive, requiring less labor in cultivation. maturing in one half the time of the potatoe or ground pen, and yields three times as much per acre. It inxuriates upon all poor or silicious soils, endures the most intense drowths, never wiltering under a burning stan, its deep green leaves resembling a luxuriant field of rice, always presenting a cheerful promise, and never failing to return the reward of a full fruition when the cultivation has been generous and complete. During the most fatal seasons we have ever experienced upon a field on which every other species of crops have rusted and "dried up" during the first days of dry weather in May or June, and from which we have not gathered, without its specific nanuer five bushels of corn, nor three hundred pounds of seed cotton per aere in thirty years, an average of eighty two bushels of tubers per acre have been obtained. Other planters have reported over two hundred bushels per acre on a more generous soil. What plant known to the enlightened husbandman will yield so much nutritive food per sere for the same labor? None of which we are informed! If we much happier the present condition and fature prospect of the country, had the crop been grown exten-'sively for the past fire years. Let the hunger and scarcity now presenting such heart rending results answer the shortcomings of a misguided economy.

The comparative value of the Chufa, with other anxillary crops for feeding and raising swine is conclusive to all practical and experienced breeders, being ready for feeding in July and August, when other auxiliaries are struggling with most effort for maturity.

The nursing sow when turned in autumn upon the potatoe, ground or field pea, takes on fat rapidly, milk dries up, off-pring dwindles and perishes for its natural allment. The result of this stimulated candition of the sow is known to all practical breeders. Not so when feeding upon the Chufa; both sow and pig find in the tuber these ingredients so essentially united for the life giving sceretion of the dam, and the rapid development of the offspring; no vegetable food is so much relished by wild and domestic fowls nor contributes so much in savery flesh to the inmates of the poultry yard.

All practical breeders of swine concur that the most trying periods with this animal are the months of February and March-after surfeiting all winter from gleaning the fields, his condition becomes deranged and requires an elegative by a change of food without the most trying and requires an elegative by a change of food without the same distribution. condition becomes deranged and requires an alterative by a change of food: without it. he

sickens, nanseates and sleeps, and repeats the same symptoms from day to day until disease terminates his fate. Nothing in the form of vegetable food can be presented him more acceptable at this season than a reserved field of earth almonds.

Even with the above facts as developed by the analysis of this plant, agriculturalists who pass currently as intelligences in thier vocation, are to be found who doubt and dread some goblin damned may haunt their fields and render "nut and Bernauda grass" as a plea for the want of "hog and hominy," not realizing the truth that these enemies can be extirpated by marshaling this crop and the hog upon the same field. When reason and experience prevail, a more enlightened economy will congratulate the country upon the acquisition of one of the most valuable crops known to IMPŘÍMATUR. civilized man.

November 10, 1863.

From the Mobile Advertiser and Register, of the 23d, we take the following:

THE CHUFA FOR HOGS.

The value of the Chufa as food for hogs is still imperfectly appreciated, although it is gradually coming into use and favor. A considerable quantity of it was produced in this county during the last year, and we will be doing many of our readers a favor by informing them that they can procure the seed of excellent quality at the store of Messrs. Kelly & Co., on St. Michael street, between Water and Commerce. The following note from one of the most experienced and successful cultivators in this section will give the reader a general idea of the subject, and we trust incite him to a thorough investigation:

Dear Sir: In reply to your inquiry regarding the value of the Chura as food for hogs, we

That after several years' experience, we regard the Chufa as the best crop that can be grown on our light sandy soil for the raising of hogs. The Chufa requires but little labor in its cultivation, grows best on dry, sandy soil, if very poor (as most of our pine woods are,) should be manured just as if to be cultivated

An ordinary yield is from two to three hundred bushels to the acre. One acre of good t hufas will fatten ten hogs for pork, and one aere will farnish sufficient food for ten of your stock logs for five to six months, say from 1st October to 1st March.

The course that I prefer in fattening on them is to allow the logs to go into the field of Chufas and premain but half an hour in each day, and then have them turned out. When the Chutas become scarce, abow thent to remain an hour, then two hours, and towards the close they may be allowed to go in and out at

I regard the 1st of March as a suitable time to plant. The drills should be three feet apart, and the seed should be dropped one foot apart in the drill. After they have come up, cultivate with a sweep or hoes. They must be kept clear of grass or weeds.

Some persons have had fears that, if once introduced into a plantation, they could not be readily controlled or exterminated if desired. No fear need be entertained on this subject, for they are much more readily killed than the ordinary crab-grass.

Respectfully, BENJ N TOOMER.

On, ULYSSES.-The Boston Journal says: A friend of Gen. Grant informs us that when rallied recently about the persistent use of his name by the New York Herald for the Presidency, he said: "I aspire only to one political office. When this war is over I mean to run for Mayor of Galena (his place of residence); and it elected, I intend to have the side walk flixed up between my house and the depot."

When James T. Brady first opened a lawyer's office he took a basement room which been previously occupied by a cobler. He was somewhat annoyed by the previous occupant's callers, and irritated by the fact that he had few of his own. One day an Irishman entered, and said:

"The cobler's gone, I see.

"I should think he had," tartly responded

" And what do ye sell," said he, looking at the solitary table and a few law books.

"Blockheads," responded Brady.

"Be gorra," said the Irishman, "ve must be doing a mighty fine business-ye ain't got but one left.."

STRAVED OR STOLEN

ROM the subscriber, nine miles above Camden, on the Laneaster Road, three Milch Cows, two Dry Cows and two Yearlings, marked the figure 7 in the right ear and a swallow ferk and underbit in the left. It is believed that the above cattle have been stolen, as the mileh cows left their calves at home. A liberal reward will be paid for information that will lead to their recovery, or for the detection of the thief, if JAMES LOVE.

NOTICE.

Administrator. January 1

MEDICAL NOTICE.

N conformity with what has been done in other parts of the State, our fees for the present year will be generally doubled

T. H. DEAS, M. D. D. L DESAUSSURE, M. D., B. H. MATHESON, M. D., JOHN McCAA, M. D., W. R. SYKES, M. D.

February 5

MISS ALEXANDER

WILL resume the exercises of her MUSICAL CLASS as soon as she can ascertain whether a sufficient number of pupils can be obtained to induce her return.

Pupils desiring to continue their tessons will leave their names with Mrs McCandless.

Terms per quarter \$48. February 5

LOST,

ON the cars between Camden and Claremont, a Buckskin PURSE, containing a note for \$67.50, on J. D. Dinkins, drawn payable to J. W. Buckner or bearer. The public is warned against trading for said note, bearing date. December 6, 1863, as payment is sto, ped on the same. J. W. BUCKNER. sto, ped on the same. January 8

FOUND

N the street, opposite Col. Dickinson's Monument, I a small POCKET BOOK (marked "Notes"), containing eight dollars. The owner can have it by paying for this advertisement. Apply to J. K. Witherspoon, Telegraph Office.

REAL ESTATE SALE.

South Carolina---Kershaw District.

BY order of Alexander McDonald, Ordinary for Kershaw District, I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, at the Court House in Camden, on the first Monday in March next (sale day); Two small Tracts of Land, belonging to the estate of Hardy Thorn, d.ceased. Said land or tracts sold for division: and a tract containing 88 acre, more or less, lying and situate on the head waters of Pine Tree Creek; the second tract, confaming 58 acres, more or less, lying on the head waters of Beaver Dam Branch, both joining lands of Charles Perkins and others. Terms eash

purchasers to pay for papers.
February 5 6 DUNCAN SHEORN, S. K. D.

NEGROES FOR HIRE.

FOR the year, a likely feli on a complete gardener —ALSO—

Two women—A Washer, Ironer and Sempstress.
February 5 tf WM. M. SHANNON.

200 DOLLARS REWARD.

"HE above reward will be paid for the detection of the rascal who cut the gin-band of the subscriber. on Saturday night last. Persons owning shoe shops will please keep an eye on all sole leather sent to their SUTHERLAND & LEMMOND. February 5

TOWN TAXES.

THE Books will be opened to receive Taxes on the 25th inst. at the office of James Tumlap, and will remain open and the 1st day of March when the occass will be closed and defaulters double JOS. D. DUNLAP, Collector. taxed.

January 22

SLAVE LABOR FOR THE COAST-DAVISION NO. 2.

THE Commissioners of the Roads and the Town
Authorities within the judicial Districts of Lancaster, Kershaw, Chesterfield, Marlborough, Parlington, Marion, Sunter, Clarendon, Williamsburg and Horry, including Upper All Saints, will forthwith sum mon all persons in possession of slaves within their jurisdiction to deliver one-fourth of their slaves liable to Road duty at the Depots nearest their owners' re-sidence, on MONDAY, the 22d day of February prox., at 10 o'clock a.m., there to await transpo tation to Charleston, for thirty days' labor on the fertifications. II The Coma issioners and Authorities of resaid

will, at the same time, impress and invarid one burth of all male free negroes between the ages of sixteen and fifty years, resident within the limits of their au-

thority.

111. The owners of only one Road hand are exempt

IV. By the Act of December last, the said Authorities were required to make full returns to me of all road lands liable in thirty days. That duty has been partially and very imperfectly done-in many instances the return giving no indication, not even by its postmark, of the District from which it emanates. -The whole scheme of the amodmeent of December turns on these returns, and unless they are complete, the system must fail and the labor be supplied entirely by impressment.

WM. M. SHANNON, Agent of the State of South Carolina.

lan. 20, 1864. January 29

All the papers within the Division publish once a week for four weeks.

A CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

FOR TWELVE MONTHS' CONFEDERATE SER-VICE IN THE STATE.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 22, 1864.

H AVING received instructions from the Bureau of consection at Richmond, through the Commandant of Conscripts for South Carolina, to raise SIX COMPANIES OF MOUNTED MEN for the purpose of arresting deserters and delinquents from cons tion, and also for the purpose of resisting any "local invasions" or raids that may be attempted by the Abolitionists. Such authority on my part is thus made known to the citizens of the State in order that this most important service may be rendered the great cause of Southern Independence.

It is proposed to form the Battalion from "Ex-empts and Nonconscripts" Each company to consist of not less than sixty, nor more than one hundred, rank and file; to elect its own officers and to furnish his own horses. Arms (sabre and carbine) and ac-contrements will be furnished by the Confederate Government; and persons desirous of joining the corps can report, either individually or in organized companies, to the nearest District or Congressional Enrolling Officer, who is authorized to muster in and report them to me at these Headquarters.

The term of service will be for twelve months, and

its sphere of action local-that is, within the State.

ALLEN J. GREEN.

January 29 4 Major and Enrolling Officer. Guardian office.

South Carolina-Kershaw District.

BY A. L. MCDONALD, ESQUIRE, ORDINARY.

WHEREAS, EDWIN BARNES, APPLIED to me for Letters or Administration on all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits of Richard Hyatt, late of the District aforesaid, de-

ceased according to the will annexed:
These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all, and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Kershaw Court House on the 28th day of February inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this twelfth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and in the eightyeighth year of the Independence and Sovereignty of the State of South Carolina.

ALEX. L McDONALD, O. K. D. February 12

ORDINARY'S NOTICE.

LL those who have not made annual returns of A the es ares entrusted to them as administrators or executors, will do well to make their annual returns of the same by the last day of February 1864, as the Ordinary's Office will not be open after that date, only on Mondays and Frio ys, until the end of the year. ALEX L. McDONALD, O. K. D. February 12

AT PRIVATE SALE.

COMMODIOUS and elegant residence, with forty A commonly and attached, in one of the healthiest portions of Orangeburg District, about eight miles of the South Carolina Railroad, and Within easy reach of two depots. The dwelling house, which is well built two depots The dwelling house, which is well built and in good order, contains six rooms, with fire places, a pointry, and a wide hall, and has double piazzas in front. On the premises are a Kitchen, Store oon, Stable, &c., with ample accommodations for servants; also, an unfailing spring of very pure and very cold water. To families from the coast desirous of securing a safe, convenient and healthy residence, this place offers superior attraction.

For terms apply by letter, to the subscriber, at the office of the Camden Journal, Camden, S. C. annary 12 D. D. HOCOTT.

WEQUARTERS 22d REG. S. C. M. CAMDEN, S. C., Feb. 11, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 2.

IN pursuance of General Order No. 2, from the Adjutant and Inspector General, officers com manding Beat Companies are hereby ordered forthwith to have all vacant offices in their respective Beats fill-ed, and make their returns to these Headquarters on or before the first of March proximo. r before the first or states.

By command of Cot. JONES.

J. M. GAYLE, Adjt.

Captains L. J. Patterson, John Thompson, J. Faulkenberry, John B. Mickle Adam Team, S. D. Hough, Tebias Folsom, E. Parker, are hereby charged with the extension of this order.

By command of Cot. JONES.

February 12 J. M. CAYLE, Adj't.

NOTICE.

M. BROWN is my authorised agent during my because from home. T. S. MYERS. beenes from home. Fruary 12

TO HIRE.

20 NEGROES.—If not disposed of before, they will be hired to the highest bidder at the Court House in Camden, at 12 M. on Monday, 29th instant. At the same time will be offered for sale Two valuable Plantation Wagons. B. B. JOHNSON. February 12

Leather in Exchange for Corn.

100 POUNDS of superior SOLE LEATHER will be exchanged for Corn. Apply to W. C. GERALD.

SAM LETCHER

WILD be at his stable at the Hermitage the ensuing seasen, commending the first of March. Terms—Thirty Dollars the Season, payable in ad-February 12

ADJUTANT AND INSP. GEN'S, OFFICE, RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 4, 1864. GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 14.

THE following order is published for the informa-tion of all concerned:

CON-EDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, WAR DEPARTMENT RICHMOND, Feb. 1, 1864.

1. All prisoners heretofore held by the United States authorities, whether officers, s. Idiers or civilians, received at City Point, before the 1st of January, 1864,

are hereby declared exchanged.

2 All offices and men of the Vicksburg capture who reported for duty at Enterprise, Miss., at any time prior to the 14th of November, 1863, and whose names were forwarded to me by Maj. Gen. John H. Forney, are declared exchanged.

3. All officers and men of the Vicksburg capture, belonging to the 1st Tennessee Heavy Artiflery, who reported for duty at Marietta, Ga., and whose names were forwarded to me by Col. A. Jackson. RO OULD. clared exchanged. Agent of Exchange.

By order

S. COOPER. Adj't and Insp. Gen'l. Confederate newspaper publish six times, and

send bills to the War Department, February 12

Dr. J. McCaa & Dr. B. H. Matheson. OFFICE-TWO DOORS ABOVE THE BRANCH

DR JNO, MCCAA. DR. B. H. MATHESON. January 29

SPIRITS TURPENTINE BBLS. SP'TS TURPENTINE 50 FOR SALE.

January 8 "JOURNAL OFFICE." January 8

NOTICE.

NAPT. W. E. HUGHSON will act as my Agent for the transaction of all business in reference to Insurance Agency, during my absence in the service.

January 22 tf W. L. DEPASS W. L. DEPASS.

THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR WHITE lines or cotton Rags, delivered in large or small quantities at this office, or at the Post office.