

**From the West.**

**GUERRILLAS ON THE CUMBERLAND.**

CAIRO, December 4, 1863.—There are rumors, wild and startling—as all such rumors should be to keep up the fitness of things—regarding the presence of guerrillas on the Cumberland, near Canton, where the steamer May Duke was burned last week. For a few days we had a comparative calm in this region, and guerrillas seemed to have lost all appetite for their calling, but it was the calm preceding the storm. I have furnished you the particulars of the attempt at classic Hog point and Waterproof point to destroy the Emerald and Black Hawk, by which a half dozen lives were lost and a few wounded. This seems to have inaugurated the new campaign of the guerrillas now on the rampage on both the Tennessee and the Cumberland. Boats unattended by an armed convoy are not now safe in either of these streams, hence considerable delay in forwarding supply stores to Nashville, which has commenced in earnest, boats departing almost daily in that direction.

**BUSHWHACKERS FROM MISSOURI.**

At the time of its occurrence you had the particulars of a raid made upon Charleston, Mo., twelve miles from this place, by a gang of guerrillas or bushwhackers of most approved style. Yesterday, Capt. Diehl, of the enrolled militia, brought to this place George Mottle, John Bush and John Green, three of the gang, who had been captured in the encounter with the citizens immediately following the attack upon Charleston. One of the number committing the raid was killed. The three men named were sent to St. Louis on the train yesterday, in charge of Capt. Diehl, to meet their trial before a military commission.

**SOME OF THE SAME FROM KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE.**

They had an attempt by guerrillas to burn up the town of Columbus the other evening, resulting in the destruction of nearly a block of buildings, including the military prisons.—The fire originated with prisoners, who took this method of paving the way for escape. So well were they guarded, however, that not a man got off. Some had their clothing badly scorched by the flames their own hands had kindled. Captain I. H. Williams, district provost marshal at Columbus, came up on the steamer Crawford, yesterday, having in charge seventy-seven rebel prisoners, of guerrilla species, murderers, etc., en route for Indianapolis, Indiana, where they will have a chance to learn the difference between a state of freedom and a state of general inactivity. The latter will undoubtedly conduce to their moral, if not physical advancement. The prisoners were sent out on the noon train in the care of a captain of the 14th Iowa regiment. Sol. Street's gang of guerrillas were represented, through the energy of Captain F. Moore, at Merryweather's crossing, a few weeks since. These are a portion of those who set fire to the town of Columbus.

**ANOTHER SCARF AT COLUMBUS, KY.**

Columbus, Ky., is of late becoming proverbial for fights, but not so notorious for real fights. There were preparations being made at Columbus, yesterday, when the Crawford left, for an expected attack by the rebels, who were reported as advancing in force from some unknown direction upon that devoted place.—The story has been so often told to us, however, that we shall doubt a demonstration upon our neighboring city, until we actually hear the cannon, or see the results of a fight. The railroad to Paducah is being torn up, and a railroad in another direction, for army use, is being put in repair as fast as laborers can be found to work upon it. Several regiments of troops have arrived at the same place, within a day or two. A Pennsylvania regiment is already on the spot, and a Rhode Island regiment was to have reported yesterday.

The conscription order of General Sherman, which, for some days, has been in operation in Columbus, as well as in other portions of the district, and which has created considerable excitement among all classes of citizens, has been so modified that only those hangers on of the army, and army followers, gamblers, speculators, etc., are subject to become victims, and have new blue clothing put upon their backs, and new muskets placed in their hands. Persons who can show that they are and have been engaged in a respectable and legitimate calling in Cairo, we are assured, need have no fear of conscription until the regular draft takes place, under the superintendence of Capt. I. N. Phillips, the U. S. provost marshal of our district. Those residing in Columbus must, of course, abide by military law or the civil regulations extant in the State of Kentucky.

**FIRING UPON STREAMERS.**

CAIRO, December 6.—There has not been a great amount of news concentrated at this point within the past few days, neither has the little we have gathered been of a sensational or ultra-interesting character. The operations of Gen. Grant, at Chattanooga, and the attention that has been riveted upon the movements of Meade's army of the Potomac, have absorbed and overshadowed the smaller works of Gen. Hurlbut at Memphis, and Gen. McPherson at Vicksburg.

**I learn from the officers of the steamer Fanny, just up from New Orleans, that she was**

fired into, on her trip up the river, at Waterproof landing, by the same party of Dick Taylor's troops previously mentioned as having located a battery at that place. It was judged by those on board, that at least three hundred musket bullets were fired upon the Fanny.—Several of the shots penetrated the boat's sides, and two men were slightly wounded. The second mate, named Vale, had a shot strike the end of his nose, and another clipped off the tip of his ear, which, he says, was smelling gunpowder and hearing the whizzing of the bullets slightly better than he had any desire. A watchman was also slightly wounded in the leg. The steamer Sultana was also fired into at the same place, on her downward trip, but no one was hurt. The Welcome, which has just arrived at Cairo, was fired into going down and coming up. Although badly cut up with bullets no person was hurt on her upward voyage. The Brazil was also fired upon going down, and one man severely, and probably mortally wounded. The place where all this firing has been done appears to be in the vicinity of Waterproof point. But a gunboat will soon drive the rebels off.

**SUCCESSFUL RETURN OF FORREST.**—Near Holy Springs, via Waterford, Dec. 29.—Gen. Forrest crossed the Memphis and Charleston railroad safely on the 27th, after several fights, in all of which he was successful. He defeated the 7th and 9th Illinois near Summerville, with heavy loss, captured Lafayette; drove the enemy into his works at Collierville; captured the wagon train of the 7th Illinois and sixty prisoners; fought the enemy, infantry and cavalry, at Jack's creek, north of Jackson, Tenn., on the 22d and 23d, and drove them back.—They did not advance again. Chalmers formed a junction with him, Dec. 28.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 5.—At about ten o'clock on Monday night the enemy renewed his futile bombardment of the city. Between the hour above named and six o'clock Tuesday morning he threw a shell every thirty minutes. Sixteen shells fell within the town, with the usual amount of damage. Work still goes on at Morris Island, but no change is visible. The harbor elsewhere is quiet. *Mercury.*

**THE DUTY OF THE PEOPLE.**—The Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel very justly remarks that the best thing our citizens out of the army could do, at this critical juncture, would be to devote all their energies to strengthening, clothing, feeding and encouraging our gallant and self-sacrificing armies. They should use all reasonable efforts to discourage desertion and to return to the field such delinquents as have already abandoned their colors. Indeed, every man should regard it his first duty to support the war with all his might; and if the great body of the people can be fully aroused to a proper sense of their danger and their duty—be made to feel and to do as the exigency requires—no power on earth can break their spirit and subjugate their country. The time has come to suffer as well as to fight—to exhibit fortitude as well as bravery.

**NATIONAL FORTITUDE.**—If there is anything more astonishing than another in the history of the Roman Republic, it is the unconquerable spirit, the persevering energy, the invincible determination with which, under every calamity, and often in the very extremity of adverse fortune, they combined to struggle for the superiority, and at length attained it—not so much by conquering as by wearing out their adversaries. In no period of their long and glorious annals was this transcendent quality more strikingly evinced than in the second Punic war, when, after the battle of Cannae, Corpus, the second city of Italy, yielded to the influence of Hannibal, and nearly half of the Roman Colonies, worn out by endless exaction in men and money, refused to send any further succors. The heroic spirit the Roman Senate then evinced, the extraordinary sacrifices they made, may, without exaggeration, be pronounced without parallel in the annals of mankind, if we reflect on the length of time during which these sacrifices were required. But while this invincible spirit augments our admiration of the Roman character, and makes us feel that they indeed deserved that mighty dominion which they afterwards attained, it takes much from the merit of their individual commanders. It was almost impossible to avoid ultimate success, with such armies to lead and to heroic a people to sustain the efforts and furnish the munitions of war.

*Blackwood's Magazine, June 1863.*

ATLANTA, January 2.—We have conversed with a gentleman just from Bristol. He informs us that the condition of the campaigns in East Tennessee is prosperous and hopeful.—It is considered that Burnside will not be able to hold his position at Knoxville. Our forces have completely cut off his communication with Cumberland Gap, and his troops are on short rations. At Chattanooga the enemy is also reported on allowance, by parties recently out from that vicinity. On the lower Tennessee bodies of cavalry seem to be organizing for the coming spring campaign. Our scouts in the region of Tennessee line are said to be well regulated.

**Tribute of Respect.**

BRANCH BANK CAMDEN, }  
December 30, 1863. }  
Whereas, God, in His all wise Providence, has again visited us, and taken from our midst, JOSEPH W. DOBY, our late Cashier; Therefore  
Resolved, That, in the death of Mr. Doby, the Bank has been deprived of an efficient and devoted officer, who has for years managed its affairs with great exactness and fidelity; and the whole community has been called to mourn the loss of one eminently esteemed as a man, and valued as a citizen; one ever conspicuous amidst his companions for his frank and cheerful disposition, and for his generous and noble qualities as a gentleman.  
Resolved, That in his death, the "poor man's friend" has been taken, and hundreds who have experienced his kindness, and been recipients of his favors, now live to respect and cherish his memory.  
Resolved, That we sympathize deeply with his bereaved family in their great affliction, and commend them to the care of Him who "doth not willingly afflict or grieve the children of men."  
Resolved, That this preamble, and these resolutions be transmitted to his family and published in the CAMDEN JOURNAL.  
Resolved, That in respect to his memory, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.  
Resolved, That a blank page on our Minute Book be inscribed to his memory.  
E. W. BONNEY, President pro tem.

**OBITUARY.**

DIED—In Camden, on the 16th December, 1863, JAMES V. LYLES. He was a native of Newberry District, S. C., born 2d August, 1810. In the twentieth year of his age he became a member of the Baptist Church. Quiet and unobtrusive in his demeanor, his consistent walk and uniform conduct, was the best evidence of the sincerity of his profession, and the abiding sense of his obligation to his Creator, and love to the Saviour, whose service he entered at the threshold of his manhood. He was engaged in mercantile pursuits for several years, in Columbia, S. C.—was the first President of the Exchange Bank; served for several years as Intendant and Warden of that city. Ardently attached to his native State, no man watched with more interest the great conflict he saw was coming on. For years it was his opinion that a separation between the North and the South was inevitable, and when it did come he rendered all the services in his power to accomplish the great purpose of Southern Independence.

Especially on the financial question Mr. Lyles' articles on that deeply absorbing and difficult subject, showed a knowledge and comprehensive grasp, which attracted the ablest minds in the country, and drew forth encomiums bestowed upon very few writers that have attempted to elucidate this intricate matter. About six years ago he removed to Camden, where, in the quiet of his own domestic circle, and enjoying the confidence and esteem of the community, with the apparent promise of long life, he was suddenly cut down, leaving a wife and four children, with numerous relatives, to mourn his loss.

"God moves in a mysterious way,  
His wonders to perform,  
He plants His footstep in the deep,  
And rides upon the storm."

**LIST OF LETTERS.**

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT CAMDEN, January 1, 1864:

A	Meredith, Eliza	M
Ashbury & Taylor, 3	McLuce, Maj F C	
B	Mann, Robert	
Box, Mrs R G	Miller, Mrs L V	
Baker, Mrs Mary	McDonnal, C W	
C		
Croff Mr, Striker Coles	N	
F	Nelan, Abram	
Follen, Capt Gustavus A	Noland, Eliza	2
G	P	
Gelyer, Mrs Clara A	Price, Mrs Wm	
Gardner, W W	R	
J	Robertson, Dr P G	2
Jacobs, Aaron	Russell, Henry	
Johnson, Miss Sarah A	Robinson, Mrs M M	
K	Robertson, Mrs Lydia G	
King, Nancy	T	
L	Thompson, Amanda A	
Levy, Mrs M J	Thompson, Mary Jane	
Lazarus, B D	W	
Love, Miss Maggie	Waldon, Miss Abigail	
	Wood, Wiley	4

Persons calling for the above, will please say they are advertised.  
T. W. PEGUES, P. M.  
January 8 1

**NOTICE.**

WE will hire on the twenty-fifth day of January inst., at the plantation of William Kirkland, deceased, some fifteen to twenty negro slaves—men and women. Terms made known on day of hiring. Hiring to commence about 11 o'clock, A. M.  
WM R. TAYLOR,  
JOHN KIRKLAND,  
JOS R KIRKLAND.  
January 8 3 Ed'rs Wm. Kirkland, dec'd.

**NOTICE.**

IN pursuance of an order passed by Mr. A. L. McDonald, O. K. D., I will sell, on the twenty-eighth day of January inst., at the residence occupied by William M. Bullock, deceased, at the time of his death, all the personalty belonging to the estate of said deceased. Said personalty consisting of a horse, stock of cattle, household and kitchen furniture, &c. Terms cash.  
WM R. TAYLOR, O. K. D.  
January 8 3 Adm'r W. M. Bullock, dec'd.

**LIVERPOOL SALT.**

30 SACKS GENUINE LIVERPOOL SALT, ON consignment, and for sale or barter, by  
January 8 4 MATHESON & CO.

**NOTICE.**

PURSUANT to an order granted by Mr. A. L. McDonald, O. K. D. I will sell, on the twentieth day of January inst., at the residence wheret Allen Sanders lived at the time of his death, all the effects of said deceased, consisting of a horse, stock of cattle, hogs, sheep, household and kitchen furniture, &c.—Terms cash.  
WM R. TAYLOR, O. K. D.  
January 8 2 Adm'r Allen Sanders, dec'd.

**SPIRITS TURPENTINE.**

50 BBLs. SPTS TURPENTINE, FOR SALE.  
Persons living at a distance can address  
January 8 "JOURNAL OFFICE."

**ATTENTION!**

ALL persons ordered for examination and not heretofore examined, and all persons who have not reported for a revision of their certificates, will report at my office, on Thursday, the 14th of January, before Examining Board.

W. Z. LEITNER,  
Capt. and E. O. K. D.

**LOST,**

ON the cars between Camden and Claremont, a Buckskin PURSE, containing a note for \$67 50, on J. D. Dinkins, drawn payable to J. W. Buckner or bearer. The public is warned against trading for said note, bearing date, December 6, 1863, as payment is stopped on the same.  
J. W. BUCKNER.  
January 8 1

**Administrator's Sale.**

I WILL offer at public sale to the highest bidder, on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1864—the following property, belonging to the estate of S. D. Gibson, deceased—One mare, a stock of cattle and hogs, household and kitchen furniture, plantation utensils, &c. Terms cash.  
JOS. K. KIRKLAND, Adm'r.  
January 8 5

**FINAL NOTICE.**

ALL persons having demands against the estate of John S. Brown, deceased, are requested to present them, duly attested, to T. S. Myers, for payment.  
January 8 3 B. M. BROWN.

**NOTICE.**

LOST—One month ago, a sealed note, against Wm. Kirkland, in favor of Barbary Kirkland, for the sum of one hundred and forty dollars (\$140) dated January 1, 1862, payable one day after date, with interest from date. All persons are forewarned from trading for said note. Any person finding the same will please deliver it to me at the Camden Bridge, or to Wm. R. Taylor, at Camden.  
WM. L. COOK.  
January 8 2

**South Carolina—Kershaw District.**

BY A. L. McDONALD, Esquire, Ordinary.  
WHEREAS, M. K. YARBROUGH APPLIED to me for Letters of Administration on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of A. A. Murchison, late of the District aforesaid, deceased:  
These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all, and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Kershaw Court House on the 25th day of January inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.  
Given under my Hand and Seal, this 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four and in the eighty-eighth year of the Independence and Sovereignty of the State of South Carolina.  
January 8 2 A. L. McDONALD, O. K. D.

**Administrator's Sale.**

BY permission of A. L. McDonald, Ordinary for Kershaw District, I will sell at public sale, on Saturday, the 23d day of January, inst., on the plantation lately occupied by John Arthur, deceased, corn, fodder, stock, cattle, mules, &c., &c., belonging to the estate of the said John Arthur. Terms at sale.  
—ALSO—  
At the same time and place, the lease of the said plantation and the use of the negroes for a life estate.  
CORNELIA F. ARTHUR,  
January 8 3 Administratrix.

**KERSHAW DISTRICT TAX NOTICE.**

WE will attend on the following days  
At Liberty Hill, Friday, January 29  
" Flat Rock, Saturday, " 30  
" Buffalo, Wednesday, February 3  
" Lyzibny's, Thursday, " 4  
" Shrock's Mill, Friday, " 5  
" Careton's Mill, Monday, " 8  
To receive returns of Income and Property deced by each person, joint stock company and corporation, from every occupation, employment or business, either registered or not, during the calendar year 1863. Also—to set returns from all mills, tanyards and other registered business. In the interval we will be found at the office every day (Sundays excepted), to receive returns on above, and collect the same. All persons interested will attend to this, as the law will be enforced against defaulters.  
A. M. KENYEDY, C. 17th C. D.  
JOHN CANTEY, A. 17th C. D.  
January 8 5

**WANTED,**

A WASHER. Apply at  
DR. D. L. DESAUSSURES.  
January 8 3

**STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.**

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERALS OFFICE, }  
COLUMBIA, January 6, 1864. }  
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 1.  
THE Enrolling Officers who assisted the Aids-de-Camp of his Excellency the Governor in making the enrollment under General Orders No. 37 from this office, dated October 5, 1863, are required to transmit to this office a statement for the number of days they were so employed, and the actual expense incurred by them, certified by the Aids-de-Camp, and therefrom their pay will be ordered to be drawn by them or upon their order. By order:  
A. C. GARLINGTON,  
Adjutant and Inspector-General S. C.  
January 8 1  
Papers of the State copy once.

**AT PRIVATE SALE.**

SEVERAL PARCELS OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE in the town of Camden. Also, several likely and valuable Negroes, among them house servants, washerwomen, seamstresses, &c., belonging to the residuary estate of the late Charles J. Shannon.  
If not disposed of at private sale, the above property will be sold at public sale, before the Market, in Camden, on the first Monday in February next, being the first day of the month.  
—ALSO—  
Two Jacks and two Jennets. One of the Jacks six years old, very fine and sound—the other is a colt.  
THOMAS E. SHANNON, } Exec'rs.  
WM. M. SHANNON }  
January 1 5