

1848, they have been subjected to a careful scientific examination, and no organ similar to an eye can be discovered. It would indeed be a useless appendage to creatures that dwell for ever in Cimmerian darkness. But, as usual, the acuteness of one sense is increased by the absence of another. These fish are undisturbed by the most powerful glare of light, but they are alarmed at the slightest agitation of the water; and it is therefore exceedingly difficult to catch them.

Mr. Webster's Death.

The following letter (says the Washington, Republic of the 26th.) was addressed by the President to the Heads of Departments, in relation to the death of Mr. WEBSTER, and the steps to be taken in connection with that melancholy event.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON.

Monday Morning, Oct. 25, 1852.

Gentlemen,—The painful intelligence received yesterday enforces upon me the sad duty of announcing to the Executive Departments the death of the Secretary of State. Daniel Webster died at Marshfield, in Massachusetts, on Sunday, the 24th of October, between two and three o'clock in the morning.

Whilst this irreparable loss it brings its natural sorrow to every American heart, and will be heard far beyond our borders with mournful respect, wherever civilization has nurtured men who find in transcendent intellect and faithful patriotic service a theme for praise, it visits with still more poignant emotion his colleagues in the Administration, with whom his relations have been so intimate and so cordial.

The fame of our illustrious statesman belongs to his country—the admiration of it to the world. The record of his wisdom will inform future generations, not less than its utterance has enlightened the present. He has bequeathed to posterity the richest fruits of the experience and judgement of a great mind, conversant with the greatest national concerns. In these his memory will endure as long as our country shall continue to be the home and guardian of freedom.

The people will share with the Executive Departments in the common grief which befalls his departure from amongst us.

In the expression of individual regret at this afflicting event, the Executive Departments of the Government will be careful to manifest every observance of honor which custom has established as appropriate to the memory of one so eminent as a citizen.

The Acting Secretary of State will communicate this sad intelligence to the Diplomatic corps near this Government, and through our Ministers abroad to foreign governments.

The members of the Cabinet are requested, as a further testimony of respect for the deceased, to wear the usual badges of mourning for thirty days.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
MILLARD FILLMORE.

To the Acting Secretary of State and the Secretaries of the Treasury, Interior, War, Navy and Attorney General, and Postmaster General. In pursuance of Mr. Fillmore's instruction, orders were issued to close the various Departments for the day. The buildings in which the business of the different bureaus is conducted were hung in mourning; and in the State Department the officers were recommended to wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

A letter of condolence was addressed to Mrs. Webster by the Secretaries.

The District Courts, now in session in this city, together with the City Council, also adopted measures, to do honor, to the illustrious, dead.

Waking Up.

There are many in the Southern States deceived into the belief that the spirit of abolitionism is laid forever. We have never believed anything of the kind; fanaticism rarely ceases its work so long as there is material for it to work on, and that species of it which has mounted anti-slavery as its hobby horse, has aids and abettors which strengthen and encourage it.

A general convention of the congregationalists from the different churches of that denomination throughout the country, was held on the week before last in the city of Albany, New York. In the motley proceedings of this religious convocation, we observe that the topic of slavery claimed considerable attention. A committee was appointed to report on the subject. We notice that a majority of this committee reported in favor of "withholding the aid of the American Home Missionary Society" from churches which recognize slaveholders. A minority reported in favor of granting such aid to those churches in the South which preach in such a way as to "mitigate the oppressions of slavery and lead to its ultimate abolition."

The Rev. Dr. Bacon said he was prepared to assume the ground of the majority report, and was not exactly satisfied with that of the minority. We quote from a report of his remarks: "The question of slavery (he said) had become a political one; and though now the country was comparatively quiet, it would wake up again; and that, perhaps, in three months from this, when the question of the annexation of Cuba came to be considered. He concluded by moving an amendment to the effect that preaching of the gospel was calculated to destroy the works of the devil, slavery not excepted, and then in substance adopting the resolution reported by the minority.

Finally, it was resolved to recommit the whole subject, with instructions to report the next day. Next day, accordingly, the committee reported the following resolution in place of the one objected to:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention it is the tendency of the gospel, wherever it is preached in its purity, to correct all social evils and destroy sin in all its forms; and that it is the duty of missionary societies to grant aid to churches in slaveholding States, in the support of such ministers only as shall preach the gospel, and inculcate the principles and the application of gospel discipline; that with the blessing of God, it shall have its full effect in awakening and enlightening the moral sense in regard to slavery, and in bringing to pass the speedy abolition of that stupendous wrong; and that wherever a minister is not permitted so to preach, he should, in accordance with the direction of Christ in such cases, "depart out that city."

It is stated that this resolution was adopted without debate. Here is a bold scheme to quarter upon the South a troop of wolves in sheep's clothing, to bring aid and support among us, under the guise of religious teachers, a parcel of incendiaries, who with the praise of God on their lips, are to be zealous in the work of the devil. The rejected report was a more manly and open avowal of hostility, that adopted is a sneaking and indirect attempt to make the pulpit an anti-slavery forum. We notice this movement not for the purpose of giving it importance, but to lay before our readers another evidence that the anti-Southern spirit is not dead, either in Church or State, that it is a delusion to imagine that the hostility to our institutions has burned out.

South Carolinian.

Congressional Districts.

Messrs. EDITORS:—Allow me to suggest for the consideration of our Legislature the following plan for a re-adjustment of the Congressional Districts of the State. It recommends itself both on account of the near approximation to a numerical equality in the several Districts, and also on account of the fitness of the geographical collocation. So far as the two sections (the upper and lower) of the State are considered, it preserves to each its just representative proportion. There may, and doubtless will be, objections to this plan, as there will be to any that may be proposed; and yet, on the whole, I am induced to believe it will be found, upon critical examination, as just and as judicious an arrangement as the circumstances of the case will admit.

FIRST DISTRICT.	
Spartanburgh—Federal population	35,164
Union, do do	15,640
York, do do	16,170
Chester, do do	14,024
Total population	81,007

SECOND DISTRICT.	
Pickens—Federal population	15,384
Greenville, do do	17,442
Anderson, do do	9,179
Abbeville, do do	24,468
Laurens, do do	18,592
Total population	85,065

THIRD DISTRICT.	
Fairfield—Federal population	15,672
Newberry, do do	14,983
Edgefield, do do	30,067
Lexington, do do	10,698
Richland, do do	14,847
Total population	86,267

FOURTH DISTRICT.	
Lancaster—Federal population	8,937
Kershaw, do do	10,556
Sumter, do do	17,858
Chesterfield, do do	9,486
Marlboro, do do	8,486
Darlington, do do	12,798
Marion, do do	14,357
Total population	82,136

FIFTH DISTRICT.	
Charleston—(The parishes of St. James Goose Creek, and St. Andrews, being given to the Sixth District.)	
Charleston—Federal population	55,732
Georgetown, do do	13,265
Williamsburgh, do do	9,029
Horry, do do	6,796
Total population	84,822

SIXTH DISTRICT.	
Colleton—Federal population,	19,790
Beaufort, do do	24,109
Barwell, do do	20,880
Orangeburgh do do	17,109
Parishes of St. James Goose Creek, and St. Andrews,	3,640
800	
Total population	86,628

CAROLINA.

FROM TAMPA BAY.—The U. S. transport ship *Fashion* McE. Baker master, arrived on Friday at New-Orleans from Tampa Bay via Passaic.

She brought over two companies of U. S. Artillery, under Col. Nauman, with their hospital establishment. These troops return from summer quarters on the Gulf, and were disembarked at Barracks below New-Orleans.

Capt. Baker reports that while he was at Tampa, the Seminole chief Billy Bowlegs, with his suite, arrived at that place, in charge of Gen. Blake. The day following, the party left for Fort Meyers. Gen. Childs was at Tampa.

It appears that whenever Billy Bowlegs becomes a little inebriated, he says freely that he objects to leaving his old hunting grounds for a strange land.

SUBDEN AND SINGULAR DEATH.—One of the most sudden and singular deaths from fright we have ever been called upon to chronicle, occurred at North Market yesterday morning. It appears that Mrs. Sarah Jane Bolton, in passing through the market dropped her pocket book, and a woman, named King, immediately behind her, picked it up. Mrs. Bolton missed the book, and turned and asked Mrs. King if she had found it, who instantly replied that she had, and returned it to the owner. Mrs. Bolton opened the book, and declared that ten dollars had been taken out of it, which Mrs. King denied. The former insisted that she had, and threatened her with a policeman if she did not return it, when Mrs. King fainted and fell at her feet. One or two policemen came up and commenced hurrying the poor woman off towards the calaboose, but soon finding that life was nearly, if not quite extinct, they laid her down on a cellar door where she soon expired. A coroner's inquest was held soon after, and the above facts elicited. A ten dollar bill, answering to the one Mrs. Bolton alleged to have lost, was found in Mrs. King's basket. Mrs. King is said to be the wife of a steamboatman, and the mother of several children.

St. Louis Intl. Oct. 14.

NEW YORK CONSERVATISM.—It is sheer nonsense to prate of the conservatism of the city of New York on the slavery question. We notice that John P. Hale, the Free Soil candidate for the Presidency, being expected to arrive there from the West, the Common Council of that city has, by formal resolution, tendered him the use of the Governor's room in the City Hall for the reception of his friends.—*Carolinian*.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY EVENING NOVEMBER 2, 1852.

THO. J. WARREN, Editor.

Temperance Meeting.

Waterloo Division No. 9, Sons of Temperance, will hold a public meeting in the Baptist Church, on Thursday Evening, 4th November, when an Address will be delivered by our Most Worthy Patriarch, the Hon. JOHN BELTON O'NEILL. The members will meet at their Hall at half after 6 o'clock, to form procession and march to the Church. All transient Brethren are requested to unite with us.

Let the Brethren of our Division lay aside their business for one evening in giving a welcome to our exalted head in the Order; the presence of each and every one is earnestly solicited.

The public and LADIES especially, are invited to attend.

A. M. KENNEDY,
W. THURLOW CASTON,
L. W. BALLARD, } Committee of Arrang'mts.

Our Cotton Market

Our Cotton Market has been somewhat depressed since our last, and a reduction in prices has taken place. We quote at 8 1/2 to 9 1/4.

Judge O'Neill.

We hope the people will turn out en masse to hear this veteran champion of Temperance on Thursday night next, in the Baptist Church. Let every Sox be at his post, with his badge on—let every body see that we are not ashamed of being Temperance men.

The Cars

Are now passing over the Congaree River, which arrangement, we are pleased to learn, commenced on yesterday morning. The time for leaving Camden hereafter, until further notice, will be 6 o'clock, A. M. Our mails we hope will arrive according to schedule time, 4 o'clock, P. M.

DeKalb Debating Club.

The following are the officers of this Club for the ensuing quarter:

S. O. HATFIELD, President,
J. T. BALLARD, Vice President,
JOHN McKEIN, Secretary,
JAMES ARBANTS, Treasurer.

Legislative Proceedings.

We call attention to the Card of Messrs. JOHNSTON & GAVIS, the enterprising proprietors of the South Carolinian, by which it will be seen that they propose to furnish their paper during the approaching session of our Legislature at a very low price. As the business of this session will be interesting and important to all who wish to keep posted up with its actions and doings should embrace the opportunity thus presented them.

Temperance Pic Nic.

We had the pleasure on Friday last of attending a Pic Nic at Bishopville, given by the Sons of Temperance. To say that we were highly pleased with the proceedings of that occasion, so creditable to the hands and hearts of our Bishopville brethren, would but feebly express our real sentiments. The arrangements were in admirable taste, and the whole affair passed off most pleasantly, and we hope profitably.

The regularly appointed Speakers of the day, were Rev. A. MCCORMAC of Sumter, Grand Worthy Patriarch A. M. KENNEDY of Camden, and Mr. JOHN S. RICHARDSON, Jr. of Sumter. It would be but a stereotyped edition for about the thousandth time, to go into detail, and attempt an imperfect synopsis even, of the very excellent speeches of our brethren. Suffice it therefore to say, that the cause of Temperance suffered no detriment in their lands, and if good, plain, substantial, common sense and practical reasoning, on the part of the two first, and a finished and elegant argument in support of this noble cause by the last, will not work its way to the hearts and consciences of those who heard them, we have nothing to hope for from a further discussion of the question. We believe good will result from that day's proceedings, and if time does not show it, eternity's record we hope may.

The Ladies, (Heaven bless them,) were present in gaily numbers, and ever as they are, on the side of Truth and Virtue, contributed largely to the pleasure of the occasion, by a bountiful supply of good things—such a Pic Nic dinner we have rarely had the pleasure of attending. We reckon the gratified audience gave a substantial proof of their appreciation. Talk about your fashionable wine dinner parties, and all that; for our part we prefer

"Sparkling and bright—in its liquid light,
The water in our glasses."

Our Sumter friends, universally noted for their hospitality and social cleverness, have illustrated this admirable trait to perfection in their Temperance Pic Nic

The Bishopville Band very kindly assisted in the exercises of the day.

Bishop Capers.

"This venerable divine, we are pleased to learn," says the Fredericksburg Va. Herald, has recovered from former attacks of disease, within the last few months, and his bronchial affection is but slight. The Bishop remarked that he felt a little rheumatism, but for an 'old soldier' it was no more than was to be expected. We are sure that the restoration of his general health will be a matter of gratulation not only with the Church over which he presides, but with all christian denominations.

Death of an Editor.

We regret to learn that F. M. NORRIS, Esq., for a year past the Editor of the Anderson Gazette in this State, died on Tuesday last.

The Southern Rights Advocate of the 27th October, says:—Mr. NORRIS was in the prime of life, and promised fair for a long career of usefulness and fame; and in his death his parents have lost a son of whom they might well have been proud; the Bar a bright ornament, and the Press an able member.

Southern Rights Advocate.

This excellent paper is now conducted by Messrs. RICE & PUCKETT. Mr. I. J. RICE, the former Editor, having associated with him Mr. C. C. PUCKETT. We wish our brethren continued success, a large list of paying subscribers, etc.

MISSISSIPPI.—It appears that prior to its adjournment, the Mississippi Senate refused, by a majority of eight to rescind the vote of censure passed two years ago upon Gov. Foote, for the course pursued by him in the United States Senate, in advocating the compromise measures.

The Cuban Insult.

The Washington Republic of Wednesday morning, says the Administration has taken prompt measures in reference to the insult offered by the Cuban authorities to the Crescent City, and that there will be no backing out by the Government from the firm position assumed by her commander, Lieut. Porter, who has at his own request, been transferred to the U. S. Mail steam ship Georgia.

STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.—The State Temperance Society, Temperance Publication Society, and Grand Division of the Sons and Grand Section of the Cadets of Temperance of South Carolina, hold their annual sessions at Columbia on the 25th and 26th inst. It is expected that a very large gathering of the friends of Temperance will be assembled on that occasion.

MR. WEBSTER'S SUCCESSOR.—There is much speculation as to who is to succeed Mr. Webster as Secretary of State. Either Mr. Crittenden or Mr. Winthrop it is thought, will receive the appointment.

Cheraw and Anson Plank Road.

We learn from the Cheraw Gazette of Tuesday, that the tolls on the Cheraw and Anson Plank Road for the week ending the previous Saturday, amounted to fifty dollars, which is a fraction over 12 per cent. per annum, upon the amount invested in the construction of the Road. "This," says the Gazette, "is a very good beginning, but the receipts will be largely increased, when a few miles of the Anson Road are completed, which will be done in a few weeks. At this time, too, our business season is but commenced, the travel not equaling more than half that which may be anticipated for a good portion of the year. In addition to this, the public roads were never in better order, and most of the wagons returning empty, take them. We do not think it too sanguine to calculate upon weekly receipts of one hundred dollars per week for a considerable portion of the business season."

"CHARLESTON UNION PRESBYTERY."—We learn from the News, that the action of the "Synod of South-Carolina," at their late meeting in Yorkville, was of a highly conciliatory character, being calm and temperate, and resulting in the very gratifying and decisive vote of 56 to 17.

A subsequent action of the same body dissolved the Presbytery of Charleston, and the Charleston Union Presbytery, and made provisions for constituting a new Presbytery, to be called the "Charleston Presbytery to meet in the Glebe street Presbyterian Church in April next. Dr. Leland to preside and preach the opening sermon, and the Rev. Wm. S. Lee his alternate.

THE "INSTITUTE" FAIR.—As the health of our city is evidently improving, we may begin to look with encouraging anticipations to the approach of the annual period when we are accustomed to welcome our country friends among us to participate in the festivities and commencements of the gala week of November. The Executive Committee, for the annual Fair of the South-Carolina Institute, have been busily employed in the preparatory arrangements, and we are informed that there is a good prospect of a brilliant display on that occasion. A large temporary building is in course of erection on the Citadel Square, and ample facilities will be afforded to those who may desire to contribute to the Fair, specimens in any of the various departments of useful and ornamental industry.

Charleston Courier.

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE WASHINGTON.

BALTIMORE, October 27,
The U. S. Mail steam ship *Washington*, Capt. Fitch has arrived at New-York, from Bremen via Southampton. She left the latter port on the 18th inst.

The U. S. Mail steam ship *Pacific*, Capt. Nye, arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 13th inst.

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—On the 11th inst., Cotton was in good demand and 8000 bales were sold. On the 12th inst., prices were a shade higher, and the transactions comprised 10,000 bales.

Still Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

BALTIMORE, October 27,
The British Mail Steam Ship *Niagara*, Capt. Leitch, has arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, which port she left on the 16th instant, bringing three days later intelligence than that brought by the *Washington*. The Hon. Abbott Lawrence is among her passengers.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—In the Cotton market prices had advanced under the influence of the *Pacific's* advices from America an eighth of a penny. Fair and Middling qualities had improved the most, a large speculative demand existed, and the sales for the three days since the departure of the *Washington*, comprised 45,000 bales, making an aggregate for the week of 74,000 bales, of which exporters took 4,400 bales, and speculators 22,000 of American qualities. The stock of Cotton at Liverpool exclusive of that on shipboard, comprised 475,000 bales, of which 370,000 were American. The market closed firm with an upward tendency at the following quotations:—Fair Orleans 6 1/2d.; Middling Orleans 6d.; Fair Mobile 6 1/4d., Middling Mobile 5 7/8d.; Fair Uplands 6 1/4d., and Middling Uplands 5 3/4d.

THE HAVRE COTTON MARKET was firm, and the sales during the week ending the 13th inst., comprised 4775 bales. The stock of Cotton on hand, exclusive of that on shipboard, amounted to 30,000 bales, of which 28,000 were American.

THE LONDON MARKETS.—All qualities of Coffee have advanced from one to two shillings per cwt. Of Rice there are more buyers than sellers.

PRESIDENT FILLMORE.—"We learn," says the Baltimore American, "that as an appropriate mark of respect for the President of the United States, a number of gentlemen, Senators members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and citizens of both political parties, have employed Mr. D. Stone to execute a bust, in pure Italian marble, of Mr. Fillmore, with the design of having it placed permanently in the Presidential Mansion, as an appropriate testimonial to the character of one who has so greatly adorned and dignified his high position. It is to be regretted that likeness of all the Presidents have not been preserved in the same manner."

THE COTTON CROP.—During the recent Agricultural Fair in Macon, we conversed with hundreds of planters in regard to the prospects and probable extent of the Cotton crop. Their opinions varied according to locality, and the influence of seasons and storms. In some sections the yield will unquestionably be short, while in others it will be nearly double that of last year. One planter from Putnam, for instance, informed us that he last year made 70 bales. This year he has already saved 120 bales and has a prospect of 50 bales more. He stated, however, that his neighbors were not doing so well. Nearly every man we spoke with expected to do as well as last year; while three fourths said they were making more. From these conversations, we have arrived at the conclusion, that the cry of "short crop" in Georgia, is likely to prove a delusion. If we are not greatly mistaken, the receipts at ports will show an increase of 50,000 bales over those of last year.—*Sap. Courier 27th.*

The New-York Times, in speaking of Mr. Webster's death, says:—"Of the eminent men of the United States who have been voted for President only two are now alive, out of eleven. The candidates in 1824, were Crawford, Jackson, Clay and Adams. In 1828, Jackson, and Adams.—In 1832, Jackson, Clay and Wirt. In 1846, Van Buren and Harrison. In 1844, Clay and Polk. In 1848, Cass and Tyler."

PROFESSOR ELECTED.—At a meeting of the Trustees of Wake College North Carolina, held with the Baptist State Convention at Smithfield on the 18th inst., the Rev. John J. Brantly, A. M., of Newberry, S. C., was unanimously elected President of the College, in place of President J. B. White resigned.—*Carolinian*.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

IMPORTANT TO DISEASES.
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPsin, THE TRUE DIGESTIVE FLUID, OF GASTRIC JUICE, PREPARED FROM RENNET, OR THE FOURTH STOMACH OF THE OX, AFTER DIRECTIONS OF BARON LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia. This is truly a wonderful remedy for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION and DEBILITY, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own Agent, the GASTRIC JUICE. Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidence of its value, furnished by agents gratis. See notice among the medical advertisements.

HOOPLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
Hundreds of our citizens complain of debility and languor of the system, derangement of the liver and stomach, want of appetite, &c.; they are frequently the result of too close application, and a thousand other causes we cannot here name; but we would say to all afflicted, do as we have done—get a bottle or two of Dr. Hooplund's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. Jackson, and our word for it you will be cured. We recommend this medicine, knowing from experience that it is much superior to the generality of patent medicines. We would say to our readers, purchase none unless prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, October 22.

TO THE SICK.

For the effectual rooting out from the system of all diseases brought on by indigestion, biliousness and impurity of the blood, it is a widely and well known fact that WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are the great PANACEA. Throughout the entire South, these Pills have long been held in the highest repute, both by private individuals and by the Medical and Unfortunate victim to "earthly ills and woes" is made faculty of our country. Southern fevers and Southern diseases generally, yield to their influence at once; and to thank Heaven that a sovereign balm has been provided.

Let each try them for himself and if the medicine fails to satisfy, the experiment shall cost him nothing. THOS. J. WORKMAN, Agent for Camden, S. C., and sold by Druggists and Merchants throughout the country. June 28—ly.

POISONING.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor Oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundations for a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicine, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills. "It's 'BE NOT DECEIVED," but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

MARRIED—On Sunday evening last by Rev. J. K. Mendenhall, Mr. WILLIAM G. MOORE, of Mississippi, to Miss MARIA BRONSON, of this place.

CAMDEN PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

BAGGING, per yard	12 to 13
BALE ROPE, per pound	9 to 10
BUTTER, per pound	20 to 25
BEEF, per pound	5 to 8
BRESWAX, per pound	20 to 22
BACON, per pound	16 to 20
COFFEE, per pound	10 to 12
CHEESE, per pound	10 to 12
COTTON, per pound	8, to 9 1/2
CORN, per bushel	75 to 98
FLOUR, per barrel	54 to 55
FODDER, per cwt.	70 to 75
HIDES, (dry), per pound	8 to 10
IRON, per pound	5 to 6
LIME, per barrel	2 to 2 1/2
LEATHER, (sole) per pound	17 to 22
LEAD, per pound	18 to 20 1/2
WHEAT, per bushel	6 to 7
MOLASSES, per gallon	31 to 44
NAILS, per pound	4 to 5
OATS, per bushel	40 to 45
PEAS, per bushel	62 to 75
POTATOES, Sweet per bushel	37 to 50
Irish, per barrel	12 to 15
RICE, per bushel	3 to 5
SUGAR, per pound	6 to 12
SALT, per sack	2 to 3
SHOT, per bag	11 to 1
TOBACCO, per pound	10 to 40

Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing election.

ON and after the 1st. November, the Passenger and Mail Train will leave the Camden Depot at Six o'clock, A. M. The Track over the Congaree River is now complete, and the Road is now open for Cotton and all other descriptions of freight.

N. D. BAXLEY, Agent.

TO HIRE,
A Negro BOY, a good plantation hand, will be hired either by the month or year. Apply at this Office. Nov. 2.
BAGGING, Rope and Twine. For sale by JAMES McEWEN.