# Giemi-UlUeclilu Cam̀en Iournal. 

VOLUME 2.

| THE CAMDEN JOURNAL. PUBLISTEED K thomis $J$. warren. |
| :---: |
| THE SEMI-WEEKLY JOURNAL <br>  months. |
|  |
| year.jortisenevts will be inserted dt tha following rates For one square ( 14 lines or less) in the emmi.weekly, subsequent ineertion. |
|  and thirty-seven insertions one dollar per square. |
|  |
|  |
| charged the same as for a single secure attention. |
| "NE PLUS ULTRA |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Engliun, French and American |
|  |
| many ohter foie |
| fles of this class. Received at Z. $J$. Dema Oct 28 ff . |



|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



## Temperance Hotel.




PROGRESS OF THE U. STATES. If the prygress of a country, in mere ma-
torial repspect, were entirely significant, elTher of its tastes, its virtuess or its happiniess,
the philusppher of the United Slates
might The philinsppher of the United Slates might
well exull in the wonder ful advance which hass becen made by our own. Without quali-
fsing what may be said in behalf of its pro.
dress, by adverting gress, by adverting now to those respects in
which it is confessedly wanting. let us in-
dulge in a grateful contenplation of the dulge in a grateful contemplation of the
physical results of our institutions, as comdensed from the returns of the last census. In 1776, when we first run up the standard
of $A$ merican Independence., our poputation
was estimaied in round numbers, at three was estimated in round numbers, at three
millimes. But it probably did not thea exjeced no a single eluc, beyond the opening
of the interior eountry upon our vision, $t$, any of the thousind sturces of our presen
prosperity. Rail xays and steamboats were undreamed of; our staples were insigufi-
cant, and nothing ceuld be more feeble than the infant experments of our manufacturers
Even our farming was a rude and barlbaroms practice. From 1776 to the close of the
centiry, the strile was pradiguase, as conn-
pared with that of other uations; yet oult ing in comparison with orr own ; subsequent
career. This is sufficiently illustrated by the increase of population, since it is through
such increase chiefly that we arrive $s . \mathrm{m}$. marily at all the physiral improvements of a
people. In 1800 . accordingly, our pupulalatuon was five millions. three hundred thon-
sand, nearly or quite double what it was in
1776. This was the increase of twentyfour vears. in 1851, nur propulation is?
trifle under twenty five millions. In 1776 nur States were thirteen in number; in
1800 , sivtect, they are now thirty-one, with
several in embryo. Our territory in 1800 was, $1,000,000$ square niles; it is now 3,
200,000 . All omr present domain west of
the Mississppi then belonged to France and the Mississippi then belonged to France and Florida belonged in $S$ paina and Georgra was
the only $S$ tate ena the Gulf of Mexicg) West of New Yark there was no Slates but Ken
 sirfies with a sa rage fies
Michugn, and half of our Western States, were yet bat hunting grounds where Indi-
ans ruaned unnontestect. At that period the
 hars. The exportation "f cotton alone has
increased from $85.060,000$ an ually. to 70
or 8500000 or inc reased from an amount tor msiguificant to the estimated. th the enormus value of
$\$ 209,000.000$ annualy. Our forcign marine is now hardly infurior in extent or value to
that of Great Britain, and we are now gaining faster than ever on cur gigantic rival.
Fify vears agn, scarcely none of our thou-
sand miles of canal existed, and not one of our present eight or ten thousand miles of
railway, or our present sixteen thoa sand miles of telegraph were enther known or
dreamed of.Char. Eve. News,

SLOVENLY FARMING.

## Farmers generally possess ton much land to be well cutivatedr Fify acres well tiil

 to be weil cultivaledsed will ever produce more than one hundred
acres badly managed. The nett profit, that Is to say, on fifiy acres well ulled, will be
more than one hudred bady or poorly
inled. Now, all know, or should know, what gowd culturatuon is; but do all culti.
wate well ! o yon take time by the fore vate well? ongour grounds, and at a
lock in preparing your gos plough right? Do
proper seasin? proper seasin? Dos you plough right? Do
you plough deep? Dio you use the sub-sinil plow where the land waits renovatung? Do
yon obtain the faitest, best seed you can
find? find? Do you use tice best farming inple-
ments? Do, you kecp them in order, or do
you leave them about the ficllds to rust? D", you leave them about the ficlds to rust? Di,
you hoo your crops well, an! at the preper Gentiemen, these are questons which
you should all answer in the affirmative you shuid all answer ore of a like nature
and there are wany morderation. A thing
for vour serious consideration well done gives pleasure the the doer: To
go into one's field's, and behold the fences buried in brambles and busthes.--to see the grass and weeds peering over the tops
corn and potatues; to vew fields that have lain for ages uncultivated; to behold a stimt
ed growth of sward-tound grass in such a
field where clover nupht to glow three fee high; to view an ond rickety sled here, and faded, patched up sleigh there; a parr of
old wheels in one corner, a rusty phough in another, all exposed to the elements, give gainst feeling.
When we travel along the highway, and sec the want of taste, arrangeonent symme fences, and unproportion in buildings and fences, and an old gate perchance on one
hinge and half prostrate upon the ground, we can hardly believe that this man reis not because povery weighs down thei energies. that we bethold a lack of by sheer
neatness around, but it is caused by neglect and slovenliness ; a ack
o appear in neatness and order.
United Stretes and Gireat Britain,-A teles-
graphic despatch from Washington, under date of the sth instant, to the whingaton, under date The steamship Atlantic, which sails io. row a noon, winl be detained, by arrangement
with the State Department

 Leter to Mr.L. Wwrone, requinng him to akeer
 or whether it is disavowed by the English The despatebe explicitly, states, that the out:

 setle the difificlities, by the return of Sir Hen.

 proceced dim in the Wrocect hinily and prompty. inteligence of
Within hall an hoor antifer outrage upon the Prometheus reached
the Whe outrage apon the Pronethess reached
Washington, Mr. Wehster addressed $a$ letter of a competent naval armament to protect our
commeree and rights. Vessels of war have, commere
accordingly, been orditered to to Chagres, Sane
Jin The delays in the execection of the Clayton
and Bulwer treaty have resulted from the do. mestic dificulties in Central. America. Senor
Marcolita, who came here charged to make
 suncient ia
Niearanua
diffeuties.
This new affair of the Prometheus will compel some afirmative arrangene
England and the United States.
Dorrsaric Necersstry.-Every hosse should have as an inmate, a good natured, sen.
sibie, till, old lady. This important fixture or, as next bests, an Austit; yet, so indispensebtle of a well regulated housebold is the old lady, that if this system of hoosekeeping become
general, it will become quite natural to find ander the hood of "Wauts" in newspaperk, in-
quiries for proper old ladies to supppaty the lack
of dear old follts gone to the better home. Inof dear old folks gone to the better home. In-
deed, old ladies dise overing themselves in de-
mand would keep in perservation much nor begin to make winding sheets and grave caps fuil ten years before the great reaper
came to gather in the shocks of corn folly ripe. Otd ladies are needed. Providence designed
such to fill a large space in the domestic circle; -a class remarkable as living not for them.
elves but for others-tie most beatiful spe-
The Gieat Object of Life. - The true dovelopmeut of great moral ideas; that is, the love, of goelf.sacrifice, of noral perfection, as
lover manifested in Christ, of happiness and immor-
tality, of heaven. The elements or germs of
those ideas, belong to every soul, constitute its essence, and are the chief distinetions of our
nature; they constitute our humility. To unfold these is the great work of our being. The
light in which these ideas rise in the mind, the ove which they awaken, and the foree of the
will with which they are brought to sway the outward and inward life, - here, and here onThese views show us, that the highest culture edge poured on ns from abroad, but the devel.
opment of the elementary principles of the sool itself, which constitutes the true growth of a human being. Undoubtedly, knowledge from
abroad is essential it the awakening of these principles. But that, which conduces most to Society and experience, nature and revelation,
our chief moral and religious teachers, and the freat quickeners of the soul, do not open their caste into their mysteries, bat are ordained by ,
Curiovs Facts.--The Boston Journal up. on the nutiority of a thoroughly informed and
reliable correspondent, states the following 1. That the South Carolina Railroad, from Charleston to Hamburg, was the first road that
was commenced in the country, with the view of using steam in place of animal power. his country, was built for and ased upou this 3. That it was the first road that carried the nited States mail.
which was on the 2 d October, 1833, it was the
$\qquad$ miles, in $n$ ear rigged with saits and propelled
by wind, at the rate of five or sis miles per
Liske: Dividend.--The Bank of Hambarg, has declared a dividend payable on the first of
Jannary 1852 , of three dollars and fifty cents per slare, which is 34 per cent par annum.

