Semi-Weekly Camden Journal.

VOLUME 2.

CAMDEN, SOUTH-CAROLINA, MAY 9, 1851.

THE CAMDEN JOURNAL.

PEBLISHED BY

THOMAS J. WARREN.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY JOURNAL

Is published at Three Dollars and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance, of Four Dollars if payment is delayed for three months. THE WEEKLY JOURNAL le published at Two Dellars if paid in advance, or Two

Dellars and Fifty Cents, if payment is delayed for Six months, and Three Dollars, if not paid until the end of the ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the following

entes: For one square (14 lines or less) in the semi-weekly, one dollar for the first, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

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In the weekly, seventy-five cents per square for the first, and thirty-seven and a balf cents for each subsequent insertion. Single insertions one dollar per square.

The number of insertions desired, and the edition to be published in, must be noted on the margin of all advertisements, or they will be inserted semi-weekly until ordered to be discontinued, and charged accordingly.

Semi-monthly, monthly and quarterly advertisements charged the same as for a single insertion.

OF All communications by mail must be post-paid of pecure attention.

Define Attention.
The following gentlemen are Agents for the Journal:
WM. C. CASTON, General Agent.
Col. T. W. HUEY, Jacksonhum, Lancaster Diet.
S. H. ROSSER, Feq., Lancasterville, S. C.
C. C. McCRUMMEN, Carthage, N. C.
W. C. MOORE, Esq., Camden, S. C.
And Postmasters are requested to act abour Agents.

Ice! Ice! Ice! THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand

large supply of SUPERIOR ICE Wholesale and retail, which he' offers to the

City and country trade, on as reasonable terms as any other House in the city.

JOHN B. MARTIN, Agent.

Charleston Neck Ice House. Charleston, S. C. March 1, 1851. N. B .- Persone wishing Ice sent to any part on

the South Carolina or Georgia Rail Roads, can be supplied by addressing a letter to the Agent, at Charleston, S. C., and the Ice will be forwarded on the receipt of the same. Cost price charged for casks and blankets.

Draying to Railroad, 121 cents per package. march 14, 1851 21

New Books, Ink, Novels, &c. School Books, Latin and Greek Classics,

Harrison's Columbian Ink-Fluid Black, Japan Black, Blue, Red, Carmine and Indelible Ink. The latest Novels and pamphlet publications, in great variety.

Music for the Piano and Guitar. A. YOUNG.

April 22,

81 LUMBER.

THE subscribers having commerced operations with their Steam Saw Mill, are prepared to furnish Lumber to their friends and the public, at nameually low rates for cash.

No Lumber will be delivered without an or der, except where a bill has been previously given.

JNO. LOVE, S'R. Oct. 11-52wtf JAS. J. LOVE.

M. Drucker & Co.

RE just opening a large and new assortment A of Spring and Summer Clothing, of every

Ready Made Shirts. uslin Cravate and Handkerchiefs, Kid. Silk, and Thread Gloves,

Boots and Shoes. Moleskin, Panama, Leghorn and Straw Hats

of the newest style. They have received a great quantity of Plain and fancy Pantaloons Stuffs, and

Vestings, Linen Dril's, and a very prettty assortment of Irish Linens.

And invite their friends to call and examine their stock, being certain to be able to satisfy them

Camden, April 15, 1851.

Attention Military.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the Ufficers of the 5th Brigade, and visitors generally, that he will have a Table, during the Brigade Encampment, which is to commence the 19th May next, at the Brigade Cam pground, for the accommodation of all who may be pleased to call on

His Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, and attended by respectful Servants.

A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. J. B. F. BOONE.

N. B. Horses will be taken to his Stables in Caraden, and attended to at the lowest possible rates. Test it by calling and trying me.

April 25 Bounty Land to Soldiers.

By a late act of Congress, Bounty I and is granted to the Officers and Soldiers of the war of 1812, and of the various Indian wars since 1790. In case of the death of the Soldier, to their widows and minor children.

The undersigned being permanently located at the city of Washington, and possessing a thorough and familiar acquaintance with the requirements of the Government Officers, is prepared to attend to procuring Bounty Land Warrints without jeopardy or delay, and at but little expense to

Land Warrants located on the best Western Lands, and the Land sold, if desired, on the most advantageous terms.

Claims for Invalid, Revolutionary and Navv Pensions, Back pay, Lost Horses, and every other description of claims against the General Government adjusted with promptness and despatch.

Persons desiring information of friends who are or have been in the Arn-y or Navy, will forward to him all the particulars known of their service, together with a fee of one dollar, and their enquiries will be replied to by return mail.

Address, (post paid,) CHAS. C. TUCKER, Washington City, D. C.

HAVING formed a Copartnership with Mr be happy to attend to any business committed to our care. It is also well to remember, that all who have claims, had better collect them before we secode. Office in the Court House.

C. A. PRICE. Camden, S. C., March 4, 1551. 18

Memphis Institute. Medical Department.

THE regular course of Lectures in this Insti-L tute will commence on the First of November, and continue until the last of February. The Anatomical department will be opened and ready to receive students by the First of Octobert The Medical Departu ent will be under the direc-

tion of the following PROFESSORS: J. CONQUEST CROSS, M. D. Professor of the Institutes of Medicines and Medical Jurisprudence.
W. BYRD POWELL, M. D., Professor of Cerebral Physiology, Medical Geology and Mineralogy, R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Professor of Surgery, H. J. HULCE, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicines.

of Medicine.

J. A. WILSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Disases of Women and Children.

J. KING, M. D., Professor of Materia Medicia, and

Therapeutics.

Z. FREEMAN. M. D., Professor of Anatomy.

J. MILTON SANDERS, A. M., M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

CLINIQUE, LECTURERS.

MEDICINE—PROF. H. J. HULCE.

SURGERY—PROF. R. S. NEWTON.

Z. FREEMAN, M. D., Anatomical Demonstrator.

The fore five a full course, of lectures amount to The fees for a full course of lectures amount to

Eeach Prcfessor's Ticket, \$15. Matriculator's 85. Demonstrator's Fee \$10. Graduation, \$20. Those desiring further information wil please address their letters (post paid) to the Dear; and students arriving in the city will please call on him at the Commercial Hotel.
R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Dean of the Facuty.

LAW DEPARTMENT. HON. E. W. M. KING, Professor of Theory an Prac NOH. V. D. BARRY, Professor of Commercial Ju-

Terms -\$50 per Session. All communications pertaining to this department must be addressed to

E. W. M. KING, Esq.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 1850. The Faculties, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and professional acquirements, will compare fav. rable with the most distinguished in our coun

try. The medical faculty constitutes an anomaly in this or any other country-all of them are able lecturers and the best of teachers. Those who will contemplate our geographical position, and the extent of our population, can have no doubt as to the eligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that ANY OTHER

CITY HAS MORE. A common error exists in the minds of many students relative to the place of studying medicine; those who intend practicing among the diseases of the West and South should certainly educate themselves at a school whose faculty are practical-

ly acquainted with those diseases. That the public may be satisfied of the permaneacy of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and Faculty form a UNIT in action which augurs well for its future success; and that the peculiar internal organization which connects them, cannot be interrupted.

F. W M KING - Memphis Institute.

Darlington Hotel,

DARLINGTON COURT-HOUSE. TIME above flouse having been purchased and fitted up anew by John Doten, is again opened for the accommodation of the Public. Strict attention to the wants and comforts of guests will be given, and no effort, calculated to merit the patronage of all who may favor the establishwith a visit, shall be spared.

All that the market and surrounding country afford will be found upon the table. Comfortab e rooms, for families or individuals,

are prepared. The Stables will be attended by careful and attentive hostlers.

Drovers can be well accommodated, as any number of horses and mules can be ept in the stables and lots expressly prepared for them. Nov. 1, 1850.

NEW STORE.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and I the public generally, that he has opened an extensive stock of GROCERIES, at the stand formerly occupied by Joseph W. Doby, one door south of Campbell's Bakery, and opposite II. Levy & Son, where may be found all articles usually kept in the Grocery line, consisting in part

of the following: Falton Market Beef No. 1 and 2 Mackarel in kitts, for family use; Rio and Java Coffees; crushed and brown Sug rs; New Or'eans Molasses, (new crop) butter, wine and soda crackers; cheese, buckwheat, raisins, currants, almonds, English mustard, filberts, pecan nuts, assorted pickles and preserves.

-ALSO A few doz. old Port Wine, Heidsick best Champagne, London Porter and Scotch Ale in pints, together a large stock of Bagging, Rope and Twine, all of which he offers low for cash. S. E. CAPERS. Jan. 1.

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber has removed to the Store formerly occupied by Thos. J. Warren, Esq., immediately opposte the Masonic Hall, where he may always be found ready and happy to see and ac commodate his friends and the public, to any article in the line of CHEAP SADDLERY and HAR. NESS; having on hand a fresh and good supply, I am prepared to offer them on the most reasonable and accommodating terms.

Saddles of every quality and price. Bridles, Martingales, Whips, Spurs, Bridle and Harm as Bitts, and Trimmings of all styles and descriptions,

Collars, Brushes, Curry Combs. Harness made to order and warranted of the ery best style nd quality.

Wagon Haarness and Bitts, and Trace Chain cheaper than any one else in town. Together with Valices and Carpet Bags, and all other articles usually kept for sale in a Saddlery and Harness establishment.

1 am thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and beg that it may be continued and abundantly increased, as I am prepared to execute all orders for work, in my line, with neatness and dispatch, and at prices which cannot be objected to; as I am willing to follow the golden rule-"Live, and let Live."

F. J. OAKS. Jan'v. 17, 1851. 1 Case Olives stuffed with Anchovies. Received and for sale by SHAW & AUSTIN. SHAW & AUSTIN.

A LL persons are forewarned against trading for a Note of Hand, given by me to Mr Thomas Baskin, for the amount of Three hundredand fifty dollars (\$350.) dated 12th March, as I do W. R. YOUNG. not intend paying it. 23 March 21.

Notice:

A S I am about to leave this State, to travel abroad, I hereby appoint Mr. Thomas Lang as my general agent, to attend to my affairs during my absence. L. C. ADAMSON. 13

Domestic Items.

BROWN and bleached Sheetings, every width, Ticking; Erglish Long-cloths; Counterpanes, plain and figured curtain Dimity; gament Dimity; colored Homespuns and Denims; Maid Linssy. Flannels and Blankets, at all prices.

-ALSO-1150 pieces of bleached and brown Home spum as low as they can be bought any where in Amer ca. At JAMES WILSON'S.

WHISKEY, RUM AND BRANDY.

50 Bbls. Rectified Whiskey, 50 bbls. New England Rum 5 casks Homestic Brandy 40 doz. Old Madeira Wine 60 duz. Porter and Ale, in quarts and pints Received and for sale by

JOHN W BRADLEY. FRENCH, German and English Plain Cashmeres, for Ledies Drossus. Also—Velvet and other Trimmings opened this day, at BONNEY'S.

20 Bbi's No. 3 mackarel (large size) 20 Quarter 10 K ts No. 1. Salmond. Received and for sale

by SHAW & AUSTIN. 20 BOXES I. E. Cheese, small size, received and for sale, by SHAW & AUSTIN. Feb. 18

Notice.

A.I.I. persons laving demands against the Estate of J. C. Doby, dec'd will present them properly attested, and those indebted will make J. DUNLAP, Adm'r. payment to

2 CASES Pie Fruit consisting of Rhubarb Gooseberries, Peaches, Whordeberries and Z Gooseberries, Peaches, Plums, received and for sale, by SHAW & AUSTIN.

14 Case Pate de Foie Gras Strusbourg. Recei

ved and for sale by SHAW & AUSTIN. 150 SIDES best Hemlock Leather.

Just received and for sale at 17 cts per JOHN W. BRADLEY. lh. by BOXES Smoked Halibut' received and for SHAW & AUSTIN.

14 Feb. 18 C. A. PRICE,

Somether termine OFFICE AT THE COURT-HOUSE, CAMDEN, S. C. F. ROOT.

ATERICATION AND THE CAMDEN, S. C.

CHARLES A. PRICE, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

CAMDEN, S. C. WILL PRACTICE in Kershaw and the adjoining

BUTTER, LARD, BACON & corn PRIME Mountain Butter, (in small Firkins) do do Leaf Lard, North Carolina Bacon, CORN. do

ROBT. LATTA. March 25, 1851. 24

THE Subscriber has on hand an assortment of Fancy Sola and Work Tables, Toilet and Plain Bureaus wood and marble tops, Walnut Book Shelves, dec, all of late modern style, and at unusually low prices. C. L. CHATTEN. 3.3

ROBERT LATTA.

LATE THE FIRM OF DICKSON & LATTA. WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the variety of Heavy and Fancy Groceries, which he il. sell low for cash-Two doors above the Planters' Hotel, and immediately opposite James Dunlap's, Esq. Camden, S. C. March 18th, 1851. 22

Notice.

THOMAS LANG, William Anderson, Thomas J. Ancrum, William Gardener, and Alexander Young, who have been, and now are, engaged in the manufacture of cotton goods, and other articles, at a place known as the DeKalb Factory, in Kershaw District, under the firm and style of William Anderson and Company, have associated Burwell Boykin with them, as a member of said Firm-and having obtained from the Legislature of South Carolina, a Charter incorporating the said Firm, with their associates and successors, as a body politic and corporate, in law, by the name and style of "The DeKalb Manufacturing Company," do hereby notify the public that they have accepted the said Charter, and will hereafter conduct their business according to the terms thereof, and under the name and style of "The DeKalb Manufacturing Company.

W. ANDERSON & CO. March Sth, 1851

Oak Bark. HE highest Market price will be given for Oak Bark, by W. ANDERSON & CO. Oak Bark, by March 3d.

COURTENAY & WIENGES,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS AND DEALERS IN CHEAP PUBLICATIONS.

CHACLESTON, S. C. Opposite the Post Office. Agents for the best Green and Black Teas, and Patent Medicines.

The Return of Spring.

Dear as the dove, whose wafting wing, The green leaf ransomed from the main, Thy genial glow, returing Spring, Comes to our shore again; For thou hast been a wanderer long, On many a fair and foreign strand, In balm and beauty, sun and song,

. Passing from land to land. Thou bring'st the blossoms to the bee, To earth a robe of emerald dye, The leaflet to the naked tree, And rainbow in the dy; I feel thy blest benign control, The pulses of my youth restore; Opening the spring of sense and soul, To love and joy once more.

I will not people thy green bowers With sorrow's pale and spectre band; Or blend with thine the faded flowers Of memory's distant land; For thou wert surely never given, To wake regret from pleasures gone; But like an angel sent from Heaven, To smoothe creation's groan.

Then, while the groves thy garlands twine, Thy spirit breathes the flower and tree My heart shall kindle at thy shrine, And worship God in thee; And in some calm, sequestered spot, While listening to the coral strain, Past griefs shall be awhile forgot, And pleasures bloom again.

from the Evening News. THE COUNTRY SCHOOL MASTER. -"Skilled to ride,

The Village master taught his school." There are few characters more singular, few situations more varied, than that of the Country School Master, as he formerly existed .-The present race of School Musters is as different from that, which ruled in our time, as the flying lizards of the Saurian geologic period were to the flying ants of the year 1851. Now, he is a spruce young dandy, in many instances, just let loose upon Southern barbarians, from the refined New England States. Formerly he was a man more sinned against, than sinning-a kind of accommodating machine, put in motion by the breath of every one's wishes; disliked by nobody and like nobody but himself. He possessed a character, the terror of every hoy and girl in the parish; and of very little convenience to the possessor. He suffered as many changes as a rebel emperor, and was by turns, a tyrant, a slave, a law maker, and a sufferer; and yet amidst all the varieties

credit, performing no little service to mankind. A long string of acquirements made him a necessar, being with old women, and country bumpkins and he was invariably the oracle of all the knotty enquiries of the neighborhood. One might know thim by his gaunt figure, for though the best fed man in the country, like a pig, he never thrived upon petting. With a wardrobe and a library consisting of two shirts and Pike's arithmetic, he passed a long and patient life with as much celebrity for his sphere, as a prince in power, dealing out his learning, as freely as his birch, and in school, always proving one by the other. Then all the ologies, physiology, geology, concology, and psycology were unknown, except doxology - which he regularly stood up and sung in Church on Sundays. His teaching, therefore, was confined to reading, writing, arithmetic and grammar, which he taught far better than it is known in the present day. He also understood latin, which he read fluently, always giving a the Oxford pronunciation and e the sound of a. With old farmers and the parson he was ever a wonderful man, keeping the former always well posted up in politics, and chat; and suffering the latter to beat him invariably at checkers. The old ladies too, delighted greatly, of a Friday evening, to see him pacing along towards their doors, and such an event enacted an unusual stir in the household. Jenny was allowed to put on her Sunday frock, and the venerated china left its old stand in the cupboard. Little Johnny too, was indulged with a clean face and his best jacket, and he was sure to lay in a small stock of favor to serve him at school the coming week. He was therefore quite officious to hand the cake to the master, and listening with unabated attention to his often re-

At Sunday meeting the schoolmaster, always excepting the parson and the deacon, was the most important personage present. He would sit on a tombstone in the church yard, before service, with a crowd of gaping rustics round him, all listening to his wondrous tales, and wondering at the extent of his knowledge. How many miraculous stories he told of the goblins his great grandmother saw dancing in the moonlight, and his uncle was well acquainted with the man who saw the jawbone of Jonah's whale. He loved too, to speak of the little frolics he used in his youth to be guilty of. What a gallant he used to be, and how folks used to plague him about the pretty little who lived at the foot of the hill.

All these faculties made him quite a fine fellow with some, and a miracle with others of his neighbors; and it was not till after a long life, devoted to that single vocation, more loved for its simplicity, than envied for its possessions, or feared for its ambition; long after the dust of his grave had been leveled by the foot of time: that this humble pioneer of the youthful intellect was ceased to be remembered for his usefulness and benevolence of his heart. And where a better station? The toils of the ambitious and the struggles of the great but end in the grave; and few leave memorials which | they are large enough they are old enough.

triumph over the efforts of time. Surely the labors of that life, how er humble, are the noblest, which are connected with no recollection of having retarded the progress of the buman mind which only have been devoted to its improvement, which have led the soul onward in its great researches after truth, and taught the intellect to soar into those broad fields of intel lectual light, where a thousand influences beaming virtue and happiness, stud the cloudless skies of science and philosophy. How much better to be thought of, for the piety of our example, even in a narrow sphere, which we have faithfully filled up with useful labors, than to be remembered as possessed of great abilities and opportunities, but as great though striking crimes! To have it said as the wayfarer passes by our mouldering tomb, "There rests the instructor of my youth—he who let my mind into the glory of her existence; who gave her the birth of reason; and learned her that knowledge, while it is power, is also virtue and happiness." Reflections, accompanying the years of one's life, like these, certainly exer cise no little influence on men's moral felicity, and are no weak arguments for the immortality of the soul.

A REMARKABLE STORY .- The Presbyterian,

a religious paper, published somewhere at the North, tells the following extraordinary story: "A young man in the township of Warsaw, Genesee county, N. Y., was engaged in cutting wood; and in felling a tree it became entangled in the branches of other trees. While endeavoring to disentangle the tree and bring it to the ground, it suddenly fell, and splitting at the butt, he was caught by the loot, and thus sus-pended with his head downward. In this condition the cried for help, until his voice was gone and his strength well nigh exhausted .-His axe had fallen, and he could barely touch the end of the helve with his tinger. He labored to reach it, but it was all in vain. Could he but get that, he could extricate himself. But alas! it was beyond his reach. What was he to do ! He had cried for help until he could no longer speak. He was in the woods, three-quarters of a mile from any human being. The weather was extremely cold, and he was hanging with his head downward, suffering extreme pain, not only in the foot which was caught in the cleft of the tree, but also in the bead, caused by his unnatural position and the great exertion he had put forth to be heard. Death now seemed inevitable, unless he could be immediately extricated. There was no alternative. Summoning all his courage, therefore, he came to the determination to make the attempt to cut off his leg; and should he succeed in doing this, there was but a faint hope that he would thereby save his life, for there was no surgeon at hand to take up the arteries of his life, he strutted his hour with singular -no kind friend near to bind up the mangled limb. It seemed more than probable, therefore, that he would bleed to death & But what will a man not do to save his life. He had in his pocket an old dull knife. With this, he cut off the legs of his boot and stocking, and then unjointed his own ankles.

This being done, he crawled to his dinner basket, and binding up the stump with a napkin which had covered his dinner, he started upon hands and knees through the snow for home. When he arrived within a few rods of his house, he was discovered by some friends, who hastened to his relief. His strength was now exhausted. Help had come and he fainted. He was borne to the house and resuscitated. Now comes the curious facts: and I will here say that the gentleman who related the facts to me was present and went for the surgeon. 'Go,' said the wounded man, 'go immediately to the woods and cut out my foot, for it is suffering most excruciating pain.' They did so, and brought the foot to the house. He then said it was cold, and wished it put into warm water. This request was also granted. It was not in the room in which the unfortunate man lay, yet as soon as the foot touched the water he cried out, saying, 'It burns me; the water is too hot! Upon putting the hand into the water it was found even so. The water was then made cooler, and he was satisfied. I will also add that a surgeon was obtained from Bo tavia, a distance of fifteen or eighteen miles; and the limb again amputated; the man recovered and became a preacher of the gospel in the Baptist Church,"

Elegance in DRESS is cheap and simple. What it costs a man for tobacco who uses it is sufficent, if added to the present cost of his clothing to dress him with elegance. A few more shillings a yard for cloth, the work of a tasteful tailor, a decent regard to the prevailing mode, and a certain likeness and simplicity, is all! Elegance is never gaudy, never outre, never out of fashion, nor in the extreme of fashion. It allows of a few ornaments, and no studied display. The difference of a single dollar in an article of dress, may make the whole distinction between elegance and vulgarity. A single tawdry ornament may spoil the effect of the best tailor's workmanship. The slightest eccentricity of cut betrays the inborn rowdy.

Instruction .- A tutor should not be continually thundering instruction into the ears of his pupil, as if he were pouring it through a funnel, but after having put the lad like a young horse, on a trot, before him, to observe his paces, and see what he is able to perform should according to the extent of his capacity, induce him to taste, to distinguish, and to find out things for himself: sometimes opening the way, at other times leaving it to him to open; and by abating or increasing his own pace accommodate his precepts to the capacity of his pupil. - Montaigne.

Why are girls like cucumbers? Because when