

The Chesterfield Advertiser

W. A. Griggs 19 Nov 20

VOL. 40—NO. 44

CHESTERFIELD, S. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1922

HAS YOUR TIME EXPIRED?

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

ASSOCIATION'S CONTRACTS MUST NOT BE VIOLATED

Columbia, Oct. 30.—Every member of the South Carolina Cotton Growers Cooperative Association who sells cotton outside of the association will be proceeded against in the courts of the State and forced to pay liquidated damages of 5 cents a pound for every pound sold outside of the association. The officials of the association feel that there is no alternative for them in this matter and they are determined to invoke every provision of the law passed by the General Assembly protecting the association from violations of the contract against every member who does violate it.

Several members of the association have been reported for violating the contract, probably six in all. Rigid investigations are being conducted in each case and if the association finds that the contract has been violated, proceeding will follow.

Members of the association are almost unanimous in demanding that all violators of the contract be proceeded against. They declare that to permit anyone guilty of breaching the contract to escape would create a spirit of dissatisfaction among the members.

"We propose to proceed without fear of favor against every man who does not live fully up to the contract". Says a statement by the association.

"Thus far there have been only about six alleged violations of the contract. We are investigating each one of these carefully and will proceed in each case as the results of our investigation justifies. The members of the association may rest assured that no guilty will escape."

SMOKING MAY HAVE KILLED THIS MAN

Saskatoon, Sask., Oct. 28.—News reached here today of the death of Henry Lorenz, a farmer in Pleasantdale, northern Saskatchewan, at the age of 117. According to family records, he was born in Austria, May, 1805. A year ago he was a heavy smoker, but the increased presence of tobacco caused him to stop, he said. He did the chores on his farm until a few days before his death.

SAFETY AND CONVENIENT

Will sell before the Courthouse door to highest bidder for cash on 1st Monday in Nov., same being the 6th of the following property: Our home place on Craig Ave., below railroad, one lot, one dwelling house. 21-p Rob and Mary Watkins.

WANTED—Man with Saw Mill

Will take lumber in payment for timber. J. T. Jordan 31-45 Mt. Croghan, S.C., R. 1

THE VENETIAN TRIO

Monday, Nov. 6th, at 7:30 P. M. at the Courthouse.

EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS OF CHILDREN

Under the common law it was the duty of the father to educate his children, but there was no compulsion on him to provide any form of schooling. Otherwise expressed, the child had no school rights which the parent was bound under the law to respect. But with the passing time, and particularly with the founding and growth of our American Republic, a new conception arose. The non-compulsory school system gave place to a compulsory system, and now required school attendance is universal among English-speaking peoples.

The compulsory system was a long time spreading over the United States, but in 1818, when Mississippi passed its first law on the subject, the system became universal in this country. Every state now requires that children attend school for some period of their lives and for all or a considerable part of the school term; and the tendency is to extend attendance requirements until all children between 7 and 16 years of age are in school throughout the term, or until the work of the elementary grades is completed.

Compulsory education has two fundamental purposes: First, to insure the best possible citizenship in order that the state may thereby preserve itself; and, second, to enforce the educational rights of the child. That the first of these is fundamental in a democracy is obvious. The second is fundamental because the right of opportunity is essential. The latter purpose is perhaps even more important than the former. Children have a right to the best possible opportunity in life, and since this comes in a large measure through education they have an indefeasible right to education.

This principle is not so much recognized in child-welfare laws as it should be. The compulsory attendance law of California has its caption, "An act to enforce the educational rights of children and providing penalties for the violation of the act"; in their conception of school attendance and child labor some other states might learn a lesson from the Golden State.

Child-labor laws were originally conceived for the protection of child life, but now we see that they also have a function in the enforcement of child rights. They formerly "winked at" some occupations, such as work on the farm, probably because these were thought harmless, but now these occupations are coming under regulation, as are those in stores and factories. The reason for this newer conception is plain: Child labor on the farm is child labor nevertheless; it interferes with the education rights of the child. Presently we shall see clearly that it is no man's prerogative to exploit a child, even though it be his own, and that the right to education is inalienable—along with the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

The Venetian Trio Monday, Nov. 6th, at 7:30 P. M. at the Courthouse.

WASHINGTON LETTER

By Wallace Bassford

Washington, D. C., Oct. 30.—Next Tuesday the people will go to the polls and render a verdict on the Harding administration. This does not mean that it is merely to be an expression of the attitude of the people toward the easy-going Golf-Player of the White House—rather it will be a referendum on the acts and commissions of the President, his cabinet, the Senate and the House. The campaign is ordinary in that it finds the Republicans with the usual abundant funds, supplied by those who "have an ax to grind". In the case of the opposition, however, there is more than the usual scarcity of money, due probably to the fact that the plain people have less than usual to contribute. The result is that those speakers whom the Democrats have been able to send out have paid their own expenses. Those speakers report the people everywhere as dissatisfied with conditions and the record of the administration. If dissatisfied ones take sufficient interest in the welfare of themselves and the country to go to the polls and register their dissatisfaction in the ballot box, then the Harding administration will suffer a severe rebuke and the people will have a Democratic House and a stronger bulwark in the Senate to protect them from encroachments of the predatory-corporation influence. But the people will not only have to go to the polls and register their disapproval—many votes will be cast that will be wasted just as surely as the soldier wastes his bullet who raises his gun and fires at the sky. To be effective against the corporation control of this administration the votes must be concentrated behind the candidates of the leading party in opposition to the administration. Votes cast for the third and fourth parties are thrown away and worse than thrown away, for they enable the Republican candidate to win. And the man or woman who condemns the Republican Congress in talking with the neighbors, but who neglects to vote, is surrendering his or her Americanism without a struggle.

In determining the fate of the country this "voter" is not a voter at all, but a cipher. Thinking right is good, but if this is not followed by voting right, then it is of no avail, and he who is in error triumphs. If the reports received by the Democratic headquarters are correct, the Democrats alone, without much aid from dissatisfied Republicans and Progressives, could win a great victory if they go to the polls in something like full strength, for millions of votes that were cast for Harding two years ago will be missing when the returns come in next Tuesday night. They will be the votes of those who now know that they were fooled, cajoled with false promises and cheated in the results.

There are many classes who owe present Republican Congress a black ball in shape of a Democratic vote at the polls. Perhaps nothing stands out with greater clearness than the deception practiced toward the veterans of the World War, who were led to believe in every way that it could be stated, that they would receive adjusted compensation with a view to repaying them in small measure for the losses they suffered by reason of having been in service for the most critical period of their lives. Surely they realize by this time that they have no hope of receiving this compensation so long as Harding is in the White House, and while this Congressional election will not turn him out of the White House, it will go far toward that end if a Democratic Senator is elected. A Republican victory will be taken as an endorsement of the President's stand on the bonus. The Republican House and Senate voted the bonus through because they had to face the soldier vote this fall, but they did it with their fingers crossed, knowing that the President, who does not have to face the voters for two years more, intended to veto the bill.

But it is not the word bonus which is so unpleasant to the ear of the President, it is welcome enough when used in other connections. He is to call Congress in extra session on November 20 in order to have a law passed giving a bonus to the wealthy ship-owners—but they don't need it. That wise old writer in the Bible must have had this situation in his mind when he wrote: "Unto him who hath, it shall be given, and from him who hath not, it shall be taken away." And so it is again with the big manufacturers, fattening off the excessive profits which accrue to them under the workings of the new high tariff law—that is a bonus to them, pure and simple. There are plenty of different kinds of bonuses, but only those which enrich the heavy cam-

CIVIC LEAGUE ACTIVITIES

The Chesterfield Civic League held its regular monthly meeting Friday afternoon, having a very good attendance.

It was decided to pay \$75 a year to Mr. J. S. Chapman to keep the cemetery clear of weeds and trash. If anyone wants to help with this it will be greatly appreciated. They may hand the money they wish to contribute to Mrs. C. K. Curtis or Mrs. F. M. Cannon.

The space between the street and sidewalk on Main street from the Methodist to the Baptist churches has been leveled and made ready for grass seed, which the committee expect to sow in the next few days. If this proves successful there are a number of places in town that will be so treated.

The League has had added to its treasury \$109.90, which was given them by the Social Club. They wish to extend heartfelt thanks to every member of the club.

ITEMS FROM MIDDENDORF

Oct. 30, 1922

Our school opened here Monday, Oct. 16th, with M. W. Ouzts, of Greenwood, as principal and Misses Elizabeth Altman of Blackville, and Esther Rollins, of Orangeburg, assistants. Indications point to a prosperous term.

Miss Esther Rollins spent last week-end in Florence.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. McManus, of Hamlet, spent Sunday with homefolks.

Mrs. Louisa Rowe and daughter, Miss Margaret, were visitors in Florence Sunday.

Mr. Laban Brown took his sister, Miss Roxie, to the Florence infirmary Sunday for an operation for appendicitis. Sorry to say she is still very sick at this writing.

Mrs. Carrie, wife of I. S. Hoffman, died on last Wednesday at her home near here, after a lingering illness and was buried the following day at Hebron church. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Hodgins, of the Baptist church. Besides her husband and eight children she leaves a host of relatives and friends to mourn her sad departure. The community is in sympathy with the bereaved.

Mr. Alfred Johnson departed this life in the early morning hours of Monday, Oct. 30th, and was laid to rest in the Hebron cemetery the following day. Funeral services were conducted by his pastor, Rev. Shealy, of the M. E. Church. Uncle Alfred, as he was better known among his many relatives and friends, was one of the oldest, if not the oldest Confederate veterans of the community. He leaves a number of children and relatives and friends to mourn his loss.

ELIZABETH

Mr. J. W. Ratliffe, of Cheraw, spent Sunday with homefolks.

Mr. W. T. Moore and family and Mrs. Oscar Griggs and daughter, Edith, were motoring in Wexford Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Watson spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Mr. Spencer Sellers.

Mr. Ray Tarleton, of Wadesboro, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Lonnie Ratliffe.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilton Sellers and Mr. Frank Threadgill, of Cheraw, visited Mr. Sellers' mother, Mrs. M. L. Sellers, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jafus Moore spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Jessie Taylor.

Mr. Preston Moore and son were in this community last week hunting.

Mr. J. W. Ratliffe and sister, Bettie, spent a while at the home of Mr. J. W. Lowery's Sunday.

Mr. A. B. Sellers attended funeral services of Mrs. Will Tucker at Thompson Creek Sunday.

Mr. Joe Mink, of Virginia, was visiting his brother, Mr. Jim Mink, last week.

Magistrate Edward Burk, also an alderman, of Pittson, Pa., heard the charges or wife beating against Anthony Azakas and, after fining him ten dollars, left the bench and walloped Anthony in the eye. Anthony took the count, but Judge Burk dragged him to his feet and knocked him down again.

"Now we'll see how he likes it," he said, and resumed his judicial poise. His unique legal decision proved popular.

paign contributors seem acceptable to the President. In other words he thinks there are good bonuses and bad ones.

TOBACCO GROWERS GET SECOND CO-OP. PAYMENT.

The second cash payment to South Carolina members of the Tobacco Growers Co-operative Association will be made as soon as checks can be prepared which will be not later than November 15th, according to announcement by the board of directors of the Tobacco Co-operative held in Richmond, October 30th.

The South Carolina directors will name the date and places of distribution and mass meetings and celebrations of the organized tobacco farmers of South Carolina are looked for when they bring their participation receipts to draw a second cash payment equal to their first.

Sales to all of the big domestic companies at prices that are highly satisfactory to the directors were reported at last Monday's meetings and weekly deliveries to the association are now running between ten and fifteen million pounds.

Attorneys of the Association were directed to proceed to bring legal action at once against all contract breakers to protect the interest of loyal members in every tobacco growing county of the three States.

The rapid growth of strong local associations in Virginia and North Carolina was reported by M. O. Wilson, Secretary and Field Service Director of the Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association, and the decision of the board this week to aid the formation of locals in South Carolina as well as in Virginia and North Carolina will undoubtedly bring the number of well organized units of the Association to over a thousand in the three States during the present month.

S. C. RHODE ISLAND REDS
Pullets and Cockerels
\$3.00 Up To \$10.00 Each
A Few Good Cockerels To Go At
\$1.50 to \$2.00 Each
J. W. HANNA

The Venetian Trio Monday, Nov. 6th, at 7:30 P. M. at the Courthouse.

NAME SUCCESSOR TO G. C. WILLIAMS

Columbia, Oct. 28.—W. J. McGarrity, of Aiken, has been appointed by Governor Harvey, as secretary of the state board of public welfare, to succeed Rev. Croft Williams, who recently resigned to become an adjunct professor at the university and also rector of St. John's Episcopal church. Announcement of Mr. McGarrity's appointment was made this afternoon.

Mr. McGarrity was selected by a committee of the state board of welfare, composed of C. W. Coker, of Hartsville, and W. B. Wilber, of Charleston, and confirmed by the whole board.

Mr. McGarrity has been principal of the Aiken Institute of Aiken. He will assume his new duties at an early date.

FORD DISCUSSES PRICE REDUCTION

According to a statement just issued by Edsel B. Ford president of the Ford Motor Company, Detroit, a general reduction has been made in the prices of Ford Model T cars and the Ford 1-ton Truck, effective October 17.

"The revision in prices," said Mr. Ford, "is the result of the increased volume of business which our company has enjoyed during the present year, and also to the fact that we now own sources of raw material, which enables us to continue increasing the quality of our product and at the same time keep the price so low that Ford cars are in reach of everybody."

"Our production for 1922 is already in excess of a million, which has been an important factor in bringing down costs. Our present daily output is averaging better than 5,000 cars and trucks, which means a complete Ford car or truck every 5½ seconds of each eight-hour working day. It is in anticipation of this continued demand that price adjustments are again being made in order to keep in effect the policy of selling Ford products at the lowest possible price."

FARMERS HOLDING NEW COTTON CROP

With cotton stored in warehouses of the state warehouse system for the month of October valued at over \$14,000,000, farmers of the state are holding their new crop and the warehouse department is now every day receiving a great deal of cotton for storage according to the announcement of J. Clifton Rivers, state warehouse commissioner. "While there has been some gelling of old cotton," Mr. Rivers said, "the receipts are well above the cancellations."

"Several warehouses," Mr. Rivers said, "have been entered in the system during the last few days, worthy of special mention being the addition of the warehouse of the Excelsior Seed farm of Cheraw, and the Purcell warehouse of Newberry. The state system is now receiving for storage grain, peas, velvet beans and other non-perishable farm products which when properly prepared can be stored in the system of state warehouses and received for as effectively as cotton."

"In the near future the commissioner expects to put on a special inspector for this work, who will be able to develop plans to carry out the law as recently enacted, enlarging the scope of the state warehouse activities so as to include any farm product which by its nature is non-perishable or is rendered by canning, preserving or processing. This plan will work in connection with agencies now instituted in this state for diversified agriculture and be a part in the plan for improving the marketing organizations of the state. The system is working together with the cotton growers' cooperative association in this state in the storing of cotton at their assembling points and properly receipting and protecting it until needed for concentration and sale. This gives the association the benefit of the state receipts which enables them to properly finance their organization and also gives them the benefit of the state system of inspecting, counting and reporting on their cotton."

The Venetian Trio Monday, Nov. 6th, at 7:30 P. M. at the Courthouse.

To Do Or Not To Do

Is the Lot of All Human Beings

And to Buy or Not to Buy is The Privilege of All People

The watch maker prepares himself to make watches and if he is a success he is no good at anything more.

And this holds true of all callings more or less.

Our experience of a life-time spent in the buying and selling of merchandise has peculiarly prepared us to serve all you who want to buy where your money will get all that it should.

To arrive, and we hope by the latter part of the week, about ten thousand yards 36-inch Sheeting, and the way things look now it may be the last at the price, just 10 cents the yard.

10,000 yards 40-inch Sheeting to go at 12½ cents the yard.

We are this week receiving a beautiful lot of Woolen Dress Goods, and fortunately all bought without the tariff effects and we will sell accordingly. Don't forget that all Woolen Goods will be from 20 to 50 per cent higher.

So far, last Saturday was the banner helped us in the making of the day we feel day with us, and to the many customers that indeed very grateful.

We have to arrive about 10,000 yards of Domino Apron-Ginghams and all will go on the 10-cent Counter and we feel that this will be about the finishing up on this class of Goods and first come is the first served.

We invite you to inspect our Work

Shoes for Ladies at \$1.98 for an all leather Shoe. Others at \$2.25 \$2.98 \$3.25 and up.

We also carry a heavy line of the celebrated Endicott-Johnson Shoes for Men who want a Shoe that will stand the strain a good Shoe is expected to stand, and all guaranteed to give the worth of the money invested.

Just received a line of the celebrated E. C. Skuffer Shoes for Girls and boys. If you know what they are. The price is right.

Honestly we must affirm it would be hard to find a house anywhere better prepared and more willing to serve you than we.

Style-Plus Suits for Men, and all guaranteed, is we think, an insurance policy you should not ignore, for when we insure it is as good as an insurance policy underwritten by The Bank of New-Hanover, New York City.

Come in and we will serve you all as best we can. The Two-Story Store, Next To Post Office

H. W. Pusser & Sons

H. B. Allen & Co.

WADESBORO, N. C.

To Our Friends and Customers of Chesterfield, South Carolina:

We do not say we can sell you at a cheaper price than you can buy a Suit, Hat or a Pair of Shoes any where else, but we do say if you will consider quality and price you will find it will pay you and pay you well to drive a long way to do your Fall Trading at H. B. Allen & Co.

We bought our Fall stock of Merchandise early this year when everything was at its lowest, and our good buying is here for our customers and friends and we ask you to come and you will be convinced.

You will find everything for Men, Young Men and Boys to wear and Shoes and Stockings for the whole family.

We have Clothing to fit the smallest to the largest sizes, from 2 years old up to the largest Man's size, 54.

Carhartt, and Headlight Overalls going at \$1.50 Morotocks, at \$1.00.

H. B. ALLEN & Co.

WADESBORO, N. C.