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# THE UNION (TIMES).

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UNION, SOUTH CAROLINA JULY 26, 1895.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

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## DENTISTRY.

**D. R. H. K. SMITH'S**  
Dental Rooms over A. H. Foster & Co's. store. Cocaine used in extracting teeth.

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Office on the corner of Main and Judgement Streets near the Court House. Bridge and Crown work done when desired. Call and see me.

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GEORGE GEDDES.

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## Merchants and Planters' National BANK OF UNION.

Capital Stock \$60,000. Surplus \$50,000. Stockholders Dividends, \$60,000--Total--\$170,000.

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We solicit your business.

## ICE CREAM AND SODA WATER PARLOR.

AS the Oyster season is now over, I have converted my Saloon into an ICE CREAM PARLOR. And the ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call on me when they want a cool and refreshing drink. Orders for cream by the gallon will receive prompt and careful attention.

I have one of the finest Soda Fountains in the up country, everything shall be kept tidy. Ladies are invited to make my place their headquarters while shopping, stop in and rest whether you wish to buy or not. If you have a headache try my WINE COCA it will cure it every time.

You will also find at my place the largest and finest assortment of fancy and plain candies, cakes and crackers, fruits, canned goods and general confections, also family groceries.

Thanking my customers for their kind and liberal patronage last Summer I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same this Summer, guaranteeing prompt and polite attention to all.

**JOHN. R. MATHIS.**

## HO! FOR THE ENCAMPMENT AT JONESVILLE

**JULY 30th. -- AUGUST 3rd.**  
A Red Letter Occasion For The People Of Union County. Grand Re-Union Of The Confederate Veterans On Friday The 2nd. August, Which Occasion Will Bring Together More People Than Herebefore Ever Assembled In UNION COUNTY.

A grand free barbecue has been arranged for this day for 3000 participants with addresses from Confederate orators.

Instead of an encampment of the two Union Companies as heretofore arranged, Colonel Wardlow has ordered the entire Regiment consisting of thirteen companies into camp at Jonesville on this occasion.

A Brass Band will be on the grounds daily to enliven the occasion with music.

The Regiment will drill twice a day and at expiration of encampment contemplate a march to Glenn Springs where it will be dismissed by the Colonel.

Commencing with Wednesday night two Amateur Theatrical Companies will give pleasurable performances every evening at the town Opera House.

Base Ball will be indulged in by fine amateur teams from Union, Spartanburg, Gaffney and other places every afternoon.

New York, July 21. -- There was no doubt in the minds of most of the male population of this city today that there are strict excise laws on the statute books, and also that the police are capable of enforcing these laws almost to the point of absolute perfection. Never before in the history of this city, many people say, was the selling of beer and liquor so generally stopped. It was absolutely "dry" in the city from the Battery to the annexed districts, and from river to river last Sunday.

There is no "fake" in the earnestness of the police, as a number of saloon keepers discovered early in the day. They meant business from the very start. They were determined that no liquor should be sold in violation of the laws and to determine it was almost to make the determination a fact. Never before was there ever such a police watch over the usual places for selling beer and liquors. Every possible man on the force that could be used was put on excise duty. The men were in many cases made to undergo extra hours of duty so as to watch saloons. The policemen kept their eyes on all side doors to saloons, and so close was the guard that all chances of a quiet business were rendered impracticable. Many were the devices resorted to by saloon keepers to carry on business despite the vigilance of the police, but only well-known patrons were admitted. The sweltering weather was thirst-creating and especially in the tenement house districts was there a great demand for beer.

At some of the fashionable restaurants or cafes in the Tenderloin, drinks could be easily obtained by those whose dress indicated that they were not spies. Champagne was sold and drank without meals. The bars in the big hotels were closed. The soda water fountains on the streets and in the drug stores were not molested and they did a big business.

It is said that President Cleveland or some member of his family, possibly Marion, will start the machinery at the Cotton States and International Exposition.

## Tillman Discloses The Scheme. Special to the State.

Branchville, July 22. -- When I wrote the summary of the suffrage schemes discussed by the Ring leaders which I send in with this, I had no idea that it was so soon to receive direct corroboration from the man who has been the head of the Reform movement from its very inception. But at a meeting held at Hunter's Ferry, ten miles from this place in Barnwell County today, Senator Tillman made a speech in which he handled the matter, and I am able to quote his exact language on the scheme. The meeting was one of the Barnwell County campaign meetings and during the forenoon speeches were made by the candidates in the county for delegates to the Constitutional convention. There were about 600 persons present, nearly all of them being Reformers and about seventy-five being ladies. An excellent dinner was served, after which Governor Evans spoke, and then Senator Tillman faced the crowd.

He came out squarely and gave the scheme for the regulation of the suffrage, making reference to his remark at Ridgway when advocating the calling of the Constitutional convention in which he asked the people to trust him and vote for the convention. He stated too that in the spring after the "Forty" conference he had served notice on all opposed to the Mississippi plan to get ready for the near future. Then he

**FULLY DISCLOSED THE SCHEME** as follows: "I have given a great deal of thought to this matter. The 15th amendment is an insuperable bar to a permanent and lasting arrangement. Any scheme that may be adopted can only be temporary and will be largely dependent on white unity, as it is upon the administration of the law rather than in its language we must rely. This has been the case with the registration law and the eight box law. As long as no discrimination on account of race or color can be made, even an educational qualification pure and simple would only serve its purpose of disfranchising the negro while he remains ignorant. How then can we disfranchise illiterate negroes without at the same time taking the right of suffrage from the same class of white men? It is easy enough and cannot be called a fraudulent system, the Mississippi constitution provides that every voter must be registered and that the applicant for registration must be able to read a clause in the constitution or be able to understand and explain it when read to him. The right to judge of the latter rests with the supervisors of registration. If the applicant can read he must be registered and therefore be allowed to vote.

### "QUESTION OF UNDERSTANDING."

"If he cannot, it is easy to see that the negro could not understand, while the white man would. This is natural as the whites are the more intelligent race. Couple a provision forbidding registration after conviction for crime, and require the applicant to be also possessed of a good moral character and you can see how many thousands of negroes will be disfranchised without fraud or without infringing on the 15th, amendment to the United States Constitution. Should we ever have a government that would appoint registration officers who wanted to enroll the negroes as voters this scheme would not work. But there is a difference between having it in the constitution and depending on the eight box and registration laws. A defeated minority of white men could never obtain control of the government by using the negro vote. Such minority must obtain control of the government by obtaining a white majority first and it would then have no need of the negro.

### THE "MEAT" OF THE PLAN.

"Another safeguard would be to provide that no illiterate person fail-

## W. M. A. NICHOLSON & SON,

—BANKERS—

UNION, S. C.

Respectfully solicit your FIRE INSURANCE. REPRESENT COMPANIES WITH \$40,000,000.00 OF ASSETS.

ing of the necessary requirements for registration will be eligible after the first election, and that after five years the requirements for registration be the ability to read and write pure and simple. This would act as a spur to men of both races to fit themselves for the suffrage and would not perpetuate the confessedly obnoxious but necessary provision of trusting to the judgment of the supervisor. The charge that such a system would perpetuate dishonest elections is false."

### TAFETY FOR WOMEN.

Continuing Senator Tillman said: "If this scheme is not adopted, then, so far as I can see, there is nothing else to do but have qualified woman's suffrage and hide behind petticoats. I am perfectly willing to give the women of South Carolina the right to vote when they ask for it, but I don't believe they want it, and until they do ask for it, I prefer the other plan."

The above are Senator Tillman's exact words, and they pretty fully cover the all important matter. It may be added that this being the scheme the inaugurator of the Reform movement advocates, it will be almost certain to be adopted.

Senator Tillman returned to his home at Trenton this evening, being accompanied by Governor Evans.

E. J. WATSON.

### THE MARRIED MAN.

A married man always carries his condition with him, like a trade mark. Anybody of average discernment can detect him at a glance. He does not pinch his toes with tight boots. He does not scent himself with violets. He never parts his hair in the middle. He keeps his seat in the horse car when the pretty girl, laden with bundles, comes in; he knows that his wife wouldn't approve of his rising. He does not get up flirtations with the good-looking saleswoman where he buys his gloves; he remembers that little birds are flying all around telling tales, and he has a horror of curtain-lectures; somehow, married men never seem to arrive at that state of beatitude where they do appreciate the kind of literary performances known as curtain lectures.

The married man has come to that stage when he is convinced that the way his necktie hangs may not be any more important than his soul's salvation. He knows to a certainty that true happiness does not depend on the amount of starch in his shirt bosom, but he will have to have been three times wedded before he will be able to be reconciled to a collar-band two sizes small or one size large. The man who can smile at fate when it swoops down upon him in the shape of an ill fitting collar-band is nearly ready for canonization.

Ladies' Every Saturday.

### Where Irby Stands.

Special to the State.

Laurens, July 22. -- The candidates for the convention spoke today in the court house, defining their positions. There were only four candidates.

Senator Irby advocated white supremacy, opposed property and educational qualifications, favored giving the election of judges to the people, extending the homestead to \$2,500, preserving the two mill school tax as paid by whites for whites, by blacks for blacks, leaving the poll tax as it is, abolishing the South Carolina College and the South Carolina Military Academy, giving the public school fund to the primary

schools, and the liberal support of Clemson.

He could not solve the riddle of disfranchising blacks and whites, but the eggs are setting that will hatch and develop the plan of preserving white supremacy and white citizenship intact.

He was a friend of the dispensary but violently denounced the feature by which Circuit Judges sent white violators to the penitentiary for contempt of court where their heads were shaved as felons, citing United States Judge Simonton as committing them only to jail for the same offense.

### Co-operation in England.

The trade done in 1894 by 1,484 co-operative societies in Great Britain reached to the astonishing total of £32,750,000, of which nearly one-sixth was returned to the members in the shape of savings and profits after all expenses had been met. These returns are only from the distributing agencies, and we have had about £5,000,000 more as the output of the productive societies, which are necessary and multiplying all around. The English Wholesale society spends no less than £500,000 per annum on tea alone, and last year it paid the chancellor of the exchequer £12,000 as duty on the tea, coffee and cocoa it consumed. Then the Scottish Wholesale does a trade of £3,000,000 in a year, has land and buildings to the value of £341,999 and pays away as dividends £88,452. These are big figures in the industrial budget, and when the representatives of such an organization meet together in annual conference their proceedings are almost of national concern. At the twenty-seventh annual convention of these societies, recently held in Huddersfield, nearly 1,000 delegates were present.

Labor Advocate

For a number of years past "reformers" of all creeds have met at Asbury Park to discuss the way and means of making better the condition of the human race. Of course cranks were always to be found there, but the project seems to have been founded in an earnest desire to accomplish something and to solve, if possible, the many vexing questions of life.

This year the most important subject for discussion is the solution of the liquor problem, and as might have been expected, Senator Tillman, as the best informed man in South Carolina on the "great moral institution, which he had something to do with founding, has been asked to tell the "reformers" how South Carolina is dealing with the liquor problem. He is to be met in debate by Ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, who will advocate prohibition, pure and simple as the best means of settling the matter. The debate between these two interesting and phenomenal "reformers" has been fixed for the 8th, of August.

It is said that the junior Senator from South Carolina will attempt to make the speech of his life on that occasion, and the presidential bee will buzz very loud.--State.

Chicago, Ill. July 22. -- A special from Springfield Ohio, says: Jacob S. Coxy, the Commonwealth reformer will be the Populists' nominee for Governor. So said T. L. Creager, of this city, chairman and member of the People's party State executive committee. "Mr. Coxy is the only man named for the nomination," explained Mr. Creager.