

# THE UNION TIMES.

VOL. XXVI.—NO. 5.

UNION, SOUTH CAROLINA. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1895.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

D. E. HYDRICK, J. A. SAWYER.  
Spartanburg, S. C. Union, S. C.

Hydrick & Sawyer,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
JUDGE TOWNSEN'S OLD STAND.

MUNRO & MUNRO,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
NO. 2 LAW RANGE.

S. S. STOKES,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND TRIAL JUSTICE  
Office Rear of Court House.

J. C. WALLACE,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
No. 3 Law Range.

JOSIAH CRUDUP,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Office at Times Building.

SCHUMPERT & BUTLER,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
No. 34 Law Range.

M'KISSICK & COTHMAN,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Corner Main and Judgment Streets.

## DENTISTRY.

Dr. H. K. Smith's  
Dental Rooms over A. H. Foster &  
Co's Store. Cocaine used in extracting  
teeth.

Wm. A. Nicholson & Son,  
BANKERS,  
NO. 99 MAIN STREET.  
See advertisement in another column.

UNION HOTEL,  
Nos. 80 AND 81 MAIN ST.  
W. M. GIBBS, Proprietor.

LIVERY FEED AND SALE STABLE.  
No. 31 Bachelor Street.  
GARRETT & CO.

THE UNION TIMES.  
Corner Main and Judgment Sts.  
JOSIAH CRUDUP, Proprietor.

D. A. TOWNSEND,  
JUDGE 7TH DISTRICT.

UNION MARBLE  
—AND—  
GRANITE WORKS  
GEORGE GEDDES.

F. M. FAIR, GEO. MUNRO,  
President. Cashier.

Merchant's and Planter's  
National Bank  
OF UNION.

Capital stock \$60,000. Surplus, \$50,000.  
Stockholders' liabilities, \$60,000.—  
Total—\$170,000.

OFFICERS.—F. M. Farr, Pres't. A. G. Rice, Wm. Jeffries, T. C. Duncan, J. A. Fant, J. T. Douglas, I. G. McKissick, A. H. Foster.

DIRECTORS.—W. H. Wallace, A. G. Rice, Wm. Jeffries, T. C. Duncan, J. A. Fant, J. T. Douglas, I. G. McKissick, A. H. Foster.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

## CITY

## Oyster Saloon.

I am now running a first-class Oyster Saloon. I have a handsome Ladies' Parlor divided from Gentlemen's Parlor. Everything is clean, and Oysters fresh from Norfolk are served in all styles every day. Ladies are invited to come and inspect our Parlor and Cooking Arrangements. A stew can be prepared in five minutes. Families furnished by the quart twice a week if wanted. Also have a full line of the finest FRENCH CANDIES, also PLAIN and MIXED CANDIES. Fruits of all kinds. I am headquarters for the finest CAKES and CRACKERS. Also for TOBACCO and CIGARS. Try the "Seaboard."

Will keep Loaf Bread and will give you regular customers prices.

Jno. R. Mathis.

1 door below Bailey's Furniture Store.

## DARING DEED OF VILLIANY.

### HIGHWAY ROBBERY IN CHARLESTON.

Paymaster Mazyek of the South Carolina and Georgia Railroad, and the Porter held up and Robbed of Over Three Hundred Dollars.

The most daring highway robbery ever perpetrated in this city occurred in upper King street shortly after dark Wednesday evening. The facts in the case were known to The News and Courier immediately after the occurrence, but they were not published because of the earnest solicitation of the chief of police and the office of the detective force, who feared that their publication would militate against the chances of catching the culprits. The robbery was done at a time when the street was brightly lighted and when it thronged with people, and from the highwayman's standpoint it was a most successful bit of work. Mr. W. G. Mazyek and a colored porter named Jake, who were on the road, were the victims of the outrage, but the money that was stolen belonged to the South Carolina and Georgia Railroad Company.

Mr. Mazyek, who is paymaster of the company, he rode on the road on Wednesday paying off the employers of the company. He had with him, as usual, a large amount of money. Very fortunately he had paid out almost all of it, and he was not carrying more than a few dollars in his pocket. He was accompanied by the railroad porter, Jake, who was set upon by two negro highwaymen just in front of Hacker's alley in King street. The highwaymen fired a pistol full in the face of Mr. Mazyek and Jake, and having snatched the bag of silver out of Jake's hands made their escape through Hacker's alley. They were pursued by Mr. Mazyek, Jake and a policeman, but they made their escape into the northwestern part of the city. The police department has been working on the case indefatigably, but up to the present time they have not been able to catch the men. It is stated that Martin thinks he will have them shortly.

The story of the robbery as told by Mr. Mazyek himself is as follows. He says: "I had been over the road paying off the employees. I had a car just above the Line street station and came down King street, accompanied by our porter, Jake. He had the pay rolls under his arm and in one of the bags containing three hundred and fifty dollars in silver coin and nickels. I had an ordinary hand satchel in one hand and a cash box in the other. When we arrived at a point opposite Hacker's alley, on the east side of the street, two men quickly approached from the rear rapidly. They came out of the alley, which was all the more darker because of the glare of the electric light in the street. One of them thrust a pistol into my very face and the other quickly snatched the bag of money from my hand. We hastened to the office and locked up the cash box and the pay rolls in the safe, and then with as little delay as possible we reported the whole matter at police headquarters."

Mr. Mazyek says that he did not get a close enough view of the robbers to be able to work on the case at once, but having no clue were, of course, somewhat hampered. Nevertheless, they hope to catch the men who committed the robbery.

Mr. Mazyek has been in the employ of the South Carolina road for a great many years, and through all of its managements he has always been regarded as one of the most efficient officials of the company. His only regret that he should have been the victim of such a robbery as this, Charleston is not without her fair share of criminals, and robberies of the ordinary kind are about as frequent in this city as they are in any other city, no matter how well protected and governed they may be, but this is an extraordinary case. A highway robbery committed on the principal thoroughfare of the city at a time when many people are out of doors is certainly the most daring piece of villany that has ever been attempted here.

## WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Vance's Republican Successor Takes His Seat—The Hawaiian Annexation and the Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 24.—Mr. Vance was present at the opening of today's session of the Senate, after a long absence from the city, and signified his presence by calling attention to the absence of a quorum. A call of the roll took place and after some delay the presence of a quorum was secured.

Among the bill introduced and referred was one by Mr. Chandler (Rep.) of New Hampshire, to prevent the wrongful taking of news dispatches from telegraph and telephone wires.

unexpired term, Mr. Pritchard is a Republican and after being sworn in he took a seat next to Mr. Chandler, who subsequently offered a resolution to pay Mr. Jarvis \$24.40 for his last two days service, which resolution was immediately agreed to. The State of North Carolina has not been represented by a Republican in the Senate since the reconstruction period—Senator John Pool's term having expired twenty-two years ago. On the fourth of March next, Mr. Pritchard will have a Populist for his colleague in the person of Mr. Butler, who was elected at the same time as himself, to succeed Senator Ransom, Democrat.

The Hawaiian question was kept alive today by a speech from Senator George (Dem.) of Mississippi against the Lodge resolution, proposing annexation, and by another resolution offered by Mr. Allen (Pop.) of Nebraska in favor of immediate steps for annexation. Mr. Allen's resolution went over till tomorrow, when Senator Mills (Dem.) of Texas will address the Senate in opposition.

Mr. William H. White (Dem.) of California in favor of the Nicaragua Canal bill closed the speech-making for the day. Pension bills on the calendar were taken up, and all of the twenty-one were passed—including Senate bills for the relief of the widows of Rear Admiral Carter, Commodore Whitting, and Major General Carroll, and \$50 a month to the widows of Lieutenant Commander Rhodes, of the Navy, and Brigadier General Wessels of the Army.

Beside passing a resolution authorizing an investigation of the management of the office of architect of the capitol, the House today did nothing but consider in closed session the proposed bill to meet with favor and whether it will be successful.

The call is as follows: To the Democracy of South Carolina: As an executive committee, authorized by the Democratic party, we have the honor to inform you that we are considering the question of a non-partisan constitutional convention, we again call your attention to that subject and summon you to action. Dissensions in the ranks of the Democratic party, and the purity of government, the very safety of the State, depend upon white unity. To preserve these warrants your utmost endeavor and the burial of prejudice. Those in both factions who would agree to the catastrophe of an appeal to the negro for control of the convention, must come shoulder to shoulder at once. Let white men, from the mountains to the sea, combine to make our country a united and united people, a bond and seal of reunion between the white men of South Carolina. This may be done by having the convention represent truly all elements of our democracy, not a faction merely. It will be supported by the people, by its own will only and the Federal Constitution. Its composition will be of the highest importance to the welfare of the State.

Therefore, in behalf of the earnest men who have already spoken, we call upon any and all white Democrats in accord with these views, to meet at their several county seats on Saturday, the 24th day of March, next, to select delegates to the regular Democratic conference, which will assemble in Columbia, at 5 p. m. of the following Wednesday, March 6, 1895, to consult how best to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, subject to the regular Democratic organization.

In order that full notice may be given we also request citizens in each county, who agree with us, to repeat the call for their respective county meetings to be held on the 24th of March.

W. H. TIMMERMAN,  
D. K. NORRIS,  
J. TOWNES ROBERTSON,  
JOHN L. HARRISON,  
J. E. HARRINGTON,  
J. E. POTTGROW,  
D. E. FINLEY,  
JOHN W. LYLES,  
THOMAS J. KIRKLAND,  
GODFREY B. FOWLER,  
J. E. ELLERBIE,  
HENRY THOMAS,  
D. M. THERRELL,  
JOSHUA W. ASHLEY.

## THE LATEST MOVE.

An Effort to Push the Dispensary Case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The Columbia Register has obtained the following copy of a circular to the mayors of the various towns and cities of South Carolina:

ATLANTA, S. C., Jan. 18, 1895.

Dear Sir: I have just had a conference with Mayor Dargan of Darlington in regard to the Dispensary case which I started here, and which has been passed on by the Supreme Court of this State after it had been packed to sustain the dispensary law.

In this case every point which has ever been raised under this law has been pressed before the Courts, and especially the Federal questions, so that the case could be taken to the United States Supreme Court if adversely decided by our State Court. The city of Aiken is unable to bear all the expense of the case on the appeal to the United States Supreme Court and, at the conference above mentioned it was suggested that I write a circular letter to the various towns and by the State appealing for aid in the matter, from such places as are willing to contribute. In my judgment the destruction of the dispensary law will forever free us from the burden of a monopolistic policy, which, like a sword of Damocles is suspended over our heads. Will you not therefore endeavor to have your council appropriate such sum, not exceeding one hundred dollars, as they may see fit, and forward the same to me as soon as possible. I am very anxious to have the case heard at the earliest possible date, and our counsel, Col. G. W. Croft, will as soon as I have sufficient funds to warrant it proceed to Washington to obtain the writ of error.

If your council will not appropriate any sum will you be kind enough to turn this letter over to some citizen who will interest himself and let him forward as soon as possible what funds he can collect?

Hoping to hear from you at an early date, I am very respectfully yours,  
W. H. CHAFFEE,  
Mayor of the City of Aiken.

delegates to the Constitutional convention to be voted for on the third Tuesday in August next.

E. A. WEBSTER,  
State Chairman.

Attest:  
J. H. JOHNSON, Secretary.

## AN APPEAL TO WHITE MEN.

The executive committee of the "Forty Reformers," as they are now called, has acted and to-day issues a call to the white men of the State to join hands in the coming fight for the election of delegates to the constitutional convention. It is not necessary to say to the white voters that unless something is done along this line, and done quickly, there is no telling where affairs will wind up.

The names of the call are known from one end of the State to another. J. Townes Robertson is from Abbeville, W. Henry Thomas from Charleston, W. H. Timmerman from Edgefield, J. E. Ellerbie from Marion, D. K. Norris from Anderson, S. S. Fowler from Union, J. E. Pottgrew from Florence, John R. Harrison from Greenville, D. E. Finley from York, John W. Lyles from Fairfield, D. McL. Therrell from Charleston, Thomas J. Kirkland from Kershaw, Joshua W. Ashley from Anderson.

During the next few weeks the sentiment of the men of both factions on the call will be sufficiently well developed to ascertain whether the plan proposed will meet with favor and whether it will be successful.

To the Democracy of South Carolina: As an executive committee, authorized by the Democratic party, we have the honor to inform you that we are considering the question of a non-partisan constitutional convention, we again call your attention to that subject and summon you to action. Dissensions in the ranks of the Democratic party, and the purity of government, the very safety of the State, depend upon white unity. To preserve these warrants your utmost endeavor and the burial of prejudice. Those in both factions who would agree to the catastrophe of an appeal to the negro for control of the convention, must come shoulder to shoulder at once. Let white men, from the mountains to the sea, combine to make our country a united and united people, a bond and seal of reunion between the white men of South Carolina. This may be done by having the convention represent truly all elements of our democracy, not a faction merely. It will be supported by the people, by its own will only and the Federal Constitution. Its composition will be of the highest importance to the welfare of the State.

Therefore, in behalf of the earnest men who have already spoken, we call upon any and all white Democrats in accord with these views, to meet at their several county seats on Saturday, the 24th day of March, next, to select delegates to the regular Democratic conference, which will assemble in Columbia, at 5 p. m. of the following Wednesday, March 6, 1895, to consult how best to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, subject to the regular Democratic organization.

In order that full notice may be given we also request citizens in each county, who agree with us, to repeat the call for their respective county meetings to be held on the 24th of March.

W. H. TIMMERMAN,  
D. K. NORRIS,  
J. TOWNES ROBERTSON,  
JOHN L. HARRISON,  
J. E. HARRINGTON,  
J. E. POTTGROW,  
D. E. FINLEY,  
JOHN W. LYLES,  
THOMAS J. KIRKLAND,  
GODFREY B. FOWLER,  
J. E. ELLERBIE,  
HENRY THOMAS,  
D. M. THERRELL,  
JOSHUA W. ASHLEY.

THE TRAMPS HAVE SIGNS.

FACTS ABOUT THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

## A RAID ON THE TREASURY.

### THE GOLD RESERVE CUT DOWN.

A New Bond Issue Certain—The President May Send In a Special Message.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—In round numbers five millions of gold was withdrawn from the treasury this morning, making quite sixty millions since the last bond issue. The gold reserve by night will be not much over fifty five millions, and if this raid continues another week, bonds are sure to be used. This time the issue will be larger and it is feared so low a rate of interest as was recorded on the last bonds will not be obtainable.

There seems to be no escape from bonds. The present law tied the treasury in a hard knot, which no living man, or set of men can untie without breaking them. These laws were all placed upon the statute book by Republicans, yet a Democratic Congress refuses to remove them, even with the aid of a patriotic and a Democratic President. But apart from the responsibility which attaches to political parties the situation is serious enough to excite the alarm of men who are usually conservative.

The name of the call are known from one end of the State to another. J. Townes Robertson is from Abbeville, W. Henry Thomas from Charleston, W. H. Timmerman from Edgefield, J. E. Ellerbie from Marion, D. K. Norris from Anderson, S. S. Fowler from Union, J. E. Pottgrew from Florence, John R. Harrison from Greenville, D. E. Finley from York, John W. Lyles from Fairfield, D. McL. Therrell from Charleston, Thomas J. Kirkland from Kershaw, Joshua W. Ashley from Anderson.

During the next few weeks the sentiment of the men of both factions on the call will be sufficiently well developed to ascertain whether the plan proposed will meet with favor and whether it will be successful.

To the Democracy of South Carolina: As an executive committee, authorized by the Democratic party, we have the honor to inform you that we are considering the question of a non-partisan constitutional convention, we again call your attention to that subject and summon you to action. Dissensions in the ranks of the Democratic party, and the purity of government, the very safety of the State, depend upon white unity. To preserve these warrants your utmost endeavor and the burial of prejudice. Those in both factions who would agree to the catastrophe of an appeal to the negro for control of the convention, must come shoulder to shoulder at once. Let white men, from the mountains to the sea, combine to make our country a united and united people, a bond and seal of reunion between the white men of South Carolina. This may be done by having the convention represent truly all elements of our democracy, not a faction merely. It will be supported by the people, by its own will only and the Federal Constitution. Its composition will be of the highest importance to the welfare of the State.

Therefore, in behalf of the earnest men who have already spoken, we call upon any and all white Democrats in accord with these views, to meet at their several county seats on Saturday, the 24th day of March, next, to select delegates to the regular Democratic conference, which will assemble in Columbia, at 5 p. m. of the following Wednesday, March 6, 1895, to consult how best to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, subject to the regular Democratic organization.

In order that full notice may be given we also request citizens in each county, who agree with us, to repeat the call for their respective county meetings to be held on the 24th of March.

W. H. TIMMERMAN,  
D. K. NORRIS,  
J. TOWNES ROBERTSON,  
JOHN L. HARRISON,  
J. E. HARRINGTON,  
J. E. POTTGROW,  
D. E. FINLEY,  
JOHN W. LYLES,  
THOMAS J. KIRKLAND,  
GODFREY B. FOWLER,  
J. E. ELLERBIE,  
HENRY THOMAS,  
D. M. THERRELL,  
JOSHUA W. ASHLEY.

THE TRAMPS HAVE SIGNS.

FACTS ABOUT THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.



ready with baggage packed, to join the new army of emancipation—the emancipation of the masses of white men from the slavery to corporations, trusts and monopolies.

The name of the call are known from one end of the State to another. J. Townes Robertson is from Abbeville, W. Henry Thomas from Charleston, W. H. Timmerman from Edgefield, J. E. Ellerbie from Marion, D. K. Norris from Anderson, S. S. Fowler from Union, J. E. Pottgrew from Florence, John R. Harrison from Greenville, D. E. Finley from York, John W. Lyles from Fairfield, D. McL. Therrell from Charleston, Thomas J. Kirkland from Kershaw, Joshua W. Ashley from Anderson.

During the next few weeks the sentiment of the men of both factions on the call will be sufficiently well developed to ascertain whether the plan proposed will meet with favor and whether it will be successful.

To the Democracy of South Carolina: As an executive committee, authorized by the Democratic party, we have the honor to inform you that we are considering the question of a non-partisan constitutional convention, we again call your attention to that subject and summon you to action. Dissensions in the ranks of the Democratic party, and the purity of government, the very safety of the State, depend upon white unity. To preserve these warrants your utmost endeavor and the burial of prejudice. Those in both factions who would agree to the catastrophe of an appeal to the negro for control of the convention, must come shoulder to shoulder at once. Let white men, from the mountains to the sea, combine to make our country a united and united people, a bond and seal of reunion between the white men of South Carolina. This may be done by having the convention represent truly all elements of our democracy, not a faction merely. It will be supported by the people, by its own will only and the Federal Constitution. Its composition will be of the highest importance to the welfare of the State.

Therefore, in behalf of the earnest men who have already spoken, we call upon any and all white Democrats in accord with these views, to meet at their several county seats on Saturday, the 24th day of March, next, to select delegates to the regular Democratic conference, which will assemble in Columbia, at 5 p. m. of the following Wednesday, March 6, 1895, to consult how best to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, subject to the regular Democratic organization.

In order that full notice may be given we also request citizens in each county, who agree with us, to repeat the call for their respective county meetings to be held on the 24th of March.

W. H. TIMMERMAN,  
D. K. NORRIS,  
J. TOWNES ROBERTSON,  
JOHN L. HARRISON,  
J. E. HARRINGTON,  
J. E. POTTGROW,  
D. E. FINLEY,  
JOHN W. LYLES,  
THOMAS J. KIRKLAND,  
GODFREY B. FOWLER,  
J. E. ELLERBIE,  
HENRY THOMAS,  
D. M. THERRELL,  
JOSHUA W. ASHLEY.

THE TRAMPS HAVE SIGNS.

FACTS ABOUT THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

How They Can Tell Where to "Strike" a House For Something to Eat—The Tramps Have Signs.

sees and interprets the sign and passes along without molesting the house. All other tramps do the same thing and so it goes. If a tramp goes to a house and is treated nicely he puts a peculiar sign or mark on the fence signifying that everything is all right in that household. The next tramp sees the sign and does not hesitate to visit the house and ask for something to eat. If a tramp goes to a house where there is a bad dog which chases him out of the yard he invariably leaves a sign behind to warn all brother tramps to look out and not to take in that place.

Now, you see why some people are always bothered with tramps and why others escape. It is a business with tramps and unless they had some code of this kind lots of them would get into trouble. If you will look carefully around your place you will see some of the signs of the tramps.

The gentleman to whom the reporter was talking was a little dubious of what he heard, but a few days afterwards when he was visited by a half dozen tramps in one day, he asked one of them how it was that so many went to his house. The tramps answered: "We know that you are good and that we can get something to eat here."

"How do you know it?" the gentleman asked.

"We have plans of knowing," the tramp cautiously answered.

The gentleman afterward told the reporter that in looking around his premises he had discovered peculiar marks cut with a knife on his fence.

There is a liberal hearted Catholic in Columbia who never turns a tramp from his door without giving him something. Around his house there are many signs. A curious fact is that all the tramps, no matter if they have just gotten in town, know that he is a Catholic. The signs tell them so and enable them to approach him with more chances of success in getting what they want.

The person who does not believe the tramp fraternity has a code of signs telling them all they want to know has only to make an investigation of the old knight of the box cut and ask him for the truth. If he is given a square meal and made to feel good he will open up and will talk of that and many other things.

It is announced from LaGrange, Ga., that a Pittsburgh syndicate will build a large cotton mill there. A land company and a brick manufacturing company, which are to be adjuncts of the cotton mill, have been organized at LaGrange.

## In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable medicine which is Brown's Iron Bitters.

## It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Neuralgia, Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine. It has a red label on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send you a copy of our "Fair Views and Book-free."

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

## Buy Best Material to Your Advantage From FLEMING Cement and Brick Co.

Headquarters for all Mason's Supplies, 276 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

LIME PLASTER, ROSENDALE, ENGLISH PORTLAND CEMENT, ALL SIZES TERRA COTTA PIPE, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, HAIR, BRICK, TILES, ETC., MIXED LOTS. CAR LOAD LOTS.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED ROCK WALL PLASTER.

Largest Depot in the South. Warehouse on Railroad Track. Write for prices. Building Brick a Specialty.