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\$1.50 A YEAR.

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I am now running a first class Oyster Saloon. I have a handsome Ladies Parlor derived from gentlemen's Parlor. Everything is clean, and Oysters fresh from Norfolk are served in all styles every day. Ladies are invited to come and inspect our parlor and cooking arrangements. A stew can be prepared in 5 minutes. Families furnished by the quart twice a week if wanted.

Also have a full line of the finest FRENCH CANDIES, also plain and mixed candies. Fruits of all kinds. Fancy and

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Will keep loaf bread and will give you regular customers prices.

JNO. R. MATHIS.
1 DOOR BELOW EILEY'S FURNITURE STORE.
Nov. 9 45 ft.

THE KOLBITES MEET

The More Conservative of the Party Capture the Convention.

TWO INCENDIARY TALK IS APPLAUDED

The People of Alabama Congratulated Upon the Recent Republican Victory—Allegations of Fraud in the State Election.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., November 13.—The Kolbite convention assembled here yesterday but instead of meeting at the capital building as previously arranged with Governor Jones, it met in one of the local theaters. This is probably because Governor Jones told those who came to see him that they must vacate the hotel at 10 o'clock last night in order that it might be gotten in readiness for the state assembly, which meets today. The populists evidently intended to hold longer than one day's session. Whether they intend to organize a separate legislature is not plain. There had been some talk that they would attempt to keep possession of the house of representatives hall, but the meeting at the theater disposes of any program of that sort. The meeting yesterday was taken up with a speech by P. G. Bowman, of Birmingham, chairman of the populist party committee, in which he denounced ballotbox frauds. So far nothing of importance has transpired.

The Party Rechristened.
At 7 o'clock last night the Kolb convention re-assembled and while awaiting the report of the committee on resolutions, an extended and heated wrangle arose over the question of re-christening the party, which in a partial report from the special committee in the afternoon had been dubbed, the people and Jeffersonian party. The result of the evening argument was the wiping out of the Jeffersonian party, and the convention of the people, the people and populists, resolved themselves into the national people's party. It was after 9 o'clock when Chairman W. H. Skaggs, of the committee on resolutions was yielded the stage and began the reading of a quite voluminous report which began by congratulating the people of Alabama on the recent republican victories in other states and then took up the subject of alleged ballotbox stuffing. The report stated that the committee had been unable to find out who had stuffed the ballotbox in the late August and had been counted out.

Revolutionary Statements About Fraud.
At this juncture Dr. Crowe, of Perry county, in an excited manner passed up and down the theatre aisle and declared that he should be seated even if bloodshed were necessary and that December first the people (populists and republicans) should meet in Montgomery and that if the state military interfered with them they would handle them. These revolutionary statements were backed up in stout talk by a number of men, until Skaggs finally resumed the reading of the report which went on to say that the evidence was at hand to prove the fraudulent election of Governor-Elect Oates and that if the legislature did not right the wrong, the federal congress would be called upon and a force bill demanded if necessary. After reading the resolutions, Skaggs spoke for two hours and simply drowned out the incendiary speakers, who were applauded to the echo, while the more conservative men were listened to in silence. The executive convention adjourned sine die after adopting the report.

TEXAS COTTON CROP ENDED.

The Fields Black and the Stalks Dead—Loss Average Next Year.

DALLAS, Tex., November 13.—The cotton crop is ended. The thermometer was at 32 degrees at daylight yesterday morning. Your correspondent rode twenty miles through the fields yesterday. They are black, the stalks are dead, hulls, blooms, squares and all. Not one pound more can be made this year. Half the other half will yield a little more possibly. An eighth of the amount already picked is ginned and either marketed or lying at the gin-houses. As no rain of any consequence has fallen in three months, the planters are well up with picking. There is no reason to prevent their marketing every bale within the next six weeks, except low prices and the hope that later in the season they may get an advance. They are unanimous upon one point, namely, that the cotton crop has been a bad one next year. Hundreds have determined to plant none at all for the good and sufficient reason that it don't pay. It is now at least two cents below the actual cost of production on leased or rented lands and one cent below where a man owns the ground.

EVANS DEFEATS TURNEY.

The Hopes of the Democrats in Tennessee Not Born Out by the Returns.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., November 10.—Returns from several counties continue to show republican gains and there seems to be no longer any doubt about Evans' election for governor. The democratic committee still hope that Turney will pull through with a small plurality. Later returns fail to change the congressional delegation, six democrats and four republicans.

Tennessee National Bank Closes.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., November 14.—The First National bank of Johnson City, Tenn., having a capital of \$100,000 was closed by order of the comptroller of the currency yesterday. Examiner Miller and the officers of the bank refused to make a statement. The bank has several large depositors and there is much excitement as the bank was supposed to be solid.

Merchants should know the people know what they have. The best way to do it is through THE UNION TIMES.

STIMULUS GIVEN BUSINESS.

The Fact That the Election is Over Brightens All Trade Prospects.

New York, November 10.—Bradstreet says: Interest in the election this week naturally tended to restrict the volume of trade, particularly the south, where it interfered with mercantile collections. But within a few days the influence of more seasonable weather west and northwest, together with the emphasis with which political questions have apparently been settled, have increased the confidence of many merchants and manufacturers in a prospect for an increased rate of improvement in general trade in the near future. Charleston lumbermen report a fair business but in other lines there is no change. Similar conditions prevail at Memphis, but at Nashville there is more activity in the general lines, notably in receipt of California canned goods. The only material effect of the election excitement on business is delayed collections. There is a seasonal activity in general lines at Atlanta. At Chattanooga and Birmingham, rather more activity is observed in business circles while collections were fairly satisfactory. Wholesale and retail houses at Jacksonville report trade fairly satisfactory for the season but at Savannah there is no special change, except that collections are satisfactory. Augusta's report is similar, except as to collections, which are slow. At New Orleans rather more of a check to business is noted, due to interest in the elections, but increased activity is expected soon. At Galveston trade is dull in all lines.

BAYARD KNEW IT WAS COMING.

The Ambassador Looked Ahead and Saw Where the Cyclone Would Hit.

BALTIMORE, November 10.—Ambassador Thos. F. Bayard talks freely about the result of Tuesday's elections. He said: "I have had grave apprehensions as to the result of the recent elections for some time. It was by no means an absolute surprise to me." The ambassador said he had no idea that the change of power was lasting or even meant to be lasting. "I don't want to run afoul of those gentlemen who were responsible for the delay in the passing of the tariff bill, but as I say, the path of duty is unmistakable, and the necessity for pure democratic tariff legislation was never so great as it is now. The bills for free raw materials should be passed immediately, and then the country will be able to breathe before another national election rolls round. If this is done I have no fear but the verdict will be satisfactory in 1896."

Ambassador Bayard sails from New York early next Tuesday morning for England.

SENSATION AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Charge of Attempted Bribery Leads to a Demand For Names.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 13.—The News prints two open letters to Hon. W. D. Bynum, who was defeated for congress in this, the seventh district, last Tuesday. The letters are signed by Thomas Madden and Morris Donnelly, two prominent democratic citizens, who were unsuccessful candidates for the collectorship in this city. Congressman Bynum's open statement recently that he had been the victim of attempted bribery caused a political sensation and called forth the letters. They demand the names of the aspirants to whom Mr. Bynum refers, in order to remove the indiscriminate odium cast upon all the unsuccessful aspirants.

WHERE POPULISTS GAINED.

In Wisconsin the Increase is 45,000 Over the Vote Cast in '92.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., November 13.—The populist party in Wisconsin was the only one of the four, according to State Chairman Schilling, that gained any votes. The gain is estimated at 45,000, about four times the vote cast in 1892. The victorious republicans have fewer votes by several thousands than they had in 1892, and the democratic loss was evenly divided between the stay-at-homes and the deserters to the populists. Republicans made a slight gain from the prohibitionists and all of its rivals lost votes to the populist party.

THE ANTI-SALOON SPEECH.

An Indirect Cause of Incendiarism in Louisiana.

MOBILE, La., November 12.—George R. Stuart, of Cleveland, Tenn., made a robust anti-saloon speech here to several thousand people. He was the guest of a prominent banker while here and in the night some person or persons set fire to the house in which he was staying. The portion of the house occupied by the servants was entirely consumed. There was great excitement. It is thought that the speech was the cause of the dastardly deed.

THE CAROLINA SENATORS.

Marion Butler Regarded as Certain, the Republican Not So.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 13.—Marion Butler, president of the National farmers' alliance, will be one of the new United States senators, succeeding Senator Hanson for the long term of six years. There are several republican candidates among them, ex-congressman Ewart, Colonel Oliver H. Dockery and Dr. J. J. Mott.

Cannot Meet the State Salaries.

LAWRENCE, Ky., November 12.—This is regular payment day of teachers' salaries, but County School Commissioner Moore has received a letter from State Superintendent Thompson in which he says the demands can not be met.

Wealthy Floridian Accidentally Killed.

CRESTVIEW, Fla., November 13.—Bud Gavins, one of the wealthiest men in this section of Florida, while riding a horse race here yesterday was thrown and instantly killed.

SAILED INTO WAITE

Members of His Party Denounce Him to His Face.

AND LAPE PENCE LED THE ATTACKS.

Openly Invited to Leave the State and Quit the Populists—Defeated Candidates Place Their Grievances at the Door of the Governor.

DENVER, Col., November 12.—Governor Waite received a dressing down in his own executive chamber Saturday night by the conservative men of his party. Nearly all the candidates on populist state ticket were present and each one in turn sailed into the old man rough-shod. Each man declared himself a true believer in the party principles, but that henceforth he wanted to hear no more from the man for whom they were sacrificed. Lape Pence, congressman from the first district, was the principal speaker. He denounced the governor and his following in unmeasured terms, telling him to get himself off into the wilderness as soon as possible after January 1st of next year. "We want no more long-haired, wild-eyed anarchists and socialists in the party," he exclaimed with warmth, "and the quicker you and your office-grabbing friends take yourselves away, the better you will be liked." The conservatives were so forcible that for the first time since coming to Denver, Waite was speechless. Following this conference it was decided to abandon all Sunday political meetings which caused so much scandal and incurred the enmity of the churchmen and organize on the basis of good government.

POPULIST SCHEME IN KANSAS.

Will Turn Over the State to the Officers Elect Without a Single Employee.

TORONTO, Kan., November 13.—Chairman Bridgford, of the populist state central committee, who is also state bank commissioner, and Superintendent of Insurance Snyder, have started a movement to secure the resignations of all appointive officers, and employees of the state institutions who are populists, to take effect January 1st at noon, the time that Governor-elect Morrill will be inaugurated. "We are sending a cable and none of them will be sent as long as they are populists," said Snyder. "If the officers show a willingness to resign at the time specified, it would cause the new governor any amount of trouble and throw the state institutions into chaos."

FUSIONISTS CARRY NEBRASKA.

The Republicans Give Up as to the Vote for Governor.

OMAHA, Neb., November 10.—The election contests as far as this state is concerned are now all settled, the republican state central committee giving it out today that it is satisfied that the Holcomb fusion ticket for governor will have a plurality large enough to settle its doubts. In the congressional districts it was a landslide with the exception of the sixth for the republicans. In this district the race was close between the fusion candidate, Kemp, and Daugherty, republican. It is now settled, however, that Kemp is re-elected by a safe majority.

THE CONTESTS IN VIRGINIA.

Republican Nominees to Confront the Second and Fourth Districts.

RICHMOND, Va., November 10.—Ex-congressman Edmund Waddill, who is the acknowledged republican leader in this district, said yesterday that he thought that Lorland, republican would contest the election of Tyler, democrat, in the second district, and that Thorpe, republican, would contest the election of McKinley, democrat, in the fourth district. He had already been consulted as counsel with reference to making these contests. He said the contest, if made, would be on the ground of sorts of fraud.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTESTS.

Many Republicans Defeated Will Try Their Chance Before Republicans.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—The republicans preparing for numerous contests in the south, and these will be quickly settled after the fifty-fourth congress meets. In Virginia, Maryland, the two Carolinas, Alabama, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and Missouri, contests will undoubtedly be made. Chairman Babcock, of the republican committee, has instructed the representatives in the south to obtain counsel and prepare for contests where certificates are likely to be refused to those honestly elected.

THE NEW ORLEANS TROUBLES.

In the Levee Matters the Injunction Against the Whites Being Tried.

NEW ORLEANS, November 13.—Today the injunction against the white organizations in the levee matter in the United States court will be tried, and much depends upon the result. If the temporary injunction should be dissolved, the whites would no doubt resume their reign of terror and the negroes be driven from the levee. The state and city authorities failed to afford the colored laborers adequate protection heretofore, the probabilities are they would not do so hereafter.

France Will Mediate, but Not Initiate.

PARIS, November 12.—It is stated that M. Hanotaux, minister of foreign affairs, has informed the Chinese minister that France will act in concert with the other powers to bring about peace between China and Japan, but she will not take the initiative in the mediation.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS to stop headache. "Once in a dose."

THE EXPORT COAL COMPANY.

Forced to the Wall, F. C. Brent Being Named as the Assignee.

PENNSYLVANIA, Nov. 11.—The Export Coal company has made an assignment to F. C. Brent, president of the First National bank, for the benefit of its creditors. The course was agreed upon at the meeting of the board of directors held in this city several days ago, and the papers were filed in the office of the county clerk on Wednesday. The object of the assignment is to place in the hands of the assignee all of the company's property to be divided among its creditors according to their various demands. Mr. Brent has accepted the position of the assignee and yesterday filed his bond. He was seen shortly afterwards and in response to an inquiry stated that the cash value of the company's assets was about \$130,000, and that the liabilities are a little in excess of the assets. He further stated that the company hopes to be able to pay out in full, and that he will endeavor to sell the plant as quickly as possible. He had an offer for the entire plant yesterday which he was compelled to decline. In the meantime, as assignee, he will continue to carry the company's old contracts, and says he has reason to believe that there will be no cessation of business. It is well understood here that the assignment means the organization of a new company to take the place of the old one, and the business of exporting coal from this port will, in the future, be conducted on a much larger scale than heretofore.

THE FUTURE OF TAMMANY.

Members Expect to Continue Business at the Same Old Stand.

NEW YORK, November 12.—The rank and file of Tammany hall, outside of the office-holders, are not badly disturbed by Tuesday's defeat. They expect that Tammany hall will continue business at the old stand. They know that Tammany hall has had reverses before and has not gone under. They expect a reorganization and a new deal all around.

The leaders are not so confident. The organization is filled with jealousies and enmities and discontent. Had Grant won these would have smothered in the fight for patronage. Mr. Croker is responsible for the loss of a majority in the congressional delegation in New York city. His personal enmity to Bourke Cochrane and his opposition to Edward J. Murphy and John De Witt Warner led him to shut out any combination at all with the "dark democracy." In the seventh, twelfth and Bartlett in the seventh, it served to gratify Mr. Croker's personal enmity against Bourke Cochrane, however, and left that gentleman, the most famous man in Tammany, humiliated, at home.

OLNEY MAY SOON RESIGN.

The Attorney General Talks of Leaving the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—Attorney General Olney, in conversation with friends during the past few months has expressed himself as anxious to return to private life, stating that the drudgery and responsibilities of the position are wearing him out. His private law practice, it is said, is even now worth from \$30,000 to \$40,000 a year, and would be largely increased if he were free from official trammels. In the event of Attorney General Olney's resignation, the possibility is suggested that William L. Wilson might tender a seat in the cabinet. This, however, is a matter upon which no intimation has been, had directly or indirectly from the president.

NOT ENOUGH POSTAGE STAMPS.

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing Trying to Meet the Demand.

WASHINGTON, November 13.—The postoffice department is being greatly inconvenienced by the inability of the bureau of engraving and printing to furnish postage stamps enough to meet the demand. Postmasters all over the country are wanting stamps, and the department cannot supply them. Superintendent Johnson, of the bureau, has been obliged to put on an extra force of men these last few nights, working them from 6 o'clock P. M. to 2 o'clock A. M. This means extra expense to the government as well as delay and inconvenience to the public.

START UP ON FULL TIME.

Connecticut Silk Manufacturers Begin Operating All the Departments.

ROCKVILLE, Conn., November 13.—Cheney Bros., the big silk manufacturers of South Manchester, announced Saturday that they would today start a number of important departments of their mills on full time. The throwing, winding, warping and velvet weaving departments start on full time, and all other departments in the mills will begin running fifty hours per week instead of forty-eight hours. All departments will soon be running full time. The mill employs 2,500 hands.

TEXAS HOTEL IN ASHES.

"Ye Arlington Inn," Near Fort Worth, as the Mercy of the Flames.

FORT WORTH, Tex., November 13.—Fire yesterday at 3 o'clock destroyed "Ye Arlington Inn," one of the best hotels in Texas. The fire had its origin in the kitchen, and being located at Arlington heights, three miles from the city, the fire department was unable to stay the flames. The building and contents cost, two years ago, \$125,000, and was fully covered by insurance.

Sentenced to Siberia for Life.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 12.—A court martial at Warsaw has sentenced Lieutenant Boborykin to the loss of his military and nobility ranks, and to life-long labor in Siberia, for implication in a plot against the life of the Czar.

WILL SEE NEW FACES

One Hundred and Eighty-One Strangers for the 54th Congress.

REPUBLICAN STRENGTH IN THE HOUSE

The Democrats Will Have One Hundred and One, the Populists Seven, and the Protectionists Get all of the Remaining Members.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—From the latest returns received, the total democratic representation in the next house will be 101, the total number of populists 7, leaving the republicans 248 members of the house. In all there will be 181 new faces out of the 256 members of the fifty-fourth congress. The strangers in the next house are divided among the various commonwealths as follows:

Alabama, 2; Arkansas, 1; California, 4; Colorado, 2; Connecticut, 3; Delaware, 1; Florida, 1; Georgia, 1; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 1; Indiana, 1; Iowa, 2; Kentucky, 3; Kansas, 7; Louisiana, 1; Maryland, 5; Massachusetts, 5; Michigan, 6; Minnesota, 3; Mississippi, 2; Missouri, 9; Nebraska, 3; New Jersey, 6; New York, 21; North Carolina, 5; Ohio, 13; Pennsylvania, 12; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 3; Tennessee, 5; Texas, 3; Virginia, 4; Washington, 1; West Virginia, 4; Wisconsin, 8, and Wyoming, 1.

THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

First Meeting Since Their Victory on Tuesday—The Work of the Future.

NEW YORK, November 10.—The committee of seventy held its first meeting since the election in the chamber of commerce yesterday afternoon, and the occasion was one of general jubilation over Tuesday's victory. Resolutions were unanimously adopted that the organization of the committee be continued for the present, to co-operate with the city officers nominated by it in securing to the city of New York an honest, efficient, economical and non-partisan government; to secure the removal and punishment of such persons holding municipal offices as have been unfaithful and inefficient in the performance of the duties cast upon them by the law; to frame and procure the enactment of such laws as may be found necessary to the better government of the city, and to take such other further action as may from time to time be deemed wise.

FIRST ASSISTANT CHEMIST.

Secretary Morton Appoints Dr. W. G. Brown, of Lexington, Va.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—Secretary Morton has appointed Dr. W. G. Brown, professor of chemistry in Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., first assistant chemist of the division of chemistry, department of agriculture, vice Dr. G. L. Spencer, resigned. Dr. Brown received his early education at the University of Virginia. He was professor of chemistry at the University of Tennessee for some years and afterwards studied at the University of Heidelberg, Germany, and in 1874, he held a fellowship in chemistry at Harvard university and was elected director of the technical school, of Newark, N. J. Then he went to South Carolina.

BALTIMORE LEXOW COMMITTEE.

To Investigate Alleged Abuses in the City Departments.

BALTIMORE, November 13.—There may be a Lexow committee in Baltimore. The executive committee of the citizens' party has adopted resolutions asking the city council, which now has a republican majority in the first branch, to appoint an investigating committee clothed with ample power to investigate the several departments of the city government.

MR. WILSON AS A LECTURER.

Will Speak in Baltimore Next Week on a Popular Subject.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—Mr. Wilson evidently does not expect to go into the cabinet in District Attorney Olney's place for some time if ever. It is now announced that he will take the lecture platform. His first appearance as a lecturer will be in Baltimore on November 20th and his subject will be "The New Problems that Beset Popular Government."

DEFEATED POPULIST DYING.

Judge Howe, the South Dakota Candidate for Governor, is Failing.

PIERRE, S. D., November 12.—Reports from Redfield say that Judge Isaac Howe, defeated populist candidate for governor is gradually failing. His physicians have abandoned all hope of his recovery and death is expected at any moment. The defeat of himself and the populist ticket, together with other exertion in the campaign, are assigned as the direct cause of his illness.

Congressman Bryan Out of Politics.

OMAHA, Neb., November 13.—Congressman Bryan has issued a manifesto to Nebraska democrats in which he sums up the causes which led to the defeat of the fusion fusion, and announces his retirement from the political arena.

Failures Cause a Drop in Cotton.

NEW YORK, November 13.—A private dispatch received at the cotton exchange yesterday announces the failure of Busch & Co., of Havra. The announcement caused a drop of four points in cotton.

THE SOUTH'S COTTON CROP.

Shepperson Believes the Present Average Exaggerated and the Crop Limited.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 13.—With a view to finding out just how much credit was to be given to the recently published statement of the present cotton crop of 10,000,000 bales and to put before its readers a trustworthy and intelligent statement of the cotton situation at the present time, the News and Courier applied to Mr. Alfred R. Shepperson, of New York, the well-known cotton statistician and has received the following very lucid and satisfactory reply:

"Cotton declined again yesterday, chiefly I understand, upon a crop estimate just issued by Mr. Neill of New Orleans, that the crop will be over ten millions of bales. The crop is undoubtedly a large one, but I confess that I am unable to see any basis of such a large estimate. The largest crop ever grown in this country was that which was grown in 1880. The yield of that crop was probably nine million two hundred thousand bales. The commercial crop of the year 1894, however, is the difference between this and the quantity which I have given as the probable yield was marketed in the following season. There is no evidence, however, to prove that the average of the crop now being marketed was any larger than that of the crop of 1893, nor is there any evidence, to my mind at least, that the weather conditions have been more favorable this year than in 1893. I am a loss, therefore, to understand to what cause or causes can be reasonably attributed a yield so much in excess of the monster crop of 1890."

"There can be no question that unless the price advances very greatly by the time for planting the next crop that the acreage devoted to cotton will be reduced to an extent that will be another, so great, an advance in price would cause beyond doubt an advance as great and as rapid as the decline has been."

GENERAL HOWARD RETIRES.

Leaves the Army After Nearly Forty Years of Active Service.

NEW YORK, November 12.—At noon yesterday Major-General O. O. Howard took farewell of the United States army and retired to private life. After forty years of military life he laid aside his sword and donned civilian clothes. There was no formal ceremony or pompous leave-taking—nothing but a few friendly compliments and hearty handshakes. And yet, in this simple way, the army parted with one of its strongest leaders. General Howard retired under the age limit, and for the rest of his life will be pensioned by the government.

CLEVELAND AS MEDIATOR.

Will Settle the Oriental War Between China and Japan With Friendly Request.

TOKYO, November 13.—United States will join China in requesting the president of the United States to act as mediator in settling the war, he will exercise his good offices in that capacity. A similar proposition has been sent to China.

THE GOVERNOR MUST DECIDE.

Two Candidates in Indiana Receive the Same Vote.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 13.—Jonathan Keith and John F. Goodman, of Knox county, are in town, and they came in a hurry. They are republican and democratic candidates respectively for prosecutor of their county. They agreed to Indianapolis over different railroads to get the governor to decide which was elected. Each received 2,915 votes. Their case will not be decided for several days.

WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.