

The Watchman and Southron.

THE SUMTER WATCHMAN, Established April, 1850.

"Be Just and Fear Not—Let all the ends Thou Aims't at be thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

THE TRUE SOUTHRON, Established June 1, 1868.

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ENGLAND AND FRANCE ON RAGGED EDGE

Differences Over Russian Situation Bring Allies Almost to the Breaking Point

Genoa, May 8 (By the Associated Press).—Optimism was still professed tonight by Premier Lloyd George. The little Welshman was still smiling, but most of the delegates no longer have the heart to smile.

"Many difficulties more than this have been passed and we shall pass this one," said Mr. Lloyd George to the correspondents tonight after a frantic day, in which he conferred with nearly all the leading figures at the conference. "We have come to Genoa to solve some difficulties, and we will solve them."

Genoa echoed with all sorts of rumors about the breaking up of the entente and the imminent dissolution of the economic conference. The French and Belgians stand firm in their opposition to the proposed change of the memorandum to the Russians, and insist that failure of the Russians to accept the memorandum will mark the end of the conference.

The Russian delegates, after conferring with Premier Lloyd George, issued a statement denouncing the French and Belgians for their attempt to break up the conference and calling attention to the fact that these two countries are trying to make it appear that everything hinges on the Russian reply, while they themselves have not indorsed the very document they are discussing.

Both Mr. Lloyd George and the French delegation denied reports in the British papers that the interview between the British prime minister and the French foreign minister on Saturday was a stormy one and terminated with the declaration by Mr. Lloyd George that this disagreement meant the end of the entente.

The Russian's attack on the Belgian position created much discussion, among both the French and Belgian delegates and apparently they will not reply.

Signor Schanzer and other Italian representatives labored all last evening and today trying to reconcile the disagreements, but seemingly with no success.

Genoa, May 8 (By the Associated Press).—Premier Lloyd George himself appeared this afternoon at a meeting which had been arranged for the British and American correspondents apparently for the purpose chiefly of denying reports appearing in British and French papers that Mr. Lloyd George and M. Barthou came near the breaking point Saturday and that the British prime minister had virtually announced that the entente was finished and that France and England must go their separate ways.

Mr. Lloyd George declared that the difference between him and M. Barthou in no sense constituted a break between the allies and that the stenographic record of their conversation did not disclose any such statements as attributed to him.

London, May 8.—Henry Wickham Stead, The Times' representative at Genoa, says he is entirely unmoved by Mr. Lloyd George's denial to Austen Chamberlain, the government leader, of the grave statements he made to M. Barthou Saturday.

"It can only be a matter of form," adds Mr. Stead. "There is no doubt whatever that the premier clearly gave M. Barthou to understand that insasmuch as France had preferred Belgian friendship to Britain's he must not be surprised if Britain regarded the entente as at an end and considered herself free to pursue and conclude other friendships."

It appears that M. Barthou in duty bound telegraphed immediately to Premier Poincare that Mr. Lloyd George's employed language of exceptional gravity. There is no shorthand report of interviews like Saturday's. The persons present take notes or make minutes from memory, in which the spirit of the statements made often disappears and actual phrases are sometimes toned down. I do not hesitate in affirming that the substance of Mr. Lloyd George's words on Saturday was as I gave it, and he afterwards repeated his statements to others. Indeed, he has repeatedly made analogous or identical statements both privately and officially during the conference.

London, May 8.—M. Barthou, responding to Premier Lloyd George's appeal for his testimony regarding the much commented on conversation on Saturday has written to the British premier, according to Reuters' Genoa correspondent, as follows:

"You did not say that the entente was at an end, nor that your advisers were pressing you to come to an understanding with Germany. You did not pronounce one word which could be interpreted as expressing an intention to break the friendship which united our two countries, and I retain all my confidence in that essential union."

FIVE MILLION DOLLARS FOR LIBERIA

Republicans of House Railroad Bill Authorizing Loan To African Republic

Washington, May 10.—A loan by the United States of \$5,000,000 to the Republic of Liberia was authorized in a resolution adopted tonight by the house.

The vote was taken after the house had defeated a motion to recommit the resolution to the ways and means committee with instructions to report it forthwith with an amendment providing that no part of the amount loaned should be used in paying the indebtedness of Liberia incurred prior to August 1, 1914.

The resolution was passed 148 to 139 with six members voting present. The motion to recommit was defeated 168 to 123. About 40 Republicans voted against the bill, although many Republicans in and around the chamber did not vote. The Democrats opposed it solidly.

In the all day wrangle, characterized by Representative Tinscher (Republican of Kansas) as the "most diabolical political fight in the house in the last two years," there was what some members described as the "remarkable spectacle of Republican leaders insisting that an agreement of the Wilson administration should be carried out," with Democratic leaders asserting that the loan to Liberia was authorized in 1918 "in defiance of law."

Reference to former President Wilson by Chairman Fordney of the ways and means committee, in charge of the resolution, which Democrats charged was insulting, started a bitter partisan fight which eclipsed for the moment interest in the Republican claim that the government was morally and legally bound to step to the aid of Liberia, and a united Democratic denial.

While there were many allusions to Mr. Wilson's statement by Mr. Fordney which aroused Democratic wrath was made during a sharp passage bearing on the political makeup of Michigan.

"We are intelligent people up there and we know how to vote," said Chairman Fordney, at which the chairman was asked "if you have any school teachers up there."

"None who received their education in Virginia," Mr. Fordney shouted.

"The gentleman says that a school teacher is not much of a man outside of his own job," said Representative Lowery (Democrat) of Mississippi and Fordney instantly broke in.

"Not unless he has considerable training in some other line," the chairman declared. "Take him direct from school to the White House and he is a glorious misfit. But as a political boss he worked well for a while, but he finally overstepped himself. Let me say that in that connection in 1920 I made this statement—that the then president was going to change his boarding house on the 4th day of March and he did, it said we would say to him what I have heard sung at the close of a school attended down in the backwoods."

"Goodbye scholars, goodbye school," "Goodbye teacher, you darned old fool!"

The Republican side rocked with laughter.

Declaring that he "resented the insult to Mr. Wilson," Representative Conally of Texas, who replied to the attack, told the house Mr. Fordney would eliminate his statement from The Congressional Record.

"The gentleman from Michigan, as is usually the case when he addressed the house," said Mr. Conally, "embraced the first opportunity he had to indulge in the same kind of coarse, lively stable conversation about the ex-president of the United States, Mr. Woodrow Wilson."

"Of course, it does not take any school teacher to understand that the gentleman from Michigan intended by his language a nasty fling at the great ex-president who is not able to come here on this floor and defend himself against the coarse insults that are from time to time heaped upon his head. That great man is ill. He lies stricken. I think it is unseemly and unbecoming in the chairman of a great committee to regale the galleries and his partisan audience here with these low, mean, nasty flings at a former president of the United States."

"There was a time when the now ex-president was able to take care of himself in his own proper way and during that time the gentleman from Michigan and others who have seen fit from time to time to hurl at his defenseless head these insinuations and insults would not have dared to use such language."

Chairman Fordney said the resolution, which now goes to the senate, would be passed speedily and sent to the president.

Gasoline Price Raised

New York, May 11.—The Standard Oil Company of New York today advanced the price of gasoline one cent a gallon.

NEW PLAN TO KILL BIG PLANT

Republicans Framing Bill For Semi-Government Corporation

Washington, May 10.—A semi-governmental corporation for completion and operation of the government's power and nitrate projects at Muscle Shoals, Ala., probably will be formally proposed to the Senate agriculture committee tomorrow, it was outlined partially today by James T. Lloyd, Washington, D. C., attorney and former member of Congress from Missouri, who announced later that the proposal would be completed tonight and prepared for presentation to the committee probably at its next session.

J. H. Levering, a consulting engineer of Los Angeles, Cal., Mr. Lloyd said, had originated the idea and asked him to draft it into the form of a bill for Congressional consideration. It was the intention, the witness said, to provide in the bill for cooperation with a directing body of seven comprising a representative for each of the departments, war, treasury, and agriculture, to lease the projects for fifty years, complete those yet in unfinished stages and at the termination of the lease period, return to the government every penny it had expended at Muscle Shoals.

Comment on Ford Offer

Henry Ford's proposed contract for lease and purchase of the Muscle Shoals projects was made the subject of further comment today by Chairman Norris (Nebraska) who requested R. F. Bower, local official of the American Farm Bureau Federation, to criticize the Senate bill proposing a government owned and operated corporation for Muscle Shoals development.

In reply Mr. Bower said his opinion was that the bill could not be passed by the Senate or House. Influences opposed to Mr. Ford's proposed operation at Muscle Shoals, added to those Congressmen who were against government participation in business enterprises, the witness said, would make the bill referred to by Senator Norris a dead one before it was started through the executive mills.

Mr. Bower later informed the committee that his "only hope" to get Muscle Shoals developed in a helpful way for agriculture producing cheaper fertilizers for the farmers and renewing fertility of the soils, was in the acceptance by Congress of Mr. Ford's contract.

Arguments of the officials of the Alabama Power Company, including Thomas W. Martin, president and Hubert Dent, council, were heard today and taken under advisement by Attorney General Daugherty today as a preliminary procedure to the preparation by him of an opinion regarding the legality of claims made by the power company of the exclusive purchase rights of the part of the Gorgas Steam Plant, a power unit connecting with the nitrate factories at Muscle Shoals, which was built during the war.

PARENTS MUST AID SCHOOLS

Cooperation Between Home and School Aid to Education

Washington, May 11 (Capital News Service).—Washington has a very full development of the Parent-Teacher Association idea, which has been developed during the administration of several school superintendents. The present head of the schools in the National Capital, Dr. Frank W. Ballou, emphasizes the need of interaction between home and schools, and points out that the teacher can influence the child only during a few hours a day, whereas the home and parents influence child all the time. If home cooperation is lacking, he points out, the best efforts of the most skillful educator must fail.

At a recent meeting of representatives of all such associations in the city, Superintendent Ballou said:

"We get nearer to the problem of the child when we meet with the parent-teacher organization more than with any other organization. The schools need such help. Officers of the school system used the cooperation of the home in furthering education. Most difficulties arise when parents and teachers differ."

ZEPPELIN FOR UNITED STATES

Germany to Build Airship Under Versailles Treaty Award

Versailles, May 11.—Germany, under award of the ambassadors' council, will manufacture a Zeppelin of seventy thousand meters capacity to replace the one allotted the United States by the Versailles treaty, but destroyed in Germany. A German crew, accompanied by several American officers, will fly the ship across the Atlantic.

Exchanging Views on Carpentier



Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion (center) promenading at the Epsom Downs races with Joe Beckett, British heavyweight (right). Georges Carpentier knocked out Dempsey before Jack trimmed Georges.

ARNETTE MURDERED BY PARTNER

J. M. Jeffords and Two Accomplices in Jail For Brutal Murder of J. C. Arnette at Columbia Filling Station

Columbia, May 10.—J. M. Jeffords, a business man, and Ira Harrison and Glenn Treece, two of his employees, are in the county jail here, held for the murder of J. C. Arnette, who, with Jeffords, operated a handsome filling station at the corner of Main and Elmwood streets. Mr. Arnette's body was found in his overturned car at the side of a lonely road near the edge of the city, at an early hour this morning.

A confession from the three men, which officers will not disclose in detail, pending an inquest tonight, is to the effect that Arnette was murdered in order that Jeffords might get full possession of the business, and with the plan of giving Harrison and Treece an interest in the business for their part in the undoing of Arnette.

Arnette's body was taken, in his own car, after he had been killed at the filling station, to the lonely roadside, where the car, with the body placed in the front compartment, was turned into a ditch.

WINTER WHEAT CROP IMPROVES

South Carolina 66 Per Cent. of Normal, Report Says

Washington, May 9.—Improvement was shown in the winter wheat crop during the last month, the department of agriculture today forecasting this year's production at 584,792,000 bushels based on the May 1 condition.

Today's forecast is approximately 12,500,000 bushels more than was estimated a month ago, 2,300,000 bushels less than produced last year, and 6,000,000 bushels larger than the average production for the last five years.

There was almost no production forecast of rice compared with a month ago. A total crop of 79,152,000 bushels is forecast.

Hay promises a crop about 7,000,000 tons larger than last year's, the production this year being forecast at 193,579,000 tons.

Spring plowing and planting both were behind the average for the last ten years, while the condition of pastures was much lower than a year ago and also below the ten-year average.

The condition of winter wheat on May 1, and the forecast of production in the Southern States follow:

Virginia, condition 91 per cent normal, production forecast 197,499,000; North Carolina, 91 and 6,475,000; South Carolina, 66 and 1,219,000; Georgia, 75 and 1,512,000; Tennessee, 93 and 5,616,000; Alabama, 85 and 212,000.

Southern Wholesale Grocers

St. Louis, May 10.—A proposal to change the name of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association to American Wholesale Grocers' Association was discussed at the convention of the former organization here.

Washington, May 10.—A marked increase in bituminous coal production during the present week is forecast by government agencies.

COLLEGE BOY KILLS FRIEND

Tragedy Occurred On College Campus at Stillman, Oklahoma

Stillwater, Okla., May 9.—Beckham Cobb, 23, of Birmingham, Ala., student at the Oklahoma A. and M. college here, was shot and killed just outside the campus today by Earl Gordon, 25, another student, while escorting the latter home at the point of a revolver to demand an apology of his pretty young wife for an alleged insult offered by Gordon. Gordon is held in jail pending an investigation, but tonight no charges had been filed against him.

Bertie Sue Cobb, 16 year old wife of Cobb, declared tonight that several nights ago Gordon met her on the street and insulted her. She had told her husband, she said.

Recently, she said, Gordon followed her into a motion picture house and seated himself beside her. She immediately left, she said.

The story of the killing was told tonight by Alvin Cannon, a friend of both men.

Cannon said he came out of the chapel at noon and met Cobb and Gordon talking.

Gordon asked Cannon to go to his room, according to Cannon, Cobb walked with them. As they left the campus, according to Cannon, Cobb said to Gordon:

"Are you going down there with me?"

"No, I don't think I am," Gordon replied, Cannon said.

Cobb drew a revolver, Cannon said, and remarked, "guess you will."

"Gordon then said: 'Put up your gun, I'll go along.'"

Cannon declared he then said: "Well, that lets me out if there is to be gun play," and turned and walked away.

Cobb and Gordon walked on about 200 feet and Cannon said he turned just in time to see Gordon shoot Cobb. Cobb fell over a hedge into the corner of a yard and Gordon fired two more shots, Cannon stated. Cobb died instantly.

Witnesses reported that Cobb stepped out in front of Gordon just before the shooting began.

All three of Gordon's bullets took effect. The witness of that Cobb, who threw up his hands to protect himself.

Mrs. Cobb said she thought her husband, a World War veteran, had been gassed in France. She declared that he was not unduly jealous.

Gordon did not make a detailed statement. "Cobb was after me," he said. Cobb's home is at Birmingham, Ala. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. D. Cobb, two sisters and two brothers. Gordon's home is at Miami, Okla.

FOUR KILLED BY GAS IN N. J.

Woman and Three Children Found Dead Near Atlantic City

Atlantic City, May 10.—Mrs. W. S. Ezby and her three children were found dead today from asphyxiation in the home in Venetia City.

FOOD FOR 25,000

Estimate of Number of Destitute in Louisiana

Natchez, Miss., May 10.—Distribution of food to all the relief camps in the flooded area is underway. It is estimated that twenty-five thousand persons in the area flooded by the Weccama crevasse in Louisiana must be provided for.

WAR FRAUDS CAUSES ROW IN CONGRESS

Representative Woodruff Threatens to Start Impeachment Proceedings vs. Attorney General

Washington, May 9.—In a detailed statement concerning the prosecution of war frauds cases, prepared at the request of the president and transmitted today to the house, Attorney General Daugherty declared that examinations so far completed disclosed in each instance "sufficient indication that a crime has been committed to warrant submitting them to a grand jury."

Presented on the eve of a Republican caucus, called to consider a legislative program including a Republican resolution for investigation of charges of alleged laxity in prosecution by the department of justice, the attorney general's letter provoked a partisan row, in which Representative Garrett, Democratic leader, broadly intimated that it was intended to smother the proposed investigation.

Representative Mondell, the Republican leader to whom Mr. Daugherty's letter was sent by the president, did not indicate in reply to a question on the floor as to whether it meant the resolution already given privileged status by the rules committee never would be heard from again.

Taking issue with the attorney general, Representative Woodruff (Republican) of Michigan declared the former was requested six months ago to appeal to congress for \$500,000 to clear up his war time docket, and that he never acted until Republicans had assailed the department in the house. Mr. Woodruff reiterated that unless the attorney general allowed the court to decide the pending case against the Lincoln Motor company "on its merits, I will move his impeachment in the house of representatives."

The Michigan representative asserted that a Republican congress could "not face the country in an election unless it clears up war fraud cases which smell to high heaven."

Charging that "little or nothing" had been done by the former administration to bring war robberies to light, Mr. Daugherty wrote the president the country would soon have reason to know that "influential persons in the government who had knowledge of these transactions and were in a position to make disclosures, were personally interested in concealing them."

The department, he said, was handling upward of 200 war contract cases and if recoveries were obtained in all, the total would reach \$100,000,000.

It was a terrible thing, the attorney general said to charge a citizen with robbing his own government and for that reason, he said, he insisted upon a painstaking investigation of all cases involving charges of criminality. It was regrettable, too, he declared, that public attention "should have been so strongly focussed on these cases on the eve of their prosecution."

Given special fund of \$500,000 and with the passage of pending bills for 23 additional judges and an additional grand jury in the District of Columbia, Mr. Daugherty said the work of clearing the dockets would be accelerated.

Two cases of the first magnitude were ready for prompt submission, he said, adding, however, that it showed others lurking in the shadows, and involved in the unlawful transaction, and that principals and different groups of individuals in other parts of the country might be soon indicted.

Mr. Daugherty reiterated what he said recently concerning the case of the Lincoln Motor company involving "alleged irregularities in connection with the adjustment of a contract with that company for the manufacture of Liberty motors."

"At the conclusion of the reading Mr. Mondell said that the attorney general's wishes would be complied with to the end that all who sought to defraud the government would be brought to justice."

"The attorney general comes along now after 14 months," said Mr. Woodruff, "and asks congress for \$500,000 with which to prosecute war frauds. The chairman of the war investigation committee, Mr. Graham, more than six months ago wrote the attorney general and urged him to ask congress for sufficient funds for the purpose. The attorney general is doing today just exactly what many other heads of departments have done in the past—passing the buck to congress."

North Carolinian Attempts Suicide

New York, May 10.—D. A. Batts, of Wilson, N. C., attempted suicide at the Hotel McAlpin by stabbing himself three times in the neck with a pen knife. He was removed to a hospital in a serious condition. In a note addressed to his friends the reason for suicide is not announced but he requested that a telegram be sent the sheriff of Wilson apprising him of the act.

BUDGET BUNK IS EXPOSED BY BYRNES

Extravagant Claims of Savings to Be Nothing But Juggling With Figures

Washington, May 8.—Sharp Democratic attacks were made in the house today on the report by Director Dawes of the budget bureau, transmitted to the appropriations committee by President Harding setting forth reductions in government expenditures.

Representative Byrnes, Tennessee, ranking Democrat of the committee, who had asked for specific information in a resolution, charged that careful analysis of the report showed that the figures were "plainly deceptive," and that they had been "manipulated in an effort to mislead the public into the belief that some economy has been effected by the administration."

Joining in the attack, Representative Byrnes, Democrat, South Carolina, also a member of the appropriations committee, declared if the president had had opportunity to examine "the itemized statement of alleged savings constituting the total of \$135,000,000 he would discover that it is pure bunk."

Defending the report, Representative Mondell, Wyoming, the Republican leader, asserted that Mr. Byrnes (Tennessee) was "quibbling" as to details of saving effected, and that "some of the economies had resulted quite as much from the vigilance of congress as from the activities of the budget bureau director."

Chairman Maddox of the appropriations committee said "somebody had raised the question of veracity," and that while Mr. Byrnes had mentioned deficiency estimates for this year of \$147,000,000, it was a fact that only \$12,000,000 of this total could be attributed to the Harding administration, the balance being a hang-over.

Such a multitude of figures were hurled at members that few seemed able to grasp them of hand. Mr. Byrnes enlivened the proceedings, however, by informing the house that Director Dawes had claimed a saving of \$25,000 on "the salaries of congressmen," and then asked if they could say where.

"Here's an illustration of what Gen. Dawes saved the taxpayers," the South Carolina member shouted. "He claims a saving of \$7,500 authorized to be paid the widow of Senator Proctor, who died in 1908. Mrs. Proctor declined to accept it. She died some years ago. There is no one to whom he saved it." In the same fashion Mr. Byrnes continued. Director Dawes claimed to have saved \$19,000 "in building a canal from the Atlantic to the Pacific," and \$100,000, authorized some years ago and which can not now be used, for enlarging the capitol grounds.

Characterizing "alleged savings as budget bunk," Mr. Byrnes said it was regrettable that the president should be misled by claims of savings "of the paper variety."

THE STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Meeting to Be Held in Columbia Next Wednesday

Columbia, May 10.—The state Democratic convention will meet in Columbia next Wednesday. It is not known whether there will be any local contests presented, but it is understood one or two counties will send protests against action of the county conventions. These protests, however, have not yet reached H. N. Edmunds, secretary of the state committee.

The first primary comes on August 29. The campaign will start probably the last part of June. Candidates and the itinerary of candidates to be provided for by the state Democratic committee, which will meet in Columbia Wednesday night of next week, following this state convention.

SEN. REED SYMPATHIZES WITH WILSON

Cape Girardeau, Missouri, May 10.—Senator James A. Reed, who is a candidate for reelection, in a campaign address here, declared that he regretted mentioning the name of former President Wilson, but he had a profound sympathy for him in his illness. "There has been much misunderstanding about my differences with Mr. Wilson," Reed declared.

CHICAGO POLICEMAN IS KILLED

Chicago, May 10.—Two policemen were shot and killed, another wounded, and two buildings bombed today in disorders the police attributed to labor warfare. The shootings were followed by a running pistol fight. The slayers escaped.

FLEXIBLE TARIFF PLAN ATTACKED

Underwood Raps Plan—Sees Danger of Making People "Pay the Price of Industrial Monopoly"

Washington, May 8.—An attack on the flexible tariff plan proposed by the senate finance commission on the recommendation of President Harding was launched today in the senate and in the course of the four hours' debate Chairman McCumber in charge of the tariff bill, announced that some of the objections raised to the plan would be considered by committee before final senate action on it.

Senator Walsh, Democrat, Montana, opened the discussion with the delivery of a prepared address, in which he cited many authorities and court decisions to support his argument that the provisions were unconstitutional. Senators Underwood of Alabama, and Simmons of North Carolina, the Democratic leaders, joined in the attack, arguing that for the first time in the history of the country it was proposed to protect the profits of American manufacturers.

Chairman McCumber and Senator Smoot, Utah, defended the plan the former insisting that if the American producer raised his price to an exorbitant figure it was not contemplated that the President would increase tariff duties to protect him.

Senator Walsh told the senate that the constitution specifically reserved to Congress the power to lay and collect taxes and import duties and that Congress could not delegate this authority.

In this connection the speaker said debate on the bill had disclosed that the committee made no investigation yielding any fruit into the relative cost of production in this country and abroad, but had guided largely, if not wholly, by the prices of domestic and foreign articles, in American markets.

Senator Underwood told the Senate that "not only was he convinced the flexible tariff plan was unconstitutional, but that it was wrong in principle and would lead to the 'oppression of the American people' and in the end ruin of the business and prosperity of the country. The Alabama Senator argued that if Congress could delegate to the President authority to levy taxes at the Customs Houses to the extent of 50 per cent, on the value of imports it could delegate power to levy it on home consumption declaring that he knew of no way to equalize conditions of competition in trade except through equalizing prices. Senator Underwood declared that the result of such a plan would be to make the consumers of the country 'pay the price of industrial monopoly.'

3,500 OVER 100 YEARS

Dr. Copeland Tells the Rotarians at Physical Culture Meeting

New York, May 5.—There are 3,500 people in the United States over 100 years of age, according to Dr. Royal S. Copeland, commissioner of health of the city of New York. In his address at the Rotary Club this afternoon, Dr. Copeland said there was no reason why every man and woman in the country should not live to be 100.

"The chief offenders in wrong living are your business and professional men," Dr. Copeland shot at the Rotarians. "During Physical Culture Week, which is here, make up your mind to do your duty towards yourself by daily exercises. Many business men work hard at their desks all week long and then take a week end and play 8 or 10 sets of tennis on Saturday and Sunday and wonder why they feel poorly the next week. Daily exercise is the panacea for what ails you. Make it an every day affair. Take this advice, even though I don't see a good example myself. I weigh more than I should. Multiply the number of inches you stand over 5 feet by 6 and add 110 pounds, and you will get what your correct weight should be.

"A man 50 years of age who is 50 pounds overweight has lessened his length of life 50 per cent. This has been proven by statistics of life insurance companies after studying a half million policy holders' span of life. During Physical Culture Week learn to live right by proper exercise and not eating too much."

Among the other speakers at the Rotarians' luncheon, which was designated at Physical Culture Day, were: Anthony Fiala, Arctic and Tropical Explorer, who told how Col. Roosevelt kept in good condition. William McKeon, chairman of the National Physical Culture committee, who urged the necessity of a 100 per cent life, normal as a mental as well as physical, and B. Barr Macfarland, publisher of Physical Culture Magazine, who told the members how to eat and exercise.

Now they sad insects talk by wireless. Real radio bugs.