

# THE COUNTY RECORD

KINGSTREE, S. C.

LOUIS J. BRISTOW, Ed. & Prop'r.

## A NATURAL BONESETTER.

Professor John Atkinson, a Noted Englishman, at Work in New York.

Professor John Atkinson, bonesetter, has come to this country from England to set the bones and cure the deformities of the afflicted. As a bonesetter he claims to have no equal. He says he is not a doctor nor a surgeon, but just a man who has studied bones and joints and the best ways of treating them, until he is able to move them back into their normal form when they have been displaced or injured. Atkinson has the most powerful pair of hands in the world. They may not have the greatest amount of crude strength, although the tests he can do by his mere grasp are no mean ones, but he claims they are at least as good as those of any other man in the best trained and most capable hands in the world for manipulating human bodies. All of Atkinson's work is done by the simple use of his hands. He has no instruments and uses no appliances or remedies. When a patient comes to him he examines him carefully, and then rubs and pushes his muscles and bones into place.



PROFESSOR ATKINSON.

Atkinson's career began when he was a boy and had an opportunity to watch the famous bonesetter, Hutton. For a long time he devoted himself to healing animals, work which had to be done without putting patients to bed and without their taking care of themselves. Then he applied the knowledge he had gained to the treatment of human beings. Professor Atkinson has two homes in London, at one of which he receives the poor gratuitously, and at the other of which he receives his rich and aristocratic patients. Among those he has cured have been the Duchess of Sutherland, George Lambton, Prince Henry of Prussia, Duke Ernst Gunther of Schleswig-Holstein and Lord Hyde.

At the request of a New York newspaper Professor Atkinson is treating free of charge all the maimed and the halt who are brought to him at a public hall in the metropolis.

## GENERAL TRACY NOMINATED.

Chosen the Republican Candidate For Mayor of Greater New York.

The Republican City Convention nominated Benjamin F. Tracy, ex-Secretary of the Navy, for Mayor of Greater New York; Ashbel P. Fitch, the present incumbent, for Controller, and R. Ross Appleton for President of the Council. Seth Low received forty-nine votes for Mayor. The



GENERAL BENJAMIN F. TRACY.

Friends of Senator Platt were in full control. The platform reaffirms the St. Louis National platform and condemns Tammany Hall. General Tracy appeared before the convention and accepted the nomination.

## FIVE MINERS SUFFOCATED.

Overcome by "Black Damp" in a Pennsylvania Mine.

Five men met a horrible death from "black damp," the after accumulation of a fire, in the Jermya No. 1 mine near Bendheim, Penn. The dead are Isaac Watkins, fire boss; William Thompkins, Joseph Smith, John Gallagher and William Franklin, company men.

The bodies of all but Watkins were discovered by a man who went down into the mine with supplies to combat the fire. The men who lost their lives represented one "shift." They went on duty at 3 o'clock, and nobody knew of their death until the discovery of the lifeless bodies. Not a man in the party survived to tell the story.

In the case of each body the head pointed toward the shaft, indicating that they had groped and struggled toward the shaft and fresh air, while suffocation was overcoming them.

## KILLED AT A RAILROAD CROSSING.

Two Children and Their Driver Meet a Horrible Death.

Wend Baldwin, six years old, and George Baldwin, twelve years old, children of Robert L. Baldwin, overseer of J. Edward Adick's farm, near Claymont, Penn., with the driver of their wagon, Mytoo Dobrinski, were instantly killed by a train. The horse was also killed and the wagon was torn to splinters.

Dobrinski had started to the home of Mr. Adick's. They reached the railroad crossing at Claymont just as the express train for Philadelphia was due. It is believed that Dobrinski thought that the train had passed, for he drove on the tracks. The horse and carriage were hurled into the air, and the occupants of the vehicle were thrown out and terribly mangled by the wheels of the train.

Husband—"Do you need anything for the house?" Wife—"The cook says there is not enough chins to last the week out."—Life.

## AUSTRIAN PREMIER IN A DUEL.

Count Baden Wounded by Dr. Wolff, the German Nationalist Leader.

A pistol duel was fought in Vienna between Count Baden, the Austrian Premier, and Dr. Wolff, the German Nationalist leader.

Smooth-bore pistols were used, and the conditions were that three shots were to be exchanged simultaneously at twenty-five paces.

Count Baden was wounded on the first fire, but not seriously. The bullet entered the right wrist and came out above the elbow.



PREMIER BADEN. (Wounded in a duel with Dr. Wolff, German leader in the Austrian Unterhaus.)

The meeting grew out of insults addressed by Dr. Wolff to the Premier during a session of the Unterhaus, involving a charge of "rascality."

Dr. Wolff fought a duel with swords on May 8 with Herr Horica, a Czech member of the Unterhaus, as a result of violent scenes in the House between the Germans and Czechs, in which personalities were exchanged.

Count Baden was formerly Governor of Galicia. He is a young and able Pole, but very little known, even in Austria, until he was unexpectedly called upon to form a Cabinet in September, 1905, when he assumed the duties of President of the Council of Ministers and Minister of the Interior. His nobility dates back only to his father. His mother's brother, a Count Mir, married the famous German actress, Anna Wieror, who eventually left her large fortune to her two nephews, Count Casimir Baden, the present Premier, and his younger brother.

## OCEAN RECORD SMASHED.

New Steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse a Marine Marvel.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, the largest ocean steamship afloat, arrived off Sandy Hook Lightship Sunday evening at 9:05 o'clock, having broken all records for the Western passage from Southampton. It was the maiden trip of the Kaiser, and she not only justified the great hopes that were entertained for her by her builders, but exceeded them in the bargain. She crossed the Atlantic in five days, twenty-two hours and forty-five minutes, lowering the time between ports one hour and forty-six minutes.

The previous record held by the American Line steamship St. Paul was six days thirty-one minutes.

Not only has the big ship beaten the Southampton record, but she has also to the credit of her maiden trip the fastest single day's run. On the nautical day ending at noon Sunday she reeled off 564 knots, exceeding by two knots the fastest day's run by the steamship Lucaisa.

## OHIO VILLAGE FIRE SWEEP.

Two Men Lose Their Lives and Several Others Are Hurt.

The village of Bainbridge, Ohio, has been the scene of a disastrous fire. An entire square, containing most of the prominent business houses, several handsome residences and the Methodist Episcopal Church, was entirely destroyed, and two prominent men lost their lives in an explosion which occurred in the drug store of W. P. Beardsley.

The fire was started in a barn in the rear of Perrill Brown's general store by two little boys who were playing with matches. The flames spread rapidly. In the midst of the excitement a terrible explosion occurred in the drug store, and Mr. Beardsley, who was trying to save some of his property, lost his life. His brother-in-law, Thomas Higgins, who went to his rescue, was unable to get out, and was burned to death, while seven other men were more or less injured, but none fatally.

## TWELVE MEN KILLED.

Miners Buried Alive by the Caving in of a Mine in Mexico.

The San Pedro Mine in the Corralitos group, twelve miles from El Paso in Mexico, caved in, killing twelve men. The unfortunates were buried alive under thirty feet of rock and dirt.

The San Pedro is one of the oldest mines of the group and rich with silver. It is the property of the wealthy Corralitos Company, the principal stockholders of which reside in New York. President Gerry, of the Rio Grande, Sierra Madre, and Pacific Roads, and J. Higgins, both of New York, are stockholders.

If the mine was not timbered the Mexican Government would impose a heavy fine on the company on account of the wholesale killing.

## INDIA'S GREAT ACCIDENT.

150 Persons Killed in the Railroad Smash-Up in Southern India.

Details of a railroad disaster on the line running between Bangalore and Mysore in India show that 150 persons were killed. Seventy others escaped death, but fourteen of them were seriously injured.

A train ran into a demolished bridge and dashed into the river, the boiler of the engine exploding, and blowing the engineer and fireman to atoms. The five cars behind the engine plunged into the flood and most of those who lost their lives were drowned, though some were crushed between the splintered cars.

## WINTER PROSPECT FOR GOLD SEEKERS.

District Attorney Bennett, of Alaska, says the lives of many gold seekers are sure to be lost in White Pass this winter.

## Gold Seekers on Bicycles.

The stampede to the Whatcom gold mines on Sicilia Creek, in Washington, continues. Returning prospectors say that there is a continuous procession of men, horses, wagons and bicycles between Whatcom and Eight Mile Post, on the state trail.

## Three Killed in a Boiler Explosion.

The boiler in the sawmill of E. G. Dex, three miles from Livermore, Ky., blew up. Three men were killed and ten injured. Cold water ran into the boiler causing the accident.

# BATTLES AMONG MINERS.

Sanguinary Conflicts Between Two Factions in Pennsylvania.

## AN OUTCOME OF THE STRIKE.

Two Furious Fights in Which Guns, Axes, Knives and Other Weapons Were Used—At Least Nine Men Fatally Wounded, and Forty More Injured—Many Ringleaders Put Under Arrest.

GIRARDVILLE, Penn. (Special).—At least nine men received fatal injuries and possibly two score others were more or less seriously wounded in a bloody riot here late at night and early in the morning. The battle was the outcome of a quarrel over the Hazelton troubles.

Thirty-six men are known to have been wounded and about fifty more are being treated by their friends, who fear that they will be sent to jail. Twelve of the ringleaders were brought before Justice Elias Kissinger, and ten before Justice H. B. Johnson.

All were charged with assault with intent to kill, housebreaking, and rioting, and were held in heavy bail for court. Many more warrants have been issued, but have not been served as yet.

Dr. Charles Schlemmer attended to twenty-two of the wounded, nine of whom, he says, will die. Drs. William Monaghan and Joseph Donaghy attended to fourteen others, and how many the other physicians cared for is not known.

Several hundred Poles boarded at William Culacabage's hotel on Second street. Joseph Cavendish is proprietor of a hotel at the east end of town, where several hundred Poles had made their headquarters. Bad blood has always existed between them for a long time and the recent strike troubles at Hazelton embittered them still more.

Culacabage, it is charged, and his followers to the number of several hundred, arming themselves with guns, revolvers, knives, axes, and clubs, marched to Cavendish's Hotel, where several hundred of their enemies were celebrating gay day.

The Cavendish men ascertained that their foes were marching on them and arming themselves hurriedly awaited their arrival. After a demonstrative march the Culacabage contingent arrived and immediately stormed the saloon.

Then a bloody battle ensued. The men fought like demons; the shooting was fast and furious; axes, knives, clubs, and other weapons were used with deadly effect. The battle lasted almost an hour, when the Culacabage gang was routed, leaving their wounded behind.

Everything in the house was smashed, and the floors were strewn with wounded men. The walls were bespattered with blood and shreds of human flesh.

After the routed rioters had returned to their headquarters the Cavendish men armed themselves to the teeth and marched to their enemies' rendezvous, where a battle still bloodier than the first ensued. The police force and the constables of the surrounding region were called to the scene, but were unable to cope with the rioting mobs, who continued hostilities until morning.

The townspeople did not sleep a wink all night, and while they watched the progress of the fight during the night they made no attempt to interfere. The residences of many citizens were damaged, and several outsiders were wounded.

## CLAIMS A CENTURY OLD.

Pennsylvania Farmers Called to Pay \$1,000,000 to the State.

In accordance with the provisions of a new law many Pennsylvania land owners are now being called upon by the State to pay over about \$1,000,000 in cash owing to the Commonwealth for over 100 years, and they are much perturbed. The debt is upon lands bought from the State, part payments on which only had been made.

Every county in the State is concerned. Schuylkill County owes \$23,000; Lehigh, \$20,000; Chester, \$50,000; Lancaster, \$70,000; Lebanon, \$10,000; Montgomery, \$10,000, and so on. The forefathers of famous old Daniel Boone's father and grandfather, who bought lands from Pennsylvania, Lyman along the Tulpehocken Creek, Berks County, failed to pay a cent of the purchase money and all this must be paid by the present innocent owners of the lands, amounting to quite a sum. It must either be paid in fifteen days, or it will be lien upon the property. The father of Daniel Boone bought 160 acres in Cumree township, near Reading, but paid nothing on it.

Abraham Lincoln's ancestors also bought many acres in 1790, but they paid every penny, spot cash, for all the land they bargained for. Hundreds of farmers feel like contesting these century old claims, but the lawyers say that they had better pay them, as with the accumulating interest after while the claims will be so high that they can't pay at all.

In some cases nearly every dollar of the farmer's profits for the season will be required to pay this indebtedness.

## A FARMER'S AWFUL CRIME.

Murders His Wife and Six Children and Gives Himself a Fatal Wound.

John Boecker, a German farmer living eight miles from Carroll, Iowa, murdered his wife and five children and fatally wounded his eight-year-old son, Henry. Afterward the Finnish or demented man sent a bullet into his own head, inflicting a fatal wound. The family were prosperous Germans and, as far as is known, lived happily. No motive for the tragedy has been disclosed. Boecker's victims are his wife and these children: Caroline, aged fourteen; Christine, aged nine; Henry, aged eight; Lizzie, aged six; John, aged three, and an infant.

## Cultivation of Sugar Beets.

From reports received on experimental growths, Secretary Wilson, of the Agricultural Department believes that sugar beets can be cultivated successfully in nearly all the States of the Union.

## Rhode Islander Choked to Death.

Michael Hennessy, aged about sixty years, choked to death while eating supper, at his home, in Central Falls, R. I. A piece of meat lodged in his throat.

## Sixteen Killed by a Boiler Explosion.

Sixteen persons were killed and several injured by the explosion of a boiler in a sugar factory at Botfalva, in Hungary.

## Two Couples Lost in a Squall.

William Phillips, Jr., eighteen years old, of Swampscott, Mass.; Patrick C. Horgan, eighteen; Bessie Corcoran, eighteen, and Sadie Flynn, seventeen, all of Lynn, were drowned while sailing in the harbor at the former place.

## A Mexican Town Deluged.

Terrific rains have caused great damage on the Pacific slope of the Sierra Madros. A torrent of water swept down from the mountains upon the town of Candelero, Mexico, washed away many of the buildings, and drowned ten persons.

# THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The President has made the following appointments: Ex-Congressman Hosea Townsend, of Colorado, to succeed the late C. B. Kilgore as Judge of the United States Court for the Southern District of Oklahoma; Charles A. Wilson, of Rhode Island, to be United States Attorney for the District of Rhode Island; Benjamin F. Stone, of Ohio, to be Consul at Huddersfield, England.

Newton C. Bates, U. S. N., has been appointed Surgeon-General and Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery of the Navy.

The report of the Director of the Mint shows the total coinage created at the United States mints during September to have been \$10,044,449, classified as follows: Gold, \$8,762,375; silver, \$1,050,092; minor metals, \$231,982. Of the silver coined \$100,050 was in standard dollars.

Secretary of the Interior Bliss has approved the action of the Commissioner of Patents in disbarring John Weidner & Co., of Washington, from practicing before the Patent Bureau.

The monthly Treasury statement shows that at the close of business September 30, 1897, the public debt, less cash in the Treasury, was \$1,012,129,713, an increase since August 30 of \$3,787,592.

During September the Government receipts were \$21,933,096, and the expenditures \$25,368,815, an excess of expenditures of \$3,435,717.

Since the recent shooting of the colored Postmaster at Hogansville, Ga., the Administration has ceased appointing negroes to local offices in the South.

Secretary Long, in his annual report, will recommend to Congress that three battleships and ten or twelve new torpedo boats be added to the navy.

President McKinley and his party have returned to Washington from their trip to Massachusetts.

Fire entirely destroyed the central power station of the Capital Traction Company in Washington. Adjoining buildings were gutted. The total loss is estimated at \$500,000.

Senator Wilson, of Washington, says that a scheme of government for Hawaii had already been considered by several Senators.

Secretary Wilson will ask Congress for a large appropriation for the Bureau of Animal Industry, the Farmers' Bulletins and the Weather Bureau.

## Domestic.

### RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.
Boston	26	30	Brooklyn	21	45
Baltimore	30	39	Pittsburg	57	45
N.Y. York	83	47	Chicago	57	44
Cincinnati	74	55	Louisville	52	74
Cleveland	69	59	Philadelphia	54	78
Washington	60	71	St. Louis	28	129

The appraisers of the estate of the late James G. Fair, the California millionaire, put its value between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000.

William Ogilvie, Canadian surveyor of the Yukon country, reports that there are enough diamonds at Dawson City for 4000 persons during the winter.

The town of Willow Springs, sixteen miles from Chicago, was destroyed by fire with a total loss of about \$50,000.

The Boston Club won the National League baseball championship, the Baltimore Club, champions for the past three years, being second in the race and the New York third.

The miners employed in the Madison Coal Company's shafts in Edwardsville, Ill., were attacked by a mob of strikers and worn and badly beaten. The armed deputies who guarded the miners were also roughly handled.

John Eucher, a Brooklyn (N. Y.) tailor, who had long been out of work, drowned himself in a saucerkut vat which he had partially filled with water for that purpose.

Erza T. Sawyer, of East Hampton, Mass., died from the effects of swallowing two false teeth while asleep. He was sixty-eight years old, and a prominent business man.

The Congressmen who visited Honolulu to gain accurate information about the Hawaiian Islands arrived at San Francisco. Most of them express themselves as favorable to annexation.

The National Democratic State Convention of Massachusetts, held in Boston, nominated ex-Congressman William Everett for Governor.

Later returns made the result of the vote on the anti-gambling amendment to the New Jersey Constitution very close, and indicated the success of the amendment restricting the appointment powers of the Governor. The amendment permitting women to vote at school elections was defeated.

Dr. Robert M. Flagg, a prominent physician of Yonkers, N. Y., who was married on Thursday night, killed himself at the Murray Hill Hotel in New York on Friday morning in presence of his bride by jumping from a window to the street. It is thought he was temporarily insane through business troubles.

Eugene Krautstein and his wife fell to the sidewalk on crowded Broadway in New York. They were accompanied by three children, and were exhausted from lack of food. The ends of the famished family were attended to immediately by a sympathetic crowd.

Stage robbers are again active in California. Three stages were "held up" near Milton in one afternoon by two masked men and the passengers robbed.

A Rock Island passenger train was held up in the Indian Territory; the passengers and mail were robbed, and unsuccessful attempts were made to blow open the express safe.

The Massachusetts Republicans, at their State Convention in Boston, renominated all their State officers, with Governor Walcott at the head of the ticket, and endorsed the St. Louis National platform.

Mrs. Clara Gray was killed and Mrs. Rosina Nelson and two children were seriously injured by a Long Island Railroad train, which ran them down as they were driving across the track at Springfield.

The farmhouse of A. L. Gordon, at Alma, Neb., was burned and three children perished in the flames. They were left in the house by the father, who went to the barn. Gordon was dangerously burned in his efforts to save his children.

A quarantine train which left New Orleans for the Southern Pacific Railroad with Dr. Guitierrez, United States Marine Hospital expert; Dr. Carter, of the Marine Hospital service; and Dr. Olliphant, President of the Louisiana Board of Health, to hold a conference with the health boards of the towns and parishes of western Louisiana, was stopped by an armed mob at Bayne, in Acadia parish, and compelled to return to New Orleans.

A three days' session of the National Irrigation Congress was held in Lincoln, Neb. Every Western State was represented.

Butland McEnery, a planter of Ouachita Parish, La., a nephew of United States Senator McEnery, was shot and mortally wounded near Monroe, La., by Jim Turner, a colored man. McEnery at the time was looking for Wash Ferren, another colored man, who had assaulted two white girls. Turner was shot and killed by McEnery.

A slight fall from a wagon killed Samuel Lewis, of Slaterville, Penn. He was twenty years old and weighed 315 pounds.

According to Assistant Engineer Knight, of Feary's ship, evidences of cannibalism were discovered in Lieutenant Greeley's camp at Cape Sabine by a landing party.

President McKinley drove from North Adams, Mass., to Williams College, where he held a reception.

# SPREAD OF THE SCOURGE.

Stricken Districts Report Numerous New Cases of Yellow Fever.

## HEALTH OFFICERS ARE STOPPED.

Armed Guards Prevent Them From Proceeding on Their Way in a Special Train—Mails Tied Up—Talk of Asking President McKinley to Interfere—A Serious State of Affairs in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La. (Special).—The fact that nearly 100 new victims were reported from the yellow fever stricken districts of the South shows that the spread of the contagion has not been stopped. In this city there were twenty-four new cases and three deaths. In Biloxi there were twenty-four cases and two deaths. In Edwards there are twenty-nine new victims of the disease. One death occurred there. Mobile reports six new cases and one death. There were five new cases in Scranton, seven in Clinton and three in Ocean Springs, making in all ninety-eight new cases and seven deaths.

Although all these new cases were reported, the most serious development was the condition of affairs caused by the quarantine regulations which have resulted from the panic. So serious is the situation that it is the intention of the State Board of Health to petition President McKinley for some measure of relief from the quarantine regulations which have been imposed by nearly every town in the South. Mail has been most seriously interfered with, and this is objected to as strongly as is the quarantine barrier against freight.

A mob at Bayne, in the parish of Acadia, refused to allow the special train bearing the health officers from here to proceed. This has practically tied the hands of the people of this city, and they will have to sit quietly down until the scare is over. Even Dr. Guitierrez, the Government's yellow fever expert, who wanted to get the consent of the Texas officials to make an examination of Galveston's reported cases of dengue, was turned back, and the only way he can enter Texas is by a long water route. The scare has gone so far as to stop the work of constructing the Government levee at Biggs, in Madison parish, and the contractor and Federal Inspector

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