

H. G. SHERIDAN, Proprietors. JAMES L. STARS, Proprietors.

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All business communications, letters for publication, and orders for subscription, should be addressed to SHERIDAN & SIMS, Orangeburg, S. C.

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Columbia mail closes at 10 A. M. and the Charleston mail at half-past 5 P. M.

On Tuesdays and Fridays a mail for Fidelity, Vanes Ferry and Holly Hill closes at half-past 7 A. M.

On Fridays a mail for Knotts Mills, Witt's Mills and Rishes' Store closes at half-past 2 P. M.

Orangeburg, S. C., May 2, 1879.

Orangeburg. The people of South Carolina are unlike those of any other State within the scope of our knowledge, so far as their resources are concerned; and it would not be saying too much to state that we of Orangeburg, differ materially, in many respects, from the State.

We have never indulged in that hopelessness which characterized other communities within the limits of the devastated portion of the State, but a brave looking forward to a better time, and a commendable zeal in every thing we undertook prompted our people to action.

We have never closely counted the cost of an undertaking nor sought to know whether an enterprise would result in profit or loss as prudence or wisdom would dictate as the true policy.

A desire to do, and in doing to succeed has nerved and prompted us to put forth every effort necessary to adapt us to the new industrial relations incident to our change of circumstances.

Hence the people have succeeded in spite of the most depressing financial and political embarrassments ever placed opposed to the best intentions and industry of a community.

No man can tell what is in store for this people and a judgment, to be even partially accurate, must be based upon a knowledge of what the past has been.

If the citizens of Orangeburg county succeeded so satisfactorily under the grievous besetments which the Radical Government, acting ruinously upon the property and labor of the land, interposed, what may they not accomplish under a wise government protecting property and labor alike.

In dealing with the future, therefore, of Orangeburg we are influenced by no misgivings as to the accuracy of the views advanced; nor are we apt to be controlled by our wishes and prejudices on the one hand, or our fears as to the tenability of those views on the other.

It is fair to conclude that what the county lost under the influences of a bad government may be more than regained under a good one. The physical elements remaining the same, the moral and political elements being vastly improved, all that remains to develop our resources and to reap the greatest profit from our industries, is to rid the county, by a judicious course of conduct, of every evil influence left by the old dominant party.

The greed for money, the ambition for position and the profanity of principle, which seemed to have entered all the elements of society and yet lingers to a greater or less extent, must be purged from the body politic, and our people laying aside their old prejudices, must lay hold on the energies of the present and work out for themselves a successful future.

This can be done. No section of country in the land has a climate superior to this and few can compare favorably with it in the essential elements of health.

Such is the testimony of every northerner who has been here to improve his physical condition. Our summers are not excessively hot as the climate either further north or south at the same season.

Our winters are usually not very cold, even in mid winter, a temperature sufficiently low to produce more than a cold snap of a few days. Such a climate and location as this of Orangeburg needs

only to be utilized to yield the very best results of labor and money investments. The town can utilize them by building a hotel of sufficient capacity and with modern improvements sufficient to meet the demands of invalids and making it known throughout the vast regions of the North where consumption and other diseases, incident to a severe climate, prevail. A few years only would be necessary to make Orangeburg a successful rival of Aiken or any other location south of us.

Indeed no community combines greater advantages of health, intelligence, liberal views and sentiment or religious and educational facilities than this. Not the least, by any means, of the advantages of this community is the willingness of our people to welcome among them strangers who are not political bunnies or Radical adventurers who come not for a legitimate purpose but to stir up strife and to excite hatred between the races.

Taking the fertility of the soil and its adaptability to the growing of every kind of crop into consideration, our country friends might utilize these local advantages by raising an abundance of everything necessary for the subsistence of man and beast.

We see no valid reason why Orangeburg may not produce full food supplies with a large surplus and supplement that production by the cotton crop. Too many farmers throughout the county procure their provisions from abroad; but since the introduction of the out crop, we find planter after planter returning to the ante bellum prudence of making their bread and meat on their own farms.

We confidently believe that the time is not very far in the future when not a pound of bacon, a bushel of corn, a barrel of sugar, molasses, or flour, or a pound of butter will be procured by Orangeburg planters from abroad.

This is indicated from the intelligent views expressed in the public prints and the reasonable discussions held upon home economy by the county Agricultural Society at every stated meeting. Heretofore cotton was the main crop and often the only crop cultivated to the exclusion of every other.

When sold it represented only a money value and was thrown upon the field of speculation, manipulated by speculators until the industry which produced it ceased to have any other meaning than to support the money handlers of the country towns and they in turn the "bills" and "bears" of commercial parts.

To ponder to this wild spirit of speculation throughout the land, farmers lent their aid to telegraph to trade centres the effects of storm, floods, droughts, and Radical political discord upon their cotton crops with no other aim than duty to notify speculators how they might best deal in what are technically called "futures."

The farm was at the mercy of all this avarice and became poor in the midst of abundance. With a full food crop on hand the planter can regulate the value of his cotton, and, by keeping his counsel, control the commerce of the land. This is his natural prerogative, and he ought to exercise it.

Confederates in Congress. Mr. Ewing, of Ohio, on last Saturday in his great speech classified among the stalwarts, Mr. Garfield, who essays to be the keeper of the President's conscience; Mr. Frye, who would attempt to point out his line of duty and Mr. Conkling, who says he would be a "dog" if he signed the army bill, asserted that since the Confederate Brigadier-Generals were in Congress there had been no more great jobs passed through that body.

Considering the section of the country and the man from whom this tribute of praise comes, it is a compliment to Southern worth that was scarcely to be hoped for even at this period of the so called revolution. When it is remembered that millions upon millions of dollars were absolutely stolen by the Republican party through the agency of congressional enactments during the palmy days of Grantism, such a declaration from a man like Mr. Ewing is a commendation upon Southern Statesmanship and patriotism of infinitely more value to Southern character than all the vituperation and slander of Jim Blaine and his associates will be able to destroy in a hundred years.

We do earnestly trust that the conduct of our Representatives will be such as to merit the continued praise of our countrymen of every section. A strict adherence to the constitution, a charitable course in regard to all national measures, a liberal policy toward the colored race and a persistent opposition to sectional bitterness will go far in securing the confidence of the Northern masses and in restoring that friendly feeling between the sections and races so necessary to the peace of the country and the prosperity of the people.

The people of the South, so long accustomed to political confusion, internal disorder occasioned by race prejudices and Radical tuition, and the disarrangement of their plans with the destruction of their hopes, need order and quietness that they may address themselves more earnestly to the great work of rebuilding their fortunes and adapting themselves to the charges and the demands of the times.

Upon the threshold, therefore, of this new period we look back upon the past with but few regrets and forward to a future pregnant with hope of a new and more successful life. As a matter of curiosity as well as information we will state that there are ninety-three Representatives and Senators in Congress at the present time from the late Confederate States. Of these, one was the Vice-President, one the Postmaster-General, five Congressmen, two Lieutenant-Generals, four Major-Generals, sixteen Brigadier-Generals, seventeen Colonels, five Lieutenant-Colonels, four Majors, nine Captains, and all the rest did service in the Confederate cause in some capacity or other.

These men are all doubtless as sincere in their devotion to the Constitution of the United States as they once were to that of the Confederate States; and having accepted the results of the war as a final settlement of the question that caused it, they will prove the best defenders of its principles and protectors of the rights it guarantees to the state and the citizen.

Refinery. We would earnestly call the attention of our readers to the communication in to-day's paper, addressed to the farmers of our county by Mr. Geo. H. Cornelison. The necessities of the farmer and the demands of the country require a diversified agriculture in order that prosperity may attend the labor of those who till the soil.

There is scarcely a farm within the limits of the county that does not embrace every variety of soil and is therefore adapted to every variety of crop. The rich loam will grow cotton in sufficient abundance to pay for the expense of cultivation, whereas the light sandy soil of our uplands will not. Corn generally occupies the bottom lands and such other fertile fields of the farm as may not be planted in cotton; while sandy soils, which abound more or less, grow this grain in meagre crops.

The only crop therefore assigned to this class of lands are oats, peas or sorghum which grow in limited quantities. In consequence of their poverty but little attention or pains is devoted to the cultivation of such fields. Of these crops sorghum yields most abundantly and with only a trifling outlay of labor or money; but because of the inferior quality of the syrup made and the low price it brings in the market, the crop has been almost abandoned by our farmers.

If therefore the crop can be made remunerative one the abundant crops it yields, will make it as important as any other on the farm, and our large sandy fields, heretofore allowed to grow up in broom sedge, may be profitably utilized without curtailing to any great extent the acreage of other crops or materially advancing the expense of the farm.

The enterprise which Mr. Cornelison proposes to undertake will meet this demand and his known success in other lines of business together with his acknowledged foresight and commendable public spirit are guarantees of its success. It cannot be doubted that sugar of an excellent quality may be made from the millet and it is equally an established fact that its juice is rich in saccharine matter and turns out sugar in quantity equal to the real cane. These facts commend the enterprise to our farmers and we hope enough of the sorgho will be planted this season to give the matter a fair test.

The refinery will be established, the necessary chemicals will be provided and every facility afforded the farmer to make this a paying crop. Let him do his part and an enterprise will be established in our midst that will go far toward working out the independence of the farmer and the prosperity of the county.

Unveiling the Confederate Monument. The ceremonies attending the unveiling of the monument have been appointed for the 13th of May next and a cordial invitation is extended to all friends of the Lost Cause, and especially to the survivors of the Confederate Army and Navy.

It is thought there will be a very large gathering of the military of this and perhaps the adjoining States which of itself will make the occasion a most interesting one. More than ten thousand soldiers from South Carolina fell in

the Confederate service and to perpetuate their memory as well as that of the cause for the success of which they laid down their lives—this monument has been erected and will be unveiled on the 13th May. From every quarter therefore, of the State the veterans of the late war and their representatives, the militia of State, will come to witness the ceremony and testify by their presence their high appreciation of the efforts put forth by the Ladies' Monumental Association to save the memory of our noble dead from being forgotten.

Let Orangeburg occupy an honorable position which she can do with her citizen soldiery under the command of Gen. Jas. F. Izlar, himself an old and tried veteran of the war.

If the Railroad authorities will make the same cheap excursion arrangement for this occasion as for the recent Charleston festivities, our people will be enabled to visit the capital on one of the most interesting occasions in the history of the State.

The Veto. Contrary to the expectation of most men who hoped that the President would rise above party, and unbridled by its influences, he would assert an independence commensurate with the position he occupies by signing the Army appropriation bill; but there can be no dependence upon a fraud when honesty is at stake, or upon cowardice when certain danger is involved or upon weakness when great effort is demanded.

Mr. Hayes as a fraud fails to meet the requirements of honest principle, covers before the crack of the party's lash and sips under the load of duty by vetoing the bill because of the section which forbids the use of troops on days of election at the ballot box.

The most sensible reason he gives is a child of his weakness—"that authority to use the army is necessary for the protection of the ballot box"—to bulldoze Democrats—to count in Radicals. The issue is made, we hope the Democrats will not back, and for the sake of principle let the matter go to the people.

Notice. On April 30th, 1879, at the residence of Mr. Charles W. Fuller, Orangeburg County, by the Rev. G. A. Darby, Dr. William F. Barton and Mrs. Ellen R. Moore.

Notice. The Floral Fair of the Orangeburg Agricultural Association will be held on Friday 30th May, 1879.

Notice. I hereby give that after this date, I will be in this office, for the purpose of transacting the business pertaining thereto, on the first Monday and third Friday and Saturday in each month until further notice.

Notice. D. L. CONNOR, School Commissioner, Orangeburg County, April 29th, 1879.

BILLIARDS!! We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have rented the large hall over Fischer's Store, where we have a first class

BILLIARD SALOON which is open at all hours. Having purchased Three New Tables and fitted up the hall in elegant style, you can not fail to enjoy yourself.

J. D. ANDREWS & CO., April 18, 1879, ft.

GRANTEVILLE C. Homespun 6 cents per yard. Best Calico 5 to 6 1-4 cents per yd. Coat's Spool Cotton 5 cents per spool.

Ladies & Gents Shoes 75cts to \$1.25 pr. Gents Hand Made Gaiters \$4.50. Choice Coffee 8 lbs. for \$1.00.

Best Sugar 12 to 13 lbs. for \$1.00. Soda 3 lbs. for 25 cents. Good Family Flour \$5.00 per barrel.

Best (Baker's Jewel) \$6.50 " " Tobaccos 40 to 50 cents per pound. Double length Cigars 2 1-2 cents each.

Plows, Hoes, Hatchets, Axes. Hardware, Tinware, and every other Article kept in a first class store at prices too low to publish.

Also Whiskeys, Brandys, Wines Ales etc., etc., of the best and purest makes at prices to suit the times.

Come and see before you buy. No matter what you are offered goods at, you shall not regret your call.

Yours truly D. E. SMOAK & CO., Feb. 14

NOTICE. OFFICE OF COUNTY TREASURER, ORANGEBURG, April 12, 1879.

In accordance with instructions from the Board of Equalization, I will be the following named places for the collection of Taxes for the fiscal year commencing November 1, 1878, on the dates set opposite the name of each place:

Orangeburg Court House, May 16, 1879, to May 31st, 1879 and from Sept. 30 to Oct. 30, 1879. (Both included.) Rowlesville, May 1, 1879 and Sept. 15, 1879.

Branchville, May 2, 1879 and Sept. 16, 1879. Lewisville, May 9, 1879 and Sept. 23, 1879.

Part Motte, May 10, 1879 and Sept. 24, 1879. Cedar Grove, May 13, 1879 and Sept. 17, 1879.

Easterlins, May 5, 1879 and Sept. 18, 1879. Connor's Store, May 6, 1879 and Sept. 19, 1879.

John H. Felder's, May 13, 1879 and Sept. 25, 1879. Avinger's, May 8, 1879 and Sept. 22, 1879.

Club House, May 14, 1879 and Sept. 27, 1879. Zeigler's, May 13, 1879 and Sept. 26, 1879.

Knott's Mill, May 7, 1879, and Sept. 20, 1879. R. S. Gleanon's, May 15, 1879 and Sept. 29, 1879.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. ROBERT COPEL, Treasurer Orangeburg County, April 18, 1879.

CALL ON JAMES VAN TASSEL For your Family Supplies in the way of

FRESH GROceries, FINE LIQUORS, TOBACCO and SEARS,

FRESH LAGER always on draught. GOOD FAT POULTRY and FRESH EGGS always on hand.

Country Produce bought at the highest market price. JAMES VAN TASSEL, Agt., At Muller's Old Stand.

ALIVE TO the requirements of the people, and feeling deeply interested in the satisfaction of the public, I propose to make efforts never before entered into for the welfare of the community.

To this end I have purchased my Stock and knowing that earnest and honest endeavors will meet with that success which should attend it, I would ask all who are seeking bargains in

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES AND HATS

not to make purchases before examining and I can assure you, you can save MONEY

BY GOING TO Theodore Kohn for Dress Goods, Theodore Kohn for Novelties, Theodore Kohn for White Goods, Theodore Kohn for Domestic, Theodore Kohn for Cassimeres, Theodore Kohn for Fancy Goods, Theodore Kohn for Embroideries, Theodore Kohn for Parasols, Theodore Kohn for Straw Hats, Theodore Kohn for Shoes, Theodore Kohn for Shirts, Theodore Kohn for Neck Wear.

A well known fact that cannot be successfully contradicted, THEODORE KOHN gives the best bargains to be had in ORANGEBURG.

Every man and youth can be well dressed in elegant style at nominal prices by purchasing Clothing and Furnishing Goods from THEODORE KOHN.

The Light Running DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE and Needles for all Sewing Machines always on hand and for sale cheap. Agent for Madame Demorest's

RELIABLE PATTERNS. Spring and Summer Fashions are now in and you can get Catalogues by applying at THEODORE KOHN'S.

Agent for J. & R. Coats' Cotton, prices per dozen 55 cents. Trade supplied. No trouble to give or send samples, salesmen polite and anxious to show goods. The continued rush of customers is proof that you can get the most goods for your money at THEODORE KOHN'S.

NOTICE. THE following rate per centum for Taxes upon Real Estate and personal property is levied, viz: For State purposes two and three fourths of one mill.

For Ordinary County Tax three mills. For Past Indebtedness one-half mill. Also in those School Districts in the County of Orangeburg having a deficiency for past due School Claims one-half of one mill, in accordance with A. A. 1878 No. 661 Sec. 5. Liberty Township is out of debt.

N. N. HAYDEN, Chm'n. L. S. CONNOR, EPHRAIM CUMMINGS, Board County Com. O. C.

Attest: F. M. MALONE, Clerk. April 11

THE COLUMBIA REGISTER DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY. Best Newspaper ever published at the Capital of South Carolina. Circulation Large and Constantly Increasing.

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE attention of the reading community to the excellent newspapers we are now publishing in Columbia. THE REGISTER is the only paper ever published at the capital of South Carolina which is conducted as are the leading dailies of the principal cities of the country.

We have an able and distinguished corps of editors—gentlemen well known all over the State for their learning, ability and sound judgment; principles—men who have served the State and the South on every occasion when the demand arose for their service, and who may safely be depended upon as reliable leaders of the Democracy in the line of Journalism.

THE DAILY REGISTER is a twenty-eight column paper, 24 by 36 inches, printed on good paper and with large, clear cut type, containing the Latest Telegraphic News, Full Market Reports, editorial matter on the leading occurrences of the times, and replete with interesting miscellaneous reading. The Local News is full and interesting, one editor devoting his time exclusively to that department. Our correspondence from Washington and other places of note gives an entertaining resume of all the important events of the day.

THE TRI-WEEKLY REGISTER, with some minor changes, comprises the contents of the Daily at \$2.50 less per annum. THE WEEKLY REGISTER is a large, handsomely gotten up eight-page paper, 29 by 42 inches, containing forty-eight columns of reading matter, embracing all the news of the week and the most editorial and local news.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE. Daily Register, one year.....\$7.00 Daily Register, six months..... 3.50 Daily Register, three months..... 1.75 Tri-Weekly Register, one year..... 5.00 Tri-Weekly Register, six months..... 2.50 Tri-Weekly Register, three months..... 1.25 Weekly Register, one year..... 2.00 Weekly Register, six months..... 1.00 Weekly Register, three months..... .50

Any person sending us a club of ten subscribers at one time will receive either of the papers free, postage prepaid, for one year. Any person sending us the money for twenty subscribers to the Daily may retain for his services twenty dollars of the amount; for twenty subscribers to the Tri-Weekly, fifteen dollars of the amount; and for twenty subscribers to the Weekly, five dollars of the amount.

As an Advertising Medium, The Register affords unequalled facilities, having a large circulation, and numbering among its patrons the well-to-do people of the middle and upper portion of the State. Terms reasonable. For any information desired, address CALVO & PATTON, Proprietors, Columbia, S. C.

Parties desiring copies of THE REGISTER to exhibit in canvassing will be supplied on application.

The Weekly News Contains five Editorials, the latest Telegrams, besides the following Specialties: Carefully selected Mail News, Prize Stories, a Chess Column, an Agricultural Department, Record of Marriages and Deaths. THE WEEKLY NEWS gives more for the money than any other Southern Weekly. See the Prices:

Single Subscription per annum \$2.00 Five Subscriptions at \$1.75 8.75 Ten Subscriptions at \$1.50 15.00 Twenty Subscriptions at \$1.25 25.00 Fifty Subscriptions at \$1 50.00

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Any one of these specialties alone is worth the price of subscription, and the subscriber really gets a First Class Weekly besides for nothing. RIORAN & DAWSON, Charleston, S. C.

Hardware. S. R. MARSHALL & CO., 310 KING-ST, CHARLESTON, S. C. OFFER A COMPLETE LINE OF HARDWARE, POTWARE, TIN WARE, NAILS, WOODWARE, ROPE, SADDLERY, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c. Also, Agricultural Steels, as follows: Straight and Turn Shovel, Scooters, Ball Tongues, and Sycops of all kinds, suitable for the wholesale and retail trade. Merchants would do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Charleston, Sept. 27, 1878. 3mo

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KNOWLTON & LATHROP, Attorneys and Counsellors, ORANGEBURG, S. C. Dec-15-78

SAMUEL DIBBLE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law (Cor. Church & St. Paul's Street.) ORANGEBURG, S. C. Dec 13-78

SHERIDAN'S SCHOOL A CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. HUGO G. SHERIDAN, Principal. MISS E. J. MACKAY, Assistant.

This School opens on the First Monday in September annually, and continues uninterruptedly until the last of June. TERMS PER MONTH. First Grade, beginners.....\$2.00 Second Grade, Grammar pupils..... 3.50 Third Grade, advanced English..... 3.00 Latin and Greek, extra..... .50

COURSE OF STUDY. First Grade.—Alphabet, Spelling, Rudimentary Arithmetic, Writing and First Steps in Geography. Second Grade.—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Second Steps in Geography, Grammar, Written Composition, Latin and Greek. Third Grade.—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic completed, Geography completed, Grammar completed, Composition, History, Philosophy, Rhetoric, Logic, Book-keeping, Algebra, Geometry, Chemistry, Latin, Greek and Written Composition.

Elocution is taught in each grade. Miss Mackay has charge of the girls. Students may enter at any time during the term, and are charged only from date of entrance. Boys and girls are prepared for the Sophomore Class in any College or for a successful business life. Neatness of person, polite manners and a high sense of honor are considered of no less importance than the branches taught, and are therefore inculcated with unremitting assiduity. Board may be had in good families near the school at ten and twelve dollars per month, including washing and lights. Boys and girls are kept separate and no intercourse allowed. A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

A PANIC!! RUINOUS! CRASH! SLAUGHTER! SLAUGHTERED! A FALL! SACRIFICES!

50 doz Ladies' Solid Colored Hosiery, worth 50 cents at 20 cents a pair. 50 doz Ladies' Solid Colored Hose, worth 40 cents at 15 cents a pair. 50 doz Ladies' White Hose, worth 25 cents at 15 and 10 cents a pair. 50 doz Unbleached Hose, worth 25 cents at 10 cents a pair.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, At reduced rates. The public is respectfully invited to call and see Stock and Prices. Do not miss this opportunity.

CALIFORNIA STORE SORENTRE & LORYEA, McMaster's Brick Building, Russell St.

AUGUST FISCHER'S AUCTION AND COMMISSION House.

Wholesale and Retail Deals in DRY GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hardware, Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., AT PANIC PRICES.

FRUITS of