

THE DARLINGTON HERALD

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One Dollar a Year.

DARLINGTON, S. C.

Wednesday, May 25, 1892.

If the News and Courier and the State propose to keep up with the mistakes of the Register, they will have to engage additional help or else neglect some other department of their work.

There are said to be twelve different kinds of Democrats in the Louisiana Legislature. There was only one kind of Democracy in the recent Convention, held in Columbia, and that was the kind that uttered its indignant and eloquent protest against the revolutionary action of the majority.

As much opposed as we have been to Governor Tillman, we have not hesitated to credit him with true courage, and have, at least, for this supposed trait of character, respected him, but his endorsement of the Sub-Treasury, that he had so vehemently denounced as a visionary measure, proves him utterly deficient in this great requisite of true manhood.

It is being charged in some of the State papers that Dr. J. Wm. Stokes, editor of the Cotton Plant, is in favor of paying the Federal soldiers the difference between greenbacks and gold at the time they were paid.

Our contemporary ought to be better posted than the above would indicate. Dr. Stokes has said that as a matter of justice the pensioners were entitled to the difference between greenbacks and gold.

About the 4th of March you will see the sickliest lot of Tillmanite office seekers on record. Hungry for spoils under the new Cleveland Administration, they will be confronted by their votes declaring him the tool of the money changers.

We don't exactly know how they will get at it, but they will ask all the same, and do it with the same brazen impudence that has characterized all their other political acts. Just as soon as it is evident that Cleveland is elected they will all profess the most loyal devotion to him, and hail him as the great head of the Democratic Party.

There are other reasons why the South don't want Mr. Cleveland, besides his position on the financial issues, which is alone enough to defeat him. Grover Cleveland is only a half-breed Democrat, and his election would be as much of a victory for the plutocrats as that of Harrison or Blaine.

The above slanders, taken from the Register, makes us wonder how any Southern man can support a paper that is so utterly regardless of truth.

We sincerely hope that the Editor of the Freeman is happy over the proceedings of the convention; inasmuch as they have endorsed the Ocala Demands, and made Tillman swallow his pet aversion the Sub-Treasury.

There ought to have been a huge sign over the entrance to the hall, in the State House, during the session of the convention, with these words on it: "This is a Democratic Convention."

We don't know, as a matter of course, what kind of delegates the other States will have at the Chicago Convention, but of one thing we are certain, and that is that, taken as a whole, South Carolina will be represented by the most unblushing set of demagogues that has ever represented the State in a National Convention.

"It is altogether to Grover Cleveland's credit that he is not a Democrat" according to the standard of the South Carolina convention. We called on the Enterprise to demolish Mr. Brawley's speech and instead of doing so it referred us to Senators Morgan and Teller, and by doing so set the example of seeking shelter.

The Colleton Press and Standard, anti-Tillman, has thirty-eight announcements of candidates, divided as follows: Congress 2; Solicitor 2; Representatives 3; County Commissioner 10; Jury Commissioner 2; Sheriff 2; Master 1; Treasurer 2; Coroner 2; Trial Justice 1.

The recent Convention in Columbia has done more to make South Carolina ridiculous in the estimation of the rest of the country than any one that has ever assembled in the State. Professing to be a convention of Democrats it passed resolutions that are contrary to every principle and tradition of the Democratic Party.

The Augusta Chronicle has among its head lines on the South Carolina convention: "Down on Cleveland. The Ocala Platform Saddled on the Democracy." The Chronicle wanted the convention to be "down on Cleveland," but it did not want to saddle the Ocala platform on the Democracy.

It is very probable that the McKinley Tariff could have been endorsed also if the leaders had insisted on it.

We would like to have the pictures of South Carolina's delegates, the big four, Tillman, Irby, Stokes and Talbert, taken before the Chicago Convention, and then let them sit for it afterwards. The contrast would be a patent medicine advertisement of before and after taking, only it would be reversed, as they would appear to be in the last stages of a decline after and not before taking in the convention.

Owing to the length of the Enterprise's article, the great demands on our columns and an unavoidable and unforeseen delay in getting out this week's issue, we are compelled to defer an answer to our contemporary until next week.

But the platform on which our South Carolina Democrats must stand is identical with the Alliance demands, and the men and papers that have been fighting the farmer's organization this platform or sever their affiliation with the party.

The platform on which our party must henceforth stand is a wise just and liberal one—embodying the principles that the Register has defended. Its adoption, and by such a unanimous and overwhelming majority at that, is a strong endorsement of our paper.

In the ranks of the Reformers there was no division over the adoption of this platform. The professionals, and other delegates not members of the Alliance, united in an earnest and ardent endorsement of the platform.

We publish the above for the benefit of our readers into whose darkened minds the light of the Register does not shine. If the adoption of the Ocala demands does not put a man beyond the pale of democracy, then it must be a very elastic and far reaching party that can embrace such utter nonsense as is embodied in these demands.

We will thank the Register to point out how, in case they are rejected by the National Party, the Ocala demands can govern our State politics. Does it propose for South Carolina to establish Sub-Treasuries, and go into the business of coining silver and reduce the Tariff &c? Will the State also be forced to buy up the railroads and run them in the interests of the people?

The statement going the rounds of the ring press that there is a Republican on the editorial staff of the Register is shamelessly false, and we so brand it. Each and every man connected with this paper is a life-long Democrat.

We enter a solemn protest against such an outrageous exhibition of political malignity, as is contained in the above charge, and think it very unfair for any of our contemporaries to have made so serious a charge against the Republican Party as to accuse it of having a representative on the staff of the Register.

When the carpet-buggers, just after the war, swept like a swarm of locusts, down upon our impoverished and prostrate State, they received the scorn and contempt of all honest men, and the very word used to describe them became synonymous for everything that was infamous and mean.

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It has remained for one of her own citizens, a native of the State, one who was familiar with all its glorious past history and into whose mind was planted the sentiments of patriotism and state pride, to bring the first stigma of reproach that has ever been put upon the proud Palmetto State.

By reason of the intelligence and high character of its representatives South Carolina has always exercised more influence in the National Councils and in Party Conventions than its numerical strength would warrant, and for the first time in its history it will not be represented by the intelligence and patriotism of its people, but by those who have brought the party to the verge of disruption in the State.

THE ENTERPRISE REPLIES TO THE HERALD.

Before replying to the Herald, we must protest against its persistent attempt to take refuge behind Mr. Brawley or any one else. This would seem to indicate that it realized the weakness of its cause and would like to throw the burden of the fight upon somebody else.

That the panic of 1873 was a direct consequence of the demonetization of silver is susceptible of the clearest demonstration, cannot be questioned. Every one familiar with our financial history, knows that the contraction of the money volume of the country by the withdrawal of United States notes from circulation, which began soon after the war, had reduced the circulating medium from \$1,863,406,316, or \$52 per capita in 1869,

The Herald says that the demonetization of silver was rendered necessary by the difficulty of maintaining a double standard. If there was any difficulty in maintaining such a standard, it was never found out from 1792, when it was recommended by Congress, until the gold bugs found it out in their own interest and to the almost incalculable injury of the rest of the country in 1873.

The Herald says that it is because gold is less liable to fluctuation than silver. Is this the true state of the country? The history of the two metals, which is the only true test, proves directly the opposite. During the eighty years of free coinage in the United States, when both metals had equal rights, and one was not discriminated against for the benefit of the other, silver was much often at a premium than gold.

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complete, not only for the benefit of THE HERALD, whom we hope to convert, but of our readers who take an interest in the subject. Before we get through, we hope to prove the following propositions: that the bi-metallic standard is a cardinal Democratic doctrine; that the demonetization of silver rests upon the same principle as the reduction of the tariff; that the tariff iniquity and the demonetization of silver are both essentially Republican measures; that the country needs more money and that the restoration of silver will in a great measure supply that need; that the gold bugs claim that the silver money will be "dumped" into this country, is a tremendous hoax, and that the silver question controlled the last Presidential election and will control the next.

Send us an order for Job Printing.

A. L. Harrell & Company. Will have an advertisement in THE HERALD next week. Look for it.

WAGONS. Two-horse wagons are now Manufactured at JOHN SISKRON'S FACTORY. DARLINGTON, S. C. CALL AND SEE THEM BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

Buggies, Carls, Harness FURNITURE Always on Hand. Undertaker's Supplies.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, &c. &c. &c. Scientific American

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Send us an order for Job Work.

E. C. ROTHOLZ.

Later Arrivals in Wash Goods.

Persian Mulls in very neat design. Black Sheer Stripe and Plaid Lawns. Elysee stripes, black ground and handsome figures. Linen chamois.

CORSETS!

We have six grades of the E. C. corsets; best value for the money. The largest assortment of cream and black laces in all widths. We have open up some very desirable Point De Jenes, Point De Gai pure and Point De Irlande in white and ecru.

MILLINERY

Your call is requested. E. C. ROTHOLZ, MAIL ORDERS promptly attended to.

THE DARLINGTON SHOE STORE-

Has just received a very large and well selected stock for the Spring and Summer trade.

OXFORD TIES

For Ladies and Misses in endless variety, from the very cheapest to the celebrated hand-sewed goods of E. C. Bents & Co's make.

Children's Shoes.

This Line is Complete in Every Respect.

MENS' SHOES.

Our stock cannot be excelled anywhere. We have them in Calf, Cordovan, Kangaroo, French Calf in hand-sewed, hand-welt and good-year welt.

Will call Special Attention to our \$3 SHOES, Genuine Calf and good year welt, as good as hand sewed.

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas

French Polish and Blacking. Shoe Findings of every description.

A Nobby Line of Hats for Men.

WOODS & MILLING,

Proprietors Darlington Shoe Store.

Fine Job Printing done at this office.

Important to Everybody!

When in need of Anything in the

STATIONERY

Line, don't fail to call at the

Darlington Book Store.

The Largest Line of SPORTING GOODS

such as Base Balls, Bats, Mitts, Foot-balls, Croquet Sets, Hammocks, Stretchers, Hooks, &c., ever brought to the city. Also full line of small musical instruments. Large Stock. Prices to suit the times.

The People's Bank of Darlington.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. DEPOSITS SOLICITED FROM ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARDS. And 5 per cent. Interest paid thereon.

"Small Savings Make Large Profits." E. KEITH BARGAN, President. W. A. CARRIGAN, Vice-President. H. L. CHARLES, Cashier.

The Phoenix Furniture Company,

OF CHARLESTON, S. C. Wholesale and Retail Furniture Emporium.

FINE, MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED FURNITURE AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

CHEAP FURNITURE SUITABLE FOR COUNTRY TRADE In Large Variety At Factory Prices.