

**THE ORANGEBURG TIMES.**  
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 STILES R. MELLICHAMP Editor.  
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 FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1879.

**The Town Election.**

We call attention to a communication in this issue on the above subject. It is a matter which demands our immediate consideration. We believe that the aim of the Radicals is to control the towns and cities, if possible, before the next general election.

We see then the danger, and the game we have to checkmate. The question is whether we should call a Citizens meeting or a Democratic meeting to make the nominations. In either case a ticket carefully made to suit all the interests of the community should be the aim.

On a square Democratic issue we are ahead in the town, and on such an issue every man would have to show his colors.

Still there are questions for the people to decide, and we don't wish to forestall public opinion.

If we could continue the present incumbents, as our correspondent suggests, it seems to us it would avoid excitement and meet general approval.

However, let the matter be considered, and the wisest course adopted.

**The Scourge in Memphis.**

This fated city is again visited with the yellow fever scourge which desolated so many homes and created such wide-spread distress, and suffering last year.

With the horrors of '78 fresh in our memory with what heart-aches must we contemplate the appalling indications of their return, and how the prayers of the people should ascend for deliverance from the calamity.

The plague is on the increase to such an extent that the stampede is represented to partake of the appearance of a mob, every one scuffling for his own deliverance, and helpless women and children often left to suffer until their opportunity comes. The spectacle is heart-rending to contemplate.

[For the Orangeburg Times.]  
**A Rejoinder.**

Editor Orangeburg Times:

Your correspondent notices that an "Agricultural Critic" is contemplating an illumination of the heretofore benighted minds and theories of his fellow farmers. May he succeed! But does he not assume a very anomalous position to begin with?

1st He says, "that we may, like J. C. H., and J. W. S., contribute to your columns." Those gentlemen not only cited theories, but brought us to practical demonstrations and stubborn facts by challenging any one to come and see for themselves. Now, your "Critic" "desires you to keep his name from the public." Then how are we to know that he practices what he preaches?

2nd "We propose to deal heavy blows &c." "We will handle with gloves off, a class of farmers who are wise in their own conceit," and—"We shall set J. C. H., and J. W. S., and all writers right, if they should advance an incorrect theory," and last, but not least, "We are ready to answer any questions that you or readers may desire." In all candor is this self-conceit? or are we about to develop a modern Solomon?

3rd "We propose to teach the young farmer how to make his farm profitable and farming a pleasant occupation." We want to see his theory of planting to make it always pay, that is on different soils and with different seasons, and then the figures worked out with the plough and hoe in the field, then we will become a proselyte.

4th He says, "Cotton and phosphates have half starved us"—then says, "I do not advise our farmers not to plant it." Again he says, "Cotton

requires too much labor and manure for there to be much profit in it," that, "It is a great exhauster of the soil, &c." Is it more so than the "diversified" crops of your "Critic"—sugar cane, sorghum, rice, oats, wheat, chufas, barley or even the great staple—corn?

As we—the young farmers—are to be enlightened, on the several kinds of crops separately, we prefer after hearing the "whys and wherefores" to see the problem solved at the planter's blackboard—the field. And then review the text book that we may be able to compute loss and gain each year, since the war—we will say—

We assume no man can tell when and where he makes money in farming unless he keeps an account with each field and each crop he plants.

I have written this Mr. Editor, to warn "Agricultural Critic" not to deal in glittering generalities, if he knows himself, we farmers are very self-conceited and it takes knock-down arguments to convince us that we should quit the old ruts—

The writer has been planting since the war, only, quite extensively, and has so far failed to be able to lay down any general rule for farming, and also has failed to find any "millions in it" with the closest observation, strictest economy and hardest of work. May your correspondent open up the way is my sincere desire. I trust he will not become dashed at his communication as it is written with the kindest of feelings and only intended to provoke discussion as he requests. I have set the ball in motion and propose for others to keep it rolling.

May you succeed Mr. Editor, in getting this *crux criticorum* solved.  
 CENSOR.

July 21st 1879.

**Almost a Tragedy—The Crops and Rain.**

MIDDLE ST. MATTHEWS,  
 July 22, 1879.

Mr. Editor:

Our quiet neighborhood was somewhat disturbed by a report that gained considerable circulation especially among the colored people, relative to a cutting affray that occurred in the State Road near Dr. R. W. Bates' plantation on the night of the 15th ultimo. The parties engaged in the muss were Capers Kelley and William Waimor, both colored men.

Upon inquiry we learn, that Waimor went to the house of Kelley and in a quiet manner asked an explanation of some reports circulated by said Kelley and detrimental to the good name which Waimor has always borne.

Kelley declined giving any satisfaction, and immediately commenced cursing and abusing Waimor in a shameful manner, finally ordering him to leave his yard. Waimor left forthwith, but feeling that he had been wronged and failing to get satisfaction, told Kelley that if he wanted to fight to come in the State Road.

Kelley went in his house, remained a short time, and then followed, cursing and abusing Waimor.

Reaching the road Waimor halted and after exchanging curses, for a few minutes, Kelley caught Waimor, threw him to the ground, but before doing so, placed an open knife in his pants pocket. A short scuffle ensued when Kelley jumped up exclaiming that he was cut.

There were present several colored men, some of whom it seems urged Kelley to make the assault. Kelley was pretty badly cut in the side, the knife reaching his hollow, but whether the knife in his pocket did it, or whether it was done by Waimor is a question that I am unable to answer correctly.

Dr. Bates was summoned and rendered the necessary medical attention, and the patient is now considered "out of danger."

Rumors are afloat that Kelley brought a gun out of his house, but not having a cap, left it in the yard.

While we disapprove of this cutting and slashing, Mr. Editor, yet when a man is roughly assaulted, self-preservation becomes necessary, and we hope that this will be a lesson to Kelley, as he has certainly, not been acting for some time like a "law-abiding citizen."

The crops have improved very much since the rain of Friday last. Corn however, is injured to a considerable extent. Cotton with good future seasons will make three-fourths of a crop.  
 Providence neighborhood has at

last received the much needed rain also, and a trip down that side shows improvement in cotton, but corn is too far gone to be much aided.

**RAMBLER.**  
 [For the Orangeburg Times.]  
**The Town Election.**

ORANGEBURG, July 21st 1879.  
 Mr. Editor:

The election for Mayor and Aldermen for our town for the next two years is close upon us. I would suggest that the Orangeburg Democratic Club be called together and make a nomination, and if I am allowed, would propose the present incumbents renominated, and hope they will not decline if brought out.

Respectfully,  
 A CITIZEN.

**Country Girls.**

The farmers' daughters are soon to be the life, as well as the pride of the country—a glorious race of woman; which no other land can show. We seek not to flatter them; for before they can become this they will have to make an earnest effort of one or two kinds. There are some who deprecate their condition; and some who have a false pride in it, because they demand more consideration than they merit. A want of intelligence upon all the subjects of the day and of a refined education is no more excusable in a country than in a town bred girl, in these days of many books and papers. Many girls are discouraged because they cannot be sent away from home to boarding schools; but men of superior minds and knowledge of the world would rather have for wives women well and properly educated at home.

**Obituary.**

Mrs. M. McElhane, daughter of Ex-Sheriff F. J. Felder, deceased, and consort of John W. McElhane, died at the Residence of the latter, near Branchville, July 4th 1879.

God in His mysterious wisdom has deprived a husband of a wife, and three little children of a mother, which to the mortal eye looks unjust; but we should not forget that the same God that taketh away, is He that giveth; and the same God that has afflicted the husband, can and will heal his affliction, if he will trust in Him; and inasmuch as He gave those dear little children, He will care for them while they are helpless; and though we mourn the departure of our friend, we have a hope that she is enjoying that blissful happiness promised by our Lord and Savior, to all who do His will.

**Notice.**

THE Members of the Medical profession in Orangeburg County, are requested to meet the undersigned at the Court House, in Orangeburg, on Monday, August 4th 1879, to organize a County Medical Society. A full attendance is much desired.

- W. W. WOLFE, MD.
- THOS. A. ELLIOTT, MD.
- T. K. KELLER, MD.
- A. C. DUKES, MD.
- J. G. WANNAMAKER, MD.
- A. S. SALLEY, MD.
- M. G. SALLEY, MD.
- A. S. HYDRICK, MD.

**NOTICE.**

BLACKVILLE, S. C., July 10th 1879.

THE PATRONS OF THE SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE.

Notice has been given that I have taken another field, and that it is the duty of Mr. J. A. Salley, in Orangeburg, to adjust and teach all Singer machines sold in that County, previous to his appointment, no matter by whom sold. And further, it is reported that I can't sell a machine in Orangeburg County. If any of my friends wish to purchase a machine from me, I will take pleasure in supplying them, no matter in what County they live.

B. F. THOMPSON.  
 July 23 11

**WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE,**

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

Opens its 30th Session September 15th, 1879. One of the first schools for young ladies in the United States. Climate unsurpassed. Surroundings beautiful. Attended by pupils from Seventeen States. Strictest economy required. Among the lowest terms in the Union.

TERMS:—Board, Washing, Lights, English Course, Latin, French, for each half of the Scholastic year, \$115. All extras very low. For Catalogue, address Rev. W. M. A. HARRIS, D. D., President, Staunton, Virginia.  
 July 25 2t

**Carriage Factory.**

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to do all

**Kind of Work**

in the above line on the shortest notice and at

**Living Prices.**

HORSESHOEING done in the best possible manner.

I also have in full operation my PLANING AND MOULDING MACHINES,

And

**GRIST MILL.**

All work in this line done without delay and on reasonable terms. A share of the public patronage is solicited.  
 July 25 H. RIGGS.

OFFICE OF  
**C. D. KORTJOHN,**  
 Auction and Commission Merchant,  
 RUSSELL STREET,  
 ORANGEBURG, July 24th, 1879.

We will offer for the next 15 DAYS  
**Unprecedented Bargains**  
 In order to prepare for the FALL TRADE  
 50 bbls FLOUR, all grades      10 sacks COFFEE,  
 25 bbls SUGAR, do              20 bbls PEARL GRISTS,  
 10 bbls SYRUP                    5 bbls do MEAL.

D. S. Sides, Smo. Sides, Hams, Strips, Lard, Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Crockery, Tin ware, &c.

**AUCTIONS** on SATURDAY and SALEDAY as heretofore.  
**C. D. KORTJOHN,**  
 SIGN OF THE RED FLAG.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
 ORANGEBURG COUNTY.  
 BY C. B. GLOVER, ESQUIRE, PROBATE JUDGE.  
 Whereas, Andrew F. Smoak, hath made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of David Smoak, deceased.  
 These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and Creditors of the said David Smoak, late of Orangeburg County, deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Orangeburg, C. H., on 1st August next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.  
 Given under my Hand, this 17th day of July Anno Domini 1879.  
 C. B. GLOVER  
 Judge of Probate, Orangeburg County.  
 July 18 2t

**Sheriff's Sales.**

By virtue of an Execution to me directed I will sell at Orangeburg, C. H., S. C., on the first Monday in August next, during the legal hours of sale for Cash:

One Lot in the Town of Orangeburg, measuring ninety (90) feet, more or less front, and running back two hundred and twenty-six (226) feet, more or less, and bounded on the North by lands of F. H. W. Friggman, East by J. J. Street, South by Amelia St., and West by lot of George Boliver. Levied on as the property of Benjamin Byas, at the suit of George W. McIntosh.

ALSO  
 All that Tract of Land, over and above the Homestead of W. W. Wannamaker, Jr., containing one hundred and eighteen (118) acres, more or less, and bounded North East by lands of W. P. Cain, South East by Homestead of W. W. Wannamaker, Jr., South West by Road formerly being two parts of said Homestead, and West by Homestead, and by Millwood Plantation—all of which appears by Plat of S. R. Mellichamp, Surveyor, dated May 17, 1879. Levied on as the property of W. W. Wannamaker, Jr., at the suit of G. H. Cornelison.  
 Sheriff's Office, Orangeburg C. H., S. C., July 14, 1879.  
 JOHN H. LIVINGSTON, S. O. C.  
 July 18 3t

**Rober. son, Taylor & Co.,**

SUCCESSORS TO  
**GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.**  
 Cotton Factors, Wholesale Grocers and General Commission Merchants,  
 1 & 3 HAYNE ST.,  
 CHARLESTON, S. C.  
 July 11 1879 3m

**CALL AT THE PEOPLE'S BAKERY**

Established in 1871 by the Proprietor, who is still ready and willing to fill orders in

**BREAD, ROLLS, PIES**  
**CAKES**

Of all descriptions.

**GUNGERS**

By the BARREL or BOX.

Also

**BREAD**

For Camp-Meetings or any other kind of Meetings.  
 Just received  
**Fresh Confectionaries, Fancy Goods And Notions**

Which will be sold as LOW as any that can be bought in Orangeburg.  
 Thankful for the past patronage of my friends and the public I still solicit a continuance of their custom.  
 T. W. Albergatti,  
 Russell Street, next door to  
 sept 14, 1878—ly Mr. J. P. Harley.

**DON'T FAIL**  
 TO CALL IN AT  
**D. E. SMOAK & CO.'S**  
 And examine our Stock of  
**Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats**  
 AND  
 Fresh Groceries, Fine Liquors, Tobaccos and Cigars  
 All of which is offered at  
**BOTTOM PRICES.**  
 Our 5 Cents Havana Cigar is unequalled.  
 Try it.  
**D. E. SMOAK & CO.**

**Clearing Out**

**SALE OF**

**SUMMER GOODS**

**Henry Kohn**

**DRY GOODS BAZAAR,**

NEXT DOOR TO CORNELSON'S.