

The Orangeburg Times.
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 No Receipts for Subscriptions or Advertisements are Valid unless Signed by Business Manager.
 We are in no way responsible for the views or opinions of our Correspondents.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1877.

The Struggle Ended.

The glorious news of General Butler having obtained his seat, in Congress reached us on last Monday. The above fact was no doubt received by every citizen of this State with the greatest joy, and enthusiasm. It would be a waste of time for us to attempt to add anything more to the above, as General Butler is so well known in the South as a staunch Democrat and a pure and refined gentleman, that we can only wish him a long life and abundant success in his new position.

A Queer Rumor from Washington.

A special dispatch to the *Journal of Commerce* says:
 New York, December 6.—The Post's Washington special says: "Both Senators Butler and Patterson are opposed to the appointment of Judge Northrop to be United States Attorney for South Carolina and will oppose his confirmation if his name is again sent to the Senate. Butler is confident that a majority of the Democrats in the Senate will vote with him in favor of rejecting Northrop, if the President sends in his name."

The Message Abroad.

We give below comments upon the President's Message by three of the leading London newspapers. The *Daily News*, commenting on President Hayes's Message, says: "The message deals principally with questions of the pacification of the country and the resumption of specie payments, and on both these subjects the President expresses himself with good sense and good feeling."
 The *Times* says: "President Hayes's message has no uncertain sound on the subject of currency legislation."
 The *Daily Telegraph* says: "Notwithstanding the discouragements with which President Hayes has been met, the prudent, firm position he has assumed in his message, ensures him the support of the wisest and best portion of his countrymen."

The *Journal of Commerce* of the 3rd says: "Solicitor W. St. Julian Jervey is at present engaged at work under the instructions of the Attorney General at Columbia. On Friday night last, while he was out paying a visit, an escaped convict from the penitentiary entered his room deliberately sat down, pulled off his old shoes, put on the Solicitor's new boots, shouldered his trunk and left. The convict then went into a lot, shed off his convict's clothing, threw them in a hog pen, put on Mr. Jervey's finery and left Columbia. The trunk, emptied of everything valuable, was recovered where it was left by the convict."
 Solicitor Jervey has our sympathy, and our earnest wishes for the recovery of his property and the capture of the rogue.

What is thought at the North of Governor Hampton's Message.

We clip the following paragraph from the *New York Herald*:
 "No unprejudiced person can read Governor Hampton's Message to the South Carolina Legislature without being impressed by the evidence it gives of the improved condition of the State under the rule of its own legally elected citizens. There is no longer any embittered feeling between the races; the sting has been extracted from political differences, and revived confidence brings forth its fruits in improved business, increased enterprise and plentiful employment. The Governor recognizes these advantages and declares that their continuance must depend on the perfect good faith in which the pledges made during the exciting struggle for self-government are fulfilled. Impartial

justice in the administration of the laws, with the recognition of perfect equality of all citizens under those laws, and the assurance of protection to all in their rights of person and property, he declares to be the essentials of the State's permanent peace and prosperity. In its financial recommendations the Message is a model of sound principles and statesmanship. Its vigorous denunciation of not of repudiation alone, but of any act that can in the slightest degree impair the credit and tarnish the honor of the State, might well be studied with advantage by our Western politicians, who are eager to bring disaster and disgrace not on a State alone, but on the entire nation."

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 "In reference to the resumption of specie payments the President's views are in accord with those which have already been expressed. We did not advocate the passage of the Resumption Act, but it has been passed, and the country having accepted it as final, has been gradually gravitating towards it. We agree with the President, that 'no legislation would be wise that should disparage the importance or retard the attainment of that result.' In regard to the reorganization of silver Mr. Hayes speaks in no uncertain tones. He denounces the proposed act as little less than repudiation, and urges that in the event of the passage of an act to renege the silver a firm provision be inserted exempting the public debt heretofore issued and now outstanding from payment, whether of principal or interest in any coinage of less commercial value than the present gold coinage of the country. In other words, the President indicates his willingness to sign the silver bill provided the bondholders are exempted from its provisions.
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 "Upon the whole the message may be pronounced to be a statesmanlike document, something better than the twaddle of Grant and his Cabinet, and we commend it to a careful perusal."
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referees and re-establish the office of master in equity.
 A message, No. 2, was received from the Governor announcing the resignation of Attorney-General Connor.
 In the House on the 4th inst., Mr. Gaillard introduced a bill to prevent improper charges on advances made by planters and others. Referred to committee.
 Mr. Sheppard, from the committee on ways and means, reported a joint resolution extending the time for the payment of taxes, recommending that it be placed on the calendar. Agreed to.
 The Senate was then announced, and an election was gone into for an associate justice to succeed Hon. Henry Melver. 132 votes were cast, of which Hon. Henry Melver received 132. He was, therefore, declared duly elected associate justice of the Supreme Court, for six years from the 30th of July next.
 In the Senate today Mr. Cochran introduced a bill to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to allow the erection of gates whenever in their judgment, the same may be expedient.
 In the House on the 5th, the following were reported from committee: Bill to incorporate the Edisto Rifles of Orangeburg was received favorably.
 The hour for the special order having arrived, the Senate was announced. The two houses then went into joint session for the election of judge of the Seventh circuit, associate justice, registrar mesne conveyance and attorney general.
 For judge of the Seventh circuit, Gen. B. H. Rutledge nominated in a brief but impressive and eloquent address Gen. W. H. Wallace.
 The nomination was seconded. The Assembly then went into a ballot. Mr. Kinsler being appointed teller on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. Blue and Massey on the part of the House. The whole number of votes cast was 135, of which Hon. W. H. Wallace received 135. He was therefore declared duly elected.
 For associate justice, Mr. Holmes nominated Col. J. C. Haskell. The vote was taken and resulted, for J. C. Haskell 110, for W. D. Porter 19. (Complimentary from Republicans.) Col. Haskell was therefore declared duly elected.
 For registrar of mesne conveyance, Mr. Morrison nominated J. J. Bates and declared duly elected.
 For attorney general, Mr. Simonon nominated Leroy F. Youmans. The vote being taken, resulted: Youmans 126; total vote cast, 126. Mr. Youmans was therefore declared duly elected.
 The Senate then withdrew to its chamber.
 In the Senate a message was received from the House announcing the resignation of Wright and the consequent discontinuance of proceedings of impeachment in his case.
 In the House this morning, 6th inst., the following bills were presented and referred:
 Bill to amend the act creating Aiken County.
 Bill to punish persons employing laborers already under contract with farmers.
 Bill to punish employees and others for destroying or injuring growing crops.
 A message was received from the Governor relative to protecting the interest of the State in the mortgage held by the Bank of the State on the residence of ex-Governor F. J. Moses. Referred to the ways and means committee.
 In the Senate the committee on privileges and elections reported in the case of the contested election for senator from Newberry County, that they had carefully considered the same, and found that Mr. James N. Lipscomb had received the highest number of votes, and was therefore elected. In view of the fact that Mr. M. C. Corwin, (the contestant,) has also resigned the seat to which he held the *prima facie* claim, the committee further recommend that Mr. Lipscomb be at once admitted to his seat. The report was adopted, and Mr. Lipscomb came forward and was sworn.
 Mr. A. V. Dockery, United States consul at Leeds, England, has written a letter to the *Anglo-American Times*, in which he gives his views about North Carolina, and incidentally about Virginia and South Carolina, which three States he classes together. He bases his remarks on his actual

experience during sixteen years' residence in North Carolina. He argues that these States present extraordinary inducements for the class of immigrants which they most need—small farmers, with money enough to establish themselves comfortably.
 RAILROAD CAKE.—Break two eggs into a terecup, beat well, then fill the cup with sweet cream, one cup of sugar, one and one-half cups of flour, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and one-half teaspoonful of soda.
 TOMATO CATSUP.—One gallon of tomatoes (af er being peeled, boiled and strained), one pint vinegar, nine tablespoons salt, three tablespoons of black pepper, three tablespoons of mustard seed ground fine, one teaspoon of Cayenne pepper, one-half teaspoon of cloves, and the same of allspice.

NOTICE.

Executors, Administrators, Guardian's and Trustees' are hereby notified to make their Annual Returns to this Office during the month of January next, otherwise they will be proceeded against as the law directs.
 C. B. GLOVER,
 Judge of Probate,
 O. C.

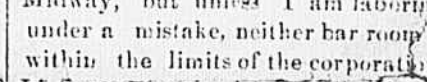
Probate Office, December 8th 1877.
 dec 8 4t

NOTICE

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER,
 ORANGEBURG, S. C., December 7th 1877.
 The Community generally and Merchants especially, are warned, that from information before me, it appears that a large number of Counterfeit Fifty Cent Coins are in Circulation in the County, and any information leading to the detection of the guilty parties, and those who are knowingly and wilfully circulating same should be reported to J. H. Livingston U. S. Deputy Marshal, or to the undersigned,
 CHARLES BULL,
 U. S. Circuit Court Commissioner.
 dec 8 1t

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that on the 25th day of January, 1878, she will apply to the Judge of Probate of Orangeburg County for Letters of Dismissal upon the Estate of Rev. W. A. Houch, deceased.
 MARY M. HOUCH,
 Administratrix.
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 dec 8 4t



By its use, or its use, it may be said to be the best of all. It is a very difficult matter to cure the liver, but this medicine will do it. It is a very difficult matter to cure the liver, but this medicine will do it. It is a very difficult matter to cure the liver, but this medicine will do it.

For sale Wholesale and Retail by
 AUSTIN & CO.
 BOWIE & MOISE,
 Proprietors, Charleston, S. C.
 For sale by
 DR. A. C. DUKES,
 DR. J. G. WASSAMAKER,
 DR. A. S. HYDRICK.
 aug 11 6m.

W. F. ROBINSON,

SUCCESSOR TO
E. EZEKIEL.

Respectfully informs the citizens of this County that he has opened at the Store of Mr. Webb B. Phillips prepared to do all kind of work on
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry
 on the shortest notice. Charges reasonable. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Will also keep constantly on hand
Landreth's Garden Seeds,
 fresh and genuine. Give me a call.
 Persons having left work with the late E. Ezekiel will please call immediately for the same.
 The Stock on hand is offered below cost. The best make of Calendar Clocks at \$18
 oct 20 1y

The State of South Carolina,

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.
 By C. B. GLOVER, Esq., Probate Judge.
 WHEREAS, R. S. Gleaton hath made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of Thomas Gleaton.
 These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and Creditors of the said Thomas Gleaton, late of Orangeburg County deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Orangeburg, S. C., on the 8th of December next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.
 Given under my Hand, this 23d day of November, Anno Domini 1877.
 CHARLES B. GLOVER,
 Judge of Probate,
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TO RENT.

That large and commodious Brick Store, formerly occupied by Mr. C. B. Jones. For terms apply to
 MRS. M. E. MCNAMARA.
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entries were made on Wednesday &c., could have been started and am sorry that I was led to believe it, since there is no truth in it.
 P. B. D. is mistaken in thinking that I profess to represent W. C. Grange. I stated most positively that I have no connection with that Grange.
 There are some other points in P. B. D.'s article which I might notice, but I do not deem it necessary. I might comment on "one very heavy exhibition" which the O. Grange lost; who knows but that it was a wagon load of potatoes?
 Again, why attempt to make it appear as if I were trying to array W. C. Grange against O. Grange? The point at issue is not between the two Granges.
 Again, why say that the order ought to be frown down upon any one intermeddling, assuming the ground, that all the Grangers who stand at home, will fully endorse the course of the Directors, and are fully satisfied, when their representatives, only "seem to be reasonably satisfied" (*judges mine*.) If the Directors were ignorant of the dissatisfaction existing on the part of many of those who made entries, let them now be thankful that it has been brought to their notice, and that they have had an opportunity of showing that the dissatisfaction was (perfectly?) groundless. I repeat that I am glad to know that no entries were permitted on Wednesday. Believing that I have said enough on this subject, and that so far as I am concerned, it is finally disposed of, I subscribe myself,
 Yours &c.,
 NUFF SED.

[COMMUNICATED.]
 "Up a Gum."
 December 3rd 1877.
 Editor Orangeburg Times:

I noticed an article in your issue of December 1st, 1877, signed "Resident," in which he states that there are two bar-rooms at Midway. Of course "Resident" ought to know, and yet I am inclined to think that my statement is not so far from fact as one would suppose after reading "Resident's" article.
 I do not question his statement that there are two bar-rooms at (near) Midway, but unless I am laboring under a mistake, neither bar room is within the limits of the corporation. If I am in error, I hope "Resident" will show me how far I have erred in my statement.
 I believe Mr. Editor, that some of our towns would grow more rapidly, were it not for the quantity of whisky sold in them.

RAMBLER.

Legislative.

In the Senate Dec 1st, Mr. Crittenden introduced a bill for the protection of landholders leasing land for agricultural purposes.
 Mr. Cochran introduced a bill to provide for the election of county treasurers and auditors.
 In the House Mr. Curtis introduced a bill to prevent the wanton destruction of bird's nests, and to provide a penalty for same. Referred to committee on agriculture.
 Mr. Messie introduced a bill requiring liquor dealers to pay a special license. Referred to committee on ways and means.
 The report of the committee on privileges and elections on the case of Thomas Keitt the colored member from Newberry, confined in the jail of that county for bigamy, came up for consideration. Certified copies of the indictment against Keitt and of the findings of the grand and petit juries were read by the clerk. Mr. Blue's resolution that Keitt be expelled from the House then came up. The ayes and nays were called, and the resolution was adopted; 93 ayes, no nays. The colored members voted solidly "aye."
 Mr. Orr's resolution to expel T. B. Johnson, of Sumter, for being in contempt of the House, then came up, and was unanimously adopted.
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