Causes of the Rise in Gold.

The causes of the movement are not difficult to define, Ever since the panic, the rate of interest has been so low and the caution among investors so decided that an unusual preference has been given to government securities both by private individuals and financial institutious. Prices of bonds have thus been kept above the European quotations, which have been depressed by the unsettled condition of the London and continental money markets, and United States securities have, from this cause, been steadily flowing home for several months past. The amounts of bonds thus returned must have been very large. The reflux is by no means at its height just now, and yet, last week, one lot of new fives of \$700,000 was raceived, and the week previous one parcel of \$600,000 of the same class of bonds arrived. Besides this class of securities, some considerable amounts of railroad bonds have been returned from Germany. This reflux of investments has kept exchange high at the time when rates are usually the lowest, and we have had to send out possibly \$25,000,000 more of gold than we otherwise should, to pay for securities which we had regarded as having found a per-

manent resting place in other countries. Such a movemennt would hardly have been deemed possible in anticipation; and its occurrence opens our eyes to a new source of uncertainty in the exchanges. At present, we see no symptoms of its early cessation. The enormous issues of obligations made by France have caused a continuous shifting of securities ever since. The European investment markets have been and still are unsettled, and possibly also are overcrowded with issues in the hands of negotiators and seeking a final resting place among investors. And yet the coinage operations of Germany and the singular accumulation of specie in the bank of France are causing an unsettled feeling in the great money markets which is calculated to force seourities on the markets. Just now, Paris is negotiating a loan of \$50,000,-000, the making room for which is likely to cause some other investments to be parted with. So long, therefore, as the market rate for money continues here 1s2 per cent. above the quotations in the European markets, it would seem that we must stand exposed to this return of securities. The prospect is not a welcome one; for it implies a further outflow of specie, with consequent fluctuations in the gold premium and in values generally, which are anything but wholesome in their effects on business .- N. Y. Bulletin.

### Labor and Crops in Egypt.

An Egyptian laborer is considered to have done a good day's work when he picks from fifteen to eighteen pounds usually picked fifty pounds in the same time. The constant use of the stick and bastinado is necessary to keep at work the fellahdeen in the khedives estates. This fact may, however, be due to other reasons than mere physical infirmity. The immediate labor of about fifteen persons out of every one hundred in the United States, produces more than enough food for all; whereas in Egypt the same result calls for the immediate labor of at least three times is greatly inferior in quantity, quality and variety. Rice and maize used to be largely cultivated in Egypt, but the government ordered wheat to be planted in their stead, and the latter became the principal exporting crop. It was grown one year after another until nature gave out, and the grain grew so poor that it could scarcely find a market. That which found its way to Eog land could only be used in distilleries. The American war, occurring at this juncture, the government prohibited the cultivation of wheat, and nominated cotton in its place. The culture of this staple was pursued until the fall of was superseded by sugar, which is the the annoyance and humiliation of hav-present favorite. The exports from ing it peddled out to them from New Alexandria, the shipping port of the country, furnish a close guide to the fluctuations in the product of these articles, occasioned by this capricious, ruinous and sometimes fatal policy. These facts are sufficient to prove that there need be no fear of successful rivalry in wheat raising on the part of Egypt. Her wheat crop will take the wings of the wind just as did her boasted crop of cotton. Free and intelligent labor will always come out ahead.

### A Relie of Washington.

An interesting relic of the early days of George Washington has been forwarded to the New York University for the state library. The relic dates back to the time when Gen'l. Washington was but a laud surveyor, and consists of a map of 386; acres of land, situated in Augusta county Virginia, and a certificate setting forth that the same had been surveyed. Both the map and corton, and are models of neatness. The certificate is signed "G. Washington," and is dated November 7, 1749-the the initials "S. C. C.," which stands his adversary,

for surveyor to the county courts. 'The document is in a remarkably good state of preservation, and is inclosed in a stout metallic frame, and protected by glass. The New York state library al ready contains the surveying implements used by Washington, and this addition will materially increase the interest attached to the collection.

A Very Bad Story About Cuba. The London Times publishes the following extract from a letter received from one of the secretaries of the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society: "In Caba we are very bad. We are told that four cargoes of native Africans have recently been brought into the island. The most determined supporters of slavery now occupy the most prominent positions in the government of the island. Senor Zulueta is governor of Havana. The notorious champion of slavery, M. Calvo, is in a position of great influence, and the government has forgotten that the Cortes and the people of Spain have ever decided that slavery should be abolished; slavery, therefore, is as triumphant as ever. The slave-holders of Cuba, are, however, disturbed that they can no longer import Chinese coolies without limit, in consequence of the course taken by the emperor of Cuba. They now want to supplement this by another evil, and that is the importation of coolies from Cochin China. I fear that the future of Cuba will be that of San Domingo. The Spanish troops and the volunteers cannot put down the insurgents, and they cannot drive the Cuban party out of the island. The ranks of the insurrectionists are full of negroes and Chinese. They are near Cienfuegos, where are so many slaves and slave estates. Our financial situation is dreadful. Some English papers appear to think that this war is on a political domination, but this is a mistake. The cause lies far deeper than this-civilization in its widest sense is involved. Other nations cannot rest indifferent to it. The British nation, having treaty rights, which are violated, are especially bound to interfere for the emancipation of slaves. You, the British people, have been the standard-bearers of free-

### A Fierce Telegraphic War.

do much good."

dom, and it is your duty and honor to

interfere. It is now in your power to

The warfare new about commencing between the powerful combination known as the Western Union and the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph company, is of real importance. All that the public cares to know is whether the final result will cheapen telegraphy, and which ever method does will probably win the suffrage. In the meantime, the young opposition have succeeded in getting possession of the Erie, of cotton. The American negro slaves Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio roads and their connections, and as these roads own the poles along their routes, they can exclude the wires of the Western Union, and it is understood they will.

They have also secured the control of the new inventions, by the use of which telegraphy is to be enormously reduced in cost. Among these are the American automatic instruments, Wheatstone's English automatic machine, and, owing to a misunderstanding which has arisen as many persons, while the result itself | with the Western Union, the most important of all—the celebrated quadru plex invention which sends at one time two messages each way upon one wire, and which received high praise from Mr. William Orton, the president of the Western Union, in his last report.

It is especially interesting to press people to know that the associated press monopoly is at last threatened in a manner that looks like business. There is shortly to be a meeting called in Cleveland or Cincinnati by Mr. Medill, of the Chicago Tribune, for the purpose of forming a national press association, which will place the great papers of other cities on an independent prices occurred after the war, when it footing with regard to news, and save ing it peddled out to them from New

### Bores.

There is probably no one who could not tell you volumes of experiences and sufferings from the persistency of bores, although every one's idea of them varies. The man who replied, when aske I what a bore was, "A fellow who talks about himself when you want to talk about yourself," made the most comprehensive classification of the kind yet imagined, and they all, with slight variations, come under this heading, for if they do not talk about themselves it is about some hobby of their own that they hold forth. There is the scientific bore, "On man and his functions he talks with a smile." I never meet one of these that I do not remember the snub administered to a person of this description by one of the most prominent and wittlest of New Yor's diners out. The bore having buttonholed him, was pouring forth his theotificate are from the pen of Washing- ries, and ended with the assertion that the oyster was the equal of a man. "I hold," said Mr. -, "that it is the supe. rior, for an oyster sometimes shuts up,' surveyor being then in his seventcentil with which extinguisher he gently disyear. After Washington's name appear engaged himself from the clutches of

#### A Brilliant Assemblage.

According to Lucy Hooper, the recent grand official ball at the Elysee, in Paris, was as noted for its magnificent display of diamonds and dress as for the absence from it of beautiful women. Diamonds were as pleutiful as pebbles on the seashore, but not one really beautiful woman was present. There were magnificent dresses, all lace and velvet and rich embroidery; there were poetic dresses, all shimmering green, with water lilies, or silvery gauze with moonlight effects of cloudy drapery, or snowy white adorned with soft fringes of lilies of the valley; there were costume-like dresses that hinted of Joan of Are, of Marie de Medicis, or Mme. de Pompadour; there were some fine eyes, fine shoulders and graceful figures. but as for striking loveliness of the ladies there was none of it. The woman who did not have on a diamond necklace did not look exactly in full dress. One lady, a Russian princess, wore magnificent emeralds, the center stone of a brouch she wore being one huge round emerald, cut without facets, and about the size of an English walnut. Attached to this brooch, in the guise of a pendant, hung a pear-shaped emerald corresponding in dimensions. A coronet made up the ornaments of this muchjeweled lady. President MacMahon's wife appeared in a dress of silver-frosted azure tulle, caught up in front en tablier, with a wreath of water lilies, over a skirt of light blue silk, bordered with a deep plaited flounce. The corsage was ornamented with silver lace and water lilies. In her hair she wore a spray of water lilies and a bandeau of silver-frosted tulle, confined by a tiara of diamonds, and around her neck was clasped a diamond necklace. As to the gentlemen, they were almost as well worth looking at as the ladies, in their uniforms blazing with stars, crosses and gol I lace.

#### French Manners.

A writer says : "The French are said to be the politest people in the world, and in some respects they are so. Their politeness may be only skin deep; it may be only a stilted etiquette, without heartfelt emotion. But, on the whole, it is better than studied indifference and rough incivility. If not absolutely sincere, it has the external appearance of being so, and saves the feelings from a sense of outrage. A Frenchman always takes off his hat on entering a shop or an omnibus or any other conveyance. He is expected always to bow first to a lady of his acquaintance: it would be thought quite out of place for a lady to take the initiative. On entering a drawing-room French people bow to every one who may be in the room, whether they are acquainted with them or not. The omission of these trifling civilities by the English causes them to be considered rude and boorish. The line of demarcation between different classes of than in England. Servants consider themselves pretty nearly upon an equality with their masters and mistresses, and their manners are marked by a free and easy coolness, which would be considered the height of impertinence in Eugland. They wish you 'good-morning' and 'good-night,' as a friend might' do, and expect to be thanked whenever man of every class touches his hat to the servant who opens the door for him, The lower classes in France live much more frugally and inexpensively than people of the same rank in Eugland. Soup and bouilli form the usual dinner and supper of the upper class of farmers, workmen, and servants in French families. The richer farmers have the pot au feu every day, others only once or twice a week, and live on bread and soups aux choux on the other days, with a relish of cheese, salt fish, and some times butter."

### Wives.

What the true man wants with a wife is her companionship, sympathy, and love. The way of life has many dreary places in it, and man needs a companion to go with him. A man is sometimes overtaken by misfortunes; he meets with failure or defeat ; trials and temptations beset him, and he needs one to stand by and sympathise. He has some hard battles to fight with poverty, ene mies, and with sin; and he needs a woman that when he puts his arms around her, he feels that he has something to fight for; she will help him to fight; fliat will put her lips to his ear and whisper words of counsel, and her hand

robbed of many thousands of dollars by having its ships repaired at that

### Endurance of Eastern Horses.

Australian horses, unprepared, unshod, and uncared for, are in the constant bubit of performing forty, fifty, or even sixty miles a day, when on a journey over rough roads or through the wild native bush, without even a track. There food consists of what they can pick up for themselves, in many cases when tethered to prevent their straying, and their grooming in having the rough mud rubbed off with a bunch of grass; but they have at least one advantage over poor Caradoo in being allowed to rest and ease their limbs in whatever manner they choose during the night. It is stated on the authority of Abd-el-Kader, that Arab horses will travel for three or four months at the rate of fifty miles a day without showing fatigue, and are capable of doing 150 miles in a single day during the journey, if treated with care, and quietly ridden the next. Some years ago an Arab, only four hands one inch high, was ridden in India 400 miles in five days for a bet; and its owner offered to repeat the feat after one day's of emeralds and diamonds, interspersed rest. This offer, however was not acwith pendant pear shaped emeralds, | cepted, as the game little horse won the match the first time with the greatest

#### The Ball Bouquet.

A St. Louis fashion-writer paragraphs the ball bouquet of the period. It is of long-stemmed flowers loosely yet most artistically put together; and is made up of but two or three kinds of flowers, that must not only match the floral garniture of the dress with which they are worn, but must also be of odors that do not conflict. For instance with dress of white gauze fringed with lilies-of-the valley, the hand bouquet is of real lillies-of-the-valley, pink rosebuds and glossy green smilax; with a pinkish yellow, salmon silk dress the round bouquet is half of tea-roses and others of pink buds. Sometimes the entire bouquet is of double violets, with a smilax wreath; deep red Aggripina roses are alternated with pale yellow hues, and so on. Violets and geraniums neutralize their odors. Heliotrope and pink rose-buds blend well, both in color and perfume.

What an Alaska Squaw is Worth The Hoona tribe of Indians, a few weeks ago, sent a deputation of wellarmed warriors to Sitka to treat with them for the full value of a certain demised squaw of the Hoona tribe, whose existence a Sitka buck a few months b, fore had, by the accidental discharge of his gun, cut short. The council was held on the beach at Indian town, a few yards from the commanding officer's house. After arguing for and against, the cash value of the defunct lady of Hoons descent was found to be 1,000 yards of calico, four camphor-wood society is less strongly defined in France | boxes, fourteen muskets and sixty blankets. Terms cash. The succeeding night was then devoted to a universal spree in the Indian town in honor of

> First Lovely Being (to clever pianist, after performance): "O, how charming, Herr La Bemoiski! There's such color in your Fortissimoes!" Second Lovely in your Fortissimoes! Second Lovely Being: "Such roundness of modeling in your Pianissimoes!!" Third Lovely Being: "Such perspective in your Crescendoes!!!" Fourth Lovely Being: "Such chiaroscure in your D.minuendoes!!!! "Fifth Lovely Being: "Su.h anatomy in your Legatoes [1111] etc., etc., etc., etc. Olever is pianist bewildered, but not displeased.—Punch

To the Suffering -An old retired hysician, who is candid enough to tell the truth about progress, has declared that the recent discovery by Dr. Walker, of California, of his herb remedy Vinegar Bitters, is one of the most important in medicine. He has tested them thoroughly, in his own family, among his friends, and upon himself; and he is driven to the conclusion that they possess rare and unexcelled cura-tive properties. He says of them: "They contain no dangerous drug! They never reduce the patient—never render one liable to take cold—never interfere with the every-day business of life-never make their continuous use a condition of cure, and are adapted to even the most delicate organization. They act as kindly on the tender infant, the delicate female, or infirm old age, as on the vigorous and athletic system; exercising healthful effects upon every blood vessel—on the brain, nerves and lymphatics—on the blood, bile, gastric juice, etc., enriching im-poverished fluids, and imparting vigor to mind and body."

### Poisoned to Death.

A healthy liver secretes each day about two and a half pounds of bile, which centains a whisper words of counsel, and her hand to his heart, and impart inspiration.

All through life, through storm and through sunshine, conflict and victory, through adverse and favoring winds, man needs a woman's love. The heart yearns for it. A sister's or a mother's love will hardly supply the need.

Notes.—The commission sent out by the navy department to examine into and report upon the character, cost, etc., of the work done upon visels at Rio Janeiro as compared with the same in the United states has returned to this country. Eaormonsly excessive charges are made at Rio Janeiro for work and materials, and it will appear that the United States government has been outrageously imposed upon and

other eruptions, sores, boils, carbuncles and scrofulous tumors. The stomach, bowels, and other organs spoken of, cannot escape becoming affected, sconer or later, and costiveness, piles, dropsy, dyspepsia, diarrhita, female weakness, and many other forms of chronic disease, are among the necessary results. As a remedy for all these manifestations of disease, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with small daily doses of his Pleasant Purgativo Pellets are positively unequalled. By them the liver and stomach are changed to an active and healthy state, the appetite regulated and restored, the blood and storetions thoroughly purified and chriched, and the whole system renovated and built up anow. Sold by all first class druggists and dealers in medicine.

JUST CAUSE FOR BEING ALARMED !-When a cough has been running for a long time, and you begin to feel a pain setting in upon your lungs, attended with tightness across the chest, it is high time that you should awaken to the danger of your disease, which is fast running into fatal consumption. Now before it is too late use Allen's Lung Balsam, which will cure the disease, and all will he wall with yet.

e well with yeu. For sale by all medicine dealers.

If congress had employed as much scientific skill in the arrangement of its "Reconstruction Policy" at the close, as the War Department did in the beginning of the war, in arranging for the manufacture of what was called Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders for the use of the Cavalry horses, no doubt the Union would have been restored long ago. Exchange.

We noticed in one of our exchanges this week the statement of Dea. John Hodgkins, of South Jefferson, Me., whose son was cured of incipient consumption by the use of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. We refer to this at this time as tending to corroborate the statement we made last week in relation to this Liniment as applied to consumption.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE. - All nervous disorders, chronic diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomache, kidneys and blood, aches and pains, nervous and general devility, etc., quickly cured after drugs fail by wearing Yolta Electro Belts and Bands. Valuable book free, by Voita Belt Co., Cincinnati, Ohlo.

Go To Biverside Water Cure, Hamilton, IL

A Beautiful Head of Hair, Whiskers Moustache are ornaments desired by all. Use Tutt's Heir Dye and you will possess them.

Patent Noveltles. Largest Stationery package in the world Felton & Co., 119 Passau St., N., Y \$10 to \$35 PER DAY—Send for "Chromo Catalogue, J. H. BUFF) a D's BONE, Boston

\$200 a month to agents everywhere. Address Excelsion M'r's Co., Buchanan, Mich. \$15 2 \$20 per day at home. Terms free. Address

A MERICAN Gold Plating Pluid; resists acid no battery required Send stamp for circular M. JOSLYN, Crisman, Porter county, Indiana

A GENTS WANTED-Men and women \$4 's week or \$105 forfeited. The secret free. Write at once to COWEN & CO., 5th street, New York

OLTS 7-Shooter \$5 on trial. Order Revolve s watches, lewelry, etc. less than cost on selection. Lowest prices free. W. W. Wilkison, Milan, Tenn MONEY made rapidly with Stencil and Key Check outfits, Catalogue, samples and full particulars free. S. M. SPENCER, 117 Hanover-st. Bost'n.

All address E. R. Cochrau, Middletown. Dela-ware, for free catalogue of choicest peach tress, small fruits, etc. Bottom prices.

25 PER DAY commission or \$30 a wee pay it. Apply now. G. Webber&Co, Marlon C. MAM moth corn (12 feet high); 156 bushels per f. FRENCH, Clyce, New York

Constant: Employment.—At home, maie or female \$30 a week warranted. No capital required. Par liculars and valuable samples sent free. Address with 6c return stamp, C. Ross, William-burgh, N. Y

A DVERTISERS! Send 35 cts. to Gro. P. Row ELL & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y., for their Pam phiet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3,000 news papers, and estimates showing cost of advertisis

EPILIPSY or FiTS cured by the use of Dr. Ross Epileptic Remedies. Trial package FARK. For circulars, evidence of suc-cess, etc., address Ross BRO9 HERS, Richmond, Ind.

\$250 A MONTH.—Agents wented every where Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free, Address WORTH & CO, St. Louis, Mo.

THIS paper is printed with 1nk furnished by Charles Eneu Johnson & Co. 169 So. 10th St. Philadelphia, and 59 Gold Street New York. For lale in 10 and 23 b. cans by SOUTHERN NEWS PAPER UNION, Nashville: Tenn.

AGENTS WANTED For the fastest sellli hed. Send for specimen pages and our extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio, or Memphis. Tenn. RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, PISTOIS REVOLVERS, Of any and every kind. Send stamp of for Catalogue. Address Great Western Gua and Pistel Works, PITTE BUE GH, CA.

Moeker's Painless Opium Care! cossful remedy of the present day. Send for Paper on Opium Eating. P.O. Box 475, LAPORTE, IND.

THA choicest in the world-Importers' prices—
choicest in the world-Importers' prices—
largest company in America—staple article—
pleases everybody—trade increa ing—best inducements—don'; waste time—send for circular to
Robert Wells, 43 Vecey St., N. Y.; P. O. Bex 1287.

## ADVERTISERS.

The American Newspaper Union number over 1,600 papers, separated into seven subdivisions. For separate lists and cost of advertising address B. P. SANBORN, 114 Monroe St., Chicago

WE will send 6 varieties rure Plowers skeps (your choice from our Catalogue,) for 25 cis. All true to hame and warranted. 30 for 41. Send 19 cts, for a package of our Newest Dwarf Hougiet Astronomy of the Catalogue of Domestic and Imported Steds for 1875. Address DONNELLY & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

# SENT FREE

A Book exposing the mysteries of WALL, offined how any one may operate suc-WALL, officessfully with a capital of 250 or \$1000. Complete invitations and illustrations to buy address TUMBRIDGE & CD. BANKERS and BROKERS 2 Wall street, New York.

Seed Time Cometh! Our Flower and Kitchen Garden Illustrated Directory 1: 1875 (the trenty-second Eduton), with supplement of Novelties and specialties in SEEDS and other Garden requisite for the Nearon, is now being sent to all customers of la tyear—and will be sent to others FREE on application. Address D. T. (URFIS & CO; Boston, Mas.



Tols new Truss is worn with perfect comfort, night and day. Adapts likelf to every motion of the body, setaising Rupture under the hardest exercise or severe tstrain until permanently cured. Bold cheap by the

Elastic Truss Co., 68c Broadway, New York City. Sent by mail. Call or send for circular and be cured.

# FAVORITES FAMILY FAVORITE. The Title MANUFACTURERS FAVORITE. Indicate GENERAL FAVORITE. Por full information legiciting our Goods, or A encies for same, address WEED SEWEAR MA-CHIAS COMPANY at Hartford Connectiont, or our Branch Offices in leading Cities,

\$20 Daily to Agents. So new articles and the best Family Paper in America, with two to chromos, free. Am M'r'g Ce-300 Ercacway, N.Y.



tive herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unpuralleled success of VINEGAR BIT-TERS?" Our answer is, that they remove TERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system Never before in the bistory of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of Vinkoan Bittins in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Billous Diseases.

The properties of Dr. Walken's
Ingar Bittens are Aperient, Disphofetic,
Jarninative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic,
Jarninative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic,
Jedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alteratice, and Anti-Rillans.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California,
and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Solid by all Druggists and Dealers.

# Waukesha Water MINERAL ROCK SPRING.

ares Dropsy. Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Constipatio tavel: Jaund'ee, Bright's, Disease, Scroinl ever. Sors, Femine Weakness in all its form I Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver. PRICE—Barrels, \$12; half do, \$7; cans jugs, den hus and b. tile. So cis per gallon; packages e a. Money must accompany the order. Ser amp for our book of 32 pages, glying description the above disease.

C. C. OLIN & CO., Wankesha. Wis.

WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS







HOME OUR NEW CATALOGUE, 188 pages, containing the greatest variety of Garden and Flower SEEDS Family Gardens, Amateurs and Flowing SEEDS Family Gardens, Amateurs and Florists, sent free to all who apply



DR. WHITTIER No. 617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.