

To change Contract Advertisements, notice must be given before Monday noon.

Our friends wishing to have advertisements inserted in the TIMES, must hand them in by Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of one dollar and a half per square for the first insertion, and one dollar per square for each subsequent insertion.

Liberal terms made with those who desire to advertise for three, six or twelve months. Marriage notices and Obituaries charged for at advertising rates.

Henceforth, all Legal Advertisements, of County Interest, whether notices or others, will be published for the benefit of our readers, whether they are paid for or not.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT: HORACE GREELEY, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: B. GRATZ BROWN, OF MISSOURI.

When Sherman burnt the city of Columbia and laid it in ashes, the Bostonians celebrated the event with carillon.

Who shoots now?

The election has passed, and what a great many have been trying to gainsay, against what they could not but anticipate, has happened. Grant has carried the day, not only in those places which his clients claimed for him, but also in many parts of the country where the friends of good government had boldly hoped that bribery, corruption and intimidation, together with the other ordinary paraphernalia of a Republican election, had not seethed with its corruption.

Our friends may as well stare the fact in the face, that Northern sympathy for Southern misfortunes is humbug; that Greeley, the Republican betrayer of the South, the hater of her institutions, the slanderer of Democracy, supported, endorsed, recommended by Shurz and Brown, has been repudiated by rampant radicalism, North and South, when chosen as a banner bearer by an outraged, down-trodden people in search for relief from the death clutches of robbery and tyranny.

Without friends, without fortune, the Southern people stand amid the ruins of past glory, monuments of the rottenness of a Republican profession of friendship. We have but ourselves as friends, and henceforth we hope that the Southern people, as a people, will take their redemption in their own hands, discarding all dependence upon Christian representation of Northern sympathy.

It would indeed be passing strange if Northern men, the ethics of whose every instinct was radically opposed to ours, could ever be in sympathy with us, except on a purely Christian basis of charity. No doubt many of them individually have at times felt disposed, cheerfully to send us ten dollars through a missionary. But the masses of them have always claimed the supreme control of the nation; been jealous of any intellect emanating from this section; gregarious in their ideas and isms, while if their is any one thing peculiar to Southern character, it is individuality of opinion. We are each the personification of what a Yankee hates. Let us then work out our own problem of redemption, which we are certainly manly enough to do, whether we have one President or another whether we be Democratic or Republican or whether we live in the United States or under the Union with the banner of Stripes. Watch then and wait. Put your trust in God and your right arms. The day of our darkness will certainly have an end, for the age of corruption will work out its own to mortification. We have wise men and true, whom God

in his own time will furnish us opportunely. It is no longer a question of policy; it is a sore trial of our faith in ourselves. Do you trust? If so, stand to it and fail not.

Communication.

Mr. Editor: Now that the tide of charitable designs and purposes has fairly set in, and our people are rushing with such frantic haste to aid poor suffering Boston, and rebuild that now Jerusalem with its religions, Temples and superb Palaces, I hail you so recently while each man, woman and child is contributing his or her last mite to this great end, permit me to suggest a plan of grand and comprehensive charity, which will not only rebuild the ruined city; but (if it be needfully entirely repeated) Plymouth Rock. My idea is that every "carpet-bagger" in this State, and in the other Southern States, should instantly take up his carpet-bag, and go to Boston's aid. (He need not come back after his work is completed.) He should feel this to be his imperative and sacred duty. And while the big heart of the people is now overflowing with such earnest desire to assist an afflicted city, I am sure the State of South Carolina, for one, would willingly consent that every "carpet-bagger" go on at once to help. I will undertake to pledge this State at least; and I would even go far enough to say I don't believe a single Southern State would put the slightest straw in the way of any one desiring to go and participate in this noble work. Nay! to show her sincere anxiety to assist, I believe this State would even contribute funds to enable them to go. Let them go then! And I will say further that should they deem additional aid necessary, I feel authorized to give them the pick of the "scallwags" also. Well, I'll not stand on trifles, carry all! Should any of these carpet-baggers have left their country for their country's good, and not entirely for the good of this State; it may be as well to say to such, that it will not be imperatively and absolutely necessary on their return trip to pass in the neighborhood of Sing-Sing, or Blackwell's Island. They can go round. Let them go at once! And may the ghosts of the Pilgrim Fathers guard them on their pilgrimage, and carry them safe to their destination, where they can say, "Lo! South Carolina hath sent us as her mite in aid of the good cause!"

VIZLEY.

OUR CHARLESTON LETTER.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 8th, 1872.

All other topics of interest in this city have sunk into insignificance before the momentous one of the great horse disease, and whether or not we have it in our midst, is a question of quite as much importance as the query concerning the Bourbon was to France. The gradual and steady move of the malady Southward has been watched with equal interest by the owners and employers of horse and mule power in the city, and every unusual symptom of equine disorder is readily conjured by the owner of the animal afflicted into a plain case of the famous epilyptic influenza, or whichever of the barbarous, unpronounceable names the ingenuity of the newspaper fraternity has invented for the occasion. Certain it is that a greater amount of sickness now prevails among the solid hooved animals of the city than has ever been known at any other season, and in most cases the diagnostics are those of the great epidemic, to wit: Weakness of the eyes, a hard cough, and running from the nostrils. Nearly all of the horses belonging to the United States artillery company, stationed at the Citadel, have been affected in this manner, and several men in the drayage business have a large proportion of their animals in the same condition. The invalids are being treated for common colds, to which the new disease is said to bear a marked resemblance, and are generally doing well, one fatal case having thus far been reported. Combating the idea of the epidemic, several large dealers in mules and horses assert that there is nothing unusual in the animals being affected with colds at this season; and under this insignificant head they have classed one or two confirmed cases of the epidemic which have been brought under their notice. The cry, however, comes from all parts of the city and is too general to be a false alarm. The street railway horses are being attacked by the malady, and before long we expect to undergo the full rigor of the disease. All are preparing for it, and as

it is not generally fatal Charleston will probably come out with a little inconvenience as well as any of the great Northern cities.

A less propitious season for its advent, however, could not have been selected than the present month. The city is just throwing off the burthen induced by the inaction of the summer months, and business has revived in every department with an energy which has checked the hearts of every well-wisher of the old city by the sea. At the hotels the arrivals from the country are gradually swelling into prosperous proportions; and the line of railroads daily discharges heavy freights of cotton and grain, betokening a successful season for the merchants and planters. On Saturday week over 2,000 bales of cotton were brought to town by the South Carolina and Northeastern Railroads alone. As a consequence, trade is brisk, the merchants are doing a heavy business, and piled up piles of goods block the sidewalks, and heavily laden drays throng the streets along the business thoroughfares. Imagine Charleston without the peculiar music of its old-fashioned clattering drays, and you will see at once to what a stand still we will come to, should the hippozymosis rush down upon us with all the virulence which has characterized it in New York and other cities, and that, too, before the Enterprise street railroad has been put in working order.

The majestic equanimity of this city was considerably shocked last Thursday by the introduction of Standard time, which disclosed the fact that Charleston had been living about twenty minutes behind the rest of the world for some time past. On that day the bands of our most prominent time pieces were duly advanced, and we are now on a par with Washington and other cities in this respect. The value of Common Time Standard throughout the country commends itself at once to all business men; and we must regret that it is our fault that we have lagged behind, as time and tide wait for nobody—not even Charlestonians.

Saturday witnessed the first arrival of new timber in this city, consigned to Mr. E. L. Halsey, and consisting of yellow pine, in all 500 sticks averaging from 800 to 1,000 feet per stick. Let your country subscribers be up and doing, and see that the Edisto River country does not fall behind this season in this branch of industry which is fast growing to huge proportions in this city. A. B. S.

Our Columbia Letter.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 11th, 1872.

A wet, gloomy, dreary series of days, ushered in by the finale of the Fair, scarcely fits your correspondent for the cheerful, gossipy letter which he had intended to lay before the readers of the "Times." Nevertheless, may he trust they will kindly consider the "angustures" of circumstance, and the depressing condition of that good old stand-by—the weather. The Fair closed with the usual amount of dissatisfaction entailed by parties who viewed things with a prejudiced eye, but on the whole, might safely be termed, a success. As the city now stands, only a few of the visitors are left.

No doubt, influenced by the attraction of John Robinson's Circus, which presents, in the language of the show bill, "A startling combination of the classic, mediæval and present age," the regret is sincere that the citizens of Orangeburg will be deprived the pleasure of seeing the mammoth show which, under innumerable canopies, exhibits everything in animated nature, from every quarter of the globe. Old John Robinson opened to day with a menagerie complete in every detail, and a circus which, in its perfection of tumbling, riding, acrobatic feats, and saw-dust exercise fondly recalled the days—now long since gone—when your correspondent thought a circus was but another name for paradise, and John Robinson the Peter who held the keys. It is a matter of regret that Orangeburg is not in the route of travel of this excellent exhibition, for in every respect it presents a complete and perfect entertainment.

The Harry Watkin's Theatrical troupe have just left us, having added new laurels to their old established reputation. Politics are scarcely mentioned in Columbia. Greeley's astounding defeat has left the wise men only in feeble conjecture as to what may be the course of Grant in the future—one party uttering the most glowing forebodings as to his reign, and the other sanguine that under his firm and tender hand a millennium shall dawn upon the unhappy sons of the South.

To vary the record of this eventful past week, we have had a highway robbery, perpetrated upon the person of one of our most respected citizens (Mr. Jos. Newman,) who was assaulted upon the confines of the city by a negro, and was severely beaten, and plundered. Burglars have appeared, too, in our midst, a few nights since a house in the city being entered and robbed. Our local press reproaches very severely the gambling allowed upon the fair grounds, and the "Union" hints with gratitude the fact that the ten-cent card throwers, three card monte dealers and cheap gamboliers have left Columbia for more congenial climes. We judge it was a shame, and a crying evil that these "chevaliers" of industry were suffered to ply their unholy trade upon the grounds, and that upon the most public portion of the premises. Let us hope it will never be reproached again.

Speculation is rife as to the future course of Moses—all unite in thinking that he has a glorious opportunity of redeeming the past. His supporters and satellites confidently assert that in the brilliant course which he will adopt, a political messiah will be born to South Carolina; and that in the blaze of his future splendor, his past black record will be obliterated.

Alas that there should be a converse to the proposition; there are those of whom your humble servant is a constituent, who think that the empty pockets (for it is whispered that the prodigality of Franklin J. has been hard on his bank account) of the Governor elect, will bid him listen kindly to whispers of the ring, bid him see light in legalizing certificates, or bid him be gentle with schemes which bear the ominous word Taxation. It lies in the womb of time. He may turn out a savior, a "rara avis;" but there are skeptics whose name is legion, who think that F. J. will remain true to his nature.

The horse malady is here, as yet with no fatal result. And 'tis anticipated that 'twill be easily controlled. The protest of the Charleston election is being argued before the commissioners, exciting some interest—undecided and continued over.

Two convicts who, oblivious of the kindness of General Steilbrand, surreptitiously left their quarters, were to-day recaptured and restored to the hospitality of the Penitentiary.

Your correspondent has endeavored in this miscellany of a letter out of measure, and with limited time, to provide something for the readers of the Times. He is aware of how far it falls short, and begs they will believe he will try for a better result another time.

THE ELECTION.

STATE OFFICERS ELECTED

The following is a list of the State officers elected last Wednesday to serve for the next two years: Governor—Franklin J. Moses, Jr. Lieutenant-Governor—Richard H. Gleaves, colored. Attorney-General—Samuel W. Melton. Secretary of State—Henry E. Hayne, colored. State Treasurer—Francis L. Cardozo colored. Comptroller-General—Solomon L. Hoge. Superintendent of Education—Justin K. Jillson. Adjutant General—Henry W. Purvis colored.

COUNTY ADVERTISEMENT

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Application will be made to the General Assembly at its next Session for a Revival of the Charters of "Pine Grove Church," and "Trinity Church" under the jurisdiction of the "Evangelical Lutheran Synod of South Carolina and adjacent States."

NOTICE.

UNDER FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE. Worton & Steadman in liquidation ) vs Estate W. B. Matheney, ) We will sell at Public Auction, on Saturday in December, 1872, during the usual hours of sale, at Orangeburg, C. H., the following tract of land, belonging to W. B. Matheney, dec'd. 100 acres of land, more or less, bounded south by the Orangeburg Road, north by lands of James Laird, east by lands of Mrs. Charlotte Gerick, and west by lands of John J. Walker. Terms cash, Purchaser to pay for all necessary Papers.

NOTICE. OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

ORANGEBURG COUNTY S. C., November 8th, 1872. Notice is hereby given to all parties having Claims in the Office of County Commissioners for which orders have not been drawn to call at said Office on Saturday Nov. 9th, and on Saturday Nov. 16th, 1872, to receive said orders. By order of the Board. JAMES VAN TASSEL, Clerk.

Notice of Dismissal.

Notice is hereby given that I will on the 11th day of December next, file my final account with the Honorable Judge of Probate for Orangeburg County, as Administrator of Dr. Wm. A. Cooper and ask for Letters of Dismissal. J. S. C. HUFFMAN, Administrator.

Notice.

All persons having demands against the Estate of the late John Gramlin will render them duly attested to the subscribers, and those indebted, will make payment to Messrs. Glover & Glever, Attorneys at Law, or to IRVIN J. DUKES, FRED. H. GRAMLING, L. E. GRAMLING, Administrators. Orangeburg, S. C. Nov. 9th, 1872.

PUBLIC SALE.

P. P. Jennings, Adm'r of Est. of Jno. T. Jennings, vs P. Felder and others, Creditors and heirs of J. T. Jennings. Under an order in the Common Pleas in this case, there will be sold at Walterboro, by the Sheriff of Colleton, on the first Monday in December next, for one-half (1/2) cash, the other half to be at the option of the purchaser also cash or a credit of one year, secured by bond and mortgage executed to the Referee in this case; the bonds with interest from date. Purchasers paying for Papers and Recording. 1. That large body of timbered land in Colleton County, being all the land of which J. T. Jennings, died seized in that County, containing as is supposed about twenty five thousand acres. These lands include a good deal of well timbered, as well as farming land and great facilities for market by the Edisto River. There is a Dwelling and other buildings on the land. 11. On the same day and at the same place for cash four (4) Steam Saw Mills in good running order. 111. On the same day at Orangeburg by the Sheriff of that County, and the terms prescribed for the Colleton Land, a tract of twenty five hundred (2500) acres, lying at the Junction of the north and South Edisto, and bounded by them at the south, north by lands of M. Murphy David Murphy and Mrs. A. He, east by J. T. S. Tucker and M. Jennings, and west by E. Smoke and Jno. Esterlin. On the place there is a large and handsome Dwelling house and all the outbuildings usual on a well settled plantation—the lands first class cotton and provision. 2. An tract of two hundred (200) acres of good Farming Land in the same neighborhood, bounded by lands of J. D. Lockley, S. Bibbe, Jno. Esterlin and Geo. Kirtrel. M. GLOVER, Referee. Nov. 7, 2872.

Sheriff's Sales.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. ORANGEBURG COUNTY IN COMMON PLEAS Elizabeth B. Barnett as Adm'x of Estate of G. W. Barnett, dec'd, and as Adm'x de bonis non of Est. of Robt. J. Carson, dec'd, Plaintiff vs Amelia D. Carson, Lewis A. Carson, Mary E. Barnett, and James E. Vice, Defendants. By virtue of an order made in the above entitled action, I will sell at Orangeburg, C. H., on the 24 day of December next, being the first Monday of the month, during the legal hours of sale, the remainder in the Homestead and Dower of Elizabeth B. Barnett, in the following tracts or parcels of land, situated in the county and state aforesaid, on the State Road, a short distance below the Two-Chop Road, being the Real Estate of which the said G. W. Barnett, died seized, containing three hundred and two (302) acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of Elizabeth B. Barnett, Ira Hart, D. Elison Hart and S. R. Wells. 2. The remainder in Dower of the said Elizabeth B. Barnett, in all that tract or piece of land situated in the county and state aforesaid, on the State road a short distance below the Two-Chop Road, containing one hundred acres and bounded by lands of L. Elison Hart, S. R. Wells, Elizabeth B. Barnett and part on of the same tract assigned to the said Elizabeth B. Barnett as Homestead. Terms: One-half cash, the balance on a credit of one year, secured by bond of the purchaser and a mortgage of the premises; and to pay for Papers, Recording and Stamps; and in case of failure of purchaser to comply, to be resold on some day or some convenient day thereafter at former purchaser's risk. The purchaser will be let into possession after the determination of the Estate in Homestead and Dower. Sheriff Office Orangeburg, C. H. S. C., Nov. 7th, 1872. H. Riggs, S. O. C.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Orangeburg County In Probate Court. Patrick Doyle, Plaintiff, vs Sarah Jane Wiles, Clarence S. Wiles, Augustus E. Wiles, Robert H. Wiles, Defendants, Petition for partition of Real Estate. In obedience to an order of Thaddeus C. Andrews, Judge of Probate for Orangeburg County, made in the above entitled action, I will sell at Orangeburg, C. H., on the 24 day of December next, being the first Monday in the month, for partition and division, the following Estate situate and being in the Town of Orangeburg, in the County and State aforesaid, to wit: 1. All that lot or parcel of land with carriage Factory and other buildings thereon, on the Belleville road, known as the carriage Factory of Doyle & Wiles, and bounded on north by the Belleville road, east by the homestead of Thomas Ray, south by T. K. Saporas, and west by Alley not named.

All that lot or parcel of land containing seven acres (7) acres more or less, and bounded north by lands of Henry Funderburk, east by the Bull Swamp Road, and south and west by Street not named. Terms—One-half cash, balance on a credit of one and two years, secured by bond of the purchaser and mortgage of the premises, bond to bear interest from day of sale, payable annually. Purchaser to insure the Carriage Factory building, assign the policy to the purchaser and recording; and in case of the purchaser or purchasers failing to comply with the terms of sale, the said premises to be resold upon the same day or some convenient day thereafter at the former Purchaser, or purchaser's risk. Sheriff's Office Orangeburg, C. H. S. C., Nov. 7th, 1872. H. Riggs, S. O. C.

By virtue of sundry Executions to me directed I will sell to the highest bidder, at Orangeburg Court House, on the first MONDAY in December next, for cash, the following property to wit: 1. One tract of land containing 188 acres more or less, bounded north by Mary Smoke, west by M. W. Hughes, and east by J. W. Antley or Ed. B. YEH BERNAL. 2. One other tract containing 200 acres more or less, bounded north by M. R. Antley, north by S. T. Isler and T. Hughes, south by Hutchins & Thomas and J. W. Antley and west by J. W. Antley. 3. Two Horses and one Mule, layed on as the property of J. S. Antley at the estate of L. D. Mowry & Sons. ALSO 4. 33 acres more or less, in Orangeburg county the balance of a tract of 872 acres, after deducting Homestead of D. D. Funchess, being a part of the place whereon he now resides. The remainder (after the determination of the Estate in Homestead) in 500 acres cut off from the above tract of 872 acres, assigned as Homestead to D. D. Funchess, layed on as the property of D. D. Funchess at the fall of John W. Funchess. Sheriff's Office, J. A. RIGGS, Orangeburg, C. H. S. C., Nov. 7th, 1872.

Notice of Dismissal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I will, on the 18th day of November, 1872 file my final account with the Honorable Judge of Probate for Orangeburg County, as Administrator de bonis non of the Estate of Josiah Zeigler, and Administrator of Estate of George Zeigler and Malachi Zeigler, and ask for Letters of Dismissal. P. A. BUYCK, Administrator.

Assignees Notice of Appointment and Order of publication.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA. In the Matter of ) Alfred J. Frederick, ) Bankrupt. ) TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN— The undersigned hereby gives notice of his Appointment as Assignee of Alfred J. Frederick, of the Town of Orangeburg, in the County of Orangeburg, State of South Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a BANKRUPT upon his own Petition in the District Court of said District, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1872. C. B. GLOVER, Assignee.

Notice.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER FROM THE Probate Court of Orangeburg County I will sell for cash, on Wednesday, the 6th of November, at the Plantation of John T. Jennings, deceased, in the Fork of the Edisto, 30 or 40 head of Horses and Mules; 30 or 40 head of Cattle, a few Sheep, Corn and Fodder, Cotton Seed, Wagon and Cart, 1 Buggy, Grist Mill, Cob Mill, Gin, one 12 horse power Steam Engine, and other articles usual on a Plantation. P. A. BUYCK, Administrator. Orangeburg, S. C. O. 8th, 1872.

Notice to Creditors.

ORANGEBURG COUNTY IN COMMON PLEAS. P. P. Jennings, Administrator of John T. Jennings, vs P. S. Felder and others Creditors and heirs at Law. By an order in this case it is provided: II. That all Creditors of John T. Jennings deceased, be enjoined by publication from commencing separate suits against his Administrator, or enforcing any Liens on the Lands of which he died seized, until the further order of this Court. III. That the said Creditors do prove their Claims before Mortimer Glover Esq., as Referee, at Orangeburg on or before the first of January next. MORTIMER GLOVER, Referee. Orangeburg, Oct. 17th, 1872.

NOTICE.

IN PROBATE COURT. Ex parte Caroline Kariek and others. The creditors of Adam Kariek, and of his son Adam Kariek, are required to prove their demands before me within two months from this date, 14th Sept 1872. THAD. C. ANDREWS, Probate Judge.