

The Newberry Herald and News.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

NEWBERRY, S. C. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1903.

TWICE A WEEK, \$1.50 A YEAR.

MOVED! Newberry Hardware Co. MOVED!

WE are now doing business in the two stores under the Crotwell Hotel, just below the dispensary, where we will be pleased to see all of our old customers and friends.

If you are in the market for anything in the Hardware line it will pay you to get our prices.

We are headquarters for low prices on

Belting, Guns, Loaded Shells, Paints, Oils, McCORMICK HARVESTING MACHINERY, and Mower Repairs.

We are agents for the celebrated

L. & M. PAINTS,

they are absolutely guaranteed to give

...satisfaction...

Thanking you for past favors and wishing to serve you in the future. We are,

Yours truly,

Newberry Hardware Co.

MATCHLESS VALUES AT MIMNAUGH'S

WE are determined to do the Dry Goods, Millinery and SHOE business of Newberry this fall, make or break. For the past ten years we have been the target for competition, and shall remain so because we propose to sell goods for less money than the merchants of Newberry can buy them.

We don't claim the earth, but we are monarch of all we survey. Note the following MIMNAUGH Quick Step Prices and draw your own conclusion. Look out boys I didn't steal these goods, I have always paid 100 cents on the dollar.

100 bolts of Calico New Fall Styles, sold all over town for 5c and 6c, Mimnaugh's price as long as they last 4c.
200 bolts of Outing worth 10c all over the world, Mimnaugh's price is 6c.
1000 yds. 42 in. Canton Flannel worth 8c and 10c, as long as it lasts only 5c yard.
25 pieces All Wool Red Twill Flannel worth 20c elsewhere, Mimnaugh's price 13c.
100 bales of White Homespun and Cotton Plaids bought six months ago, before they advanced and piled them up stairs, and paid my

money down so as to have them for you this fall cheaper than anybody else. What other merchant had the ready cash to do this? Who could call in all their neighbors and get up enough money to do it? And if they could who had the nerve to do it? I don't have to juggle around the banks of Newberry to get money to pay bills; I have sufficient capital. One thousand dollar's worth of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear to roll in this week.
100 Large White Bed Spreads worth \$1.35, for this week 98c.
125 Large White Fringed Spreads worth \$1.75, for this week \$1.24.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT TWO UP-TO-DATE MILLINERS IN CHARGE.

WE EXTEND AN INVITATION to every woman in the town and surrounding country to attend the most beautiful array of HATS ever shown in the town of Newberry. In pricing our Millinery bear in mind two important things, you get Style and Quality, we have put both in the reach of all. Watch who is going to sell the HATS this season.

Special in FINE DRESS GOODS.

Our stock is by far ahead of anything in the up country for style, variety and value. We name a few of almost irresistible bargains:
25 pieces Heavy Zibeline, all colors worth 75c, Mimnaugh's price 49c.
20 pieces 38 in. Broadcloth worth 85c, Mimnaugh's price 49c.
40 pieces Black Goods worth 65c and 75c, Mimnaugh's price 49c.

35 pieces Black Goods worth 35c and 40c, Mimnaugh's price 25c.
54 in. Broad Cloth, the best ever shown in the town, all the best up-to-date shades. It's a regular \$1.35 value, your choice of the pile 98c the yard. We have thousands of just such values.

If you are a stranger and don't know where Mimnaugh's store is, all you have to do is to follow the crowd.

MIMNAUGH'S.

The Leading Store in Newberry, S. C.

FIRE INTO THE MOB.

Tennessee Sheriff Tries to Prevent Lynching of a Negro Charged With Assaulting a White Woman.

Lynchburg, Tenn., September 25.—Sheriff Davidson, in attempting to save the life of a negro early this morning, fired into a mob, which was assailing the jail, wounding a man whose name is unknown. The sheriff summoned assistance, but he and his aides were overpowered, the jail entered and the much wanted negro, Allen Small, shot to death in the corridor. The mob was composed of about twenty-five people. Sheriff Davidson was alone at the time. He refused to give up the keys and opened fire from a window. He wounded one of the mob, but his identity is not known. The sheriff then called for the police. Two officers and several citizens rushed to the jail, but despite their presence, the mob battered down the wooden door at the foot of the stairs leading to the corridor. The sheriff and posse made a stout resistance, but were unable to prevent the mob from breaking in the iron door at the head of the stairs and entering the cell occupied by the negro, about whose neck they placed a rope. As soon as the men emerged from the cell it became apparent that the negro could not be taken from the jail and hung for fear of being fired on and he was shot to death. The mob then made an effort to escape, but the sheriff and his guard captured three of them, and they are in jail. One of them, it is said, has made a confession, implicating thirteen men in the affair.

Small was under arrest on the charge of assaulting Mrs. Eliza Eggleston and at his preliminary hearing the warrant was amended as to charge a simple case of assault. The negro had waived examination and was waiving the action of the grand jury.

AS FREE AS MOUNTAIN BIRDS.

Governor Heyward Pardons Two Life Prisoners, Convicted of Burglary Under the Old Law.

Col. Cor. News and Courier. Governor Heyward on Friday pardoned Sam Southwall and Titus Wright, convicted for burglary, and sentenced to life imprisonment under the old law which fixed the minimum punishment for this crime at life imprisonment. Southwall was convicted at the February term of Court, 1882, in Barnwell County, and Titus Wright was convicted in Colleton County in 1883 for the same crime. Both of the men have been in the Penitentiary for over twenty years and, after considering the applications for clemency, Governor Heyward decided to-day to grant pardons.

It will be remembered that the pardon of the convicts, among others, was asked for by the board of directors of the State Penitentiary in their annual report to the Governor in 1900 on the grounds that when these prisoners were convicted life imprisonment was the minimum sentence for this crime, even where the accused was recommended to mercy by the jury. This law was changed in December, 1883, when the minimum sentence, after a recommendation to mercy, upon conviction of burglary, was reduced to five years, and in very few cases where there was such a recommendation have sentences of over ten years been imposed.

Governor Heyward was also informed that the value of the amount stolen by these prisoners was exceedingly small, and the only reason that they came under the head of burglary was that the goods were stolen from a dwelling house in the night time. The authorities of the Penitentiary have also informed the Governor that both of the prisoners have been model prisoners during their long terms.

TRAIN LEAPS FROM TRESTLE.

Southern's Mail Flyer Utterly Destroyed Near Danville—Nine Killed, Sixteen Wounded.

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 27.—While running at a high rate of speed No. 97, the Southern railway's south-bound fast mail train, jumped from a trestle 75 feet high, half a mile north of Danville, Va., this afternoon at 2:50 o'clock and was almost demolished. Of the crew of 16 men on the train, nine were killed and seven injured.

The trestle where the accident occurred is 500 feet long and is located on a sharp curve. Engineer Broady was a new man on that division of the Southern and it is said that he came to the curve at a very high rate of speed.

SPRANG FROM THE TRACK.

The engine had gone only about 50 feet on the trestle when it sprang from the track carrying with it four mail cars and an express car. The trestle, a wooden structure, also gave way for a space of 50 feet.

At the foot of the trestle is a shallow branch with a rocky bottom. Striking this engine and the cars were reduced to a mass of twisted iron and steel and pieces of splintered wood. As the cars went down they touched the sides of the Riverside cotton mills, which is very close to the trestle.

All of the dead men were killed instantly, it is thought, and all were greatly mutilated. The skin and hair on the engineer and fireman were torn off by the impact of the steam from the engine.

Has Sold a Pile of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for more than twenty years and it has given entire satisfaction. I have sold a pile of it and can recommend it highly.—Joseph McElhiney, Linton, Iowa. You will find this remedy a good friend when troubled with a cough or cold. It always affords quick relief and is pleasant to take. For sale by Wm. E. Pelham & Son, Prosperity Drug Co.

QUEER STORY FORM SALUDA.

Somebody Seems Anxious to Find Out the Opinions of the Men Drawn on the Lexington Juries.

News and Courier. Saluda, September 22.—Anent the James H. Tillman trial, which was yesterday set for Monday next, there is a very curious story today being told here. Who started it; why it was started, and whether it, has any foundation or is the fabrication of some fertile mind, your correspondent knows not. It is simply given as it was picked up on the streets here today.

As the story goes it is as follows: Just after the jury for the first and second week for Lexington County was drawn and their names published, a party appeared in that county in the guise of an agent for a picture-enlarging establishment somewhere. He made it his business to call upon each and every juror who had been drawn and solicited some work. In order to show the character of the work done by the house he represented he produced as samples enlarged pictures of well known South Carolinians—several of them—and finally would hold up one of James H. Tillman, with the remark, "I suppose you at once recognize this likeness?" or something of that kind. Then the unsuspecting person addressed would remark, "Yes, that is Jim Tillman," or "Col. Tillman, who killed Gonzales," etc., and if the juror were given to talking he would say thus and so about the case, and whether he ought or ought not to be convicted, etc., etc. The agent would show no signs of interest, but, so the story continues, would know just how the party approached and stood on the matter, and after learn-

ing would jot down the statements made to him for future reference.

As stated at the outset, it is not known who originated the story or where it originated. It is being told, however, just about as we have given it. And all who hear it, as well as those who repeat it, are wondering whether it is true in part and false in part, or whether it is true or false altogether. At any rate, it is a strange story, but not more so than its origin.

COLOR LINE IN CHICAGO.

School Children Strike Because a Negro Woman Was Appointed To Teach Them.

Chicago, September 25.—Because Mary Crumfield, a colored cadet teacher was appointed to relieve Miss Catherine Ralph, white, regular teacher at the Oak Ridge school, absent because of illness, the pupils of the sixth grade revolted and before noon the school board had a formidable strike on its hands.

When the rebellion first became apparent the junior, acting on the advice of the board, locked in the basement the larger boys, but the trouble spread and the parents began taking a hand.

Defiant at first, the board of education realized that if a crisis was to be averted the negro teacher must be removed, and at the afternoon session a white woman appeared and the pupils returned.

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Items of More or Less Interest Condensed in the State.

There has been a succession of fires in Lancaster county the past few weeks and numbers of people have suffered heavy losses.

The distrust of the great steel trust has reached its height and at the New York Exchange on Friday over 175,000 shares were sold and the lowest record was reached.

Robert Gunnels, white, convicted in Greenville county of an attempt criminally to assault a little four-year old negro girl, has been sentenced to eleven years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary.

The plants of the Greenville Daily Herald and the Brewer Publishing Co., at Greenville, were destroyed by fire at an early hour Saturday morning. A great deal of damage was done to surrounding places of business. The loss is about \$25,000.

D. E. Bolton, a restaurant keeper at Greenwood, has brought suit for \$5,000 damages against the Rev. G. W. Gardner, editor of the Greenwood Journal, because the Journal some time since, when Bolton was accused of violation of the dispensary law, said that the evidence against Bolton was very strong.

When Columbia woke up Thursday morning the city was flooded with blue hand bills and stickers announcing a trade unions' boycott of three prominent firms because the firms hired several non-union clerks. The distribution of such notices is an offense against the laws of this State, but the bills were anonymous and were printed and distributed with secrecy.

HESTER'S COTTON STATEMENT.

Total Crop Moved Into Sight so Far 475,174 Bales, Against 955,672 Last Year.

Now Orleans, September 25.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans Cotton Exchange statement, issued today, shows the amount brought into sight for the week ending this afternoon to be 258,506 against 359,080 for the seven days ending this date last year, and 219,049 year before last. The total of the crop moved into sight for the twenty-five days of the new season is 475,174, against 955,672 last year, and 539,376 year before last.

The postoffice at Spartanburg was robbed one night last week of \$1384. A prominent young man of the city, D. G. Hart, has been arrested charged with the crime.

Two swindlers—one a waiter risen from poverty to affluence and the other an ex-convict—were caught in Chicago this week. By various methods they had swindled numbers of people out of an amount aggregating about \$130,000. They would locate in various places and under well known names order goods which when received they shipped to New York, where the goods were disposed of.

In Praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Allow me to give you a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. John Hammett, of Eagle Pass, Texas. "I suffered one week with bowel trouble and took all kinds of medicine without getting any relief, when my friend, Mr. C. Johnson, a merchant here, advised me to take this remedy. After taking one dose I felt greatly relieved and when I had taken the third dose was entirely cured. I thank you from the bottom of my heart for putting this great remedy in the hands of mankind." For sale by Wm. E. Pelham & Son, Prosperity Drug Co.