

LANCASTER ENTERPRISE.

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NO. 10.

A Shattered Nervous System. FINALLY HEART TROUBLE. Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Nervine.



MR. EDWARD HARDY, the jolly manager of Sheppard Co's. great store at Braceville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet, but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the greatest blessing of my life." Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book or cases of the Nervine free. Also 50¢ bottle. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.



ICE

I will be ready to

serve all my customers with ICE from to-day (Wednesday) on, delivered in any part of the City. Tickets at reduced rates. Special prices on seas and caskets.

ICE HOURS ON SUNDAY FROM

8 o'clock to 9 o'clock, A. M.
12 " 2 " P. M.
6 " 7 " P. M.

J. B. Mackorell.

April 20.-tf.

Announcements.

For The Legislature.

I am a candidate for re-election to the House of Representatives. I will abide the result of the Democratic primary election.

T. Y. WILLIAMS.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce the name of the Hon. J. N. Estridge, as a candidate for the House of Representatives. Mr. Estridge has served this county four years in the Legislature and his honesty and faithfulness was such during that time that we feel we need his service again in the Legislature, his record being clean and seeing the ability of the man, we are satisfied he is one man that ought to be sent back to the Legislature.

MANY VOTERS.

For County Treasurer.

I am a candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

W. C. CAUTHEN.

A Battalion Called for

The following telegram was received by Governor Ellerbe, Saturday afternoon:

"It is the intention to send one battalion of infantry of your State to Camp George A. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park. Re-telegram when battalion is ready."

R. A. ALGER,

Secretary of War.

Governor Ellerbe answered the battalion would be ready at the end of the current week.

DEWEY FINALLY HEARD FROM. HIS OFFICIAL REPORT RECEIVED.

A CRUSHING DEFEAT FOR THE SPANIARDS.

Eleven Spanish Warships Destroyed Within Two Hours and One Hundred and Fifty Spaniards Killed and Two Hundred and Fifty Wounded. Not an American Life Lost and Not an American Ship Injured.

Washington, May 7.—A day of excitement such as to-day has not been seen in Washington since the days when reports came in of great victories during the civil war. Official and unofficial Washington was in a ferment, and few of the employes in any of the departments could maintain their composure sufficiently to go on with their routine work. They were in some explosive state and at the great state, war and navy department building the least sign of dispatches or the gathering of a crowd of reporters were sufficient to cause them to drop their work and swarm in the corridors clamoring for news. The excitement was contagious, and Senators and Representatives mixed into the crowds that gathered around the navy quarters and gazed wistfully at the mahogany doors of the navigation bureau, behind which the cipher experts under lock and key were slowly deciphering the words that conveyed Dewey's glorious messages to the American people.

FIRST NEWS FROM FLEET.

The State department has the honor of receiving the first news from the fleet. It came in the shape of a cablegram of three words from United States consul Wildman at Hong Kong, and was as follows:

"Hong Kong. McColloch. Wildman."

That is the usual form in which naval movements are reported by cable. This dispatch was received by Third Assistant Secretary Cridler, who had been on duty all night, at 4:40 o'clock this morning. The naval officials were promptly notified and awaited with intense interest the dispatch which was expected to surely follow from Commodore Dewey.

Before this, a brief summary cablegram as far as received had been given out by a prominent officer, in which it was stated that Dewey cut the cable himself, but was unable to take possession of the town of Manila for lack of men; also, that he had the bay and everything else at his mercy.

It was immediately noticed that the cablegram as officially promulgated did not entirely agree with this brief summary, and the presumption was that in the short time accorded for consideration the officials had concluded that it was public policy to expurgate the dispatch.

A SECOND DISPATCH.

A second dispatch was received from Commodore Dewey before

noon. It was as follows:

Cavite, May 4.—I have taken possession of the naval station at Cavite, Philippine Islands, and destroyed its fortifications. Have fortifications at bay entrance, patrolling the garrison. I control the bay completely and can take the city at any time. Squadron in excellent health and spirits. The Spanish loss not fully known, but very heavy—150 killed, including Captain of Reina Marina. I am assisting in protecting the Spanish sick and wounded. Two hundred and fifty sick and wounded in the hospital within our lines. Much excitement at Manila. Will protect foreign residents.

(Signed) DEWEY.

About half-past 9 Manager Marean of the Western Union Telegraph Company appeared at the department, bringing with him a sheet comprising four lines of the mysterious jargon which makes up the naval cipher. He handed this directly to Secretary Long, who gazed at it for a moment and turned it over to Lieut. Whittlesey, one of the cipher experts of the navigation bureau, for translation into English. Then the secretary made a pretense of sitting down at his desk to transact other business, but it was plain to be seen that in spirit he had joined the anxious throng of newspaper men and officials who thronged the reception room and the corridors waiting for the news. The naval cipher is one of the most complex in the world. The messages come in words of strange formation, taken from all languages. These words are turned by the translating clerks into groups of figures, and these are resolved into their equivalent words in English. All this takes time.

MESSAGE FROM DEWEY.

In about half an hour Secretary Long appeared with a copy of the translated cipher in his hand. There was a great rush toward him, but the secretary, good-naturedly, made allowance for the excitement of the crowd and smilingly read from the corner of the room into which he had been forced read the following cablegram:

Manila, May 1.—Squadron arrived at Manila at daybreak this morning. Immediately engaged the enemy and destroyed the following Spanish vessels: Reina Cristina, Castilla, Don Antonio de Ulloa, Isla de Luzon, Isla de Cuba, General Lezo, Marquis de Duero, Correo, Velasco, Isla de Mindinao, a transport, and water battery at Cavite. The squadron is uninjured and only a few men are slightly wounded. Only means of telegraphing is to American consul at Hong Kong. I shall communicate with him.

(Signed) DEWEY.

Probably the true explanation will not be forthcoming until mail advices are at hand, but the Spanish naval prestige has received a blow from the battle of Manila from which it cannot recover in very many years. Admiral Dewey cut the cable himself, and, though he offers no explanation for so doing, it is believed that his purpose was not only to prevent the Spanish governor general from communicating with his own government, but also to prevent the foreign con-

suls at Manila from interfering with his plans by calling protests to their governments. He made it impossible for them to summon any war vessels to enforce the protest they were expected to make against the siege of Manila.

SPANISH SHIPS DESTROYED.

A closer examination of the two cablegrams shows that in the news as originally given out the names of two Spanish vessels had been omitted from the list of those destroyed. They were the Don Juan de Austria and the Isla de Luzon. The Austria was a 1,130 ton vessel, 14 knots, carrying 4 7-inch guns, and also machine guns. The Luzon was a 1,000 ton gunboat similarly armed. That makes eleven Spanish ships destroyed by Dewey in the short space of two hours.

As he left the navy department this afternoon, Secretary Long said, in answer to a question, that he had nothing further to communicate the public; he had given already, all of the news that the McCulloch brought, save a trifling detail not of general interest and of importance only to the department. The receipt advices at the State department, however, from commercial sources indicates that further news may be coming by commercial steamers.

The navy department to-day bought another boat, the big steam yacht Dorothy, now at Cramp's yard at Philadelphia and built for McKean. She will be sent to join Admiral Sampson's squadron or to Havana on blockade duty.

REMARKABLE DISPARITY.

At the embassies and legations Commodore Dewey's reports were read with great interest and served to renew the high tributes of the foreign authorities to the gallant American commander. The remarkable disparity between the casualties on the American and Spanish ships, as shown by the Dewey reports, was a source of special comment, and the military attache of one of the embassies said such a disparity probably was without a parallel in history. How the Spaniards could have lost 150 killed and 250 wounded, while the American loss was confined to a few men slightly injured, is regarded by the foreign observers as clearly disclosing the utter worthlessness of the Spanish arms. The ambassador of one of the great powers said it showed that the guns on their ships were worthless, otherwise they would have inflicted at least some mortality upon the American sailors.

PROMOTED BY CABLE.

American People's Thanks Sent To Dewey.

Washington, May 7.—By direction of President McKinley, Secretary Long this afternoon sent the following cablegram:

"Dewey, Manila: The president, in the name of the American people, thanks you, your officers and men, for your splendid achievement and overwhelming victory. In recognition he has appointed you acting admiral, and will recommend a vote of thanks to you by congress. Long."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Battle With the Surgeons.

The havoc that has been played with the companies by the medical examinations is indicated in the following table, which has been made as complete as possible:

	Accepted.	Rejected.	P. C.
Albion Volunteers.....	72	26	23.5
Richland Volunteers, (Columbia).....	62	30	27.3
Lee Light Infantry (Chester).....	53	36	40.5
Catawba Rifles (Rock Hill).....	71	23	23.4
Newberry Guards.....	54	43	44.8
Johnston Rifles (Union).....	54	30	35.7
Anderson Volunteers.....	62	31	37.0
Butler Guards (Greenville).....	53	45	45.6
Totals.....	470	257	33.3

It is said that the percentage of losses from the examination is no greater in South Carolina than in any of the other States where the volunteers are going through their examinations. The examination is not as severe as for those applying for admission into the regular army and in these examinations the percentage of rejections is said to be much greater than with the volunteers now being examined.—News and Courier.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Still Able to do Good Service

The following conversation occurred at the White House between ex-Senator Butler, of S. C., who has been strongly recommended for a commission in the volunteer army, and Secretary Alger: Alger—"How is your health now, Butler? You look as young as you did twenty years ago." Butler—"Well, all I can say is that I secured a \$10,000 increase in my life insurance a few months ago, and the examining surgeon says I am good for twenty-five years yet. There is one thing certain—I cannot take yellow fever in this, "exhibiting his wooden leg, with a chuckle; "you Yankees filled its predecessor full of lead in the late war, and I have the bullets with me as souvenirs." Gen Butler is past sixty years old, but so is Commodore Dewey.

A Blow That Would be Felt.

If it be true that American ladies are organizing to retaliate upon France for her hostile attitude toward this country by refusing to patronize French dress-makers and millinery, they are patriots in a double sense, in that they will punish our foes to the tune of \$50,000,000 a year of patronage and transfer the trade to these in the same business in this country.—Indianapolis Journal