

# Losing Flesh

You naturally lose flesh in the summer and running down is so easy. You get a little weaker each day without hardly noticing it. There is loss of appetite, headache, weakness of the muscles, disturbed sleep, weakness of memory, and these are the beginning of nervous prostration. Iron and tonics and bitters may afford some temporary relief, but what you need is a food for body, brain and nerves.

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with the Hypophosphites, furnishes just the nourishment needed for those who are run down and pale and thin and weak. If you lose flesh in summer take Scott's Emulsion now. Don't wait till fall or winter before beginning.

For sale at 50c. and \$1.00 by all druggists.

### FATAL AFFRAY IN SALUDA.

#### A Bad Negro Killed and a White Man Severely Beaten.

Saluda, S. C., June 15.—A serious shooting and rock throwing affray happened yesterday on Mr. Jiles Chapman's place, about eight miles from Saluda.

George Satterwhite, a negro, who was counted a bully by his followers, let his cow get on Mr. Crafford Griffith's crop, and Mr. Griffith took her up. Satterwhite came over after her, and on coming in Mr. Griffith's yard, remarked to him that he had come to give him a beating for taking up his cow, and then picked up a rock and threw it at Mr. Griffith, striking him in the side, breaking two ribs and knocking him to the ground. Mr. Griffith, rising, drew his revolver, which was a 44-calibre, and fired, the bullet taking effect in Satterwhite's stomach. Dr. S. M. Pitts who was summoned at once, thinks the negro will die.

Mr. Griffith is about 60 years of age, a bachelor, and a man of good character. Satterwhite is about 25 years old, and is looked upon as a dangerous negro.

Later.—News has just reached here that the negro that Mr. Griffith shot is dead. It is also reported that Mr. Griffith is in a very critical condition, having had his revolver taken away from him by the negro after the shooting, the negro beating Griffith's head almost into a jelly. If it had not been for one Butler, the negro's father-in-law, he would have beaten Mr. Griffith to death.—Columbia Register.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. Va., and one of the most widely known men in the state was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered, my physicians told me that nothing could be done for me and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wheeling Drug Co., recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At that time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured. For sale by J. F. Mackey & Co. and B. C. Hough & Co., Lancaster, S. C.

## LABOR'S SHARE.

### PROTECTION CAN GIVE NOTHING TO WORKINGMEN WHILE LABOR IS ON THE FREE LIST.

The Laborer Now Competes With Lowest Responsible Bidder of the World—Low Prices Stimulate Both Consumption and Production—Example of Steel Rail Pool.

One of the best speeches made in the house while the Dingley bill was being discussed was made by John C. Bell of Colorado. With facts which are indisputable and logic which is unanswerable he exposed many of the fallacies of protection. His exposure of the absurd claim that protection helps the workingman is especially good. Here is a part of it:

"But our friends upon the other side say that they levy a tariff for the benefit of the wageworkers. I say to you that any tariff bill, I care not from whom it comes, that does not contain a provision for prohibiting the free inflow of immigration from foreign countries is oblivious of the rights of labor and is opposed to the interest of all wageworkers. [Applause.]

"Protection is always asked in the interest of others. Now, observe how it is asked in behalf of the poor laboring man—just enough to cover the difference between the European scale of wages and our own. What hypocrisy! Who ever heard of the laboring man getting rich manufacturing? The statisticians clearly figured from the census of 1880 that about 6 per cent on our dutiable list would cover the difference between the European wage schedule and ours, or that about 18 per cent ad valorem covered the entire labor cost of our list of 1880. While the manufacturer then asked for the poor laborer his 6 per cent he got for himself at the hands of congress six times 6 per cent.

"Is there any reason why a high tariff affects wages injuriously? Yes; by enabling employers to build up a vicious trust system for the manufacturer and against the laborer. The high tariff makes the manufacturer complete master of the wageworker.

"In the review of R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, dated Feb. 12, it is stated:

"No other event of the week approaches in importance the disruption of the steel rail pool. In two days," says the report, "after it a greater tonnage of rails was probably purchased than the entire production of the last year, reported at 800,000 tons. And instead of \$28 in December and \$25 in January, \$17 is now the price at which works east and west are seeking orders. And further," says the report, "the Carnegie company has been selling at \$17, Chicago delivery. These sales will employ many thousand hands, with an important decrease in the cost of track laying on removal of railroads."

"Now, my friends, let me ask you, was it the rising or lowering price that employed these thousands of men? Our friend Mr. Hopkins of Illinois tells of the benefits of a higher duty on iron and steel. Did the steel rail pool need more tariff?

What is the difference in giving the manufacturer a double profit through a high tariff or through a pool? Do they ever share the profits of the pool with labor? No. Will they ever share the profits of a tariff? Never.

"It takes no political economist to answer these questions. If the United States manufacturers can reap twice the profit under a high tariff by limiting themselves to the home market and running half time, why should they run full time and invade foreign markets? They never will. They will sit down comfortably and sell their limited supply of goods for increased profits, making them more than whole, while the laborer tramps the country in search of work just as he now does under the trust system.

"It is unfortunate that the humdrum of the tariff has been scouted in the ears of the people until many of them really believe that foreign trade is unimportant, if not a curse. Why did the breaking of the steel rail pool put so many men to work? It was because the consequent lowered price for iron and steel brought most liberal orders from abroad as well as at home. Suppose the tariff had been prohibitive and we would have been confined to the home market. Would the manufacturers have made so many goods? No, but they could have doubled their profits on what they did make. The people could not have bought so many because of the increased price. Who would have suffered? First, the workmen, because they would have had fewer goods to make; secondly, the consumer, because he could not have bought so many at a higher price. Who would have benefited? The manufacturer, because he might have made and handled less goods, made a double profit, and really have gained, as he would have had fewer to handle for the same profit.

"This bill will increase the manufacturer's profits on the individual articles, but will lessen the power of the people to buy or use his wares.

"It is the poverty of the buyer, not the producer, that must be relieved before things will thrive.

"The manufacturer has every facility to produce, but no facility to sell.

"It is the consumption that must first be stimulated, and that will stimulate production.

"There are but a few crumbs in this mill to aid the oppressed farmer of the interior or the laborer, but thousands of things to further oppress him. Higher wages, higher salt, higher lumber, higher clothing, higher manufactured products and absolutely nothing to raise the price of labor—a high tariff on labor's products, limiting the demand for his labor by narrowing the market, but throwing the ports wide open for the free importation of other laborers from foreign countries to freely compete with us work.

"Consistency, thou art a Jewel!"

#### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.  
E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.  
WEST & TRIMM, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
WALDING, LEISAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

#### Old Hickory's Ways.

General Armstrong, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, thinks that Andrew Jackson was one of the greatest men this country ever produced and has a number of stories which were told by his uncle who was an intimate friend of Old Hickory. One of them was very characteristic of the man.

Lewis Cass, secretary of war, was over at the White House one day with some important papers for the president to sign, among them being a court martial findings.

"Cass, what is this?" inquired Jackson as he was about to write his name to the document.

"It is a court martial," answered Cass.

"What have I to do with it," asked the president.

"It dismisses an officer from the service, and the president must sign orders."

Jackson toyed with the paper and said musingly; "Dismisses him from the army, eh? Why?"

"Drunkenness; getting drunk and falling down on parade or something of the kind," answered the secretary.

"Who ordered the court?" asked Jackson.

"General Scott," answered Cass.

"Who is it?" inquired the president, with more interest.

"Inspector General Kraun," replied Cass.

"What?" shouted Jackson. "My old friend Kraun! Cass, just read what that paper says.

The secretary read the usual form of court martial sentence in such cases. The president then took the paper and wrote across the bottom where he was about to sign his name:

"The within findings are disproved and Colonel Kraun is restored to his duty and rank."

He passed the paper back to Secretary Cass and said, with his usual vehemence:

"By the Eternal, Cass, when you and Scott serve your country as well as that man has you can get drunk on duty every day."

A young man from Tennessee, son of a friend of General Jackson's, came to Washington for a place. He looked about and found what he wanted. It was in the war department and filled by a very efficient Whig, whom Secretary Cass would not remove. The young man told Jackson the situation, and Cass was sent for.

"Cass," said the president, "this young man, son of my old friend, says you have got a place in the war department filled by a Whig which you won't give him."

Secretary Cass explained that the duties of the office were of a peculiar kind, and he could get

no one to fill the place if the man now in it should be removed. Jackson flared up.

"By the Eternal, Cass, do you mean to tell me you have an office in your department filled by a Whig which can't be filled by a Democrat? Then abolish the office!"

The young man got his place.

#### Princeton's Most Valuable Books.

The library at Princeton has two books so very extraordinary that they are not trusted to the library building, but are kept in a safety deposit vault in New York city. They are said to be the most valuable copies of Virgil in existence, and were part of the famous collection of rare books presented to the college by Junius Morgan. An idea of the value placed upon these two volumes can be had from the fact that an insurance of \$1,200 is carried on them. The librarian at Princeton College is authority for these figures. When the new wing of the library building is finished such arrangements will be perfected for the safe keeping of these two valuable books that they may be transferred to Princeton and kept in the library.

"For three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house," says A. H. Patter, with E. C. Atkins & Co., Indianapolis, Ind., "and my wife would soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this Remedy in the summer season. We have used it with all three of our children and it has never failed to cure—not simply stop pain, but cure absolutely. It is all right, and anyone who tries it will find it so." For sale by J. F. Mackey & Co. and B. C. Hough & Co., Lancaster, S. C.

#### What's the Matter?

"What's the matter with Hanna" now? Here is the statement made that the cotton manufacturers of New England are making arrangements for quite an extensive shut down during the summer and that the large dividends which some of them have been paying were taken from earnings previous to 1893. We have a faint recollection that it was Maj. McKinley, who stood on his front porch last summer and proclaimed that if elected "he would open the mills to labor." And another saying of his became a campaign cry, "open the mills rather than the mints." But now the mills are shutting rather than opening and labor is about to be left out in the cold.—Anderson Advocate.

#### Relief in 6 Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by J. F. Mackey & Co., Druggist, Lancaster, S. C.

#### The Alleged Will Myers.

Spartanburg, S. C., June 15.—The alleged Will Myers, the murderer of Forest Crowley, of Atlanta, who was captured by Detective A. J. Kidd at Cowpens, left yesterday for Atlanta. He claims that his name is R. A. Traylor of 110 Ivy street, Atlanta. There is a \$1,000 reward for the real Myers, but it is believed this whole affair is a fake.

## It is Thought by Many

when the Creator said to woman "in sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a curse was pronounced, but the joy felt by every Mother when she first presses to her heart her babe, proves the contrary.

Danger and suffering lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother, and should be avoided, that she may reach the hour when the hope of her heart is to be realized, in full vigor and strength.

## "Mother's Friend"

so relaxes the system that the natural and necessary... change takes place without Nausea..... Headache, Nervous or Gloomy..... Foreboding

and at the trying hour makes Child-birth easy, as so many happy mothers have experienced. Nothing but "Mother's Friend" does this. Don't be deceived.

"Mother's Friend" is the greatest remedy ever put on the market, and all my customers praise it highly.—W. H. KING & CO., Whitewright, Tex.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "To Expectant Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

## Don't

PAY \$50, \$75 OR \$100 FOR A bicycle and then pay \$100, \$75 or \$50 more for repairs to

## Yourself

and Wheel.

Get a VIKING and avoid Second Costs.

Seven hundred VIKINGS sold last year by one agent and repairs on same during the season only \$3.75.

VIKING Bicycles are Safe, Strong

and Handsome.

VIKING Riders are Satisfied.

VIKING Agencies are Profitable.

Complete line—VIKINGS, \$75 and \$100. Here, a

VIKING QUALITY WHEEL

at \$50. Send for catalogue. Good agents wanted for Lancaster and vicinity.

UNION MFG. CO., TOLEDO, O. Makers.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Specimen copies and ILLUSTRATED BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

## Registration Books Open.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE Act of 1896 providing for the registration of electors, the books of the Supervisors of Registration will be open at the Court House on the first Monday in each month for the registration of electors entitled to registration and kept open for three successive days in each month until the general election of 1898.

W. G. A. PORTER, Board of R. M. KIRK, Registration. R. J. FLYNN, Registration. Nov. 18, 1896. tt.